



# KET QUA SINH HOA MAU

Patient:	Cu Cai	Species:	Canine	Patient ID:	
Client:	Chi Ut	Gender:	Male	Sample No.:	17
Doctor:		Age stage:		Time of analysis:	2025/04/05 15:27

Item		Current result		Ref. Ranges	
Protein	TP	↑	98.0	g/L	53.1-79.2
Protein	ALB	↓	20.4	g/L	23.4-40.0
Protein	GLOB	↑	77.6	g/L	25.4-44.0
Protein	A/G		0.3		
Liver and gallbladder	ALT		24.7	U/L	10.1-100.3
Liver and gallbladder	AST		25.9	U/L	21.0-51.7
Liver and gallbladder	AST/ALT		1.05		
Liver and gallbladder	ALP		27.3	U/L	15.5-125.0
Liver and gallbladder	GGT		<2.0	U/L	0.0-15.9
Liver and gallbladder	TBIL		<1.70	μmol/L	0.00-15.00
Pancreas	AMY	↑	1592.6	U/L	397.7-1285.1
Kidneys	BUN	↑	>65.00	mmol/L	2.50-9.77
Kidneys	CREA	↑	771.90	μmol/L	33.80-123.70
Kidneys	BUN/CREA		****		
Cardiovasc./Muscle	CK		181.8	U/L	66.4-257.5
Cardiovasc./Muscle	LDH	↑	240.2	U/L	36.4-143.6
Energy metabolism	GLU		4.75	mmol/L	3.80-6.29
Energy metabolism	TC		5.81	mmol/L	2.67-8.38
Minerals	Ca		2.74	mmol/L	2.30-2.97
Minerals	PHOS	↑	4.30	mmol/L	1.00-2.20
Minerals	CaxP		11.77	mmol/L^2	
Electrolytes	tCO2		13.19	mmol/L	13.14-25.13
Electrolytes	Na+	↓	136.9	mmol/L	141.6-160.0
Electrolytes	K+		4.8	mmol/L	3.5-5.9
Electrolytes	Na/K		28.5		
Electrolytes	Cl-	↑	126.6	mmol/L	102.7-125.0

Operator:			
Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel			
QC QC OK			
HEM(Hemolysis degree):	0	LIP(Lipemia degree):	0
		ICT(Jaundice degree):	0

The results only applies to this test sample. Time of Printing:2025-04-05 01:30:44



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## Report Explan.

**TP** ↑

Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and increased globulin. Reduction is commonly associated with blood loss, protein-losing enteropathy, and decreased albumin.

**ALB** ↓

Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and corticosteroid administration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with excessive infusion, malnutrition, hepatic insufficiency or failure, nephropathy, and protein-losing enteropathy.

**GLOB** ↑

Increase is commonly associated with chronic inflammation and infection, and hyperimmunity, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake, anemia, and immunodeficiency.

**AMY** ↑

Increase is commonly associated with gastroenteritis, pancreatitis, pancreatic tumor, etc.

**BUN** ↑

Increase is commonly associated with high protein diet, gastrointestinal bleeding, nephropathy, and urinary obstruction, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake and liver failure, etc.

**CREA** ↑

Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with malnutrition and muscular atrophy, etc.

**LDH** ↑

Increase is commonly associated with hemolysis (especially in canine), post-exercise, liver injury, exertional rhabdomyolysis, white muscle disease, myocardial injury, tumors, etc.

**PHOS** ↑

Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, bone healing period, and hyperthyroidism. Decreased in hyperparathyroidism, tumor, etc.

**Na+** ↓

Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, hyperaldosteronism, and severe dehydration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, diuretic therapy, etc.

**Cl-** ↑

Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, small intestinal diarrhea, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with vomiting, diuretic therapy, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.  
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