KET QUA SINH HOA MAU



Patient: LU Species: Canine Patient ID:

Client: ANH TUAN Gender: Sample No.: 39

Doctor: Age: Adult Time of analysis: 2025/08/05 17:33

	ТР				
	TP				
Protein A		75.0	g/L	53.1-79.2	
	ALB	31.6	g/L	23.4-40.0	
Protein G	GLOB	43.4	g/L	25.4-44.0	
Protein A	A/G	0.7			
Liver and gallbladder A	ALT ↑	309.2	U/L	10.1-100.3	(
Liver and gallbladder A	AST	39.6	U/L	21.0-51.7	
Liver and gallbladder A	AST/ALT	0.13			
Liver and gallbladder A	ALP ↑	220.6	U/L	15.5-125.0	
Liver and gallbladder G	GGT	5.7	U/L	0.0-15.9	
Liver and gallbladder T	TBIL	<1.70	μmol/L	0.00-15.00	
Pancreas A	АМҮ	453.4	U/L	397.7-1285.1	
Kidneys B	BUN	7.09	mmol/L	2.50-9.77	
Kidneys C	CREA	49.70	μmol/L	33.80-123.70	
Kidneys B	BUN/CREA	35.3			
Cardiovasc./Muscle	ск	121.1	U/L	66.4-257.5	
Cardiovasc./Muscle L	LDH	79.1	U/L	36.4-143.6	
Energy metabolism G	GLU	5.21	mmol/L	3.80-6.29	
Energy metabolism T	тс ↑	9.96	mmol/L	2.67-8.38	
Minerals C	Ca	2.73	mmol/L	2.30-2.97	<u> </u>
Minerals P	PHOS ↓	0.85	mmol/L	1.00-2.20	
Minerals C	CaxP	2.33	mmol/L^2		
Electrolytes t	tCO2	16.04	mmol/L	13.14-25.13	
Electrolytes N	Na+	150.4	mmol/L	141.6-160.0	
Electrolytes K	K+	3.7	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	<u> </u>
Electrolytes N	Na/K	40.5			
Electrolytes C	CI-	110.7	mmol/L	102.7-125.0	

Operator:

Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel

QC QC OK

HEM(Hemolysis degree): 0 ICT(Jaundice degree): 0

The results only applies to this test sample.

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Patient: LU Species: Canine Patient ID:

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	Report Explan.	
ALT	↑	Increase is commonly associated with liver injury and muscle injury, etc.
ALP	↑	Increase is commonly associated with fracture healing period, hepatobiliary diseases, hyperthyroidism, and osteosarcoma, etc.
тс	↑	Increase is commonly associated with biliary obstruction, hypothyroidism, hypercorticalismus, nephropathy, diabetes, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with protein loss enteropathy, pancreatic exocrine insufficiency, and hypoadrenocorticism, etc.
PHOS	↓	Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, bone healing period, and hyperthyroidism. Decreased in hyperparathyroidism, tumor, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

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