Blood Report

awalife

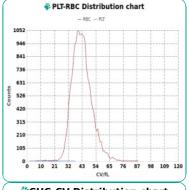
No.: 251017003LIS:Doctor: AdminSample: Blood(1x)Owner:Pet name: jeepSpecies: CatGender: MPet age: Y MWeight:kg

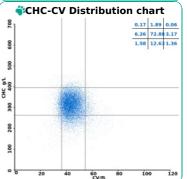
Detection items	Result	Parameters Unit	Reference	Low	Normal	High
L.WBC			3.50-17.90	LOW	(NOTITIAL	High
1-1.NEU#	7.76	10^9/L	2.30-12.58		8	
1-1.NEU# 1-2.NST#	4.52	10^9/L	0.00-0.80		8	
	0.21	10^9/L			8	
1-3.NSG#	4.31	10^9/L	2.30-12.50		8	
1-4.LYM#	2.36	10^9/L	0.73-6.60		8	
1-5.MON#	0.14	10^9/L	0.00-0.90			
1-6.EOS#	0.74	10^9/L	0.00-1.20		*	
1-7.BAS#	0.00	10^9/L	0.00-0.12		®	1
1-8.NEU%	58.21	%	38.00-80.00			
1-9.NST/WBC%	2.69	%	0.00-10.00		•	
1-10.NSG%	55.52	%	35.00-75.00			
1-11.LYM%	30.45	%	20.00-50.00			i I
1-12.MON%	1.79	%	1.00-7.20		Ø	
1-13.EOS%	9.55	%	1.00-11.20		•	
1-14.BAS%	0.00	%	0.00-0.20		<u> </u>	
1-15.NST/NEU%	4.62	%	0.00-15.00		8	
.RBC	11.50	10^12/L	5.60-12.60		•	
2-1.HGB	156.60	g/L	98.00-178.00		•	1
2-2.HCT	50.51	%	26.00-47.00			8
2-3.MCV	43.93	fL	38.70-52.50		8	<u> </u>
2-4.MCH	13.62	pg	11.80-16.50		8	
2-5.MCHC	310.06		280.00-380.00		8	
2-6.RDW-SD	20.00	g/- fL	16.00-31.90		8	
2-7.RDW-CV	13.52	%	15.50-24.20		0	
2-8.RET#	1.00	10^9/L	0.00-9.60		O	
2-9.RET%	0.01	10 3/L %	0.00-0.15		<u> </u>	
2-10.NRBC#	0.00	10^9/L	0.00-0.00		6	
2-10.NRBC/WBC%	0.00	10 9/L %	0.00-0.00		<u> </u>	
2-11.NRBC/WBC /8 2-12.ETG#	0.00	% 10^12/L	0.00-0.06		8	
2-12.ETG# 2-13.ETG%			0.00-2.50		8	
2-13.E1G% .PLT	0.00	%		-0	0	
	24.86		140.00-547.00	8		
3-1.PCT	0.03	%	0.20-0.80	- W	Ø	
3-2.MPV	13.91	fL	8.20-21.30		_	
3-3.LPLT#	2.31	10^9/L	0.00-103.00		8	
3-4.P-LCR	9.30	%	0.00-30.00			
3-5.APLT#	0.00	10^9/L	0.00-0.15		8	
3-6.PDW-SD	12.00	fL	7.10-31.10		8	
3-7.PDW-CV	55.05	%	43.70-73.40		8	1

Diagnostic Recommendation

Single diagnosis:

- I、[RBC]
- 1 [HCT>47.00] It is common in dehydration, use of catecholamines, compensatory or pathological increase of erythropoietin, adrenocortical hyperfunction, hyperthyroidism, limb hypertrophy and so on.
- II、 [PLT<140.00] Common Causes: 1. Blood sample agglutination: ①Physiological platelet agglutination, ②Poor anticoagulation after sampling: Improper blood-anticoagulant ratio, inadequate mixing of blood and anticoagulant after sampling, unsmooth sampling, inappropriate anticoagulant selection (e.g., heparin), ③Prolonged storage; 2. Increased consumption: Hemorrhage, purpura, DIC(Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation); 3. Infections: Ehrlichiosis, Leishmaniasis; 4. Immune-mediated thrombocytopenia; 5. Splenomegaly: Splenic infection, autoimmune disease, splenic tumor, splenic torsion; 6. Drug toxicity, poisoning; 7. Myeloproliferative diseases. Suggestions for next step testing: 1. Exclude the cause of sample agglutination; 2. Inflammation indicators testing: cCRP; 3. Biochemical tests: Assess liver and kidney function; 4. imageological examination: Ultrasound or X-ray to screen internal bleeding, assessment of liver, kidney, and spleen conditions, and tumors; 5. Infection screening: Ehrlichiosis, etc.; 6. Coagulation function tests.
 - 1 [PCT<0.2] It suggests thrombocytopenia.





BVTY SolpetBlood Morphology Report



