KET QUA SINH HOA MAU



Patient: MUN Species: Feline Patient ID:

Client: BS DAT Gender: Sample No.: 46

Adult Time of analysis: 2025/09/16 11:09 Doctor: Age:

					Ref. Ranges	
Duatain	TP	<u> </u>	103.7	g/L	56.5-88.5	<u> </u>
Protein	ALB		36.9	g/L	22.0-40.0	
Protein	GLOB	↑	66.8	g/L	28.2-51.3	
Protein	A/G		0.6			
Liver and gallbladder	ALT		85.3	U/L	25.8-149.2	
Liver and gallbladder	AST	1	112.3	U/L	16.5-60.0	<u> </u>
Liver and gallbladder	AST/ALT		1.32			
Liver and gallbladder	ALP		13.1	U/L	8.7-110.9	<u> </u>
Liver and gallbladder	GGT		<2.0	U/L	0.0-8.2	<u> </u>
Liver and gallbladder	TBIL		<1.70	μmol/L	0.00-15.00	
Pancreas	AMY	1	3299.0	U/L	555.6-1940.0	
Kidneys	BUN	1	>65.00	mmol/L	4.55-11.41	(
Kidneys	CREA	1	>2000.00	μmol/L	44.80-180.00	©
Kidneys	BUN/CREA		***			
Cardiovasc./Muscle	СК	1	>2500.0	U/L	66.1-530.9	
Cardiovasc./Muscle	LDH		299.6	U/L	60.9-334.2	
Energy metabolism	GLU		5.81	mmol/L	3.39-8.39	<u> </u>
Energy metabolism	TC	1	6.95	mmol/L	1.87-5.84	<u> </u>
Minerals	Ca		2.43	mmol/L	2.10-2.79	
Minerals	PHOS	↑	>6.50	mmol/L	1.02-2.72	(
Minerals	CaxP		***	mmol/L^2		
Electrolytes	tCO2		6.31	mmol/L	11.10-21.17	
Electrolytes	Na+		143.0	mmol/L	143.0-166.0	
Electrolytes	K+		5.0	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	
Electrolytes	Na/K		28.8			
Electrolytes	CI-		113.8	mmol/L	104.4-129.0	

Operator:

Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel QC QC OK HEM(Hemolysis degree): LIP(Lipemia degree): 0 ICT(Jaundice degree): 0 1+

The results only applies to this test sample.

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	Report Explan.	
ТР	↑	Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and increased globulin. Reduction is commonly associated with blood loss, protein-losing enteropathy, and decreased albumin.
GLOB	↑	Increase is commonly associated with chronic inflammation and infection, and hyperimmunity, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake, anemia, and immunodeficiency.
AST	↑	Increase is commonly associated with liver injury and muscle injury, etc.
AMY	↑	Increase is commonly associated with gastroenteritis, pancreatitis, pancreatic tumor, etc.
BUN	↑	Increase is commonly associated with high protein diet, gastrointestinal bleeding, nephropathy, and urinary obstruction, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake and liver failure, etc.
CREA	↑	Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with malnutrition and muscular atrophy, etc.
СК	↑	Increase is commonly associated with trauma, increased muscle activity (such as tetanus and convulsion), myocarditis, and myocardial infarction, etc.
тс	↑ 	Increase is commonly associated with biliary obstruction, hypothyroidism, hypercorticalismus, nephropathy, diabetes, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with protein loss enteropathy, pancreatic exocrine insufficiency, and hypoadrenocorticism, etc.
PHOS	↑	Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, bone healing period, and hyperthyroidism. Decreased in hyperparathyroidism, tumor, etc.
tCO2	↓	Increase is commonly associated with metabolic alkalosis and respiratory acidosis; Reduction is commonly associated with metabolic acidosis, respiratory alkalosis

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

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