

ĐẠI HỌC QUỐC GIA THÀNH PHỐ HỒ CHÍ MINH

TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC KHOA HỌC TỰ NHIÊN

KHOA CÔNG NGHỆ THÔNG TIN



DEVELOPER GUIDE

MÔN HỌC: Thiết kế phần mềm

Học kỳ II (2024 – 2025)

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TP. HỒ CHÍ MINH, THÁNG 6 NĂM 2025

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I. Coding Standards

- This project follows standard C# conventions:
 - o PascalCase for class, method, and property names
 - o camelCase for private fields and local variables
 - o Use of async/await for asynchronous methods
 - o Separate concerns: controller, service, repository logic
 - o Organize using statements (sort, remove unused)
 - o Use meaningful variable, method, and class names
 - o Keep methods short and focused on a single responsibility
- React code follows standard JS/TS practices:
 - o Functional components with hooks
 - o Modular CSS and component-based structure
 - o Linting with ESLint and Prettier support (if configured)
 - o Always handle API errors gracefully and display meaningful messages to users

II. Overview of Architecture

- The project is organized into a clean 3-layered architecture:
 - o Controller Layer: Accepts HTTP requests, invokes services
 - o Service Layer: Business logic, data manipulation, validation
 - o Data Access Layer: Entity Framework context and DB access
- Frontend (React) consumes REST API and handles user interaction.

III. Source Code Organization

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└─ Backend/

└─ Controllers/	// API endpoints
└─ Services/	// Business logic
└─ Models/	// EF Core models
└─ DTOs/	// Transfer objects
└─ Validators/	// Custom input validators
└─ CsvMapping/	// Import/export helpers
└─ Migrations/	// EF migrations
└─ Resources/	// Localization Values

```

|   ├── logs/                // Log files
|   └── appsettings.json     // Configurations
└── Frontend/
    |   ├── src/              // React components
    |   ├── components/       // Reusable UI Components
    |   ├── pages/            // Page Components / Views
    |   ├── utils/            // Helpers / Formatters
    |   ├── locales/          // Localization Values
    |   ├── contexts/         // React Context Providers
    |   ├── App.js
    |   └── index.js
└── Report/                  // Documentation
└── example.csv/.json        // Sample data
└── .env                     // Environment settings

```

IV. Getting Started with App Development

- Tools Required for Development:
 - .NET 9 runtime & .NET 9 SDK
 - Visual Studio 2022 or Above / Visual Studio Code
 - Microsoft SQL Server
 - NodeJs
 - Npm
 - Git
- In Backend/appsettings.json, configure DefaultConnection to your SQL Server
- On Window, run this as admin:

```
Dism /online /Enable-Feature /FeatureName:"NetFx3"
```

- Backend:
 - Open cmd in Backend folder
 - dotnet restore
 - dotnet tool install --global dotnet-ef
 - dotnet ef database update
 - dotnet run

- Frontend:
 - o Open cmd in Frontend folder
 - o npm install
 - o npm start
- Visit: <http://localhost:3000>

V. Database Schema

- Uses Entity Framework Core for ORM:
 - o Student, Department, .etc entities
 - o Each model maps to a table
 - o Use data annotations ([Key], [Required], [MaxLength], etc.)
 - o Migrations track schema evolution
- To add migration:
 - o dotnet ef migrations add <Name>
 - o dotnet ef database update

VI. Updating an Existing Entity

- To add a new property:
 - o Add the property in Models/<Entity>.cs
 - o Update DTOs/<Entity>.cs to match
 - o If used in validation, update Validators/
 - o Generate a new migration:
 - dotnet ef migrations add AddNewPropertyTo<Entity>
 - dotnet ef database update

VII. Registering New Routes

- Routes are registered via ASP.NET Core attribute routing:

```
[Route("api/[controller]")]
```

```
[ApiController]
```

```
public class StudentController : ControllerBase { }
```

- To register new routes, add methods to controllers using [HttpGet], [HttpPost], etc.

VIII. Inversion of Control & Dependency Injection

- ASP.NET Core built-in DI is used:
 - o Services are registered in Program.cs:

```
services.AddScoped<IStudentService, StudentService>();
```

- Inject into controllers:

```
public StudentController(IStudentService service) {  
    _service = service;  
}
```

IX. Data Validation

- Validation is handled via:
 - **Data Annotations** for basic validations inside DTOs:

```
[Required]  
[StringLength(100)]  
public string FullName { get; set; }
```
 - Custom logic in Validators/
 - Run during import or POST/PUT calls
 - Examples include email domain, phone format, status

X. Settings API

- App configuration is stored in appsettings.json and .env for secrets like:
 - Email domain rules
 - Phone number formats
- Use IConfiguration to access:

```
var domain = _config["ValidEmailSuffix"];
```

XI. Unit Testing

This project use **xUnit** framework for testing Backend:

- Tests are located under Backend.Tests/.
- Use mocking libraries like Moq to mock dependencies.

```
[Fact]  
public async Task GetStudentById_ExistingStudent_ShouldReturnStudent ()  
{  
    var studentId = "22100142";  
    var student = new Student { StudentId = studentId, FullName = "John Doe"  
};  
  
    _studentRepositoryMock.Setup(x => x. GetStudentById(studentId)).  
ReturnsAsync(student);
```

```
var result = await _studentService. GetStudentById (studentId);
```

```
Assert.Equal(student, result);
```

```
}
```

- Run tests: dotnet test

XII. Web API Documentation

- Use Swagger for API documentation.
- Swagger is enabled in Program.cs:

```
builder.Services.AddEndpointsApiExplorer();
```

```
builder.Services.AddSwaggerGen(c =>
```

```
{
```

```
    c.SwaggerDoc("v1", new OpenApiInfo { Title = "StudentManagement API",  
    Version = "v1" });
```

```
});
```

- Access API docs at: <https://localhost:<port>/swagger/index.html>