

### Symfony 2

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### **Preface**

# Signature

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### **Preface**

### Signature Revision History

\*A - Added, M - Modified, D - Deleted

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# Symfony 2

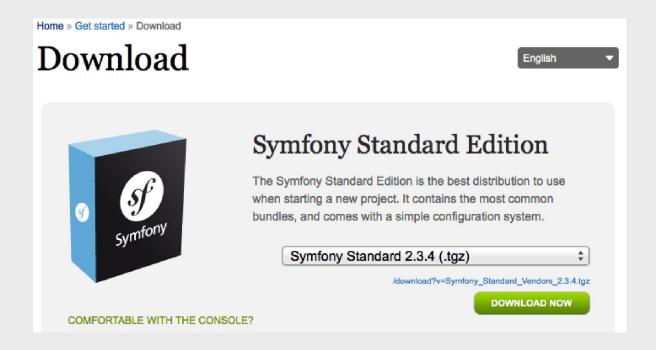
## Installation – Option A

#### http://getcomposer.org/

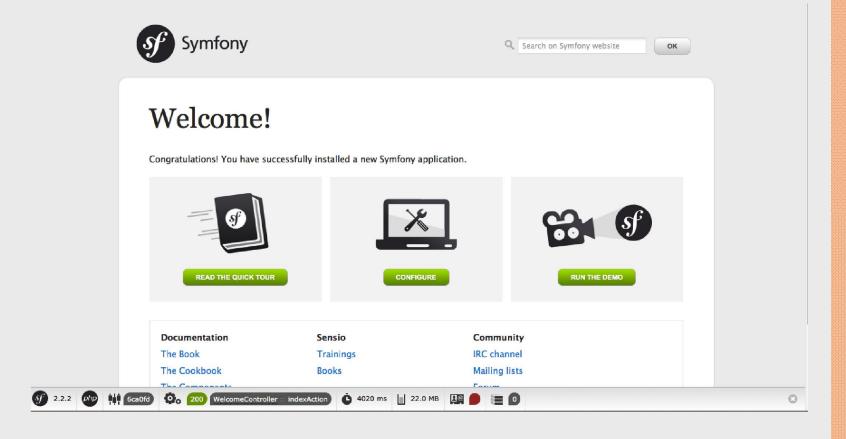
- > php -r "eval('?>'.file\_get\_contents('https://getcomposer.org/installer'));"
- > php composer.phar
- > php composer.phar create-project symfony/framework-standard-edition /path/to/webroot/Symfony 2.3.0

## **Installation – Option B**

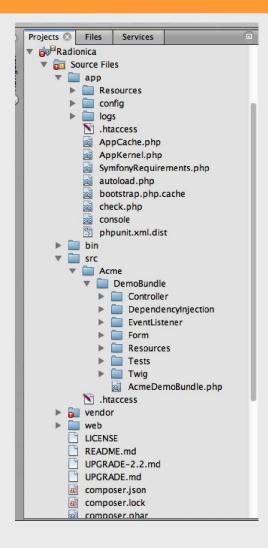
#### Download, Extract, Start



# **Welcome Symfony**



### **Folder structure**



#### Console

#### php app/console

```
doctrine:ensure-production-settings
                                       Verify that Doctrine is properly configured for a productio
 environment.
 doctrine:generate:crud
                                        Generates a CRUD based on a Doctrine entity
 doctrine: generate: entities
                                        Generates entity classes and method stubs from your mapping
 information
 doctrine:generate:entity
                                        Generates a new Doctrine entity inside a bundle
 doctrine:generate:form
                                        Generates a form type class based on a Doctrine entity
                                        Convert mapping information between supported formats.
 doctrine:mapping:convert
 doctrine:mapping:import
                                        Imports mapping information from an existing database
                                        Shows basic information about all mapped entities
 doctrine:mapping:info
                                        Executes arbitrary DQL directly from the command line.
 doctrine:query:dql
                                        Executes arbitrary SQL directly from the command line.
 doctrine: query:sql
 doctrine:schema:create
                                        Executes (or dumps) the SQL needed to generate the database
 doctrine:schema:drop
                                        Executes (or dumps) the SQL needed to drop the current data
base schema
 doctrine:schema:update
                                        Executes (or dumps) the SQL needed to update the database s
chema to match the current mapping metadata
 doctrine:schema:validate
                                        Validates the doctrine mapping files
 enerate
 generate:bundle
                                        Generates a bundle
 generate: controller
                                        Generates a controller
                                        Generates a CRUD based on a Doctrine entity
 generate:doctrine:crud
                                        Generates entity classes and method stubs from your mapping
 generate:doctrine:entities
 information
                                        Generates a new Doctrine entity inside a bundle
 generate:doctrine:entity
 generate:doctrine:form
                                        Generates a form type class based on a Doctrine entity
 init:acl
                                       Mounts ACL tables in the database
 init:jms-secure-random
 orm:convert:mapping
                                        Convert mapping information between supported formats.
outer
 router:debug
                                        Displays current routes for an application
 router:dump-apache
                                        Dumps all routes as Apache rewrite rules
 router:match
                                       Helps debug routes by simulating a path info match
 wiftmailer
 swiftmailer:spool:send
                                        Sends emails from the spool
ranslation
 translation:update
                                        Updates the translation file
wig
 twig:lint
                                       Lints a template and outputs encountered errors
```



## **The Symfony2 Components**

- **HttpFoundation** Contains the Request and Response classes, as well as other classes for handling sessions and file uploads;
- **Routing** Powerful and fast routing system that allows you to map a specific URI (e.g. /contact) to some information about how that request should be handled (e.g. execute the contactAction() method);
- **Form** A full-featured and flexible framework for creating forms and handling form submissions;
- **Validator** A system for creating rules about data and then validating whether or not user-submitted data follows those rules;
- **ClassLoader** An autoloading library that allows PHP classes to be used without needing to manually require the files containing those classes;
- **Templating** A toolkit for rendering templates, handling template inheritance (i.e. a template is decorated with a layout) and performing other common template tasks;
- **Security** A powerful library for handling all types of security inside an application;
- Translation A framework for translating strings in your application.



### **Creating a Bundle**

- . Bundle is everything in Symfony2:) first-class citizens
- Directory that houses everything related to a specific feature ( configuration, PHP, JS, CSS...)
- We can compare it with modul or plugin
- Flexible, independent, powerful
- > php app/console generate:bundle



#### Creating a new page in Symfony2 is a simple two-step process:

Create a route: A route defines the URL (e.g. /about) to your page and specifies a controller (which is a PHP function) that Symfony2 should execute when the URL of an incoming request matches the route path;

Create a controller: A controller is a PHP function that takes the incoming request and transforms it into the Symfony2 Response object that's returned to the user.

Environment: Prod, dev, test



### **Creating a Bundle**

- Bundle is everything in Symfony2:) first-class citizens
- Directory that houses everything related to a specific feature ( configuration, PHP, JS, CSS...)
- We can compare it with modul or plugin
- Flexible, independent, powerful
- > php app/console generate:bundle



### Step1: Create route

```
# app/config/routing.yml
acme_hello:
    resource: "@AcmeHelloBundle/Resources/config/routing.yml"
    prefix: /

# src/Acme/HelloBundle/Resources/config/routing.yml
hello:
    path: /hello/{name}
    defaults: { _controller: AcmeHelloBundle:Hello:index }
```

### Step2: Create controller

```
// src/Acme/HelloBundle/Controller/HelloController.php
namespace Acme\HelloBundle\Controller;

use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;

class HelloController
{
    public function indexAction($name)
    {
        return new Response('<html><body>Hello '.$name.'!</body></html>');
    }
}
```

### Step3: Create template

```
// src/Acme/HelloBundle/Controller/HelloController.php
namespace Acme\HelloBundle\Controller;
use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\Controller;
class HelloController extends Controller
  public function indexAction($name)
     return $this->render(
       'AcmeHelloBundle:Hello:index.html.twig',
       array('name' => $name)
```

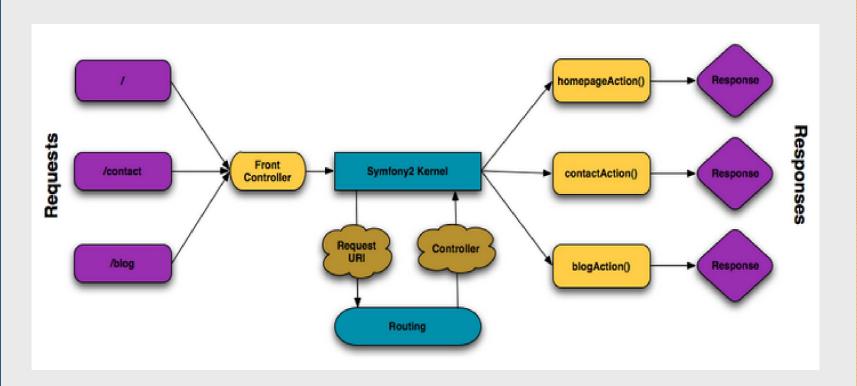
#### Controller

- Request -> Response
- The response could be an HTML page, an XML document, a serialized JSON array, an image, a redirect, a 404 error or anything else you can dream up.
- The controller contains whatever arbitrary logic your application needs to render the content of a page.

```
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;

public function helloAction()
{
    return new Response('Hello world!');
}
```

# Requests, Controller, Response Lifecycle



# **Simple Controller**

```
// src/Acme/HelloBundle/Controller/HelloController.php
namespace Acme\HelloBundle\Controller;

use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;

class HelloController
{
    public function indexAction($name)
    {
        return new Response('<html><body>Hello '.$name.'!</body></html>');
    }
}
```

## Mapping url to a Controller

```
# app/config/routing.yml
hello:
    path: /hello/{first_name}/{last_name}
    defaults: { _controller: AcmeHelloBundle:Hello:index, color: green }

// order of arguments does not metter
public function indexAction($first_name, $color, $last_name)
{
    // ... do whatever logic and return Response
}
```

# The Request as Controller Argument

```
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Request;

public function updateAction(Request $request)
{
    $form = $this->createForm(...);

    $form->handleRequest($request);
    // ...
}
```

#### The Base Controller Class

```
// src/Acme/HelloBundle/Controller/HelloController.php
namespace Acme\HelloBundle\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\Controller;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;

class HelloController extends Controller

{
    // ... do whatever logic and return Response
}
```

By extending this Controller class, you can take advantage of several helper methods.



```
// redirecting
public function indexAction()
{
    return $this->redirect($this->generateUrl('homepage'));
}

public function indexAction()
{
    return $this->redirect($this->generateUrl('homepage'), 301);
}
```

#### **Shortcut for:**

use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\RedirectResponse; return new RedirectResponse(\$this->generateUrl('homepage'));



```
// forwarding
public function indexAction($name)
  $response = $this->forward('AcmeHelloBundle:Hello:fancy', array()
     'name' => $name.
     'color' => 'green',
  ));
  // ... further modify the response or return it directly
  return $response;
public function fancyAction($name, $color)
  // ... create and return a Response object
```

#### **Shortcut for:**

```
$httpKernel = $this->container->get('http_kernel');
$response = $httpKernel->forward(
   'AcmeHelloBundle:Hello:fancy',
   array(
       'name' => $name,
       'color' => 'green',
   )
);
```

```
// rendering templates
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
$content = $this->renderView(
  'AcmeHelloBundle:Hello:index.html.twig',
  array('name' => $name)
return new Response($content);
return $this->render(
  'AcmeHelloBundle:Hello:index.html.twig',
  array('name' => $name)
```

#### **Shortcut for:**

```
$templating = $this->get('templating');
$content = $templating->render(
   'AcmeHelloBundle:Hello:index.html.twig',
   array('name' => $name)
);
$templating->render(
   'AcmeHelloBundle:Hello/Greetings:index.html.twig',
   array('name' => $name)
);
```

#### 404 error

```
public function indexAction()
  // retrieve the object from database
  $product = ...;
  if (!$product) {
     throw $this->createNotFoundException('The product does not exist');
  return $this->render(...);
```

Error 500 throw new \Exception('Something went wrong!');



# **Accessing other Services**

```
$request = $this->getRequest();

$templating = $this->get('templating');

$router = $this->get('router');

$mailer = $this->get('mailer');
```

## Managing the Session

```
$session = $this->getRequest()->getSession();

// store an attribute for reuse during a later user request
$session->set('foo', 'bar');

// in another controller for another request
$foo = $session->get('foo');

// use a default value if the key doesn't exist
$filters = $session->get('filters', array());
```

# Flash Messages

```
public function updateAction()
  $form = $this->createForm(...);
  $form->bind($this->getRequest());
  if ($form->isValid()) {
     // do some sort of processing
     $this->get('session')->getFlashBag()->add('notice', 'Your changes
were saved!');
     return $this->redirect($this->generateUrl(...));
  return $this->render(...);
```

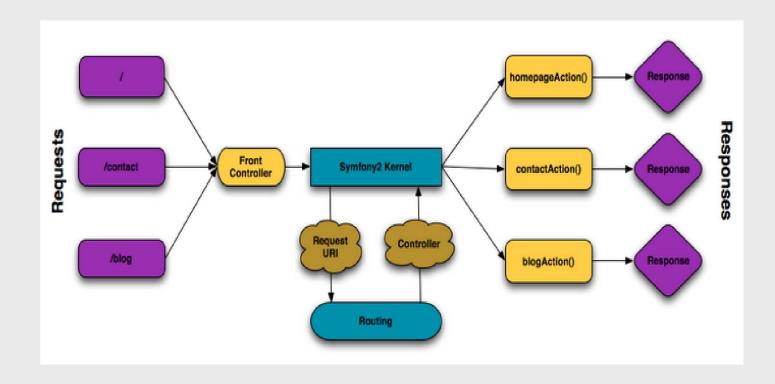
## Flash Messages

### Render static page

#### No need for controller!!!

```
acme_privacy:
    path: /privacy
    defaults:
    _controller: FrameworkBundle:Template:template
    template: 'AcmeBundle:Static:privacy.html.twig'
```

# Routing



## **Basic Route Configuration**

```
welcome:
  path:
  defaults: { _controller: AcmeDemoBundle:Main:homepage }
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<routes xmlns="http://symfony.com/schema/routing"</pre>
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://symfony.com/schema/routing
    http://symfony.com/schema/routing/routing-1.0.xsd">
  <route id=" welcome" path="/">
    <default
key=" controller">AcmeDemoBundle:Main:homepage</default>
  </route>
</routes>
```

### Routing with placeholder

```
blog show:
  path: /blog/{slug}
  defaults: { controller: AcmeBlogBundle:Blog:show }
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<routes xmlns="http://symfony.com/schema/routing"</pre>
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://symfony.com/schema/routing
    http://symfony.com/schema/routing/routing-1.0.xsd">
  <route id="blog_show" path="/blog/{slug}">
    <default
key="_controller">AcmeBlogBundle:Blog:show</default>
  </route>
</routes>
```



#### **Adding Requirements**

```
blog:
    path: /blog/{page}
    defaults: { _controller: AcmeBlogBundle:Blog:index, page: 1 }

blog_show:
    path: /blog/{slug}
    defaults: { _controller: AcmeBlogBundle:Blog:show }
```

```
URLrouteparameters/blog/2blog{page} = 2/blog/my-blog-postblog{page} = my-blog-post
```



#### **Adding Requirements**

```
blog:
    path: /blog/{page}
    defaults: { _controller: AcmeBlogBundle:Blog:index, page: 1 }
    requirements:
        page: \d+
```

URL	route	parameters
/blog/2	blog	{page} = 2
/blog/my-blog-post	blog_show	{slug} = my-blog-post



#### **Adding HTTP Method Requirements**

```
contact:
    path: /contact
    defaults: { _controller: AcmeDemoBundle:Main:contact }
    methods: [GET]

contact_process:
    path: /contact
    defaults: { _controller: AcmeDemoBundle:Main:contactProcess }
    methods: [POST]
```



#### **Generating URLs**

```
class MainController extends Controller
  public function showAction($slug)
     // ...
     $url = $this->generateUrl( // helper method
       'blog_show',
       array('slug' => 'my-blog-post')
```

#### **Generating URLs**

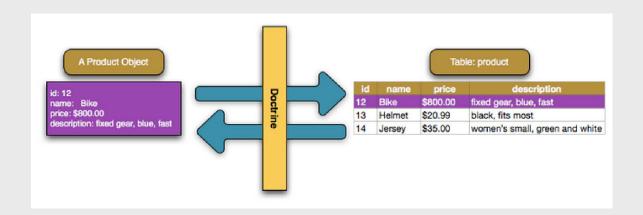
```
$params = $this->get('router')->match('/blog/my-blog-post');
// array(
   'slug' => 'my-blog-post',
   '_controller' => 'AcmeBlogBundle:Blog:show',
//)
$uri = $this->get('router')->generate('blog_show', array('slug' => 'my-blog-
post'));
// /blog/my-blog-post
$this->get('router')->generate('blog_show', array('slug' => 'my-blog-post'),
true);
// http://www.example.com/blog/my-blog-post
```

#### Model

#### **ORM Doctrine 2**

parameters.yml → Config.yml

> php app/console doctrine:database:create



#### **MODEL - metadata**

```
// src/Acme/StoreBundle/Entity/Product.php
namespace Acme\StoreBundle\Entity;
use Doctrine\ORM\Mapping as ORM;
* @ORM\Entity
* @ORM\Table(name="product")
*
class Product
  /**
   * @ORM\ld
   * @ORM\Column(type="integer")
   * @ORM\GeneratedValue(strategy="AUTO")
  protected $id;
```

#### **MODEL** - metadata

```
/**
  * @ORM\Column(type="string", length=100)
  */
 protected $name;
 /**
   @ORM\Column(type="decimal", scale=2)
 protected $price;
 /**
   @ORM\Column(type="text")
  */
 protected $description;
```

#### MODEL

A bundle can accept only one metadata definition format. For example, it's not possible to mix YAML metadata definitions with annotated PHP entity class definitions.

Be careful that your class name and properties aren't mapped to a protected SQL keyword (such as group or user).

Create getters and setters

- > php app/console doctrine:generate:entities Acme/StoreBundle/Entity/Product
- > php app/console doctrine:schema:update –force



#### Persist object to database

```
// src/Acme/StoreBundle/Controller/DefaultController.php
// ...
use Acme\StoreBundle\Entity\Product;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
public function createAction()
  $product = new Product();
  $product->setName('A Foo Bar');
  $product->setPrice('19.99');
  $product->setDescription('Lorem ipsum dolor');
  $em = $this->getDoctrine()->getManager();
  $em->persist($product);
  $em->flush();
  return new Response('Created product id '.$product->getId());
```

#### **Fetching Objects from the Database**

```
public function showAction($id)
  $product = $this->getDoctrine()
     ->getRepository('AcmeStoreBundle:Product')
     ->find($id);
  if (!$product) {
     throw $this->createNotFoundException(
       'No product found for id '.$id
  // ... do something, like pass the $product object into a template
```

#### **Repository Basic**

```
// query by the primary key (usually "id")
$product = $repository->find($id);
// dynamic method names to find based on a column value
$product = $repository->findOneById($id);
$product = $repository->findOneByName('foo');
// find *all* products
$products = $repository->findAll();
// find a group of products based on an arbitrary column value
$products = $repository->findByPrice(19.99);
```

#### **Repository Basic**

```
// query for one product matching be name and price
$product = $repository->findOneBy(array('name' => 'foo', 'price' =>
19.99));

// query for all products matching the name, ordered by price
$products = $repository->findBy(
    array('name' => 'foo'),
    array('price' => 'ASC')
);
```

#### **Updating an Object**

```
public function updateAction($id)
  $em = $this->getDoctrine()->getManager();
  $product = $em->getRepository('AcmeStoreBundle:Product')->find($id);
  if (!$product) {
    throw $this->createNotFoundException(
       'No product found for id '.$id
  $product->setName('New product name!');
  $em->flush();
  return $this->redirect($this->generateUrl('homepage'));
```

# **Deleting on object**

```
$em->remove($product);
$em->flush();
```

# **Querying for Object with DQL**

```
$em = $this->getDoctrine()->getManager();
$query = $em->createQuery(
    'SELECT p
    FROM AcmeStoreBundle:Product p
    WHERE p.price > :price
    ORDER BY p.price ASC'
)->setParameter('price', '19.99');
$products = $query->getResult();
```

# **Using Doctrine's Query Builder**

```
$repository = $this->getDoctrine()
   ->getRepository('AcmeStoreBundle:Product');

$query = $repository->createQueryBuilder('p')
   ->where('p.price > :price')
   ->setParameter('price', '19.99')
   ->orderBy('p.price', 'ASC')
   ->getQuery();

$products = $query->getResult();
```

#### **Custom Repository Classes**

```
// src/Acme/StoreBundle/Entity/ProductRepository.php
namespace Acme\StoreBundle\Entity;
use Doctrine\ORM\EntityRepository;
class ProductRepository extends EntityRepository
  public function findAllOrderedByName()
    return $this->getEntityManager()
       ->createQuery(
         'SELECT p FROM AcmeStoreBundle:Product p ORDER BY
p.name ASC'
       ->getResult();
```



#### **Custom Repository Classes**

#### **MODEL** – custom repository

```
public function updateGallery($photold, $galleryld)
     $qb = $this->createQueryBuilder('p');
     q = q
         ->update()
         ->set('p.gallery', $galleryld)
         ->where('p.id = :id')
         ->setParameter('id', $photold);
     return $query->getQuery()->execute();
```

#### Relationship Mapping Metadata

```
// src/Acme/StoreBundle/Entity/Category.php
// ...
use Doctrine\Common\Collections\ArrayCollection;
class Category
  /**
    @ORM\OneToMany(targetEntity="Product", mappedBy="category")
   */
  protected $products;
  public function __construct()
     $this->products = new ArrayCollection();
```

#### Relationship Mapping Metadata

```
// src/Acme/StoreBundle/Entity/Product.php
// ...
class Product
  // ...
  /**
  * @ORM\ManyToOne(targetEntity="Category", inversedBy="products")
   * @ORM\JoinColumn(name="category_id",
referencedColumnName="id")
  protected $category;
```

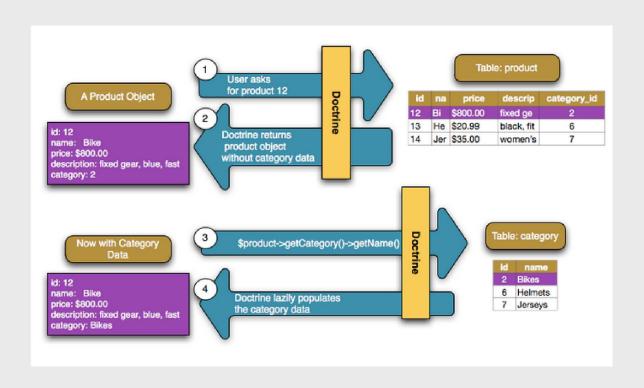
# **Fetching related Objects**

```
public function showAction($id)
{
    $product = $this->getDoctrine()
        ->getRepository('AcmeStoreBundle:Product')
        ->find($id);

    $categoryName = $product->getCategory()->getName();

// ...
}
```

# **Fetching related Objects**





# Thank you