Example F10: Effect of lateral bracing.

For the following beam, compute the maximum factored load, $P_{\it fi}$ for the following three cases.

- · Case a): compression flange fully braced laterally.
- Case b): compression flange braced only at the supports.
- Case c): compression flange braced at the supports and at the point of application of the load.

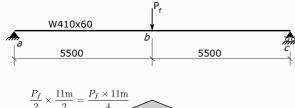
Use ASTM A992 steel.

```
In [1]:
```

```
from Designer import SST, figure, show
from math import sqrt
```

In [2]:

```
figure("eg-F10.svg")
```



```
\frac{P_f}{2} \times \frac{11\mathrm{m}}{2} = \frac{P_f \times 11\mathrm{m}}{4} M
```

In [3]:

```
phi = 0.9
Fy = 345.
Dsg,d,b,t,w,Ix,Zx,Iy,J,Cw = SST.section('W410x60','Dsg,D,B,T,W,Ix,Zx,Iy,J,Cw')
h = d - 2*t
show('Dsg,d,b,t,w,h,*10**6,Ix,Iy,*10**3,Zx,J,*10**9,Cw,*,Fy')
```

```
Dsg = W410x60

d = 407

b = 178

t = 12.8

w = 7.7

h = 381.4

Ix = 216 * 10**6

Iy = 12 * 10**6

Ix = 1190 * 10**3

J = 328 * 10**3

Cw = 468 * 10**9

Fy = 345
```

Check Local Buckling

```
In [4]:
```

```
show('bel/t = b/(2*t), 170/sqrt(Fy)') # check flange against class 2 limits
bel/t = 6.953
```

In [5]:

```
show('h/w, 1700/sqrt(Fy)') # check web against class 2 limits
```

```
h/w = 49.53
1700/sqrt(Fy) = 91.52
```

170/sqrt(Fy) = 9.152

Therefore section is class 2 (or perhaps class 1 - that doesn't matter)

Case a) fully braced

```
From § 13.5: M_r = \phi M_p = \phi F_y Z_x
```

In [6]:

```
Mr = phi*Fy*Zx * 1E-6  # * 1E-6 converts from N-mm to kN-m
Pf = Mr * 4. / 11.
show('Mr,Pf')
Mr = 369.5
```

Pf = 134.4

For case a), maximum $P_f = 134 \text{ kN}$.

Case b) lateral bracing at supports only

The last paragraph of § 13.6 a) says the following:

_For unbraced beam segments loaded above the shear centre between brace points, where the method of load delivery to the member provides neither lateral nor rotational restraint to the member, the associated destabilizing effect shall be taken into account using a rational method. For loads applied at the level of the top flange, in lieu of a more accurate analysis, M_u may be determined using $\omega_2 = 1.0$ and using an effective length, for pinended beams, of 1.2L and for all other cases, 1.4L._

It seems reasonable that the above should apply to this case, so use an unbraced length of compression flange equal to 1.2 times the distance between supports.

S16-16 § 13.6 a) ii) gives the following for calculating M_{u} :

$$M_{u} = \frac{\omega_{2}\pi}{L} \sqrt{EI_{y}GJ + \left(\frac{\pi E}{L}\right)^{2} I_{y}C_{w}}$$

Often, we re-write that to make it a little simpler to apply manually:

$$A = EI_yGJ$$

$$B = \left(\frac{\pi E}{L}\right)^2 I_y C_w$$

$$M_u = \frac{\omega_2 \pi}{L} \sqrt{A + B}$$

In [7]:

```
pi = 3.14159
E = 200000.
G = 77000.
```

In [8]:

```
omega2 = 1.0
L = 1.2*11000
A = E*Iy*G*J
B = Iy*Cw*(pi*E/L)**2
Mu = (omega2*pi/L)*sqrt(A+B) * 1E-6 # for result in kN-m
Mp = Fy*Zx * 1E-6
show('omega2,L,A,B,Mu,Mp,0.67*Mp')
```

```
omega2 = 1

L = 13200

A = 6.061e+22

B = 1.272e+22

Mu = 64.45

Mp = 410.6

0.67*Mp = 275.1
```

As $M_u \leq 0.67 M_p$, $M_r = \phi M_u$:

In [9]:

```
Mr = phi*Mu
Pf = Mr * 4. / 11.
show('Mr,Pf')
```

```
Mr = 58.01
Pf = 21.09
```

Case c) Lateral bracing at ends and at centre

```
From Figure 2-17 in the commentary, \omega_2 = 1.75.
```

Or, the long way from § 13.6 a) ii):

```
\kappa = 0
```

(because in the beam segments between the brace points, ab and bc, the smallest end moment is 0, and 0/anything is zero, as long as $anything \neq 0$).

And then:

```
\omega_2 = 1.75 + 1.05\kappa + 0.3\kappa^2 = 1.75
```

In [10]:

```
omega2 = 1.75
L = 5500.
A = E*Iy*G*J
B = Iy*Cw*(pi*E/L)**2
Mu = (omega2*pi/L)*sqrt(A+B) * 1E-6 # for result in kN-m
Mp = Fy*Zx * 1E-6
show('omega2,L,A,B,Mu,Mp,0.67*Mp')
```

```
omega2 = 1.75

L = 5500

A = 6.061e+22

B = 7.329e+22

Mu = 365.8

Mp = 410.6

0.67*Mp = 275.1
```

In this case, $M_u > 0.67 M_p$ and thus M_r is given by § 13.6 a) i):

```
In [11]:
```

```
Mr = min( 1.15*phi*Mp*(1 - 0.28*Mp/Mu), phi*Mp )
Pf = Mr * 4. / 11.
show('Mr,Pf')
```

```
Mr = 291.4
Pf = 106
```

For case c) maximum $P_f = 106 \text{ kN}$.

Summary

```
In [ ]:
```