

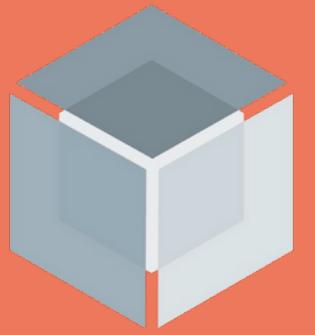
Microservices and Deploying Methodologies

Author: Nho Luong
Skill: DevOps Engineer Lead



The image displays two web pages showing certification status. The left page is from Alpine Learning Solutions, showing a grid of active certifications: AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Professional, AWS Certified Security - Specialty, AWS Certified DevOps Engineer - Professional, and AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Associate. The right page is from Microsoft Learn, showing a list of four active certifications: Microsoft Certified: DevOps Engineer Expert, Microsoft Certified: Azure Solutions Architect Expert, Microsoft Certified: Azure Administrator Associate, and Microsoft Certified: Azure Fundamentals.





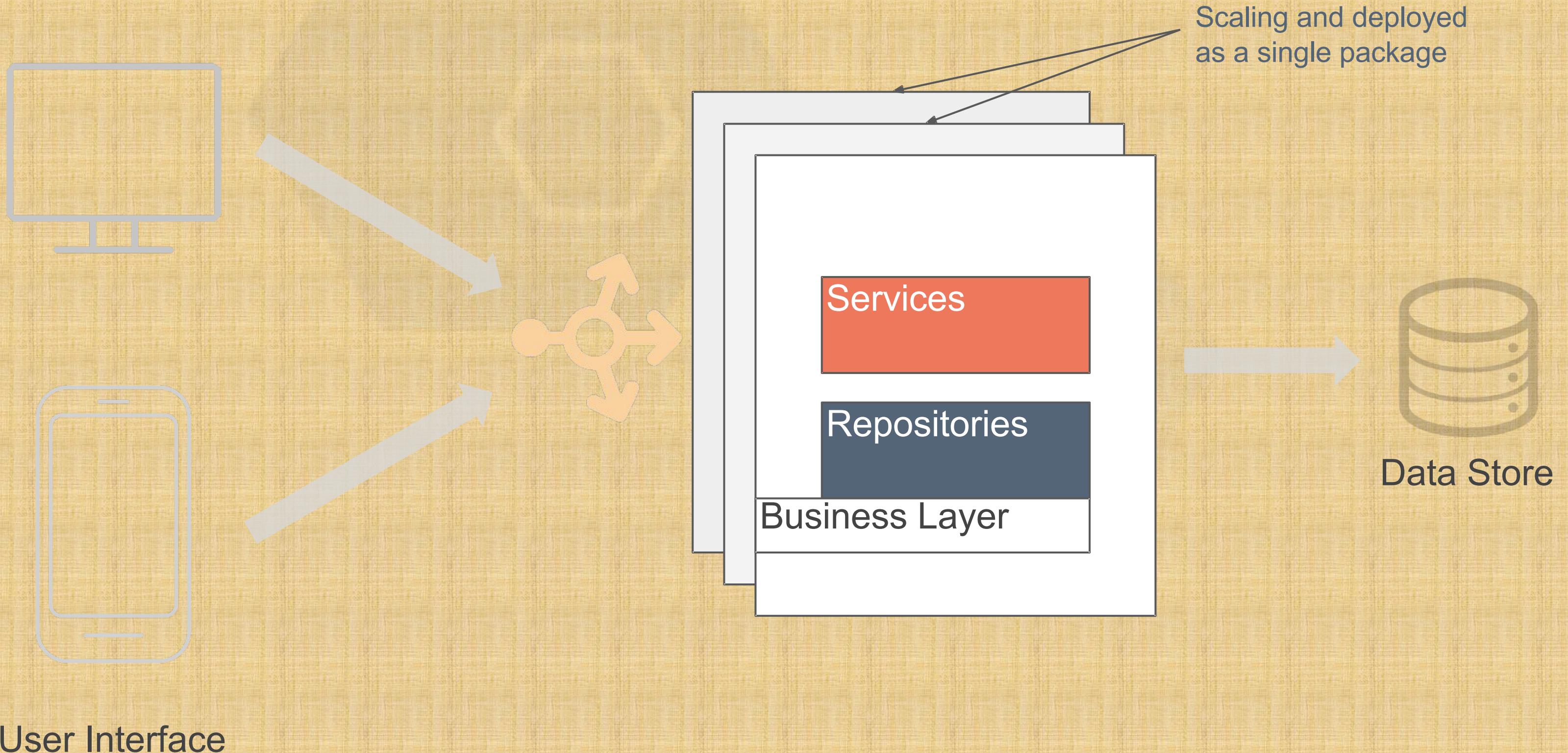
Monolithic Applications

Traditional way to build enterprise app, and deployed and scaled as a single package

Main Components:

- Client-side user interface
- Server-side application
 - Design Pattern(Services & Repositories)
- A database server

Monolithic Application



Monolithic Application: Example

	Markets <ul style="list-style-type: none">• market_id• market_name

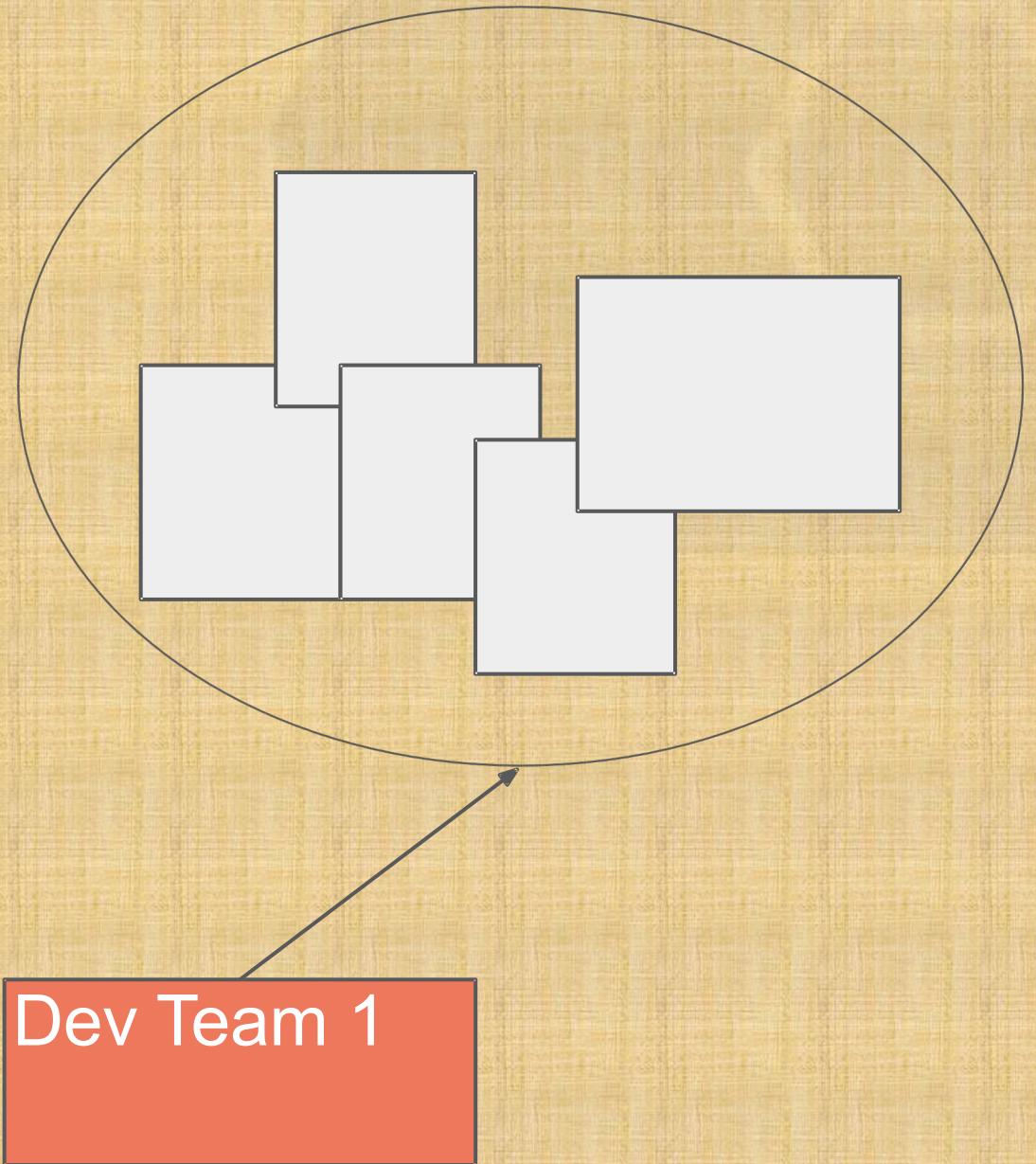
	Products <ul style="list-style-type: none">• product_id• product_name• product_price• market_id

	Users <ul style="list-style-type: none">• user_id• user_name• market_id

A query to get the list of products and market name of the logged in user say with id=40 under price 300?

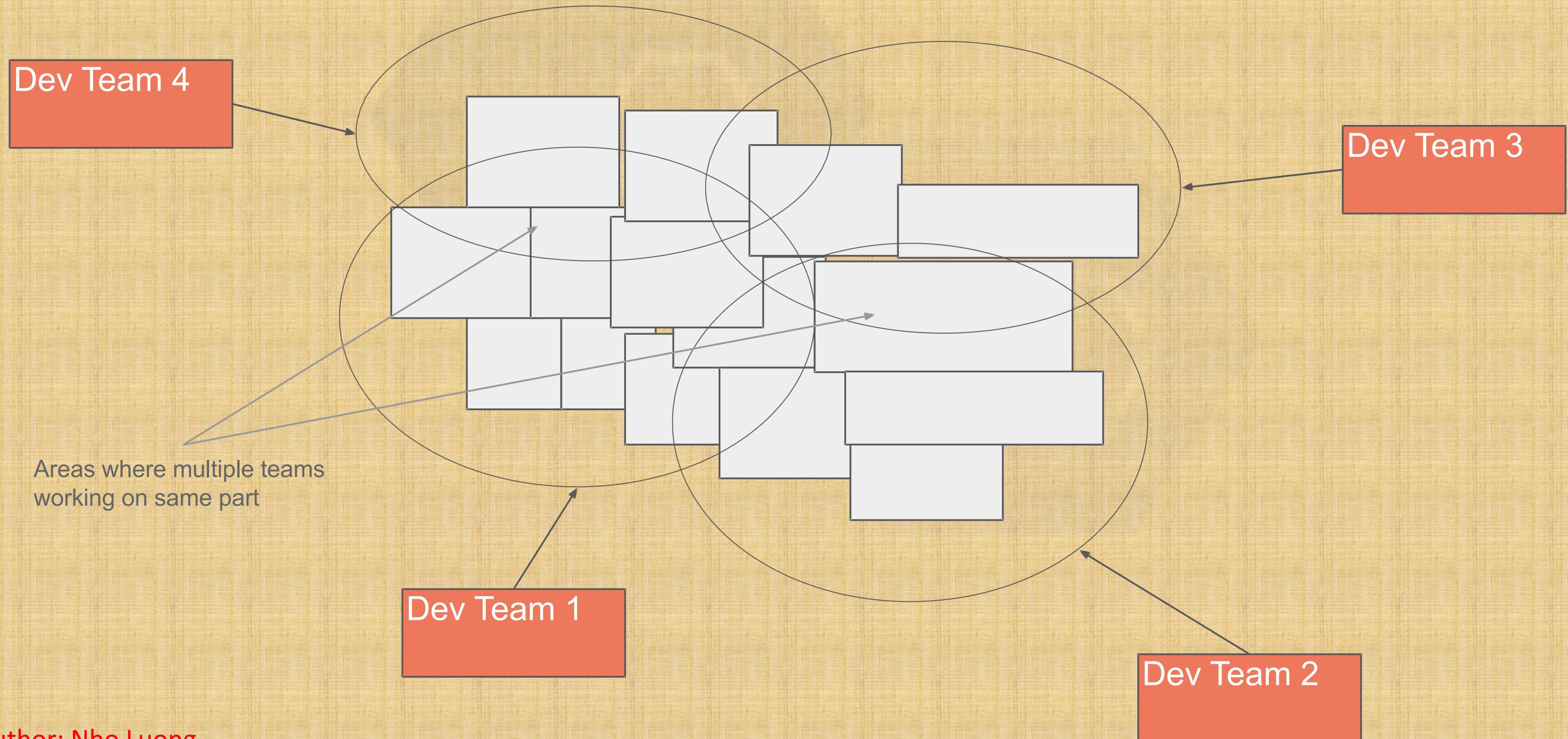
```
SELECT product_name, market_name FROM products
INNER JOIN markets on products.maket_id = markets.id INNER JOIN
users on users.market_id = markets.id WHERE users.user_id = 40
AND products.product_price < 300
```

Monolithic Application - MVP version

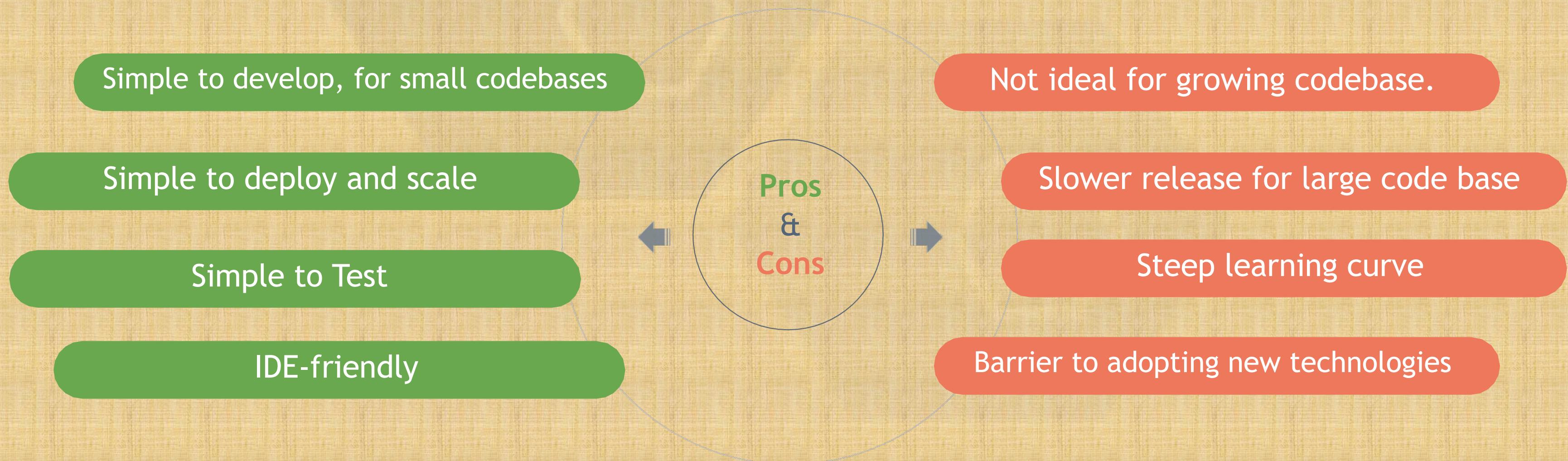


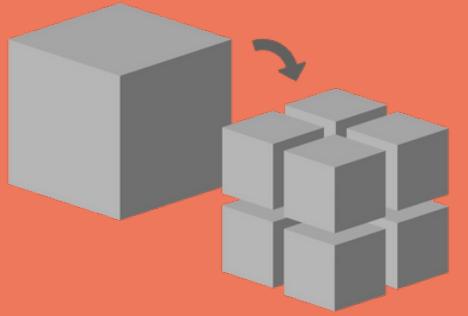
What if a big hit?

Monolithic Application - After few releases



Monolithic - Pros / Cons





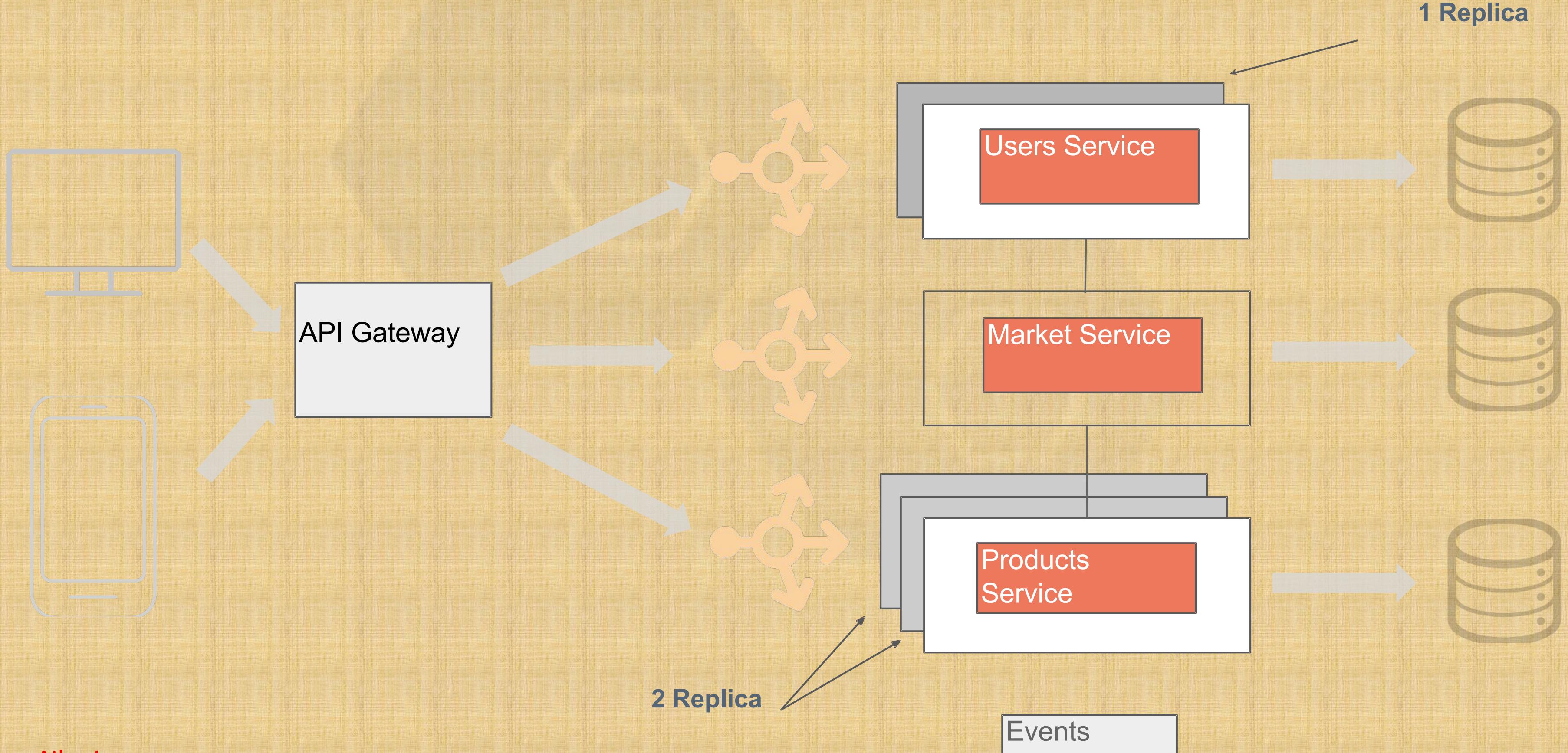
Micro Services

Suites of independently deployable services

Design Considerations

- **Organized around business capability**
- **Decentralized Database**
- **Loosely Coupled and Highly Cohesive**
- **Independently deployed**

Microservice Application



Microservice Application: Example

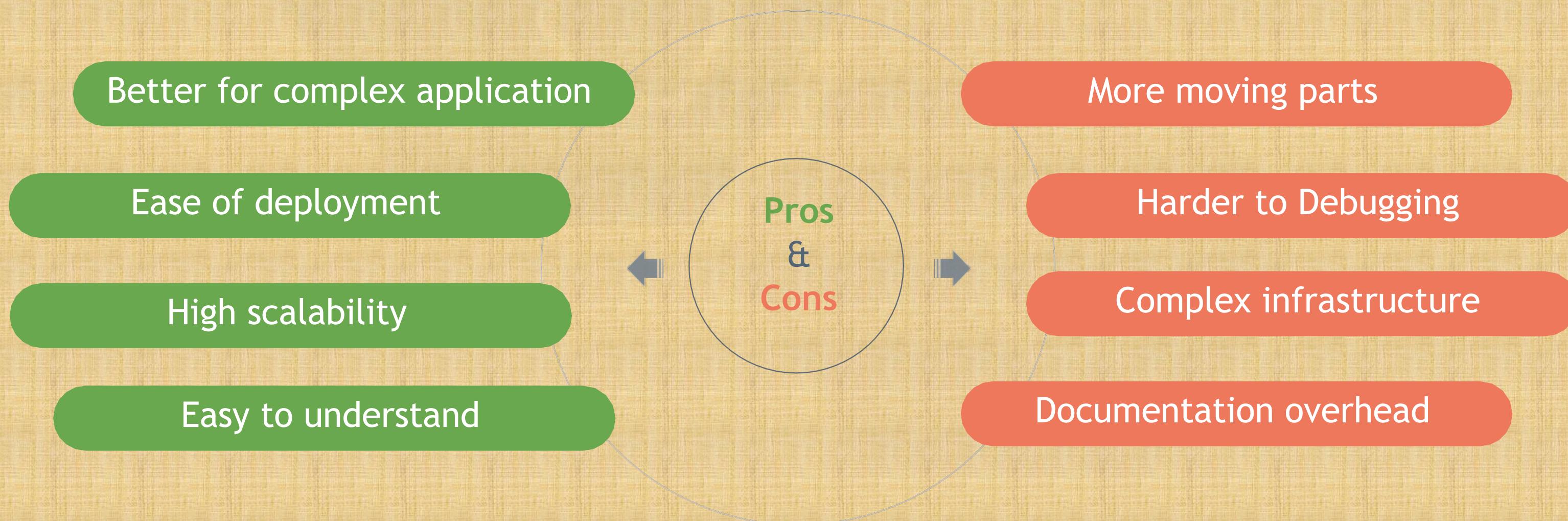
```
markets
{
  id: 1, name: US,
  currency: '$',
  created_at: '123',
  updated_at: 'abc'
}
```

```
products
{
  id: 1,
  name: 'AWS' price:
  300, market: {
    id: 1,
    name: US
  }
}
```

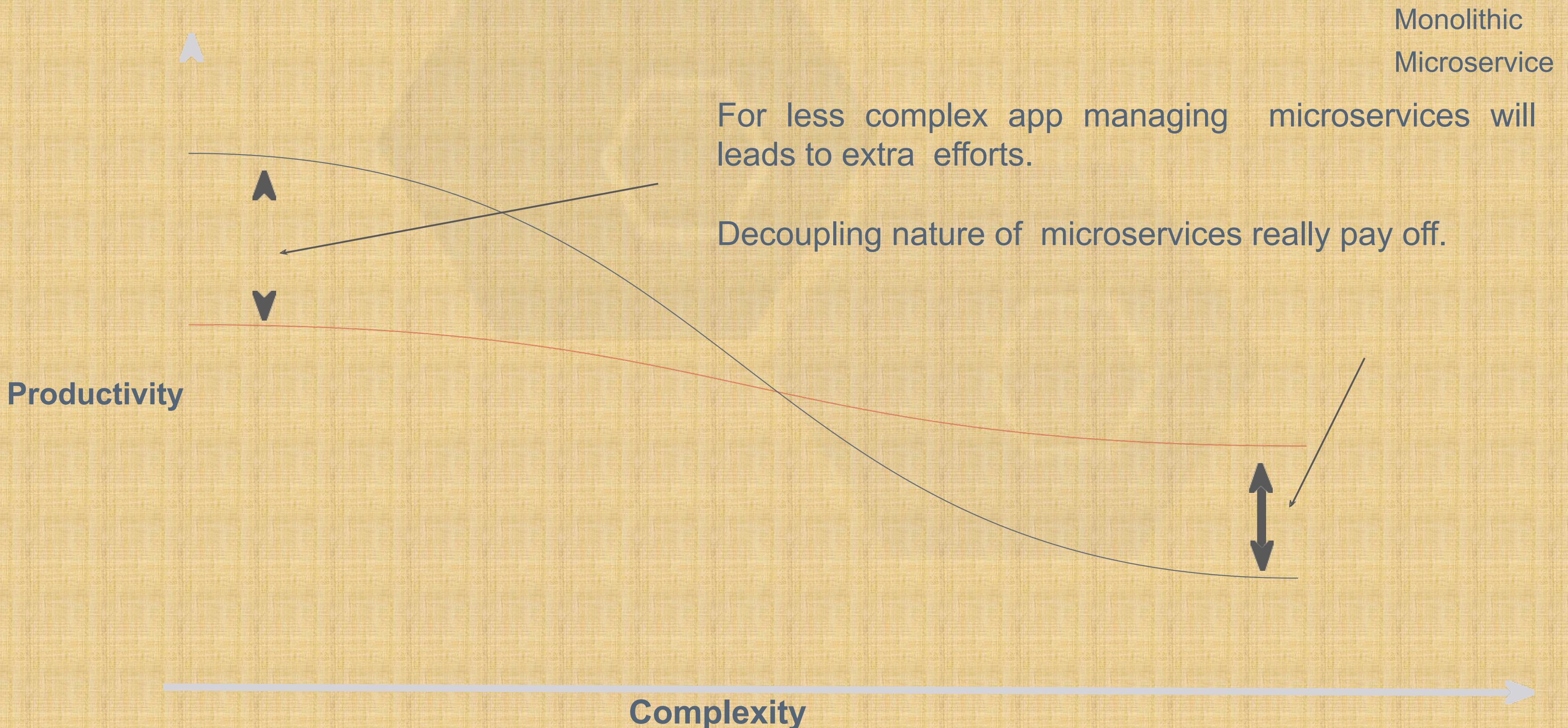
```
Users
{
  id: 1,
  name: 'John Smith'
  market: {
    id: 1,
    name: US
  }
}
```

- Separate database per service as per business domain
- Maintain Duplication of data with single source of truth
- Eventual Consistency among services

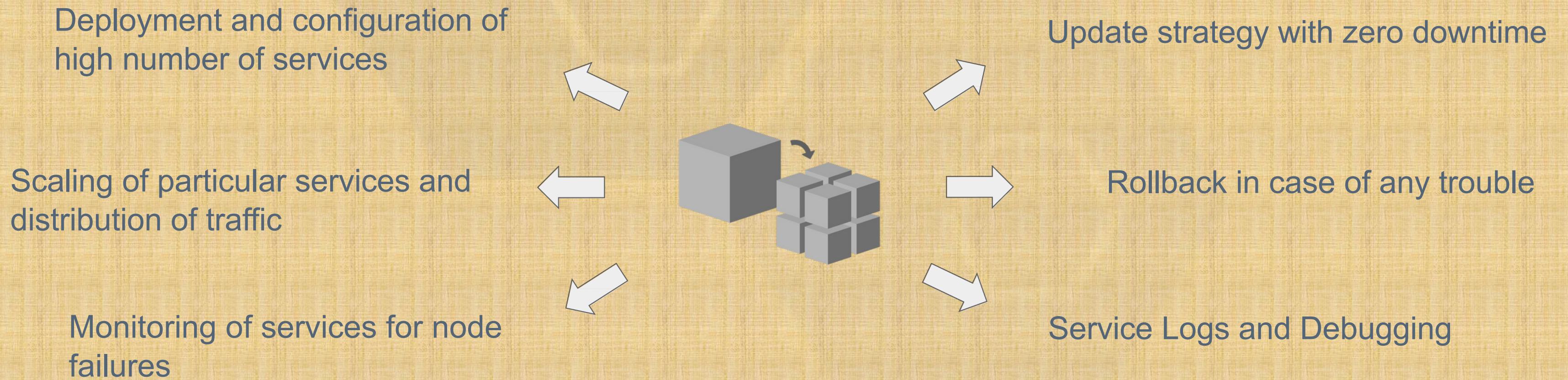
Microservice - Pros / Cons



Comparison (Productivity vs Complexity)



Deployment Challenges with Microservices





Kubernetes (K8s)

An open-source system for automating deployment, scaling, and management of containerized apps

Why to Choose?

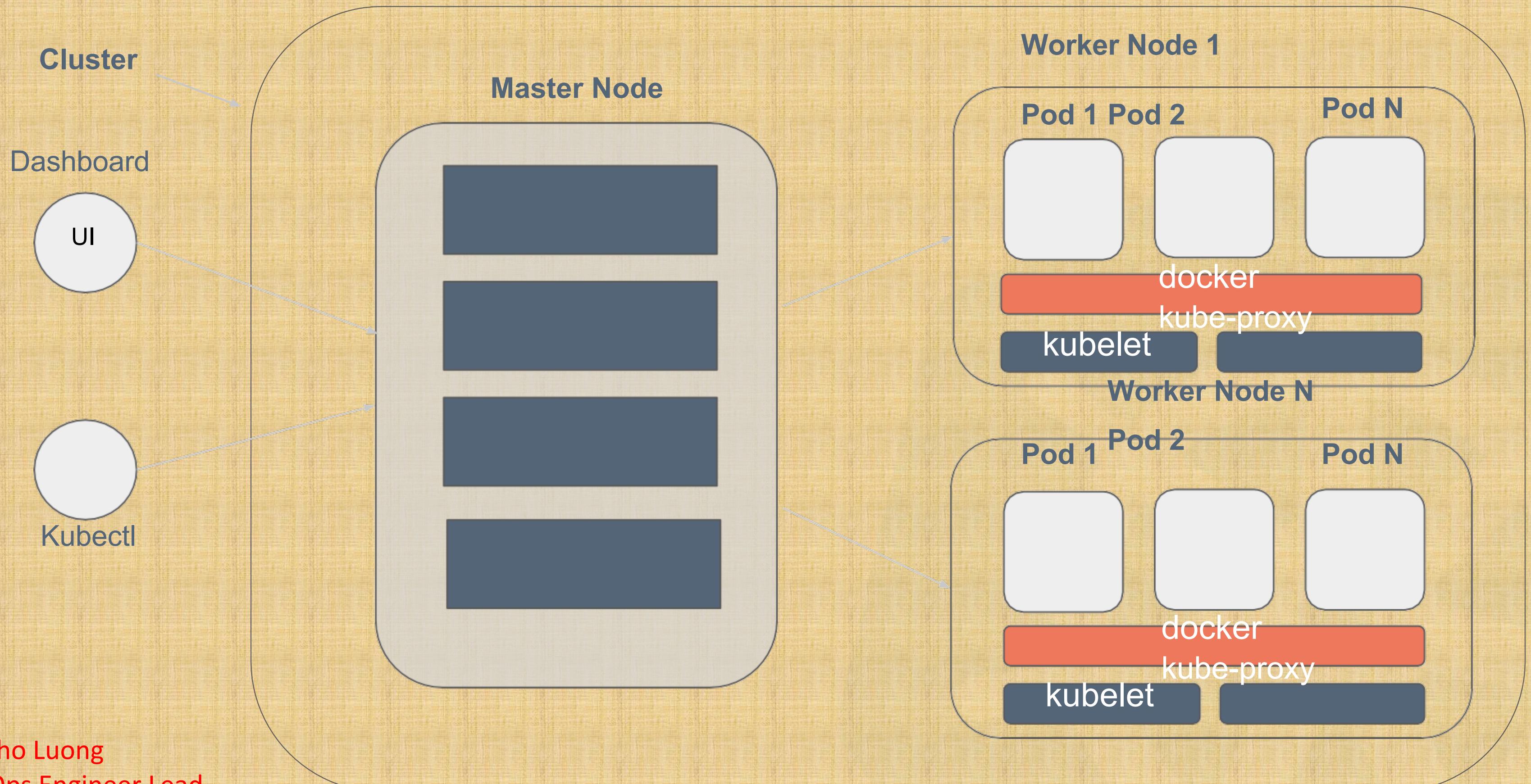
- Invented by Google
- Managed by open source community
- Adopted by Microsoft and Amazon
- Run Anywhere

Author: Nho Luong

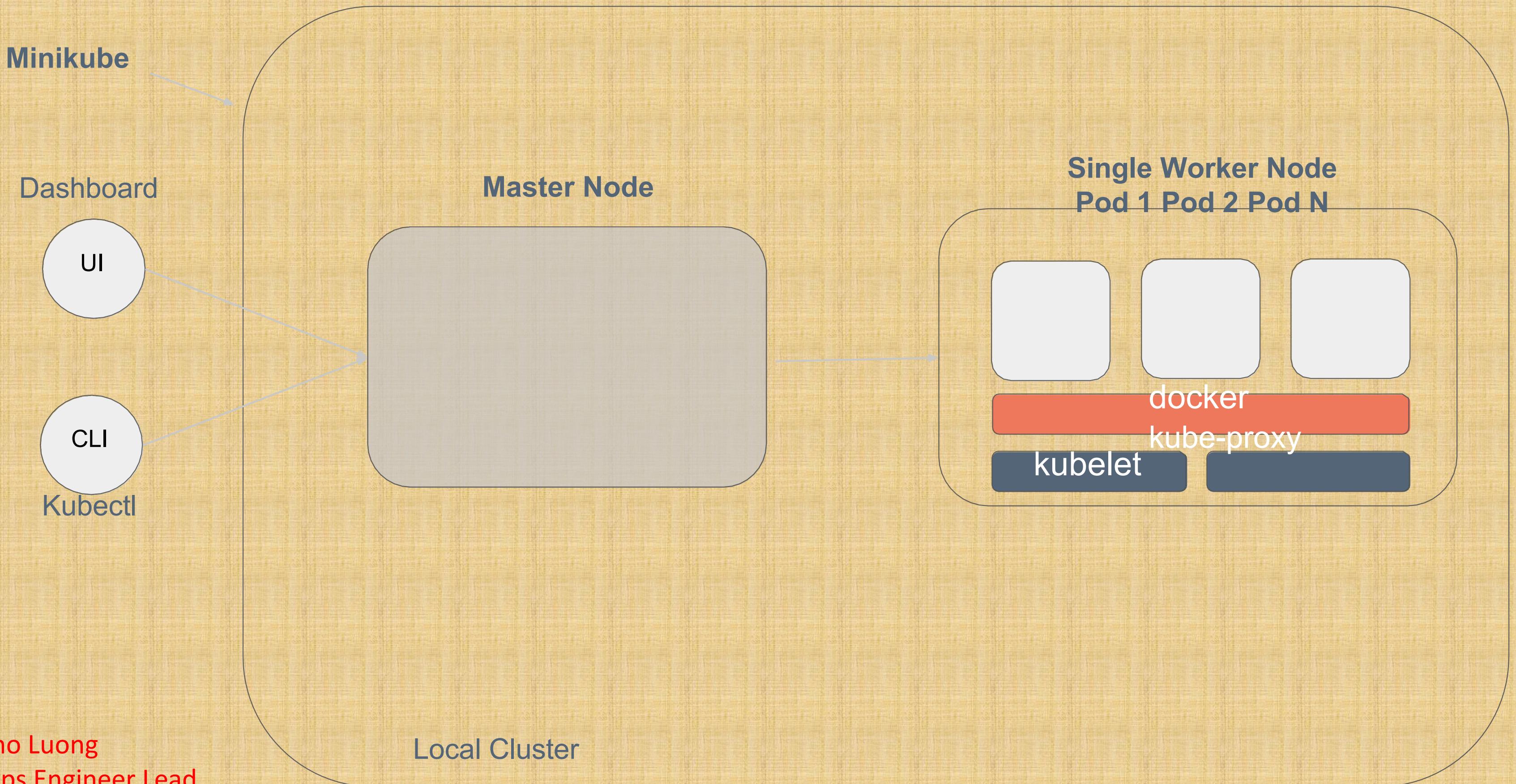
Skill: DevOps Engineer Lead

Overview of K8s

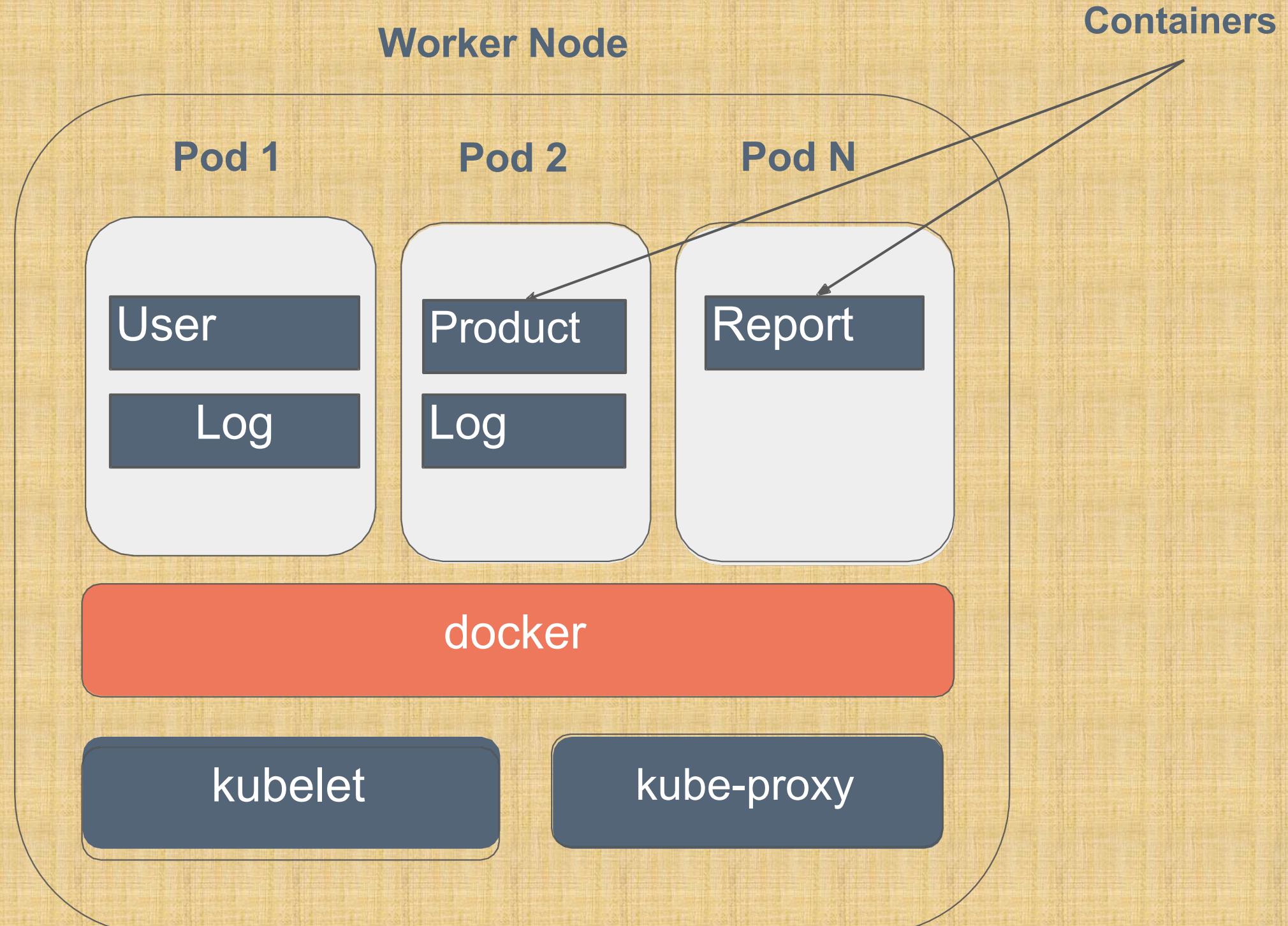
Basic components of Kubernetes (Cloud)



Basic components of Kubernetes (local)

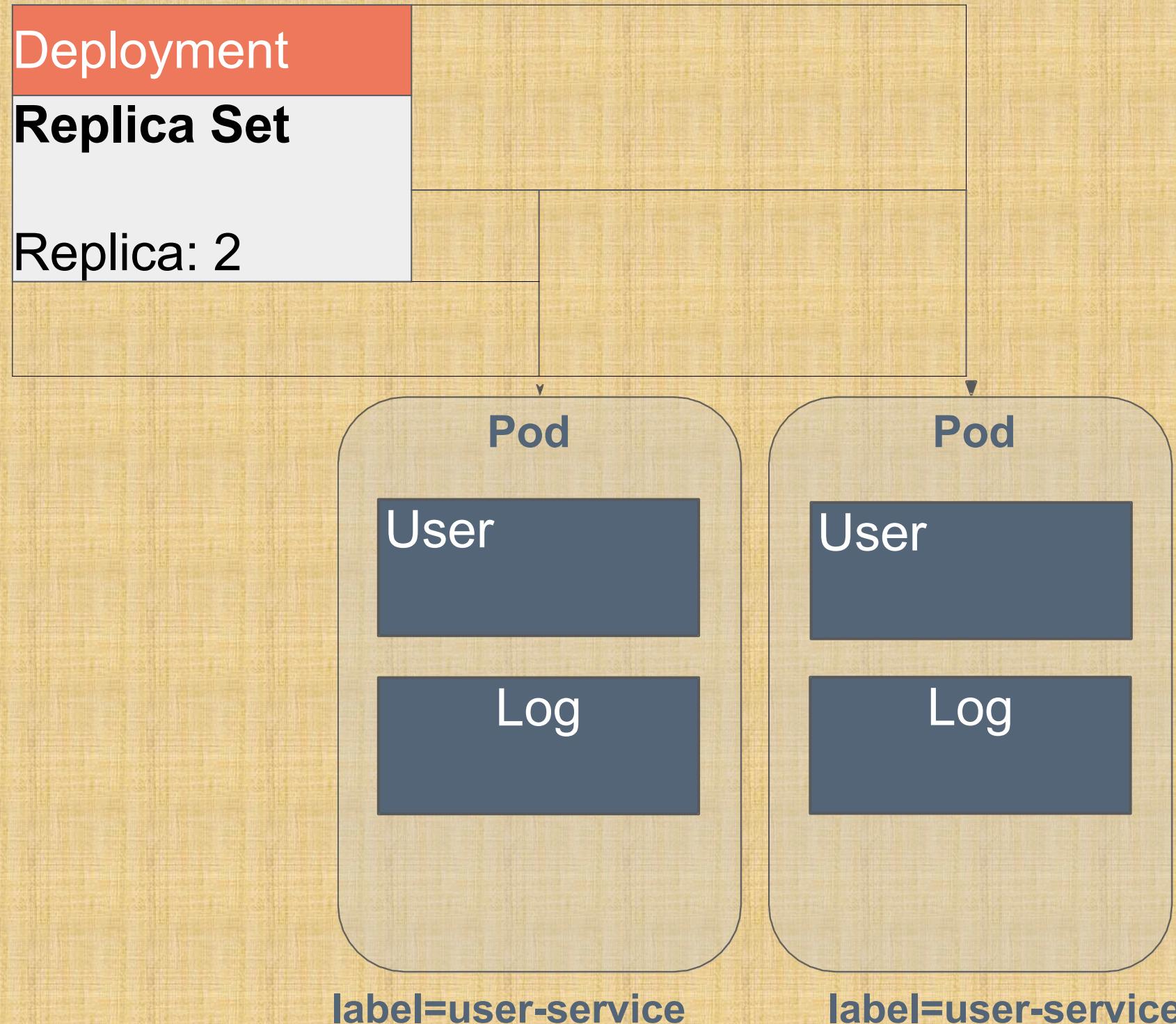


Basic components: Pods



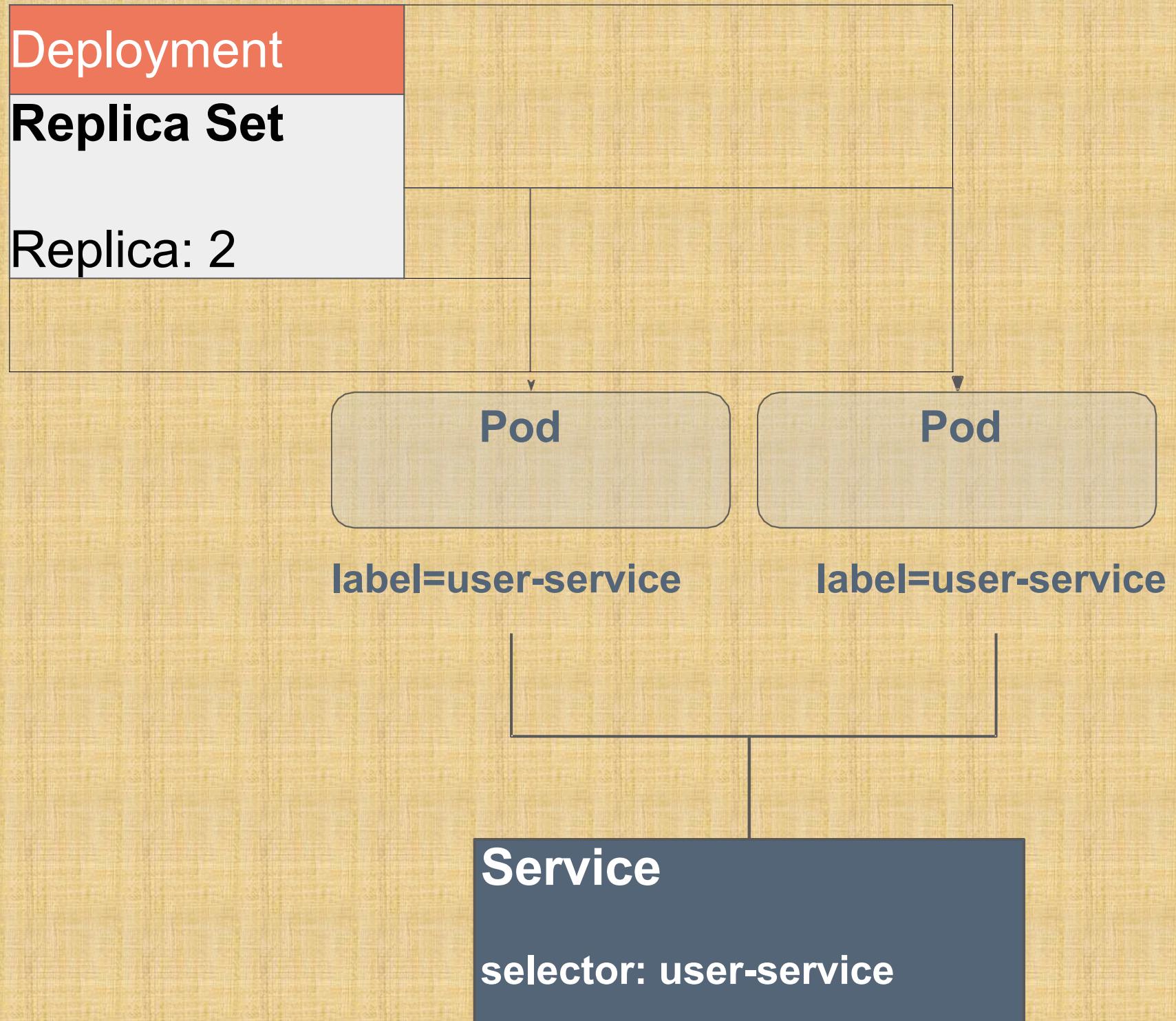
- Basic and smallest building block.
- All the connected containers deployed to a single pod
- Containers inside pod will live and die together
- All containers have common IP, and resources.
- Each POD has unique IP.

Basic components: Deployments



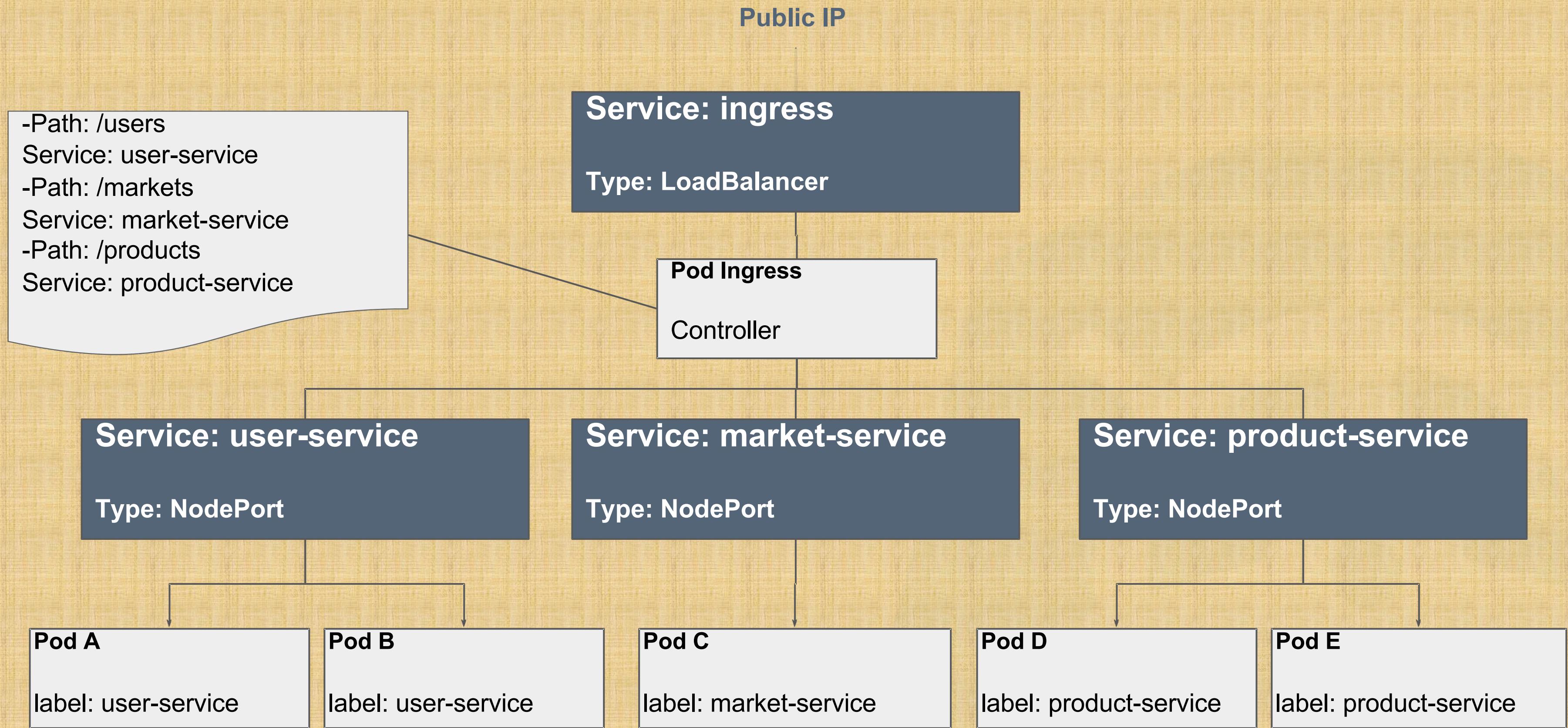
- Scaling up and down of the pods.
- Manages releases and rollback
- Self Healing of system
- Assign a unique label to every set of pods, and used by services for discovery.

Basic components: Service



- Stable endpoint that load balances traffic among pods with similar label
- Discover the respective pods by the selectors
- With Service you don't have to remember how many pods are running or where

Basic components: Ingress



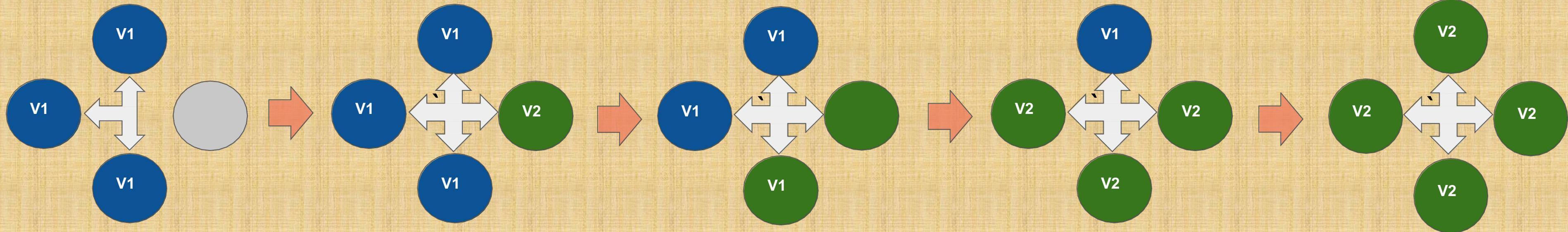
K8s: Rollbacks

- Rolling out your application to previous version
- Set the revision that you want
- Kubernetes will scale up the corresponding ReplicaSet, and scaled down the current one

Handy Commands:

- `kubectl rollout history deployments products`
- `kubectl rollout status deployments products`
- `kubectl rollout undo deployments products`

Deployment Strategies: Rolling Updates

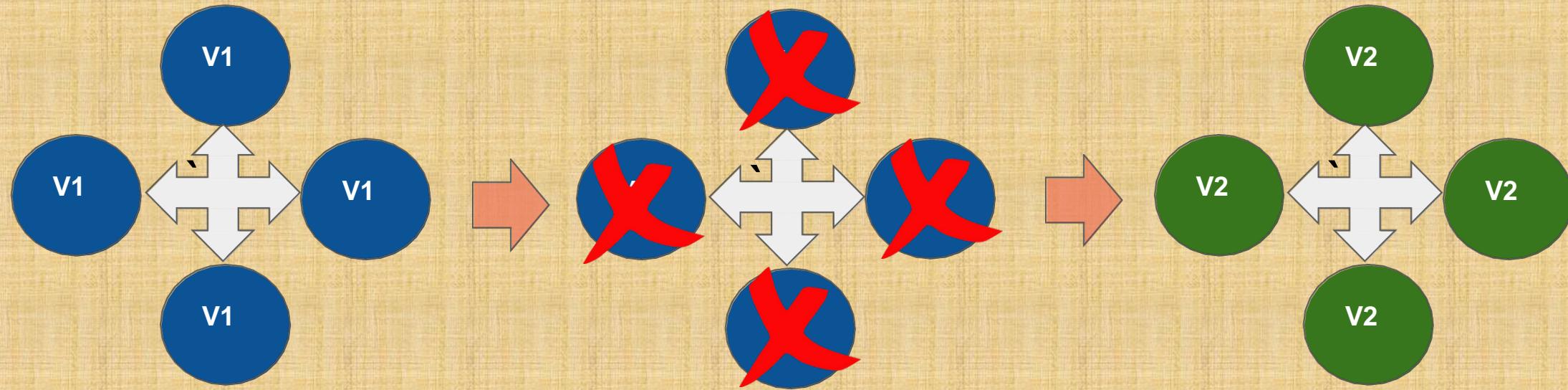


- Replace each pod in the deployment with a new one
- Backwards compatibility
- New ReplicaSet created and old ones gets decreased

Deployment Strategies: Rolling Updates (example)

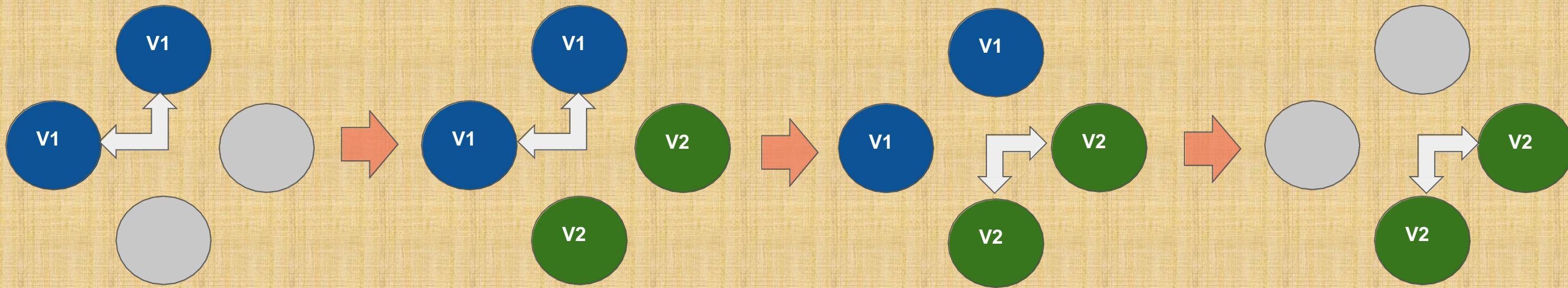
```
spec:  
  replicas: 3  
  strategy:  
    type: RollingUpdate  
    rollingUpdate:  
      maxSurge: 2          # how many pods we can add at a time  
      maxUnavailable: 0   # maxUnavailable define how many pods can be unavailable during the rolling update
```

Deployment Strategies: Recreate Strategy



Terminate the old version and release the new one

Deployment Strategies: Blue/Green

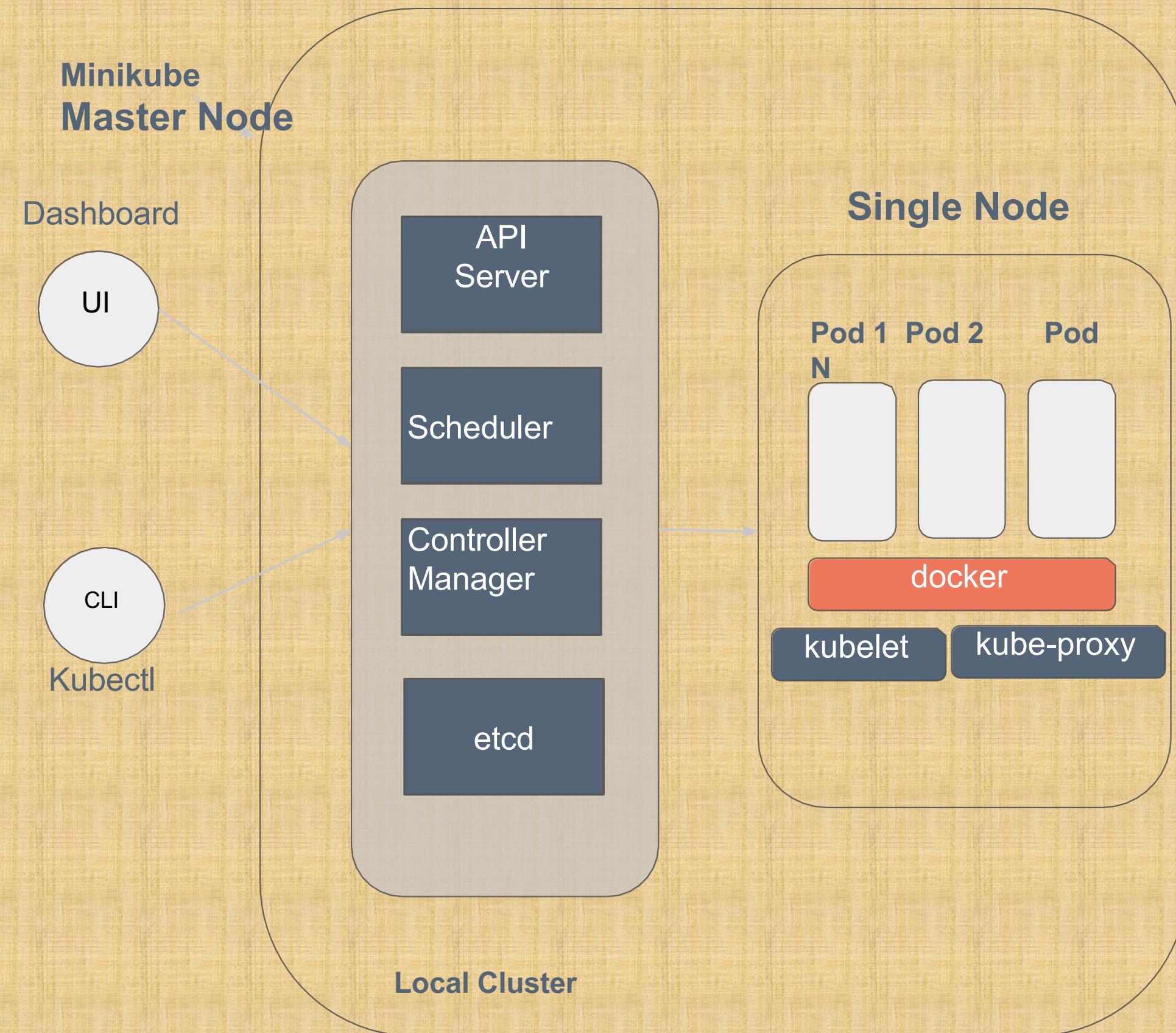


- Run two complete deployments of your application
- “green” version of the application is deployed alongside the “blue” version

Deployment Strategies: Blue/Green (example)

```
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Service
3  metadata:
4    name: teapot
5  spec:
6    type: ClusterIP
7    selector:
8      app: teapot
9      deployment: ${DEPLOYMENT}
10   ports:
11     - containerPort: 80
12       port: 80
```

Minikube: K8s cluster on Local



Minikube: Prerequisites

- VM Driver
 - macOS: VirtualBox, VMware Fusion, HyperKit
 - Linux: VirtualBox, KVM
 - Windows: VirtualBox, Hyper-V
- Install [Minikube](#)
 - brew cask install minikube (macOS)
- Install [kubectl](#)
- VT-x/AMD-v virtualization must be enabled in BIOS
- Internet connection on first run

Few handy commands:

- minikube start (pass VM option), default is VirtualBox
- minikube addons enable ingress

Minikube: K8s Cluster

```
[As-MacBook-Pro:openvpn sapna$ kubectl config get-contexts
CURRENT      NAME
connectors-aks-cluster-admin
ds-governance-aks-cluster-admin
ds-management-aks-cluster-admin
ds-taxonomy-aks-cluster-admin
ds-taxonomy-prd-aks-cluster-admin
ds-visualization-aks-cluster-admin
enablers-aks-cluster-admin
ent-integration-aks-cluster
ent-integration-aks-cluster-admin
gdp-brprint-aks-cluster-admin
gdpclient-aks-cluster
gdpclient-aks-cluster-admin
gdpiintegration1-aks-cluster-admin
gke_civic-ripsaw-176319_us-central1-f_dev
gke_civic-ripsaw-176319_us-central1-f_preprod
gke_civic-ripsaw-176319_us-central1-f_prod
gke_civic-ripsaw-176319_us-central1-f_test
*gke_devops-230413_us-central1-a_demo-poc
minikube
tvstack-acr-rgmgmt
```

Hurrah! Now we have K8s cluster running named as minikube

- kubectl config get-contexts

Minikube: K8s Cluster

```
As-MacBook-Pro:openvpn sapna$ kubectl config use-context minikube
Switched to context "minikube".
As-MacBook-Pro:openvpn sapna$ k config get-contexts
CURRENT  NAME
connectors-aks-cluster-admin
ds-governance-aks-cluster-admin
ds-management-aks-cluster-admin
ds-taxonomy-aks-cluster-admin
ds-taxonomy-prd-aks-cluster-admin
ds-visualization-aks-cluster-admin
enablers-aks-cluster-admin
ent-integration-aks-cluster
ent-integration-aks-cluster-admin
gdp-brprint-aks-cluster-admin
gdpclient-aks-cluster
gdpclient-aks-cluster-admin
gdpiintegration1-aks-cluster-admin
gke_civic-ripsaw-176319_us-central1-f_dev
gke_civic-ripsaw-176319_us-central1-f_preprod
gke_civic-ripsaw-176319_us-central1-f_prod
gke_civic-ripsaw-176319_us-central1-f_test
gke_devops-230413_us-central1-a_demo-poc
*
minikube
tvstack-acss-rgmngmt
As-MacBook-Pro:openvpn sapna$
```

Change context to minikube

- `kubectl config use-context minikube`
- `kubectl config get-contexts`

Minikube: Deployment (Markets Service)

```
! markets-deployment.yaml ×  
1  apiVersion: apps/v1beta1  
2  kind: Deployment  
3  metadata:  
4    name: markets  
5  spec:  
6    replicas: 2  
7    template:  
8      metadata:  
9        labels:  
10       app: demo-markets  
11    spec:  
12      containers:  
13        - name: demo-markets  
14          image: nodexperts/demo-markets:v1.4.0  
15          imagePullPolicy: Always  
16          env:  
17            - name: PORT  
18              value: "10000"  
19            - name: API_PREFIX  
20              value: "/markets/api"  
21          ports:  
22            - containerPort: 10000  
23          readinessProbe:  
24            httpGet:  
25              port: 10000  
26              path: /markets/api/health-check  
27            initialDelaySeconds: 1  
28            periodSeconds: 5  
29            timeoutSeconds: 4  
30            successThreshold: 2  
31            failureThreshold: 3
```

Container Port is the port that the application is running on.

Readiness probes: when a Container is ready to start accepting traffic.

A Pod is considered ready when all of its Containers are ready

Minikube: Deployment (Products Service)

! products-deployment.yaml ×

```
1 apiVersion: apps/v1beta1
2 kind: Deployment
3 metadata:
4   name: products
5 spec:
6   replicas: 4
7   template:
8     metadata:
9       labels:
10      app: demo-products
11      version: "1.0"
12   spec:
13     containers:
14       - name: demo-products
15         image: nodexperts/demo-products:v1.4.0
16         imagePullPolicy: Always
17         env:
18           - name: PORT
19             value: "9000"
20           - name: API_PREFIX
21             value: "/products/api"
22         ports:
23           - containerPort: 9000
24         readinessProbe:
25           httpGet:
26             port: 9000
27             path: /products/api/health-check
28           initialDelaySeconds: 1
29           periodSeconds: 5
30           timeoutSeconds: 4
31           successThreshold: 2
32           failureThreshold: 3
```

- A Deployment named demo-product is created
- four replicated Pods
- Pods are labeled as demo-products
- Image from docker
- Environment variables

Minikube: Deployment (Users Service)

```
! users-deployment.yaml ×  
1  apiVersion: apps/v1beta1  
2  kind: Deployment  
3  metadata:  
4    name: users  
5  spec:  
6    replicas: 2  
7    template:  
8      metadata:  
9        labels:  
10       app: demo-users  
11    spec:  
12      containers:  
13        - name: demo-users  
14          image: nodexperts/demo-users:v1.0.0  
15          imagePullPolicy: Always  
16          env:  
17            - name: PORT  
18              value: "11000"  
19            - name: API_PREFIX  
20              value: "/users/api"  
21          ports:  
22            - containerPort: 11000  
23          readinessProbe:  
24            httpGet:  
25              port: 11000  
26              path: /users/api/health-check  
27            initialDelaySeconds: 1  
28            periodSeconds: 5  
29            timeoutSeconds: 4  
30            successThreshold: 2  
31            failureThreshold: 3
```

- A Deployment named **demo-users** is created
- Two replicated Pods
- Pods are labeled as **demo-users**
- Image from docker
- Environment variables

Minikube: Service (Markets Service)

! markets-service.yaml ✘

```
1 apiVersion: v1
2 kind: Service
3 metadata:
4   name: demo-markets
5   labels:
6     app: demo-markets
7 spec:
8   selector:
9     app: demo-markets
10  ports:
11    - port: 80
12      protocol: TCP
13      targetPort: 10000
14      # nodePort: 10000
15      type: NodePort
```

address, those IPs are not exposed outside the cluster
its demo-markets Pods

Minikube: Service (Products Service)

! products-service.yaml ×

```
1 apiVersion: v1
2 kind: Service
3 metadata:
4   name: demo-products
5   labels:
6     app: demo-products
7 spec:
8   selector:
9     app: demo-products
10  ports:
11    - port: 80
12      protocol: TCP
13      targetPort: 9000
14      name: http
15      # nodePort: 9000
16      type: NodePort
```

ess, those IPs are not exposed outside the cluster

demo-products Pods

Minikube: Service (Users Service)

```
! users-service.yaml ✘  
1  apiVersion: v1  
2  kind: Service  
3  metadata:  
4    name: demo-users  
5    labels:  
6      app: demo-users  
7  spec:  
8    selector:  
9      app: demo-users  
10   ports:  
11     - port: 80  
12       protocol: TCP  
13       targetPort: 11000  
14       name: http  
15       # nodePort: 11000  
16       type: NodePort
```

address, those IPs are not exposed outside the cluster

:s demo-users Pod

Minikube: Ingress

! ingress.yaml ✘

```
1  apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
2  kind: Ingress
3  metadata:
4    name: demo-ingress
5    annotations:
6      ingress.kubernetes.io/rewrite-target: /
7  spec:
8    rules:
9      - http:
10        paths:
11          - path: /products/api/*
12            backend:
13              serviceName: demo-products
14              servicePort: 80
15          - path: /markets/api/*
16            backend:
17              serviceName: demo-markets
18              servicePort: 80
19          - path: /users/api/*
20            backend:
21              serviceName: demo-users
22              servicePort: 80
```

Ingress objects are the rules that define the routes that should exist.

Annotations to configure some options depending on the Ingress controller

Target URI where the traffic must be redirected

Minikube: UI Deployment and Service

```
3 metadata:
4   name: ui
5 spec:
6   replicas: 1
7   template:
8     metadata:
9       labels:
10      app: demo-ui
11   spec:
12     containers:
13       - name: demo-ui
14         image: nodexperts/demo-app-ui:v1.4.0
15         imagePullPolicy: Always
16       env:
17         - name: PORT
18           value: "5000"
19         # - name: REACT_APP_PRODUCTS_URL
20         #   value: "http://34.96.84.42/products/api"
21         # - name: REACT_APP_MARKETS_URL
22         #   value: "http://34.96.84.42/markets/api"
23         # - name: REACT_APP_USER_URL
24         #   value: "http://34.96.84.42/users/api"
25         - name: REACT_APP_PORT
26           value: "5000"
27         # For minikube
28         - name: REACT_APP_PRODUCTS_URL
29           value: "https://http://34.96.84.42/products/api"
30         - name: REACT_APP_MARKETS_URL
31           value: "https://192.168.99.100/markets/api"
32         - name: REACT_APP_USER_URL
33           value: "https://192.168.99.100/users/api"
34         - name: REACT_APP_PORT
```

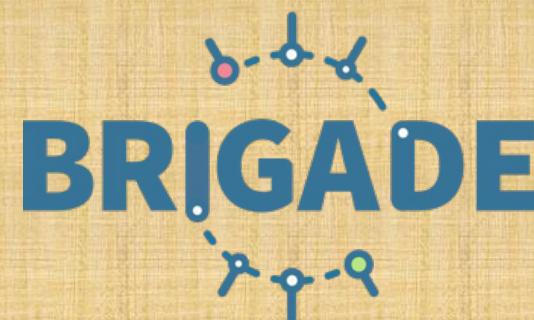
```
! demo-app-ui.service.yaml ✘
1 apiVersion: v1
2 kind: Service
3 metadata:
4   name: demo-ui
5   labels:
6     app: demo-ui
7 spec:
8   selector:
9     app: demo-ui
10  ports:
11    - port: 80
12      protocol: TCP
13      targetPort: 5000
14      # nodePort: 10000
15      type: LoadBalancer
```

Clouds and Tools

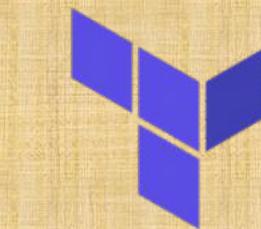
We at Successive Technologies use following tools for building **Cloud Agnostic Platform**.



Google Cloud Platform



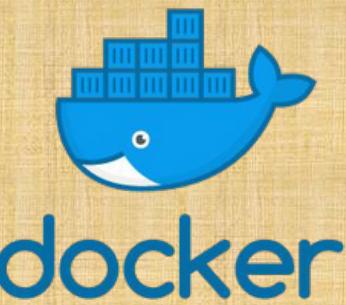
kubernetes



Terraform



Vault



docker



Grafana





Thank You