

## Last time

- Computation of top backward Lyapunov vector
- Review: power iteration

## Review:

- QR iteration

## Today

- Computation of LFs
- Computation of backward LVs
- Covariant Lyapunov vectors

## Future

- Stochastic analysis
- BYO dynamical system
  - long term / ensemble
  - stability under perturbations

## Review

QR iteration (Trefethen - Bau)

$A$  : symmetric

$$A \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$$

$$Q_1 = [v_1 | v_2 | \dots | v_d]$$

for  $i = 1, 2, \dots$

$$Q_i = A Q_{i-1}$$

$$Q_i R_i = Q_i \quad (\text{do QR factorization})$$

$$B_i = Q_i^T A Q_i$$

T.B:  $Q_i^T A Q_i \rightarrow$  diagonal matrix  
triangular matrix

Schur form

$$\boxed{QR} : \begin{aligned} Q R &= A_0 \\ A_1 &= R Q \end{aligned}$$

$$A_0 = A$$

$$= Q_1 Q_2 \dots Q_k = k^{\text{th}} \text{ iteration of } \boxed{QR} \text{ at } Q$$

$$B_i = Q_i^T A Q_i \text{ similar to } A.$$

$\rightarrow$  double exponential precision

$\rightarrow$  columns of  $Q_i$  converge to eigenvectors of  $A$ .

$$\rightarrow \bar{R}_k = (R_k R_{k-1} \dots R_1)^{1/k}$$

Upper triangular matrix

$$\frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k \log \text{diag}(R_i) \rightarrow$$

log of eigenvalues of  $A$ .

$$F(o, t), (F(o, t))^T, (F(o, t))^{-1},$$

$$(F(o, t))^{-T} : \text{Coydes.}$$

Fix some orbit  $x, \phi x, \dots, \phi^k x, \dots$

Far-future matrix /  $\{O^{\text{selected}}$  matrix

$$O^+(x) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left( (F(o, t))^T (F(o, t)) \right)^{\frac{1}{2t}}$$

Far past matrix

$$O^-(x) = \lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} \left( (F(t, o))^{-T} (F(t, o))^{-1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2|t|}}$$

Using adjoint propagators, we still get  $O^+$  or  $O^-$ .

Log.

Eigenvalues of  $O^+(x)$ :  
LEs:  $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2 > \dots > \lambda_p \quad p \leq d$   
 $p$ : # of distinct LEs.

Log eigenvalues of  $O^-(x)$ :  
LEs:  $-\lambda_p > -\lambda_{p-1} > \dots > -\lambda_1$

→ If system is ergodic LEs are const for  $\forall x$ .

→ Forward Lyapunov vectors ( $x$ )

$\equiv$  Eigenvectors of  $O^+(x)$

$\equiv$  Right singular vectors of

$F(o, t)$  as  $t \rightarrow \infty$   
 $\equiv f_i^+(x) \quad i=1, 2, \dots, d$

→ Backward Lyapunov vectors ( $x$ )

$\equiv$  Eigenvectors of  $O^-(x)$

$\equiv$  Left singular vectors of

$F(o, t)$  as  $t \rightarrow 0$   
 $\equiv f_i^-(x) \quad i=1, 2, \dots, d$

$$F(o, t) = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \text{left}}} {U(o, t)} \underset{\substack{\uparrow \text{right}}} {\Sigma(o, t)} \underset{\substack{\uparrow \text{right}}} {V(o, t)}^T$$

(dim / span of eigenvectors corresp. to  $\lambda_i$ ) = multiplicity of  $\lambda_i$   
 $\sum_{i=1}^p k_i = d$   
 $= k_i$

$$(F(o, t))^{-1} = (V(o, t))^{-T} \Sigma(o, t)^{-1} (U(o, t))^{-1}$$

$$= V(o, t) \Sigma(o, t)^{-1} U(o, t)^T$$

$$(U^T U = U U^T = I)$$

Right singular vectors of  $(F(o, t))^{-1}$  as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ?

$\equiv$  Backward Lyapunov vectors

$$(F(o, t))^T = V(o, t) \Sigma(o, t) U(o, t)^T$$

Right singular vectors of adjoint propagator as  $t \rightarrow \infty$   
→ backward LVs.

# Basic idea of iterative algorithms

$$v_0, v_1, \dots, v_k$$

$$\text{span} \{ A^j \{v_0, \dots, v_k\} \}$$

$$= \text{span} \{ z_1, \dots, z_k \}$$

$$z_i = i^{\text{th}} \text{ top eigenvector of } A.$$

descending order of magnitude.

$$F(o, t) \{v_0, \dots, v_k\}$$

$$T_x M$$

$$\longrightarrow T_{\phi_x^t} M$$

$$F(o, t) f_i^+(o) = \sigma_i(t) f_i^-(t)$$

$$\text{also read as } (f_i^+(x))$$

$i^{\text{th}}$  backward LV at  $\phi_x$ .

$$\underline{F(o, t)} = A(t-1) A(t-2) \dots A(o)$$

$$A(i) = d\phi^i(x)$$

$$Q_0 \in T_x M \quad \mathbb{R}^{d \times k}$$

$$\text{for } i = 1, 2, \dots$$

$$Q_i = A(i-1) Q_{i-1}$$

$$Q_i R_i = Q_i$$

- $Q_i$  for large  $i \longrightarrow$  backward LV at  $\phi_x^i$ .

$$\frac{1}{i} \sum_{j=1}^i \log \text{diag}(R_j) \longrightarrow \text{LEs}$$

- $(F(o, t))^{-1} = (A(t-1) A(t-2) \dots A_o)^{-1} = A_o^{-1} A_1^{-1} \dots (A(t-1))^{-1}$   
 $Q_0 \in T_{\phi_x^t} M \quad Q_t : \text{Forward LV at } x.$

- $(F(o, t))^T$ : adjoint LV.  
 $Q_0 \in T_{\phi_x^t}^* M \quad Q_t : \text{adjoint LVs at } x.$

- $(F(o, t))^{-T}$ : forward adjoint LVs.

$$Q_0 \in T_x^* M \quad Q_t : \text{forward adjoint LVs at } \phi_x^t.$$

# Characteristic exponents

$$\gamma(x, v) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{t} \log \|F(0, t)v\|$$

(rate of asymptotic exponential growth/decay)

$$E_i(x)$$

$$= \{v : \gamma(x, v) \leq \lambda_i\}$$

$$= \text{span} \{f_j^+(x) : j = i, i+1, \dots, p\}$$

$$\lambda_1 > \lambda_2 > \dots \quad \lambda_p$$

$$F_1 = \mathbb{R}^d$$

$$E_{p+1} = \text{empty}$$