MA211 – Problem Set 5

Q19.1 Evaluate each of the following improper integrals:

(i)
$$\int_1^\infty \frac{1}{\ln(e^x)} dx.$$

(i)
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\ln(e^x)} dx.$$
 (ii)
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{1+x^2} dx.$$

(iii)
$$\int_3^\infty \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{(2x-1)^{2/3}} \qquad \text{(iv)} \, \stackrel{\blacktriangle}{=} \, \int_0^\infty \frac{x}{1+2x^2} \mathrm{d}x$$

$$(iv)^{\clubsuit} \int_0^\infty \frac{x}{1+2x^2} dx$$

(v)
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{1+e^x} dx$$

Q20.1 For each of the following integrals, determine if they converge or diverge

(i)
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{|\cos(x)|}{x^3 + 2} dx.$$

(ii)
$$\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{x^{5/3}} dx$$
.

(iii)
$$\int_0^1 \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{x^{3/5}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(iii)
$$\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{x^{3/5}} dx$$
. (iv) $\int_0^\infty \frac{x}{x^{3/2} + 2x^2} dx$.

$$(v) \int_{-2}^{2} \frac{1}{\mathbf{x}^2} dx$$

(v)
$$\int_{-2}^{2} \frac{1}{\mathbf{x}^2} d\mathbf{x}$$
 (vi)
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + x^4}} d\mathbf{x}$$

Q21.1 Find the general solutions to the following differential equations:

(i)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{y}$$

(ii)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$$

(iii)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \ln(x)$$
 (iv) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{2x}$.

(iv)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{y}{2x}$$
.

$$(v) \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^x}{\sin(y)}$$

(v)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^x}{\sin(y)}$$
 (vi) $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^y \sin(x)$.

(vii)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\ln(x)}{xy^2}$$

Q21.2 Solve the following initial value problems:

(i)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3 + e^y$$
; $y(0) = 1$.

(ii)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sinh(x)e^{-y}$$
 $y(0) = 1$;

Q21.3 For each of the following functions, determine if it is homogeneous. If it is homogeneous, then to what degree?

(i)
$$f = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

(ii)
$$f = \frac{x^2 + xy}{xy + y^2}$$

(iii)
$$f = xy^2$$

(iv)
$$f = \frac{2xy}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$(v) f = \frac{y}{x - y}.$$

22.1 Find the general solution to the following differential equations:

(i)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$$
.

(ii)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{xy}{x^2 - 2y^2}$$
.

22.2 Solve the following initial value problems:

(i)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + xy + y^2}{x^2}$$
; $y(1) = 1$.

$$(ii) \ \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^3 + 3xy^2}{3x^2y + y^3}; \qquad y(1) = -1$$

22.3 Find the general solution to the following linear 1st order DEs:

(i)
$$y' + \frac{y}{x} = x^2 - \frac{1}{x}$$
, $y(1) = \frac{1}{4}$.

(ii)
$$y' + 2y = e^{-x}$$
.

(iii)
$$\mathbf{*} y' = x^2 + x^2 y$$

(iv)
$$y' + 3xy = x$$

(v)
$$y' + \sin(x)y = 3\sin(2x)$$

(vi)
$$xy' + y = 2x\sin(x)$$

(vii)
$$2xyy' = x^2 + 3y^2$$

(viii)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + \frac{y}{\tan(x)} = 3x + 1$$

Extra Question! Solve the following DEs:

(i) $(x+y)\frac{dy}{dx} = x+y+1$

(ii)
$$(x + y - 1) \frac{dy}{dx} + y - x = 0$$

(iii)
$$(x-y+1)\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = x-y$$

Hint: For (i), try the substitution v = x + y. Try similar substitutions for (ii) and (iii).

OPTIONAL HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT

Students that wish may submit solutions to five exercises marked with a • above. If this improves your continuous assessment mark, it will be included in the final calculation of MA211 grade.

Please submit these no later than Dec 12th.