# Suppliers - Parts Database

### **Suppliers**

<u>SNo</u>	<b>SName</b>	<b>Status</b>	<u>City</u>
<b>S</b> 1	Smith	20	London
S2	Jones	10	Paris
<b>S</b> 3	Blake	30	Paris
S4	Clark	20	London
S5	Adams	30	Athens

#### **Parts**

<u>PNo</u>	<b>PName</b>	<b>Colour</b>	Weight	<u>City</u>
P1	Nut	Red	12	London
P2	Bolt	Green	17	Paris
P3	Screw	Blue	17	Rome
P4	Screw	Red	14	London
P5	Cam	Blue	12	Paris
P6	Cog	Red	19	London

## **Shipments**

<u>SNo</u>	<u>PNo</u>	<u>Qty</u>
<b>S</b> 1	P1	300
<b>S</b> 1	P2	200
<b>S</b> 1	P3	400
<b>S</b> 1	P4	200
<b>S</b> 1	P5	100
<b>S</b> 1	P6	100
S2	P1	300
S2	P2	400
<b>S</b> 3	P2	200
S4	P2	200
S4	P4	300
S4	P5	400

## Queries (1 - 7 already done in class):

- 1. Get supplier names for suppliers who supply part P2.
- 2. Get supplier names for suppliers who supply at least one red part.
- 3. Get supplier names for suppliers who supply all parts.
- 4. Get supplier names for suppliers who supply all those parts supplied by \$2.
- 5. Get supplier names for suppliers who supply all red parts.
- 6. Get all pairs of supplier numbers such that the two suppliers concerned are located in the same city.
- 7. Get supplier names for suppliers who do not supply part P2.

8. Get the total number of suppliers

```
select count(*) from s;
```

9. Get the maximum and minimum quantity for part P2.

```
select pno, max(qty), min(qty)
from spj
group by pno
having pno = 'P2';
```

OR

```
select pno, max(qty), min(qty)
from spj
where pno = 'P2'
group by pno;
```

10. Get part numbers for parts supplied by more than one supplier.

```
select pno
from spj
group by pno
having count(*) > 1;
```

11. For each part supplied, get the part number and the total shipment quantity.

```
select pno, sum(qty)
from spj
group by pno;
```

12. Get supplier numbers for suppliers with status less than the current maximum status in the S table.

13. Get all combinations of part and supplier information such that the supplier and part in question are colocated.

```
select s.*, p.*
from s, p
where s.city = p.city
```