

Artificial Intelligence and Expert System Lab (CSE 404)

Department of CSE

Assignment No: 02

Topic/Question: Solve the following Maze game using A* algorithm.

Find the most cost-effective path to reach the final state from initial state A*

Algorithm.

The agent will avoid the obstacles during traversing.

Date of Submission: 4 Feb, 2021

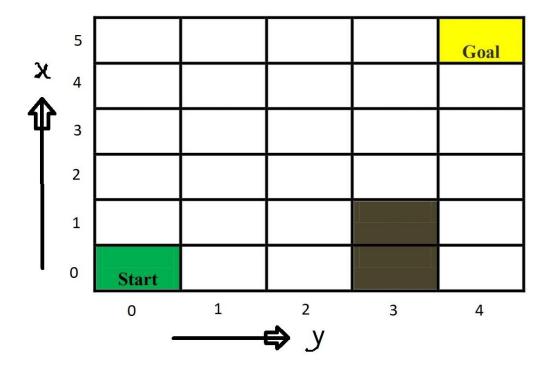
Submitted to		
Dr. Nasima Begum		
Assistant Professor		
Department of CSE		
UAP		

Tools:

- 1. Language: Python 3.8 (for coding)
- 2. IDE: visual studio code (text editor)
- 3. Drawio (for diagram drawing)

Problem-02(For Even ID Students): Solve the following Maze Game using A* Algorithm.

Find the most cost-effective path to reach the final state from initial state using A* Algorithm. The agent will avoid the obstacles during traversing.



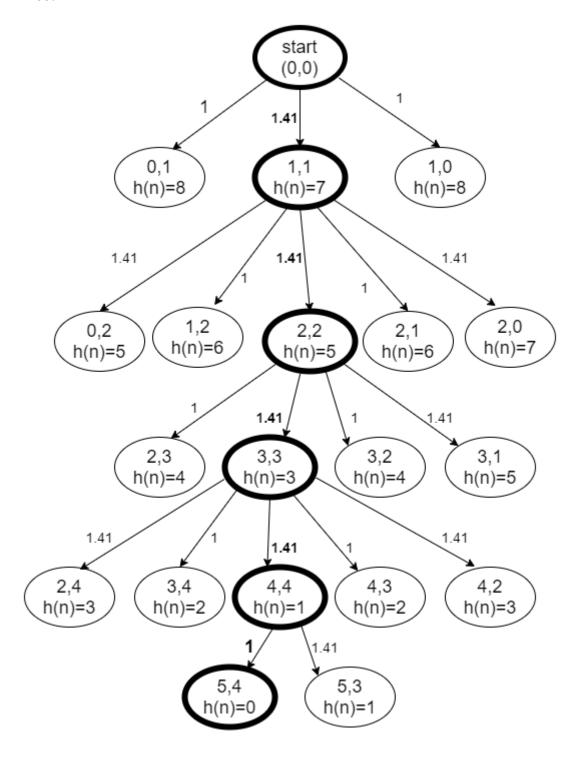
For coding purpose, we are considering the maze in vertical mirror reverse way.

			У	7	\longrightarrow	
I		0	1	2	3	4
<i>Y</i>	0	Start				
	1					
	2					
	3					
	7 4					
	5					Goal

Objective/ Target:

Here the objective is to move from start state to goal state and find the most cost-effective path to reach the final state from initial state by A^* Algorithm.

Tree:



Code:

Input:

Here we are solving problem on a specific grid or maze. So, we can initialize our gride like this,

Output:

```
At first initialize the close fringe with start state: (0, 0)
f(n) of (0, 0) is : 9.00 = 0.00 + 9.00
neighbors of (0, 0) are [(0, 1), (1, 1), (1, 0)]
cost needed form (0, 0) to (0, 1): 1.00
f(n) of (0, 1) is 9.00 = 1.00 + 8.00
cost needed form (0, 0) to (1, 1): 1.41
f(n) of (1, 1) is 8.41 = 1.41 + 7.00
cost needed form (0, 0) to (1, 0): 1.00
f(n) of (1, 0) is 9.00 = 1.00 + 8.00
now, the current position is (1, 1)
neighbors of (1, 1) are [(0, 2), (1, 2), (2, 2), (2, 1), (2, 0)]
cost needed form (1, 1) to (0, 2): 1.41
f(n) of (0, 2) is 9.83 = 2.83 + 7.00
cost needed form (1, 1) to (1, 2): 1.00
f(n) of (1, 2) is 8.41 = 2.41 + 6.00
cost needed form (1, 1) to (2, 2): 1.41
f(n) of (2, 2) is 7.83 = 2.83 + 5.00
cost needed form (1, 1) to (2, 1): 1.00
f(n) of (2, 1) is 8.41 = 2.41 + 6.00
cost needed form (1, 1) to (2, 0): 1.41
f(n) of (2, 0) is 9.83 = 2.83 + 7.00
now, the current position is (2, 2)
neighbors of (2, 2) are [(2, 3), (3, 3), (3, 2), (3, 1)]
cost needed form (2, 2) to (2, 3): 1.00
```

```
f(n) of (2, 3) is 7.83 = 3.83 + 4.00
cost needed form (2, 2) to (3, 3): 1.41
f(n) of (3, 3) is 7.24 = 4.24 + 3.00
cost needed form (2, 2) to (3, 2): 1.00
f(n) of (3, 2) is 7.83 = 3.83 + 4.00
cost needed form (2, 2) to (3, 1): 1.41
f(n) of (3, 1) is 9.24 = 4.24 + 5.00
now, the current position is (3, 3)
neighbors of (3, 3) are [(2, 4), (3, 4), (4, 4), (4, 3), (4, 2)]
cost needed form (3, 3) to (2, 4): 1.41
f(n) of (2, 4) is 8.66 = 5.66 + 3.00
cost needed form (3, 3) to (3, 4): 1.00
f(n) of (3, 4) is 7.24 = 5.24 + 2.00
cost needed form (3, 3) to (4, 4): 1.41
f(n) of (4, 4) is 6.66 = 5.66 + 1.00
cost needed form (3, 3) to (4, 3): 1.00
f(n) of (4, 3) is 7.24 = 5.24 + 2.00
cost needed form (3, 3) to (4, 2): 1.41
f(n) of (4, 2) is 8.66 = 5.66 + 3.00
now, the current position is (4, 4)
cost needed form (4, 4) to (5, 4): 1.00
f(n) of (5, 4) is 6.66 = 6.66 + 0.00
cost needed form (4, 4) to (5, 3): 1.41
f(n) of (5, 3) is 8.07 = 7.07 + 1.00
now, the current position is (5, 4)
```

Now, we reached to goal (5, 4) f(n) of (5, 4) is : 6.66 = 6.66 + 0.00

Now, the cost effective path to reach the final state from initial state is: $(0,0) \longrightarrow 1.41 \longrightarrow (1,1) \longrightarrow 2.83 \longrightarrow (2,2) \longrightarrow 4.24 \longrightarrow (3,3) \longrightarrow 5.66 \longrightarrow (4,4) \longrightarrow 6.66 \longrightarrow (5,4)$ Total cost: 6.66