Flipping coins in R

FOUNDATIONS OF PROBABILITY IN R



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Flipping a coin

50% chance of heads

50% chance of tails





Flipping a coin in R

```
rbinom(1, 1, .5)
# [1] 1
```

```
rbinom(1, 1, .5)
# [1] 0
```





Flipping multiple coins

```
rbinom(10, 1, .5)
# [1] 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0
rbinom(10, 1, .5)
# [1] 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0
rbinom(1, 10, .5)
# [1] 4
rbinom(10, 10, .5)
# [1] 3 6 5 7 4 8 5 6 4 5
```



Unfair coins

```
rbinom(10, 10, .8)
# [1] 6 7 9 10 7 7 8 9 9 8
```

```
rbinom(10, 10, .2)
# [1] 2 2 1 2 2 4 3 1 0 2
```

Binomial distribution

 $X_{1\dots n} \sim ext{Binomial(size}, p)$

Let's practice!

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Density and cumulative density

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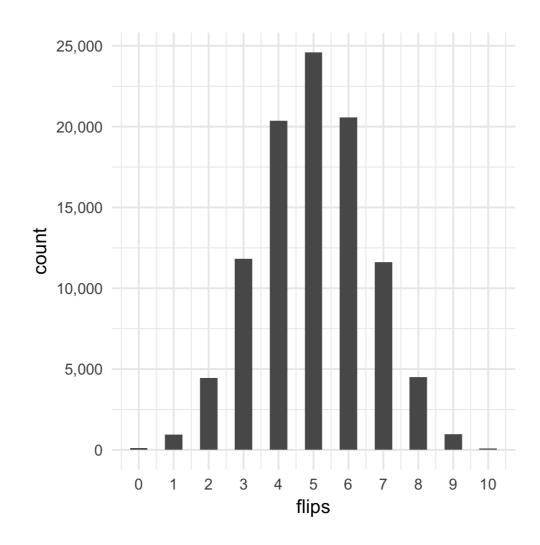


Simulating many outcomes

 $X \sim \mathrm{Binomial}(10,.5)$

$$Pr(X=5)$$

flips <- rbinom(100000, 10, .5)

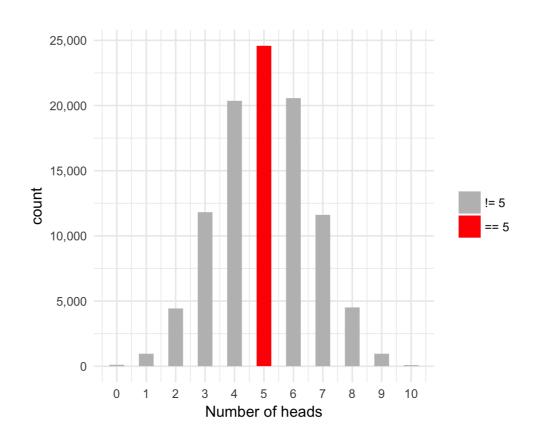


Finding density with simulation

```
flips <- rbinom(100000, 10, .5)
```

```
flips == 5
# [1] FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE...
```

```
mean(flips == 5)
# [1] 0.2463
```



Calculating exact probability density

```
dbinom(5, 10, .5)
# [1] 0.2460938
dbinom(6, 10, .5)
# [1] 0.2050781
dbinom(10, 10, .5)
# [1] 0.0009765625
```

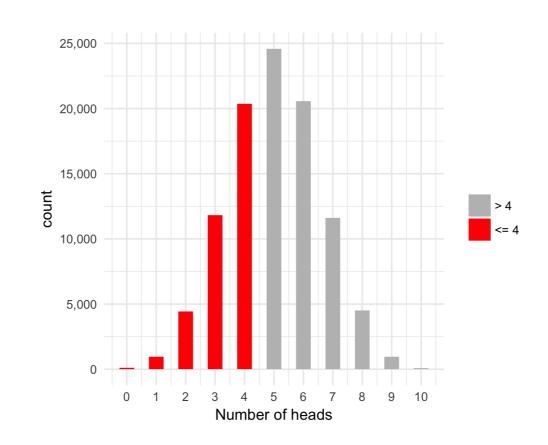
Cumulative density

```
X \sim \mathrm{Binomial}(10,.5)
```

$$\Pr(X \leq 4)$$

```
flips <- rbinom(100000, 10, .5)
mean(flips <= 4)
# [1] 0.37682
```

```
pbinom(4, 10, .5)
# [1] 0.37695
```



Let's practice!

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Expected value and variance

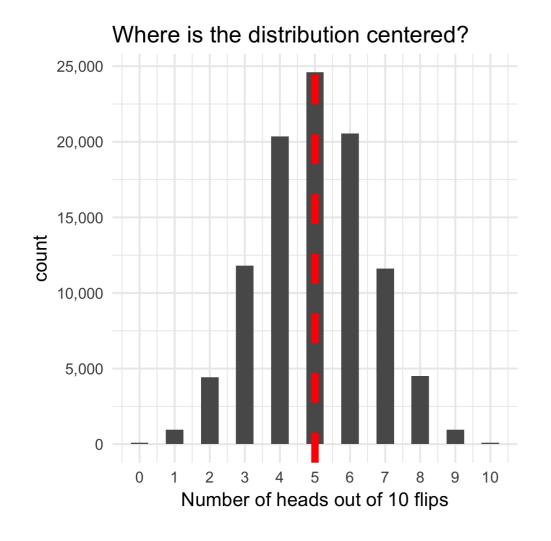
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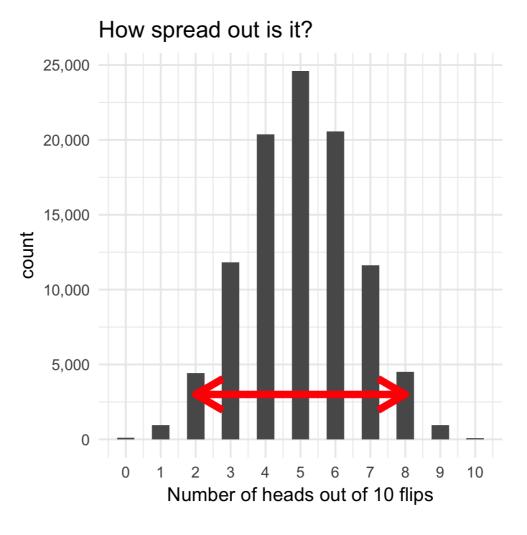


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Properties of a distribution





Expected value

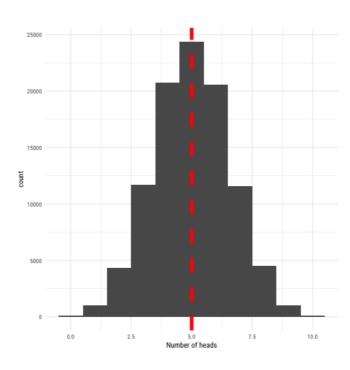
 $X \sim \operatorname{Binomial}(\operatorname{size}, p)$

$$E[X] = \text{size} \cdot p$$

```
flips <- rbinom(100000, 10, .5)
```

```
mean(flips)
# [1] 5.00196
```

```
mean(rbinom(100000, 100, .2))
# [1] 19.99053
```



Variance

$$X \sim \mathrm{Binomial}(10,.5)$$

$$Y \sim \mathrm{Binomial}(100,.2)$$

$$Var(X) = size \cdot p \cdot (1 - p)$$
 $Var(Y) = size \cdot p \cdot (1 - p)$

$$\operatorname{Var}(Y) = \operatorname{size} \cdot p \cdot (1 - p)$$

$$Var(X) = 10 \cdot .5 \cdot (1 - .5)$$
 $Var(Y) = 100 \cdot .2 \cdot (1 - .2)$

$$\mathrm{Var}(Y) = 100 \cdot .2 \cdot (1-.2)$$

$$= 2.5$$

$$= 16$$

Rules for expected value and variance

$$X \sim ext{Binomial(size}, p)$$

$$E[X] = \text{size} \cdot p$$

$$Var(X) = size \cdot p \cdot (1 - p)$$

Let's practice!

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