



**CSCS**

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# Modern(ish) C++

Catch-up Session

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# Contents

- `auto`
- Type Constraints (Concepts)
- Lambda Expressions
- Structured Bindings
- Range-Based `for`
- Demo / Hands-on: `std::vector`

## auto: Type Deduction (C++11)<sup>1</sup>

Variable definition: deduce type from definition

```
auto i = 1 ; // `i` is `int`  
auto d = 1.; // `d` is `double`  
auto c = '1'; // `c` is `char`  
  
auto & j = i; // `j` is `int &`  
auto & k = j; // `k` is `int &`
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/auto>

<sup>2</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/6a805cbf>

## auto: Type Deduction (C++11)

Cave: Expression Templates (eg. Eigen<sup>1</sup>, ...)

```
double a;
```

```
Eigen::Vector x, y;
```

```
auto z = a * x + y; // `z` is not `Eigen::Vector`,  
↪ but something else ...
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://eigen.tuxfamily.org/dox/TopicPitfalls.html#title3>

<sup>2</sup>[https:](https://isocpp.github.io/CppCoreGuidelines/CppCoreGuidelines#Res-auto)

[//isocpp.github.io/CppCoreGuidelines/CppCoreGuidelines#Res-auto](https://isocpp.github.io/CppCoreGuidelines/CppCoreGuidelines#Res-auto)

<sup>3</sup><https://herbsutter.com/2013/08/12/gotw-94-solution-aaa-style-almost-always-auto/>

## auto: Abbreviated Function Template (C++20)<sup>1</sup>

```
bool is_positive(auto x) { return x > 0; }
```

*// is equivalent to*

```
template<class T>
```

```
bool is_positive(T x) { return x > 0; }
```

```
auto add(auto x, auto y) { return x + y; }
```

*// is equivalent to*

```
template<class T, class U>
```

```
auto add(T x, U y) { return x + y; }
```

---

<sup>1</sup>[https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/function\\_template#Abbreviated\\_function\\_template](https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/function_template#Abbreviated_function_template)

## auto: Type Constraints (C++20)

```
#include <concepts>
```

```
// OK
```

```
std::integral auto i = 1;
```

```
// error: deduced type 'double' does not satisfy
```

```
↪ 'integral'
```

```
std::integral auto d = 1.;
```

```
// OK
```

```
std::integral auto c = '1';
```

# Lambda Expressions (C++11)<sup>1</sup>

Create an anonymous function, which can capture its environment (**a closure**<sup>2</sup>)

```
std::vector<int> xs = {1, /* ..., */ 100};
std::for_each(xs.cbegin(), xs.cend(),
    [](int x) { // this is a lambda
        bool div3 = (x % 3 == 0);
        bool div5 = (x % 5 == 0);
        if (div3 && div5) { std::cout << " fizz buzz,"; }
        else if (div3) { std::cout << " fizz,"; }
        else if (div5) { std::cout << " buzz,"; }
        else { std::cout << ' ' << x << ','; }
    }
);
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/lambda>

<sup>2</sup>[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Closure\\_\(computer\\_programming\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Closure_(computer_programming))

<sup>3</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/49e154eb>

# Lambda Expressions (C++11)

```
auto add = [](int x, int y) { return x + y; };
```

*// is \_\_similar\_\_ to*

```
auto add(int x, int y) { return x + y; };
```

*// but is \*\*actually equivalent\*\* to*

```
class Adder { // some unique compiler-generated name  
public:  
    auto operator()(int x, int y) { return x + y; }  
};  
auto add = Adder{};
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/b8a37260>



# Lambda Expressions (C++11): Captures<sup>1</sup>

```
int a = 1;
int b = 2;
int c = 3;
// don't capture anything
auto add = [](int x, int y) { return x + y; };
// capture `a` **by value**
auto add_a = [a](int x) { return x + a; };
// capture `a` **by reference**
auto inc_a = [&a]() { ++a; };
// capture what is needed **by value**
auto add_ab = [=](int x) { return x + a * b; };
// capture what is needed **by reference**
auto inc_ab = [&]() { ++a; ++b; };
```

---

<sup>1</sup>https:

[//en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/lambda#Lambda\\_capture](https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/lambda#Lambda_capture)

<sup>2</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/f493611f>

# Lambda Expressions (C++11): Captures<sup>1</sup>

We can also create new bindings:

```
// equivalent to `add_a`  
auto add_c = [c = a](int x) { return x + c; };  
// equivalent to `inc_a`  
auto inc_c = [&c = a]() { ++c; };
```

---

<sup>1</sup>[https:](https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/lambda#Lambda_capture)

[//en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/lambda#Lambda\\_capture](https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/lambda#Lambda_capture)

<sup>2</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/f493611f>

## Lambda Expressions (C++11): Captures

*// given*

```
int i = 1; char c = '1'; double d = 1.0;
```

*// then*

```
auto f = [&, d = d + 1](auto x) { ++i; return x + d;  
    ↪ };
```

*// is equivalent to*

```
class SomeUniqueCompilerGeneratedName {  
    private:  
        int & i; double d;  
    public:  
        SomeUniqueCompilerGeneratedName(int & i, double  
    ↪ d) : i{i}, d{d + 1} {}  
        auto operator()(double x) { ++i; return x + d; }  
};  
SomeUniqueCompilerGeneratedName f(i, d);
```

<sup>1</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/e2f81bf1>

# Lambda Expressions (C++11)

1. since the compiler generates a unique name for each lambda's class, the use of **auto** is required
  - the class name is generated by the compiler → not known to the programmer

```
SomeUniqueCompilerGeneratedName f = [](){};
```
2. each lambda is a unique object
  - different class
  - different instance

---

<sup>1</sup><https://isocpp.github.io/CppCoreGuidelines/CppCoreGuidelines#S-lambdas>

## Structured Bindings (C++17)<sup>1</sup>: Before C++11

```
std::vector<std::tuple<double, double>> points = { /*  
    ↪ ... */ };
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < points.size(); ++i) {  
    // ugh ...  
    double x = std::get<0>(points[i]);  
    double y = std::get<1>(points[i]);  
    // do something ...  
}
```

---

<sup>1</sup>[https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/structured\\_binding](https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/structured_binding)

<sup>2</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/fc6308a5>

## Structured Bindings (C++17): Since C++11

```
std::vector<std::tuple<double, double>> points = { /*  
    ↪ ... */ };
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < points.size(); ++i) {  
    // better, but still ugh ...  
    double x, y;  
    std::tie(x, y) = points[i];  
    // do something ...  
}
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/9adaa2e8>

## Structured Bindings (C++17): Since C++17

```
std::vector<std::tuple<double, double>> points = { /*  
    ↪ ... */ };
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < points.size(); ++i) {  
    // nice!  
    auto [x, y] = points[i];  
    // do something ...  
}
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/229ac736>

# Structured Bindings (C++17)

Also works for arrays, structs, ...

```
double p[2] = {1.0, 2.0};
```

```
auto [px, py] = p;
```

```
struct Vector3 {
```

```
    double x;
```

```
    double y;
```

```
    double z;
```

```
};
```

```
Vector3 v{3.0, 4.0, 5.0};
```

```
auto [vx, vy, vz] = v;
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/9ffa5aa0>



## Range-based `for` (C++11)<sup>1</sup>

```
for (auto & point : points) {  
    std::cout << point << '\n';  
}  
  
// is desugared (approximately) to  
{ // new scope to not leak variables  
    auto range = points; // handle side-effects!  
    auto begin = range.begin();  
    auto end    = range.end();  
    for (; begin != end; ++begin) {  
        auto & point = *begin;  
        std::cout << point << '\n';  
    }  
}
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/range-for>

<sup>2</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/a4a0464e>

## Conclusion

```
struct Point { double x, y; };
std::vector<Point> points = { /* ... */ };
Point origin = { 0.0, 0.0 };
auto dist = [origin](double x, double y) {
    auto dx = origin.x - x;
    auto dy = origin.y - y;
    return std::sqrt(dx * dx + dy * dy);
};
std::sort(points.begin(), points.end(),
    [&dist](auto a, auto b) {
        return dist(a.x, a.y) < dist(b.x, b.y);
    });
for (auto & [x, y] : points) {
    std::cout << dist(x, y) << ' ' << x << ' ' << y << '\n';
}
```

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<sup>1</sup><https://cppinsights.io/s/f5e9202b>

Questions?