RNA-seq入門: 実践編 2018年3月

# Gene Ontology解析

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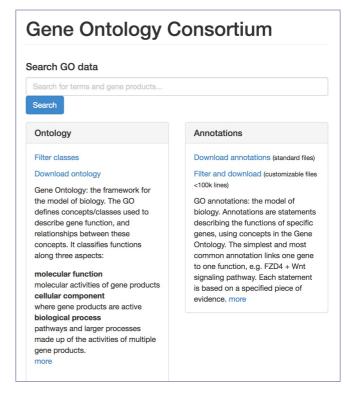
# What is Gene Ontology (GO)?

- ▶ GO project describes gene products from all organisms using a consistent and computable language.
- ▶ GO produces sets of explicitly defined, structured vocabularies in both a computer- and human-readable manner.
- 3 categories
  - Biological processes
  - Molecular functions
  - Cellular components
- ▶ 2 components
  - Ontology: term definition terms and the structured relationships between them
  - Associations between gene products and the GO terms.

http://www.geneontology.org/

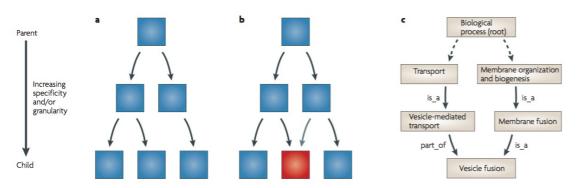
## Two components of GO

- Ontology
- Gene associations



### Ontology structure

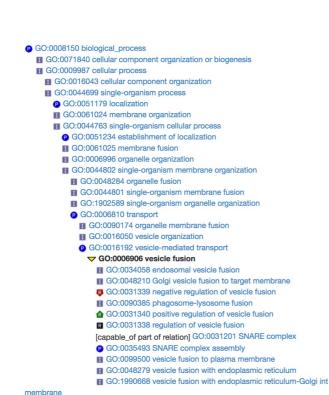
- Ontologies are represented as a directed acyclic graph (DAG).
- ▶ Parent-child relationship
  - ▶ is\_a
  - part\_of
- Ontology can be changed / updated



Rhee et al., 2008

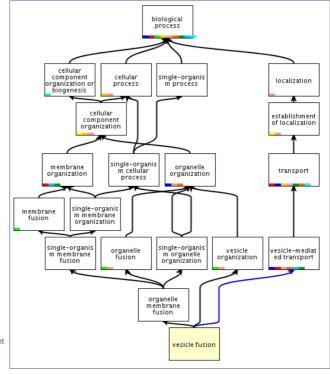
#### vesicle fusion





■ GO:0048280 vesicle fusion with Golgi apparatus
■ GO:1990670 vesicle fusion with Golgi cis cisterna membrane
■ GO:0007086 vesicle fusion with nuclear membrane involved in m

■ GO:0019817 vesicle fusion with peroxisome ■ GO:0051469 vesicle fusion with vacuole ■ GO:0061782 vesicle fusion with vesicle

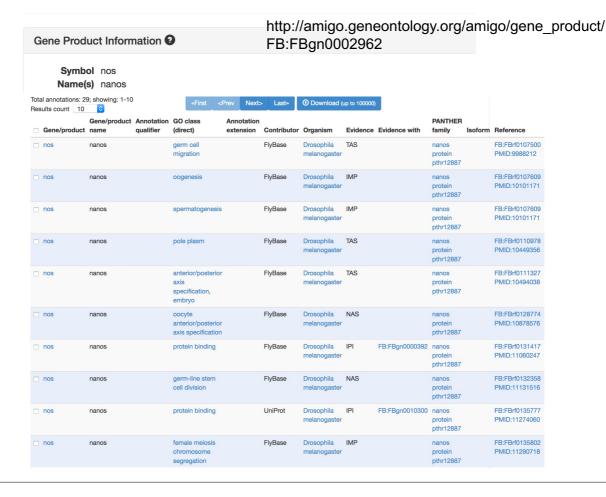


#### Gene association

- Gene <=> GO
- ▶ A gene may associate with multiple GO terms.
- ▶ Evidence codes.

| Evidence code | Evidence code description                       | Source of evidence   | Manually checked |
|---------------|---|--|------------------|
| IDA           | Inferred from direct assay                      | Experimental   | Yes              |
| IEP           | Inferred from expression pattern                | Experimental   | Yes              |
| IGI           | Inferred from genetic interaction               | Experimental   | Yes              |
| IMP           | Inferred from mutant phenotype                  | Experimental   | Yes              |
| IPI           | Inferred from physical interaction              | Experimental   | Yes              |
| ISS           | Inferred from sequence or structural similarity | Computational  | Yes              |
| RCA           | Inferred from reviewed computational analysis   | Computational  | Yes              |
| IGC           | Inferred from genomic context                   | Computational  | Yes              |
| IEA           | Inferred from electronic annotation             | Computational  | No               |
| IC            | Inferred by curator                             | Indirectly derived from experimental or computational evidence made by a curator $$                        | Yes              |
| TAS           | Traceable author statement                      | Indirectly derived from experimental or computational evidence made by the author of the published article | Yes              |
| NAS           | Non-traceable author statement                  | No 'source of evidence' statement given  | Yes              |
| ND            | No biological data available                    | No information available   | Yes              |
| NR            | Not recorded                                    | Unknown  | Yes              |

#### nanos



# How to annotate GO for non-model organisms?

- Ortholog grouping with a model organism and then transfer the GO terms from the reference organism to your target organism.
- BLAST2GO
- InterProScan

## Gene Ontology enrichment analysis

- What is GO enrichment analysis?
- Why GO enrichment analysis is required in DEG studies?
- ▶ Type of GO enrichment analysis.
  - gene set
  - gene score
- Software
  - gene set type: DAVID (web), metascape (web), goseq (R), GOstat (R)
  - pene score: GSEA, roast, camera
  - both: ErmineJ

# Basic over-representation test: 2 x 2 table and Fisher's exact test

- Suppose we perform a test of DE and find a list of 200 significant genes out of 10,000
- ▶ Consider a specific GO term, apoptosis. Among the 200 DE genes, 20 genes are annotated as apoptosis related, while 300 / 10,000 are associated with apoptosis in the whole gene set.
- Question: Is the gene set "apoptosis" over-represented among "significant" genes?

|        | apoptosis | non-apoptosis | total  |
|--------|-----------|---------------|--------|
| DE     | 20        |               | 200    |
| non-DE |           |               |        |
| total  | 300       |               | 10,000 |

|        | apoptosis | non-apoptosis | total  |
|--------|-----------|---------------|--------|
| DE     | 20        | 180           | 200    |
| non-DE | 280       | 9,520         | 9,800  |
| total  | 300       | 9,700         | 10,000 |

## Gene score type enrichment analysis

#### Drawback of basic 2x2 table method

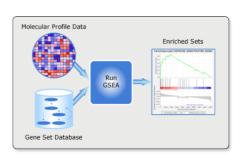
- ▶ Threshold value is arbitral
- Magnitude of significance is ignored

#### GSEA

http://software.broadinstitute.org/gsea/ index.jsp

### ROAST, CAMERA

implemented within edgeR



演習問題 exll

#### Tutorial: ErmineJ

http://erminej.chibi.ubc.ca/



- ▶ Easy to use Java software with both GUI and CUI
- ▶ Three enrich methods supported
  - ▶ ORA: overrepresentation analysis
  - ▶ GSR: gene score resampling
  - ▶ ROC: rank-based gene score in receiver-operator curves