基礎生物学研究所 ゲノムインフォマティクストレーニングコース RNA-seq入門: 実践編 2019年 5月

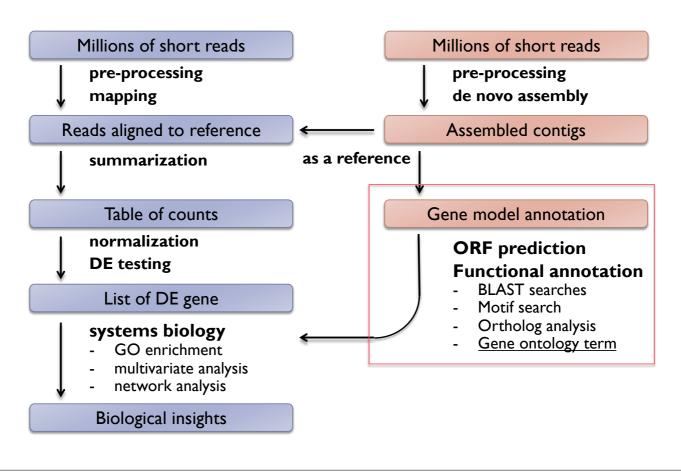
機能アノテーション & Gene Ontology解析

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RNA-seq analysis pipeline (de novo strategy)



ORF prediction

- Special consideration in ORF prediction after de novo RNA-seq assembly
 - ▶ Sometimes partial: Start Met or terminal codon may be missing.
 - Ideally one ORF is present per contig, but erroneously joined contigs may include multiple ORFs.
 - Possible frame shifts.
 - Frame shifts do not occur so often in Illumina, while it happens very frequently in 454 and IonProton.
- Recommended software: TransDecoder

Functional Annotation of Predicted ORFs

BLAST

- ▶ NCBI NR (or UniProt)
- species of interest (model organisms, close relatives etc)
- specific DB (SwissProt, rRNA DB, CEGMA etc)
- self (assembly v.s. assembly)

Motif search

- ▶ Pfam, SignalP etc.
- Ortholog analysis
 - vs model organism
 - ortholog database (OrthoDB, eggNOG, OrthoMCL etc)
 - close relatives
- Gene Ontology term assignment

Quick annotation by BLASTX

- Query: assembled contigs (nucleotide sequences in multi-fasta format)
- DB: Protein sequences of a model organism

Format DB

```
$ makeblastdb -in protein.fa -dbtype prot
```

Search

```
$ blastx -query trinity_contigs -db protein.fa \
  -num_threads 8 -evalue 1.0e-8 -outfmt 0 > blastxout.txt
```

Protein motif search using InterProScan

- Query: Translated ORF sequences
- ▶ Software: InterProScan
 - https://github.com/ebi-pf-team/interproscan/wiki

Search

```
$ interproscan.sh -I proteins.fasta -f XML,TSV --goterms
--pathways
```

What is Gene Ontology (GO)?

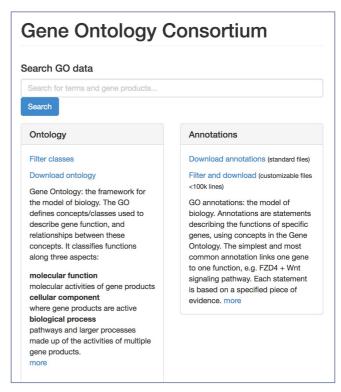
- ▶ GO project describes gene products from all organisms using a consistent and computable language.
- ▶ GO produces sets of explicitly defined, structured vocabularies in both a computer- and human-readable manner.
- 3 categories
 - Biological processes
 - Molecular functions
 - Cellular components
- 2 components
 - Ontology: term definition and the structured relationships between them
 - Associations between gene products and the GO terms.

http://www.geneontology.org/

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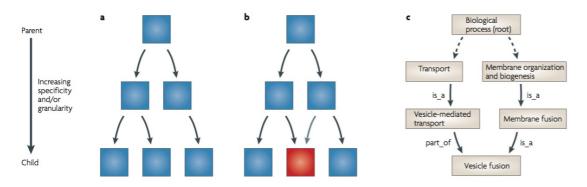
Two components of GO

- Ontology
- Gene associations



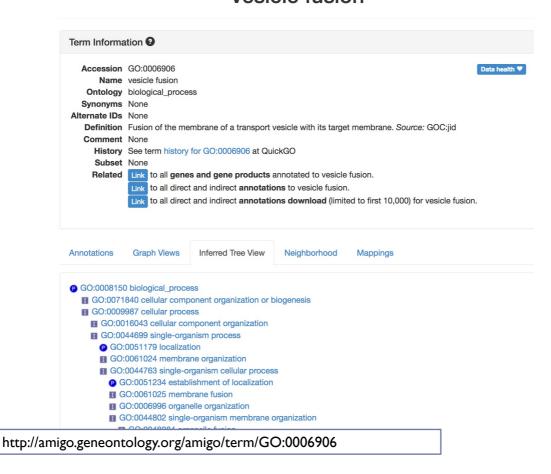
Ontology structure

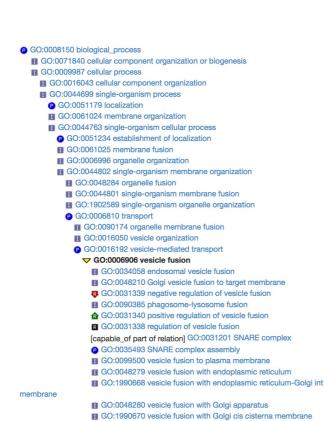
- Ontologies are represented as a directed acyclic graph (DAG).
- Parent-child relationship
 - is a
 - part_of
- Ontology can be changed / updated

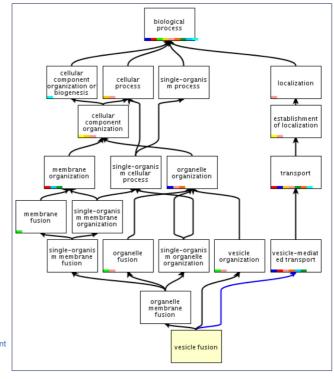


Rhee et al., 2008

vesicle fusion







Gene association

■ GO:0007086 vesicle fusion with nuclear membrane involved in m

■ GO:0019817 vesicle fusion with peroxisome ■ GO:0051469 vesicle fusion with vacuole ■ GO:0061782 vesicle fusion with vesicle

- Gene <=> GO
- ▶ A gene may associate with multiple GO terms.
- ▶ Evidence codes.

Evidence code	Evidence code description	Source of evidence	Manually checked
IDA	Inferred from direct assay	Experimental	Yes
IEP	Inferred from expression pattern	Experimental	Yes
IGI	Inferred from genetic interaction	Experimental	Yes
IMP	Inferred from mutant phenotype	Experimental	Yes
IPI	Inferred from physical interaction	Experimental	Yes
ISS	Inferred from sequence or structural similarity	Computational	Yes
RCA	Inferred from reviewed computational analysis	Computational	Yes
IGC	Inferred from genomic context	Computational	Yes
IEA	Inferred from electronic annotation	Computational	No
IC	Inferred by curator	Indirectly derived from experimental or computational evidence made by a curator	Yes
TAS	Traceable author statement	Indirectly derived from experimental or computational evidence made by the author of the published article	Yes
NAS	Non-traceable author statement	No 'source of evidence' statement given	Yes
ND	No biological data available	No information available	Yes
NR	Not recorded	Unknown	Yes

http://amigo.geneontology.org/amigo/gene_product/ Gene Product Information 2 FB:FBgn0002962 Symbol nos Name(s) nanos Total annotations: 29; showing: 1-10 «First <Prev Next> Last» ① Download (up to 100000) Results count 10 😊 Gene/product Annotation GO class PANTHER ☐ Gene/product name extension Contributor Organism Evidence Evidence with Isoform Reference qualifier (direct) family Drosophila FlyBase nanos PMID:9988212 FB:FBrf0107609 PMID:10101171 Drosophila IMP melanogaster pthr12887 FB:FBrf0107609 nanos spermatogenesis FlyBase Drosophila IMP nanos PMID:10101171 pthr12887 pole plasm PMID:10449356 melanogaster pthr12887 nanos anterior/posterior FlyBase Drosophila TAS nanos FB:FBrf0111327 melanogaster specification. pthr12887 embryo Drosophila NAS FB:FBrf0128774 nanos FlyBase pthr12887 axis specification protein binding Drosophila IPI FB:FBgn0000392 nanos PMID:11060247 Drosophila NAS pthr12887 UniProt Drosophila IPI FB:FBgn0010300 nanos protein binding nanos FlyBase Drosophila IMP FB:FBrf0135802 PMID:11290718

nanos

How to annotate GO in non-model organisms?

- Ortholog grouping with a model organism and then transfer the GO terms from the reference organism to your target organism.
- BLAST2GO
- InterProScan

Gene Ontology enrichment analysis

- What is GO enrichment analysis?
- Why GO enrichment analysis is required in DEG studies?
- Type of GO enrichment analysis.
 - gene set
 - gene score

Software

- gene set type: DAVID (web), metascape (web), goseq (R), GOstat (R)
- gene score: GSEA, roast, camera
- both: ErmineJ

Basic over-representation test: 2 x 2 table and Fisher's exact test

- Suppose we perform a test of DE and find a list of 200 significant genes out of 10,000
- ▶ Consider a specific GO term, apoptosis. Among the 200 DE genes, 20 genes are annotated as apoptosis related, while 300 / 10,000 are associated with apoptosis in the whole gene set.
- Question: Is the gene set "apoptosis" over-represented among "significant" genes?

	apoptosis	non-apoptosis	total
DE	20	180	200
non-DE	280	9,520	9,800
total	300	9,700	10,000

Gene score type enrichment analysis

Drawback of basic 2x2 table method

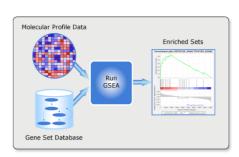
- ▶ Threshold value is arbitral
- Magnitude of significance is ignored

GSEA

http://software.broadinstitute.org/gsea/ index.jsp

▶ ROAST, CAMERA

implemented within edgeR



演習問題 exll

Tutorial: ErmineJ

http://erminej.chibi.ubc.ca/



- ▶ Easy to use Java software with both GUI and CUI
- ▶ Three enrich methods supported
 - ▶ ORA: overrepresentation analysis
 - ▶ GSR: gene score resampling
 - ▶ ROC: rank-based gene score in receiver-operator curves