

1. Problem 2.16

$$\text{Depreciation} = \frac{\$500 - \$50}{10} \text{ MM/yr} = \$45 \text{ MM/yr}$$

$$\text{Sales} = \$1000/\text{ton} \cdot \text{Production}$$

$$\text{AOC} = \$250/\text{ton} \cdot \text{Production}$$

$$\text{Fixed charges} = \$45 \text{ MM/yr} + \$30 \text{ MM/yr} + \$250/\text{ton} \cdot \text{Production}$$

$$\$1000/\text{yr} \cdot \text{Production} = \$45 \text{ MM/yr} + \$30 \text{ MM/yr} + \$250/\text{ton} \cdot \text{Production}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Production} = 100,000 \text{ ton/yr}}$$

2. Problem 2.17

$$\text{Production} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 300000 \text{ ton/yr} = 100000 \text{ ton/yr}$$

$$\text{Sales} = \text{Price} \cdot 100000 \text{ ton/yr}$$

$$\text{AOC} = \$250/\text{ton} \cdot 100000 \text{ ton/yr} = \$25 \text{ MM/yr}$$

$$\text{Fixed charges} = \$45 \text{ MM/yr} + \$30 \text{ MM/yr} + \$25 \text{ MM/yr} = \$100 \text{ MM/yr}$$

$$\text{Price} \cdot 100000 \text{ ton/yr} = \$100 \text{ MM/yr}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Price} = \$1,000/\text{ton}}$$

3. Problem 2.18

$$P = \$10000 \cdot (1 + 0.06)^{10}$$

$$\boxed{P = \$17,909}$$

4. Problem 2.19

$$P = \$10000 \cdot (1 + 0.005)^{10 \cdot 12}$$

$$\boxed{P = \$18,194}$$

Compounding interest more often leads to higher interest payments. This problem and the one before appear to both have a 6% interest rate, but this problem has a higher interest payment due to more frequent compounding.

5. Problem 2.20

Present sum of annuity

$$A = \$24000 \cdot \frac{(1 + 0.08)^{20} - 1}{0.08 \cdot (1 + 0.08)^{20}}$$

$$A = \$235636$$

$$\text{Max} = \$235636 + \$20000$$

$$\boxed{\text{Max} = \$255,636}$$