# Interpreter Ocaml

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# The project

This project is based on the interpreter that we saw in the lessons extended with support to string type, function to manipulate them and a reflect function that apply the interpreter to a string that represent a list of commands.

This project is write in Ocaml using Denotational Semantic and it's about 700 line of code.

### Considerations:

Not all the expressions are implemented into the reflect.

The String that the reflect analyze must be without spaces.

# The String type

Following all the changes to do to the types:

These are the new expression added to the **exp** type:

**Estring**: Expression that represent the string type

**Len:** Expression that handle the request of the string length

**Concat:** Expression for the concatenation of two Strings

**Substr**: Expression for the resize the String

Trim: Expression for delete space before and after the text of a String

**Uppercase:** Expression for transform the String in uppercase

**Lowercase:** Expression for transform the String in lowercase

```
| Mstring of string (*Constructor of string type for memory*)
```

The representation of the String in the **mval** type, used for the memory

```
| String of string (*Constructor of string type*)
```

The representation of the String in the **eval** type, used for the evaluated expressions.

```
| Dstring of string (*Constructor of string type for environment*)
```

The representation of the String in the **dval** type, used in the environment.

```
let evaltomval e = match e with
   | Int n -> Mint n
    Bool n -> Mbool n
    String n -> Mstring n
    _ -> raise Nonstorable
let mvaltoeval m = match m with
    | Mint n -> Int n
     Mbool n → Bool n
    Mstring n -> String n
   _ -> Novalue
let evaltodval e = match e with
    | Int n -> Dint n
    Bool n -> Dbool n
    String n -> Dstring n
    Novalue -> Unbound
    Funval n -> Dfunval n
let dvaltoeval e = match e with
    | Dint n -> Int n
     Dbool n -> Bool n
    Dstring n -> String n
     Dloc n -> raise Nonexpressible
     Dfunval n -> Funval n
     Dprocval n -> raise Nonexpressible
     Unbound -> Novalue
```

New transformation between types for String.

Modified type check for the String type

# The String functions

### len:

```
val len : eval -> eval = <fun>
```

This function takes in input a String and return the length of it.

### concat:

```
val concat : eval * eval -> eval = <fun>
```

This function takes in input a String and return the merge between them.

### subsrt:

```
val substr : eval * eval * eval -> eval = <fun>
```

This function returns the substring of the string x from the position y to z.

### trim:

```
val trim : eval -> eval = <fun>
```

This function returns the String without space before and after the text.

### uppercase:

```
val uppercase : eval -> eval = <fun>
```

This function returns the String x in uppercase.

### lowercase:

```
val lowercase : eval -> eval = <fun>
```

This function returns the String x in lowercase.

Update the **sem** function with the new **exp** to match.

### Reflect

This function takes in input a String and return the command list represented by that String

Following the code for implement this function:

```
| Reflect of string (*Constructor od Reflect*)
```

The new command for the Reflect to add in com type

```
| Reflect(a) -> semcl (reflect(a)) r s (*return the command list rappresented by the string*)
```

Update the **semc** function with the new **com** to match.

### explode:

```
val explode : string -> char list = <fun>
```

This function takes in input a String and return the char list.

### implode:

```
val implode : char list -> string = <fun>
```

This function takes in input a char list and return the String.

### stringToStringList:

```
let stringToStringList c s= (*input: char string, output: divide the string using the given character , ignoring the character inside brackets*)
let sl=String.length s in
let rec loop fine parentesi parentesiG r i=
    if i<0 then (String.sub s (i+1) (fine-(i)) :: r)
    else if s.[i]==c && parentesi==0 && parentesiG==0 then loop (i-1) (parentesi) (parentesiG) (String.sub s (i+1) (fine-(i)) :: r) (i-1)
    else if s.[i]==-'(' then loop (fine) (parentesi-1) (parentesiG) r (i-1)
    else if s.[i]==-']' then loop (fine) (parentesi+1) (parentesiG-1) r (i-1)
    else if s.[i]==-']' then loop (fine) (parentesi) (parentesiG-1) r (i-1)
    else if s.[i]==-']' then loop (fine) (parentesi) (parentesiG+1) r (i-1)
    else loop (fine) (parentesi) (parentesiG) r (i-1)

in
loop (String.length s - 1) 0 0 [] (String.length s -1)</pre>
```

```
val stringToStringList : char -> string -> string list = <fun>
```

This function return the string List represented by the String s divided using the character c, ignoring the character if is inside brackets.

### stringToExp:

```
let rec stringToExp x=
    let s =explode x in
    match s with
        'E'::'i'::'n'::'t'::'('::r -> Eint(int_of_string (String.sub (implode r) 0 (String.length (implode r) - 1)) )
         'E'::'s'::'t'::'r'::'i'::'n'::'g'::'('::r -> Estring(String.sub (implode r) 1 ((String.length (implode r)) - 3))
         'E'::'b'::'o'::'o'::'l'::'('::r -> Ebool(bool_of_string (String.sub (implode r) θ (String.length (implode r) - 1)))
        'D'::'e'::'n'::'('::r -> Den(String.sub (implode r) 1 ((String.length (implode r)) - 3))
'V'::'a'::'l'::'('::r -> Val(stringToExp (String.sub (implode r) 0 (String.length (implode r) - 1)))
'N'::'o'::'t'::'('::r -> Not(stringToExp (String.sub (implode r) 0 (String.length (implode r) - 1)))
        'E'::'q'::'('::r ->
                        let l = stringToStringList (',') (String.sub (implode r) 0 (String.length (implode r) - 1)) in if (List.length l) != 2 then failwith ("Errore sintassi, " ^ (implode s) )
                             else Eq(stringToExp(List.hd 1) , stringToExp(List.hd (List.tl 1)))
                                                              Iszero(stringToExp (String.sub (implode r) 0 (String.length (implode r) - 1)))
                        let 1 = stringToStringList (',') (String.sub (implode r) 0 (String.length (implode r) - 1)) in
   if (List.length 1) != 2 then failwith ("Errore sintassi, " ^ (implode s) )
                             else Prod(stringToExp(List.hd 1) , stringToExp(List.hd (List.tl 1)))
                        let l = stringToStringList (',') (String.sub (implode r) \theta (String.length (implode r) - 1)) in
                              if (List.length 1) != 2 then failwith ("Errore sintassi, " ^ (implode s) )
                             else Diff(stringToExp(List.hd l) , stringToExp(List.hd (List.tl l)))
    | _ -> failwith ("Errore sintassi, stringToExp, " ^ (implode s))
```

```
val stringToExp : string -> exp = <fun>
```

This function takes in input the String's that represent an expression.

It transforms the String in a char list and perform a match operation for select the right expression to return.

### stringToCom:

```
val stringToCom : string -> com = <fun>
```

This function takes in input the String s that represent a command.

It transforms the String in a char list and perform a match operation for select the right command to return.

### reflect:

```
and reflect (s:string) = List.map stringToCom (stringToStringList ';' s)
```

```
val reflect : string -> com list = <fun>
```

The reflect function, it returns the list of commands created by running the function "stringToCom" to each element of the input String's divided by the function "stringToStringList" into a list.

## **Examples of expressions and commands**

```
let ex1=Sum(Eint 5,Eint 6);;
let rho1=Funenv.emptyenv(Unbound);;
let sigma1=Funstore.emptystore(Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let result1=sem ex1 rho1 sigma1
```

```
val result1 : eval = Int 11
```

```
2 TEST Ifthenelse,Eq,Minus,Eint,Diff*)
let ex2=Ifthenelse(Eq(Eint(0),Diff(Eint(5),Minus(Eint(-5)))),Eint 1,Eint 0)
let rho2=Funenv.emptyenv(Unbound);;
let sigma2=Funstore.emptystore(Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let result2=sem ex2 rho2 sigma2
```

val result2 : eval = Int 1

```
3 TEST Newloc, While, Assign, Val *)
let d3 = [("z",Newloc(Eint 4));("w",Newloc(Eint 1))];;
let ex3 = [While(Not(Eq(Val(Den "z"), Eint 0)),
    [Assign(Den "w", Prod(Val(Den "w"), Val(Den "z")));
    Assign(Den "z", Diff(Val(Den "z"), Eint 1))])];;
let (rho3, sigma3) = semdv d3 (Funenv.emptyenv Unbound) (Funstore.emptystore Undefined);;
let sigma3final=semcl ex3 rho3 sigma3
let result3Z= sem (Val(Den "z")) rho3 sigma3final;;
let result3W= sem (Val(Den "w")) rho3 sigma3final;;
val result3Z : eval = Int 0
val result3W : eval = Int 24
let ex4=Let(
    Rec("fact",
        Fun(
            ["x"],
            Ifthenelse(
                Eq(Den "x", Eint 0),
                Eint 1,
                Prod(Den "x", Appl (Den "fact", [Diff(Den "x", Eint 1)]))
        )
    Appl(Den "fact",[Eint 4])
let rho4=Funenv.emptyenv(Unbound);;
let sigma4=Funstore.emptystore(Undefined);;
let result4= sem ex4 rho4 sigma4;;
val result4 : eval = Int 24
```

```
(* 5 TEST Block *)
(*
    z=4
    w=1
    while(!(z==0)){
        w=w*z
        z=z-1
    }
*)
let d5 = ([("z",Newloc(Eint 4));("w",Newloc(Eint 1))],[]);;
let ex5 = [While(Not(Eq(Val(Den "z"), Eint 0)),
        [Assign(Den "w", Prod(Val(Den "w"),Val(Den "z")));
        Assign(Den "z", Diff(Val(Den "z"), Eint 1))]);
        Assign(Den "y", Val(Den "w"))
        ];;
let (ex5: block) = (d5,ex5)
(*configuro memoria e ambiente*)
let dr = [("y",Newloc(Eint 0))];
let (rho5, sigma5) = semdv dr (Funenv.emptyenv Unbound) (Funstore.emptystore Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let result5 = semb ex5 rho5 sigma5 ;;
let result5y= sem (Val(Den "y")) rho5 result5;;
(*let result5Z= sem (Val(Den "z")) rho5 result5;;*)
```

val result5y : eval = Int 24

```
let(ex55: block) =
 ([])
    [
        ("mul2", Fun(["x"],
                Prod(Eint 2,Den "x"))
        );
        ("testproc", Proc(
                            ["x"],
                                (([("z", Newloc(Den "x"));("w", Newloc(Eint 1))],
                                []),
                                    Assign(Den "w",Sum(Val(Den "z"),Val(Den "w")));
                                    Assign (Den "r", Appl (Den "mul2", [Val(Den "w")]))
                                1)
        )
    ]),
    [ Call(Den "testproc", [Eint 4])]) ;;
let dr55 = [("r",Newloc(Eint 0))];;
let (rho55, sigma55) = semdv dr55 (Funenv.emptyenv Unbound) (Funstore.emptystore Undefined);;
let result55 = semb ex55 rho55 sigma55 ;;
let result55y= sem (Val(Den "r")) rho55 result55;;
```

val result55y : eval = Int 10

# **Examples of String function**

```
(* 6 TEST stringa lenght*)
(* length("ciao") *)
let ex6= Len(Estring("ciao"));;
(*configuro memoria e ambiente*)
let rho6=Funenv.emptyenv(Unbound);;
let sigma6=Funstore.emptystore(Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let result6=sem ex6 rho6 sigma6
```

val result6 : eval = Int 4

```
(* 7 TEST stringa concat*)
(* concat("ciao"," come va")*)
let ex7=Concat(Estring("Ciao") ,Estring(" come va?"));;
(*configuro memoria e ambiente*)
let rho7=Funenv.emptyenv(Unbound);;
let sigma7=Funstore.emptystore(Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let result7=sem ex7 rho7 sigma7
```

val result7 : eval = String "Ciao come va?"

```
(* 8 TEST stringa substr*)
(* substr("Meraviglioso",5,6)*)
let ex8=Substr(Estring("Meraviglioso"),Eint(5),Eint(6))
(*configuro memoria e ambiente*)
let rho8=Funenv.emptyenv(Unbound);;
let sigma8=Funstore.emptystore(Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let result8=sem ex8 rho8 sigma8
```

val result8 : eval = String "i"

```
(* 9 TEST stringa trim*)
(* trim(" Ciao ") *)
let ex9= Trim(Estring(" Ciao "));
(*configuro memoria e ambiente*)
let rho9=Funenv.emptyenv(Unbound);;
let sigma9=Funstore.emptystore(Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let result9=sem ex9 rho9 sigma9

val result9 : eval = String "Ciao"

(* 10 TEST stringa lower/uppercase*)
(* concat(uppercase("Ciao"),lowercase"Come Va")) *)
let ex10= Concat(Uppercase(Estring("Ciao")) ,Lowercase(Estring(" Come Va?")));;
(*configuro memoria e ambiente*)
let rho10=Funenv.emptyenv(Unbound);;
let sigma10=Funstore.emptystore(Undefined);;
```

```
val result10 : eval = String "CIAO come va?"
```

let result10=sem ex10 rho10 sigma10

```
(* 11 TEST memoria con stringhe*)
(*
    z="TEST"
    z=lowercase(z)
*)
let d11 = [("z",Newloc(Estring("TEST")))]
let ex11 = [
    (Assign(Den "z",Lowercase(Val(Den "z"))))
];;
(*configuro memoria e ambiente*)
let (rho11, sigma11) = semdv d11 (Funenv.emptyenv Unbound) (Funstore.emptystore Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let sigma11final=semcl ex11 rho11 sigma11
let result11Z= sem (Val(Den "z")) rho11 sigma11final;;
```

val result11Z : eval = String "test"

# **Examples of Reflect**

```
(* 12 TEST reflex con if e memoria *)
(*
    z=1
    z=2
    if(false)
        then z=5
        else z=10
*)
let d12 = [("z",Newloc(Eint 1))];
let ex12 = [
    Reflect("Assign(Den(\"z\"),Eint(2));Cifthenelse(Ebool(false),[Assign(Den(\"z\"),Eint(5))],[Assign(Den(\"z\"),Eint(10))])")
];;
(* creo com list per debug*)
let c112= reflect("Assign(Den(\"z\"),Eint(5));Cifthenelse(Ebool(true),[Assign(Den(\"z\"),Eint(5))],[Assign(Den(\"z\"),Eint(5))])")
(*configuro memoria e ambiente*)
let (rho12, sigma12) = semdv d12 (Funenv.emptyenv Unbound) (Funstore.emptystore Undefined);;
(*interprete*)
let sigma12final=semcl ex12 rho12 sigma12
let result12Z= sem (Val(Den "z")) rho12 sigma12final;;
```

val result12Z : eval = Int 10

val result13Z : eval = Int 0
val result13W : eval = Int 24