

Temporal Logic For Anomaly Detection In Traffic Videos

CS599 Final Project
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Agenda

- Background
- Problem Setup
- Implementation
- Results
- Conclusion

Background

NVIDIA AI City Challenge - Anomaly Detection



Problem Setup

Pipeline

- Annotate Videos
 - Identify and Label Vehicles in Video Frames
 - Identify Road Lanes
 - Calculate Car Velocities
- Create Traces
- Develop Signal Temporal Logic Rules to Detect Anomalies
- Project Traces Through Signal Temporal Logic Rules
- Cluster Traces
- Identify Anomalous Clusters

Pipeline

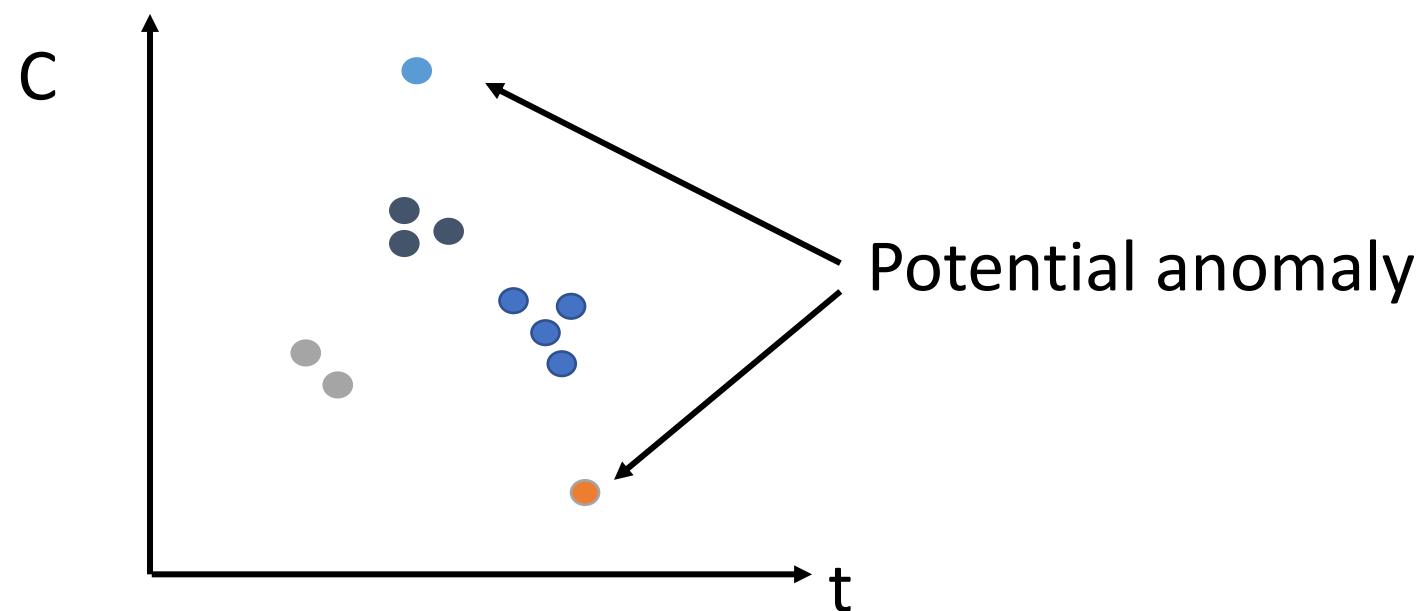
- Annotate Videos
 - Identify and Label Vehicles in Video Frames
 - Identify Road Lanes
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- Create Traces
- **Develop Signal Temporal Logic Rules to Detect Anomalies**
- Project Traces Through Signal Temporal Logic Rules
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Anomalies

- Cars moving faster than average
- Cars moving slower than average
- Cars suddenly braking
- Cars suddenly accelerating
- Cars parked in the shoulder

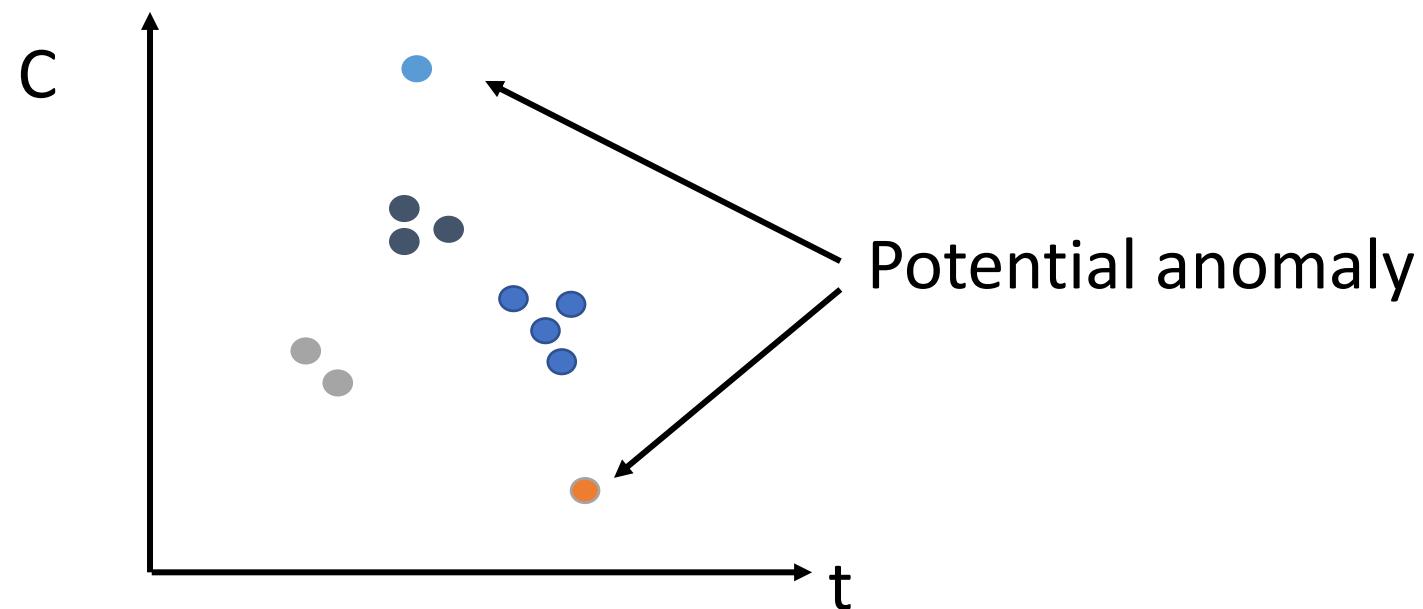
Anomalies in Signal Temporal Logic

- Cars moving faster than average
 - $F((v[t] - \text{avg_v}) > C)$
 - Look for signal clusters with really high C
 - Clusters with really low C are cars moving slower than average



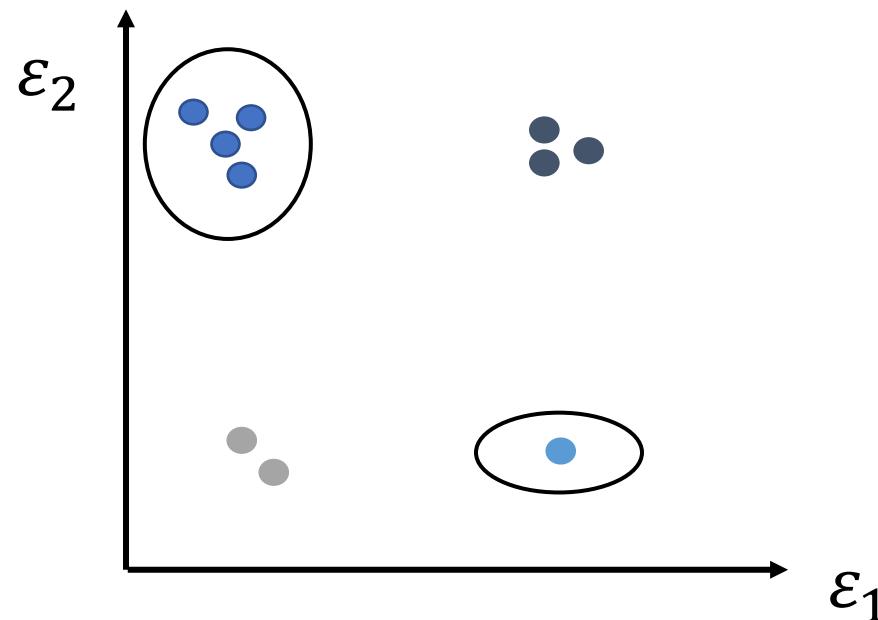
Anomalies in Signal Temporal Logic

- Cars moving slower than average
 - $F ((\text{avg_v} - v[t]) > C)$
 - Look for signal clusters with really high C
 - Clusters with really low C are cars moving faster than average



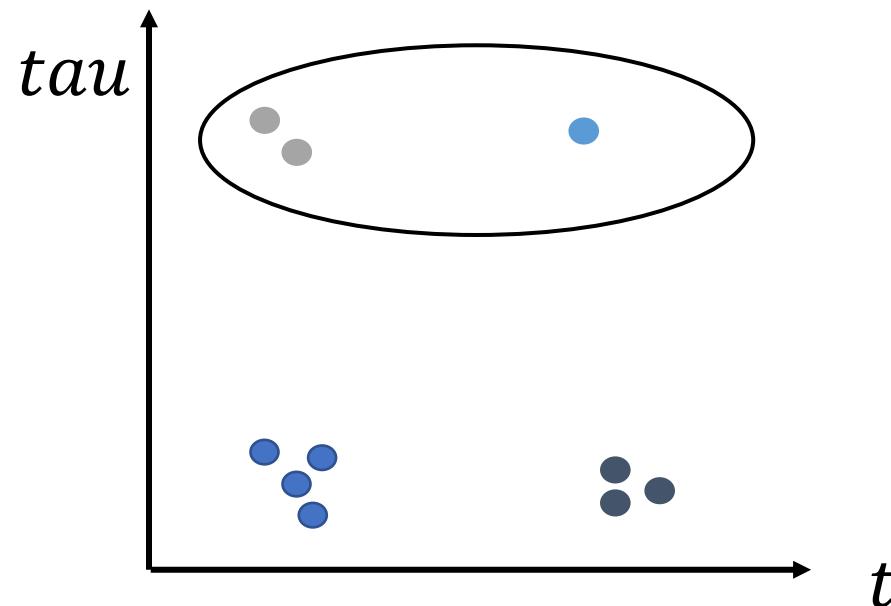
Anomalies in Signal Temporal Logic

- Cars suddenly braking or suddenly accelerating
 - $\mathbf{G}(\text{velocity}(t) > \varepsilon_1 \Rightarrow F_{[0,0.5]}(\text{velocity}(t) < \varepsilon_2))$
 - Cars suddenly braking will be in clusters with large ε_1 and small ε_2
 - Cars suddenly accelerating will be in clusters with large ε_2 and small ε_1



Anomalies in Signal Temporal Logic

- Cars parked in the shoulder
 - $F_{[0,tau]}(\text{lane}[t] == \text{shoulder})$
 - Cars stopped in the shoulder will be in clusters with high tau



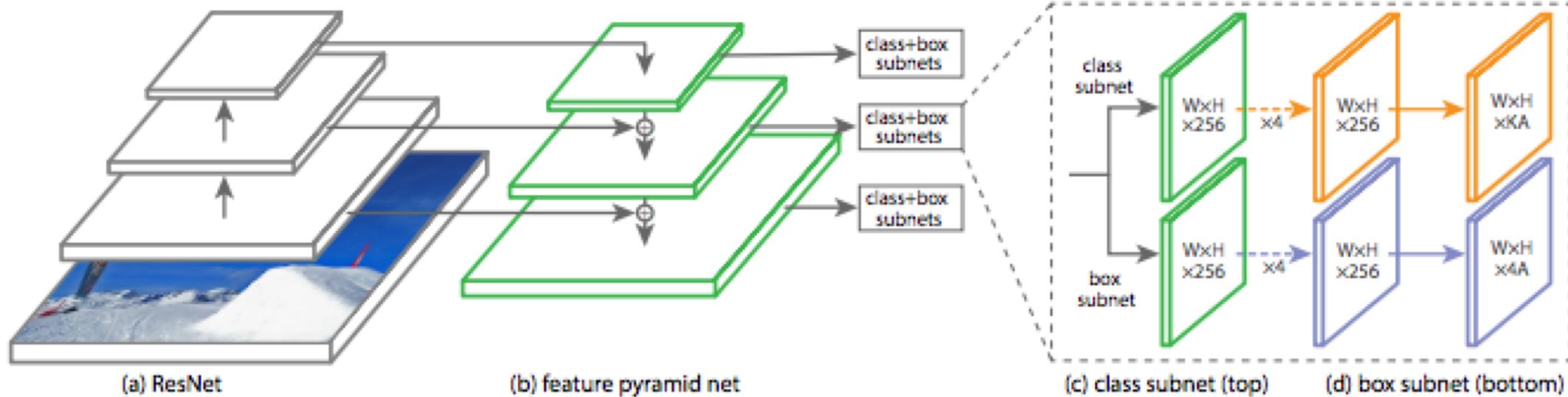
Implementation

Pipeline

- Annotate Videos
 - Identify and Label Vehicles in Video Frames
 - Identify Road Lanes
 - Calculate Car Velocities
- Create Traces
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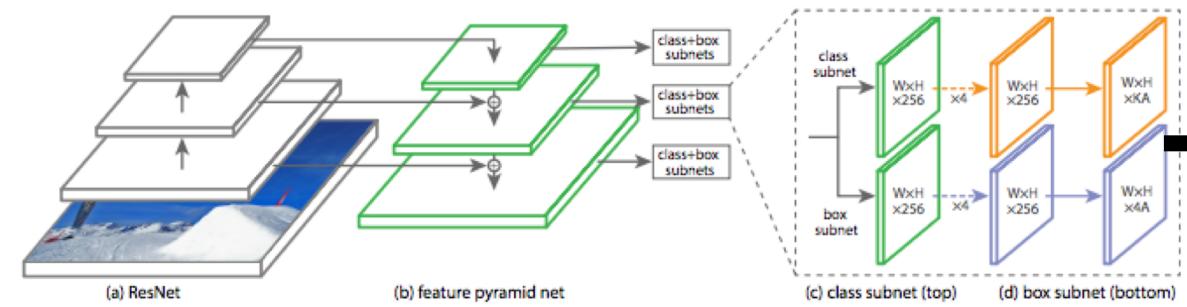
Annotate Videos: Identify Vehicles

- 2 Stage Neural Network



- Focal Loss for Dense Object Detection

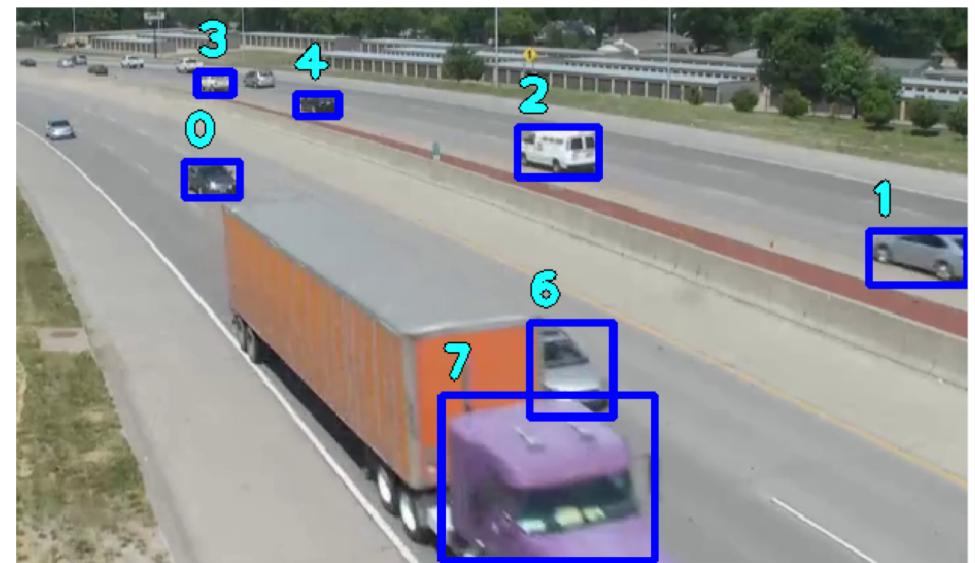
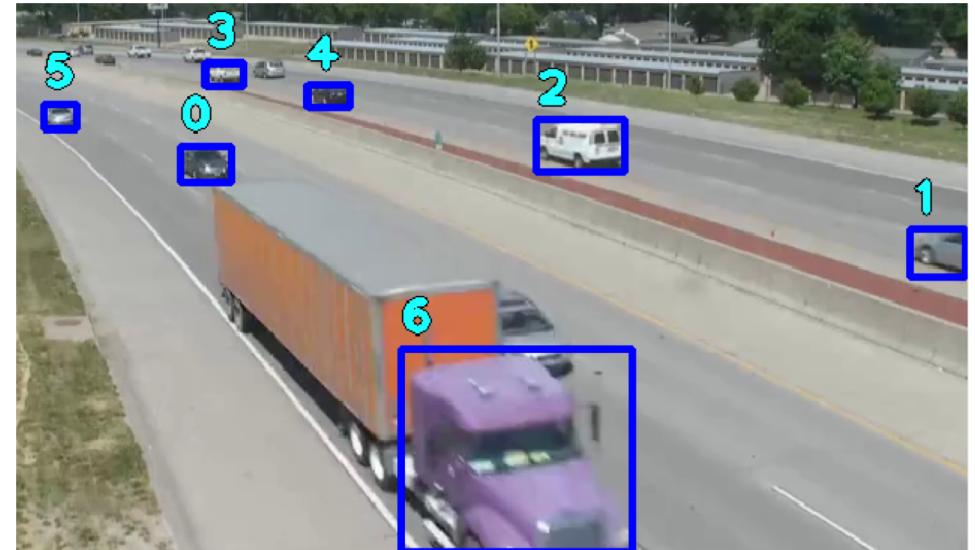
Annotate Videos: Label Vehicles



Annotate Videos: Label Vehicles

```
previous_positions = {}  
for f in frames:  
    for car in f:  
        closest_car = find_closest(car(x, y), previous_positions)  
        if there is no closest_car:  
            add new car to previous_positions  
        else:  
            update previous position of car
```

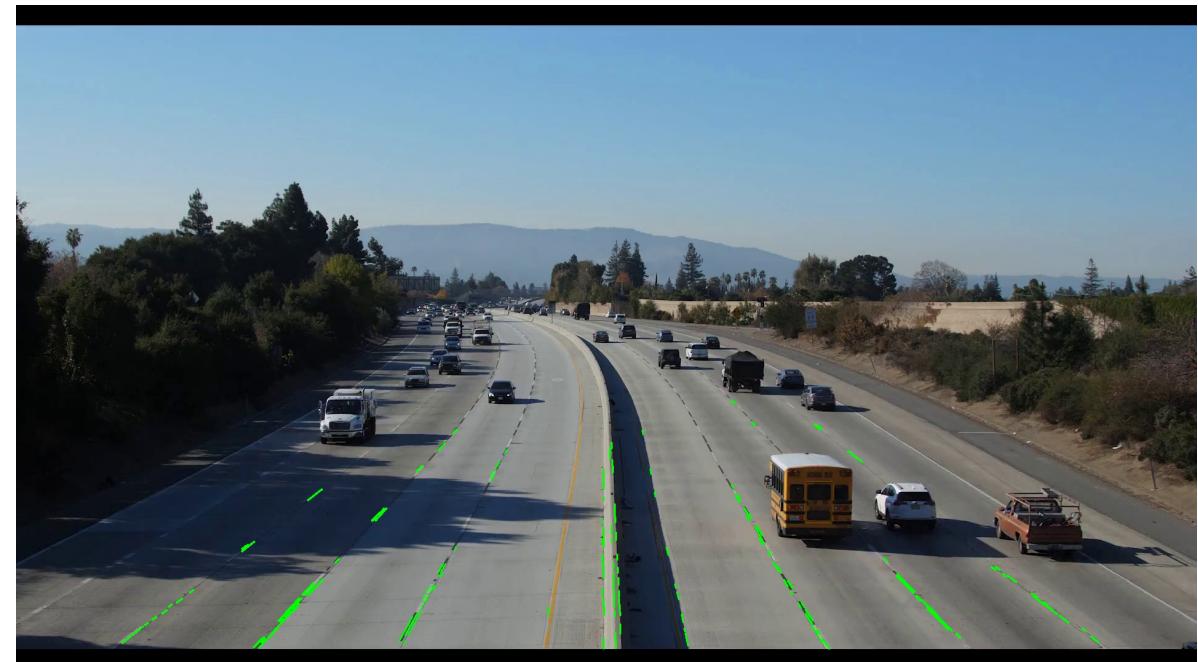
Previous_positions = {c0 : [(x1, y1), (x2, y2)],
 c1 : [(x1, y1), (x2, y2)],
 ...
 c5 : [(x1, y1)],
 c6 : [(x1, y1), (x2, y2)],
 c7 : [(x1, y1)]}



Annotate Videos: Identify Road Lanes

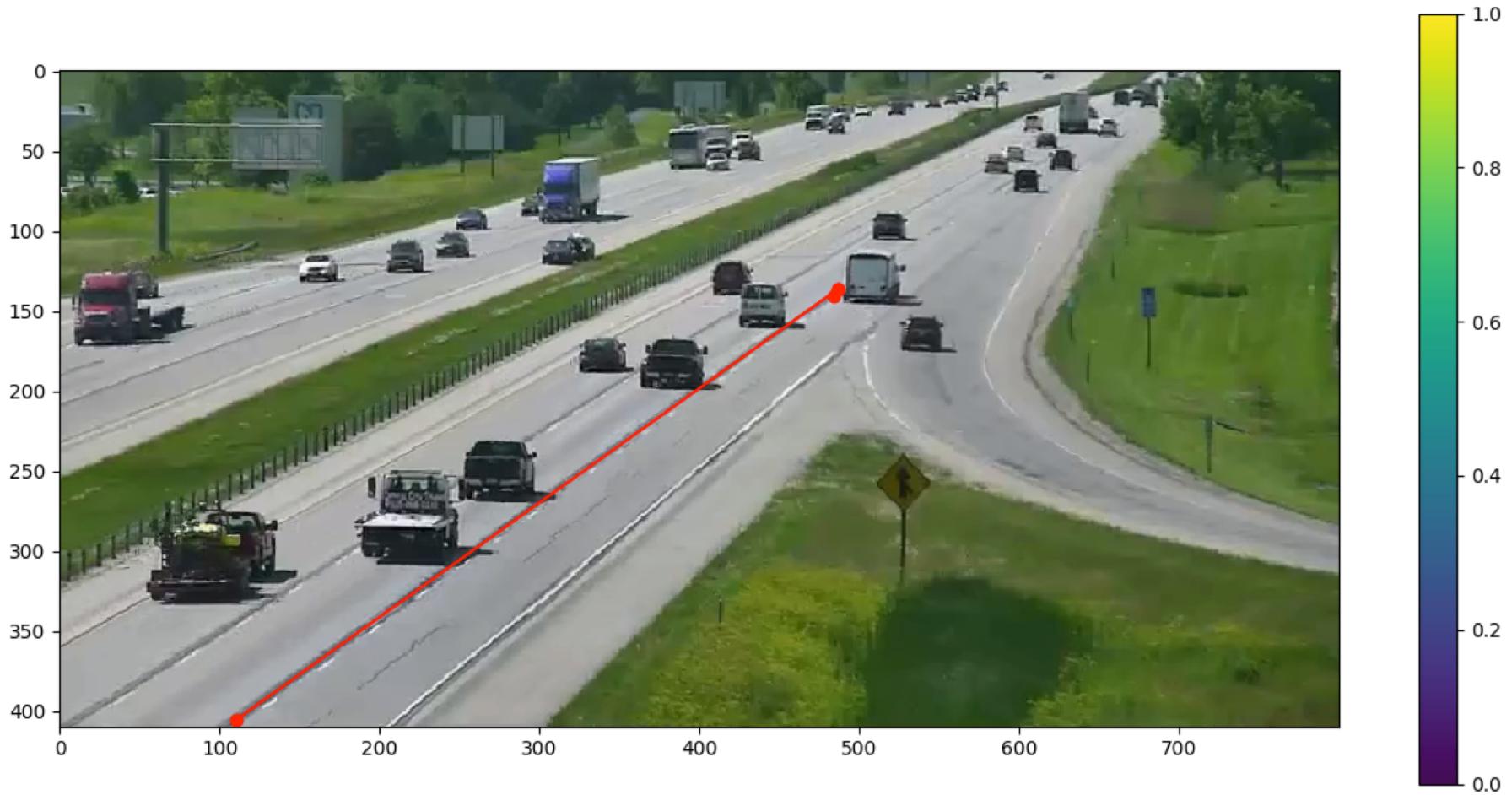


Canny Edge Detection



Hough Transform

Annotate Videos: Identify Road Lanes (alternative solution)

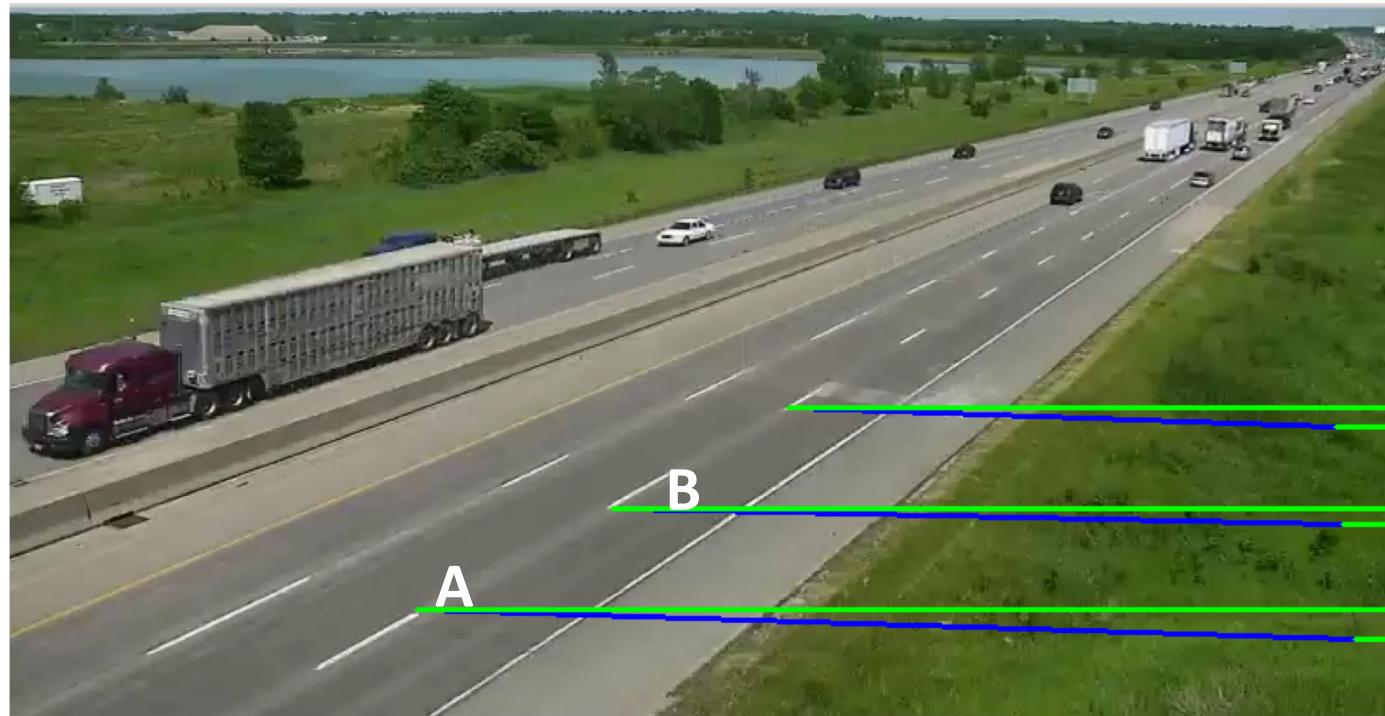


Annotate Videos: Calculate Velocity

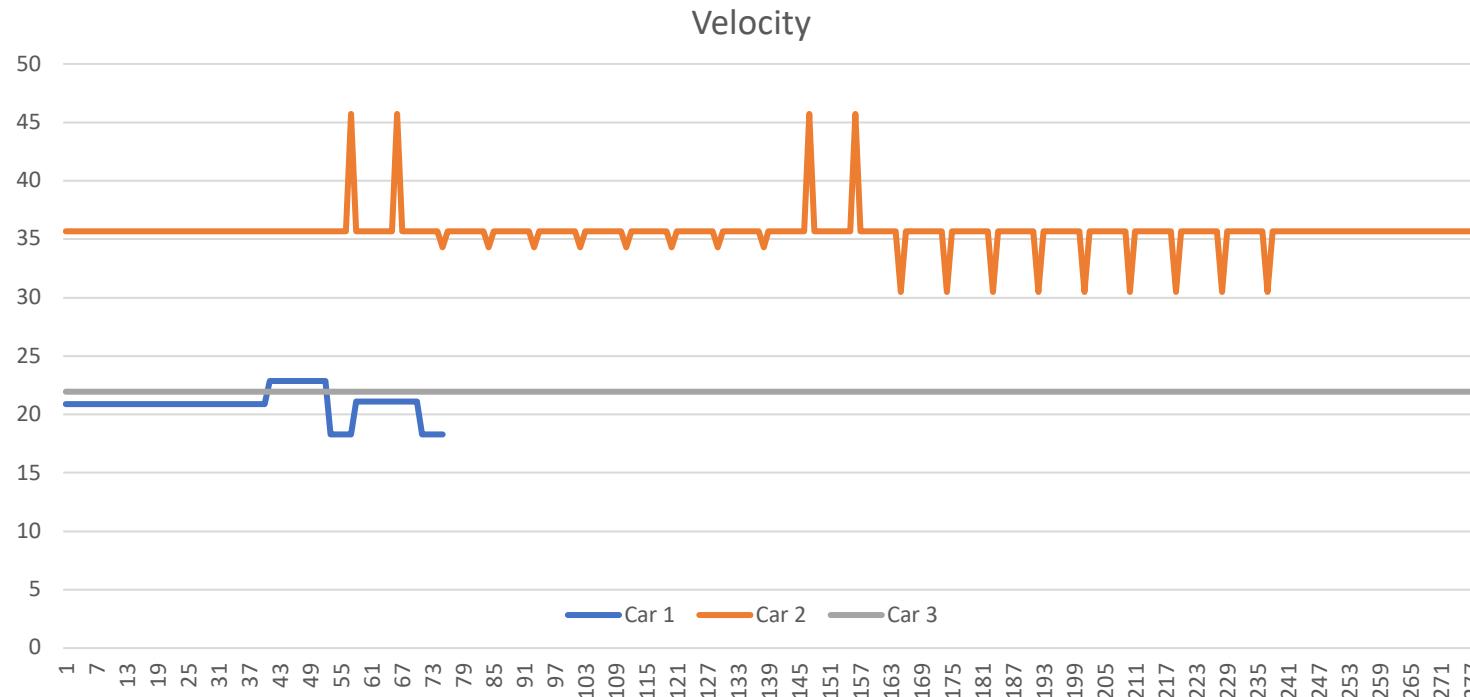
$N = \# \text{ frames between A and B}$

$\text{dist} = \text{actual distance between A and B}$

$V = \text{dist} / (N / 30 \text{ fps})$

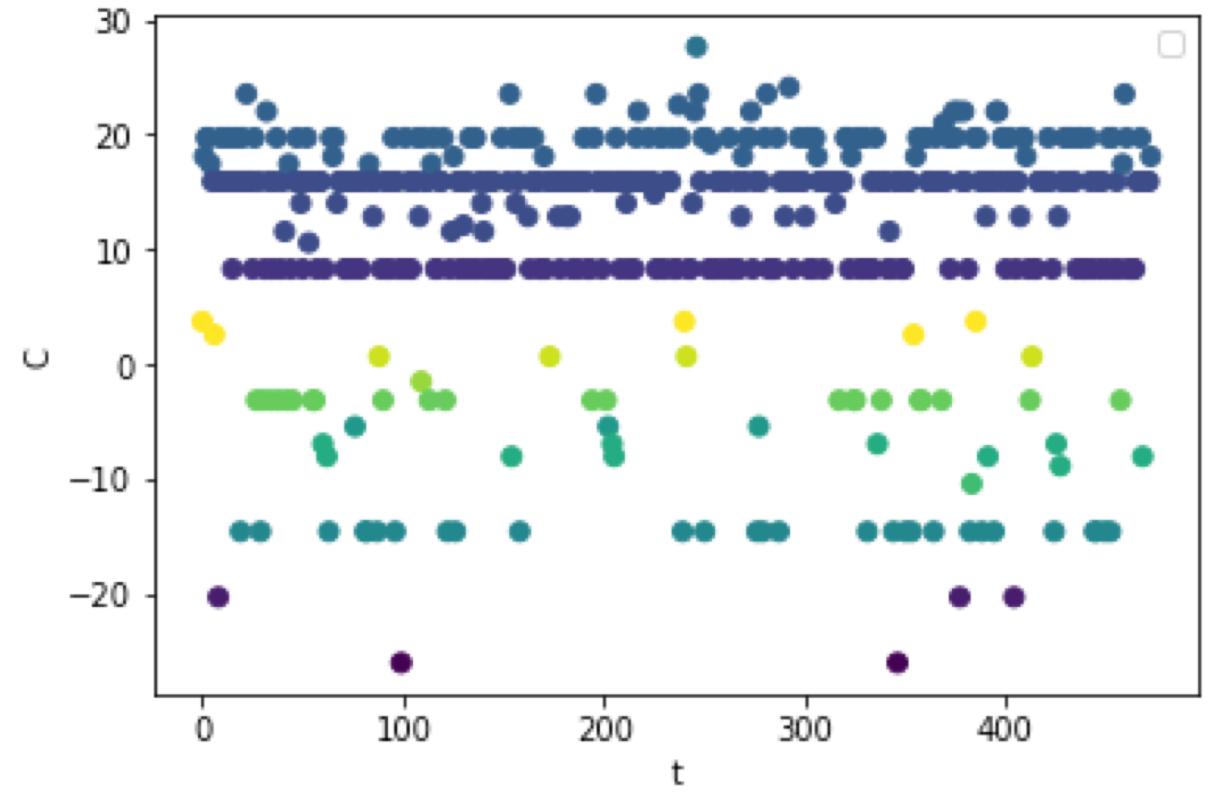
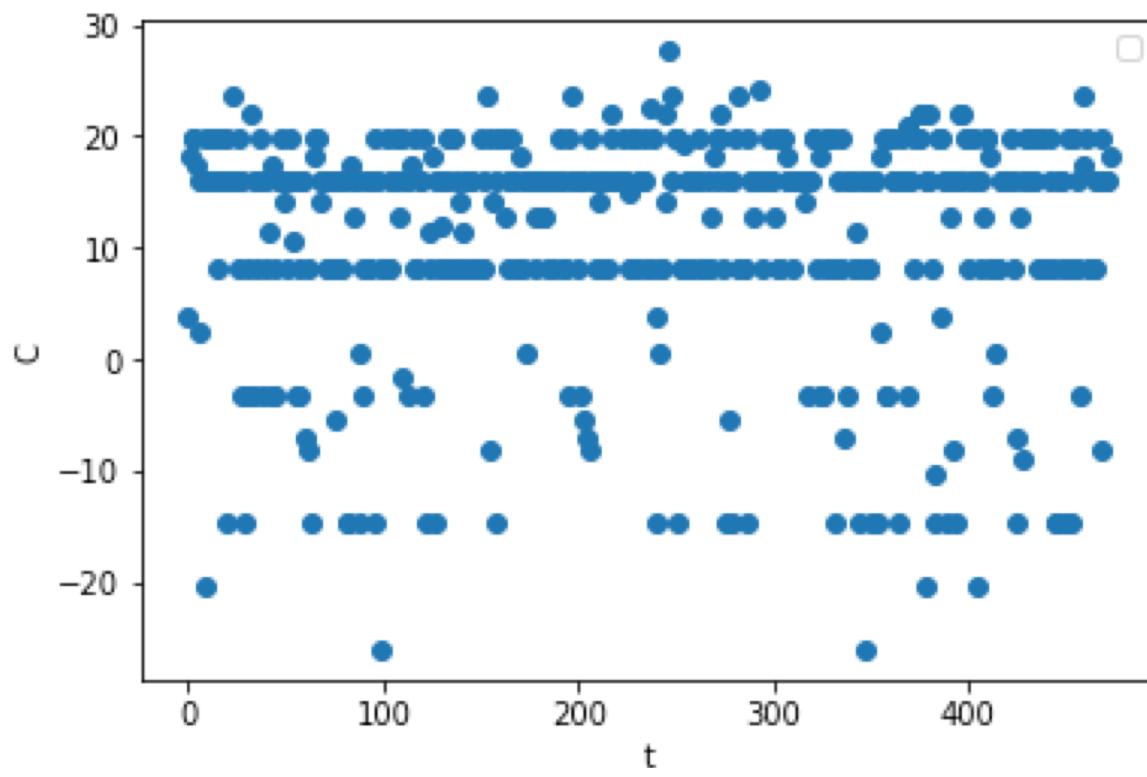


Project Traces Through Signal Temporal Logic



```
S = BreachTraceSystem({'v'},[times', velocity]);  
  
%%% Cars Moving Slower than average (find high c)  
spec2 = STL_Formula('mu', 'ev_[t0,T] ((avg_v - v[t]) > c)');  
spec2 = set_params(spec2, {'t0', 'T', 'avg_v'}, [times(1) times(end) avg_velocity]);  
P = ParamSynthProblem(S, spec2, {'c'}, [-50, 50]);  
c = P.solve();
```

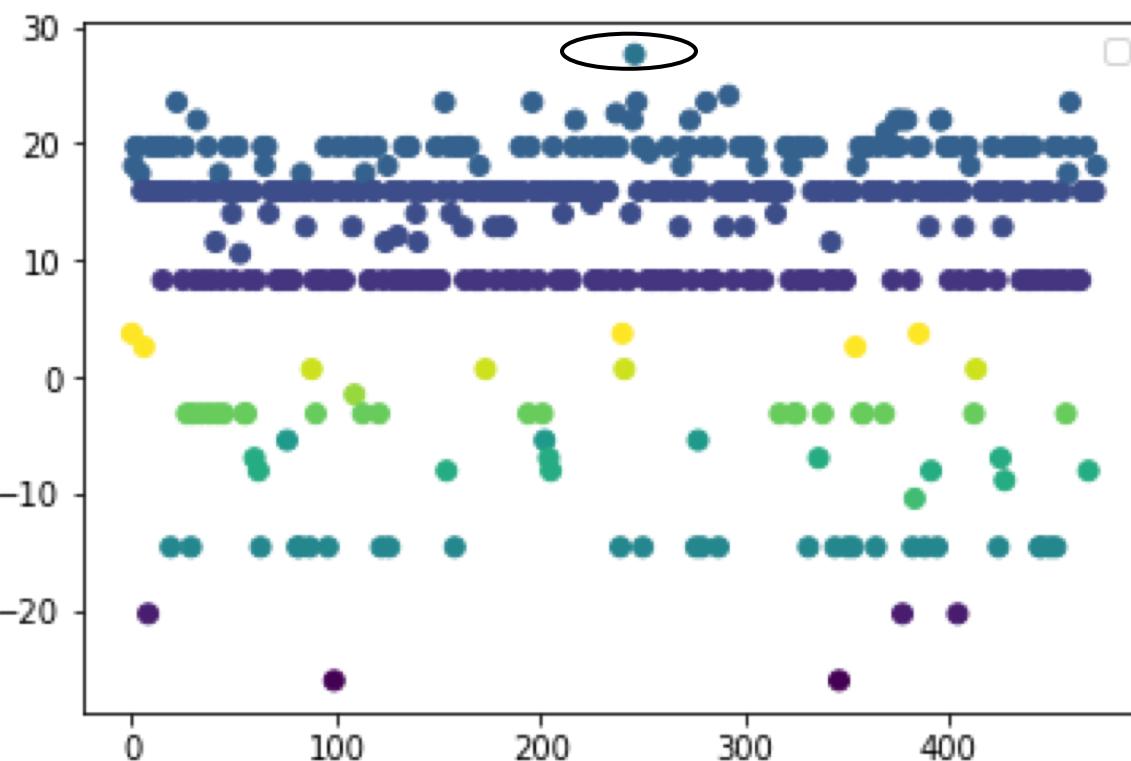
Cluster Traces & Identify Anomalous Clusters



Results

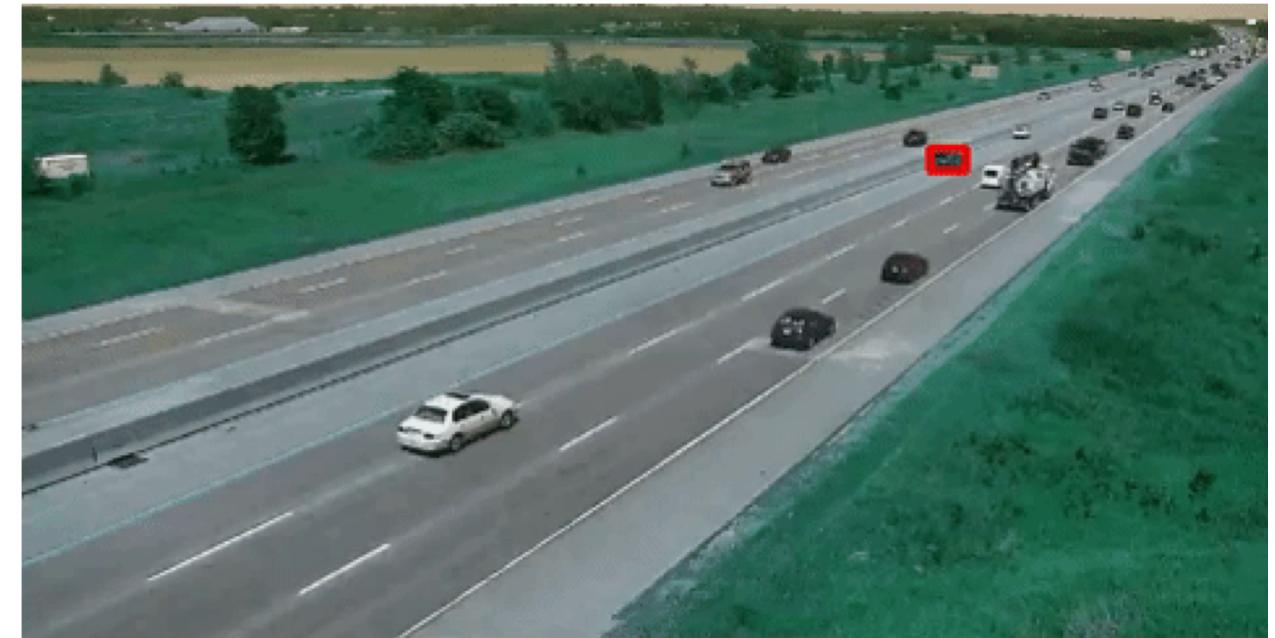
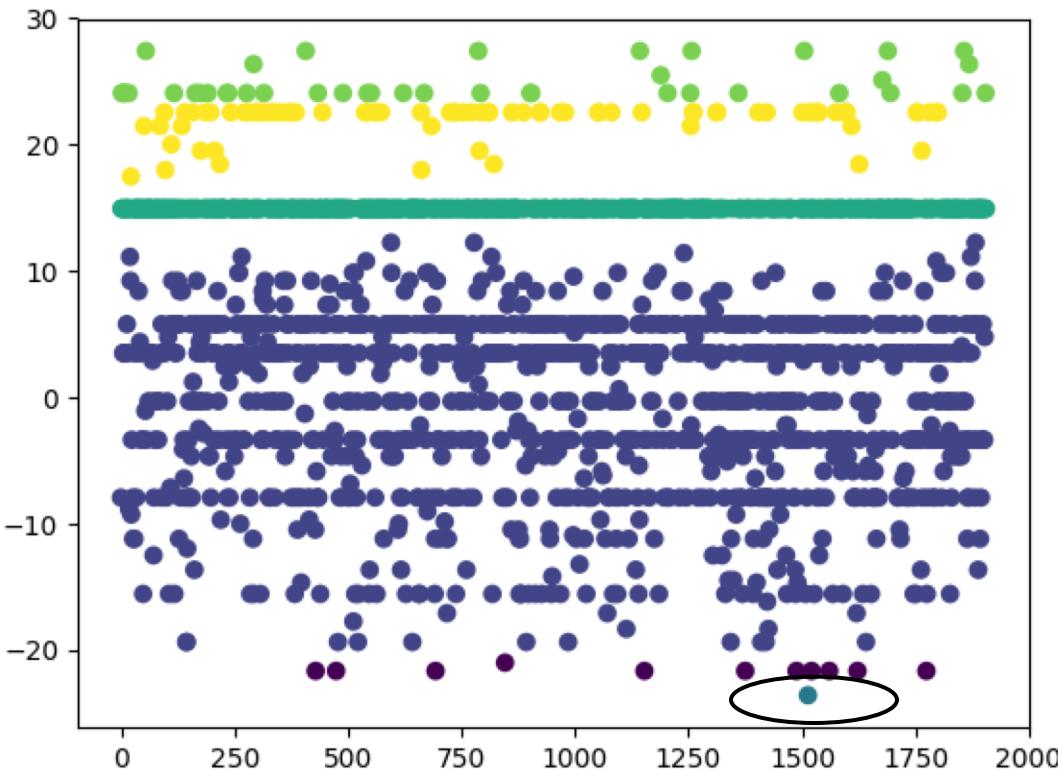
Cars Moving Slower Than Average

$F((\text{avg_v} - v[t]) > C)$



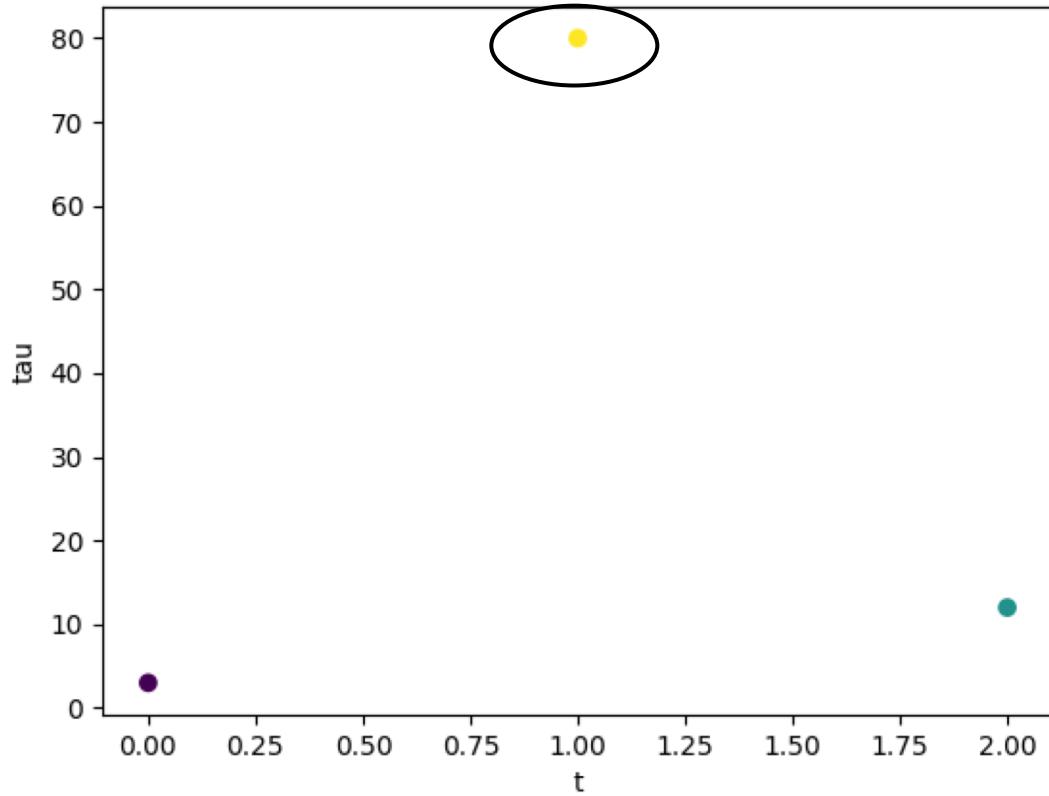
Cars Moving Slower Than Average

$F((v[t] - \text{avg_}v) > C)$



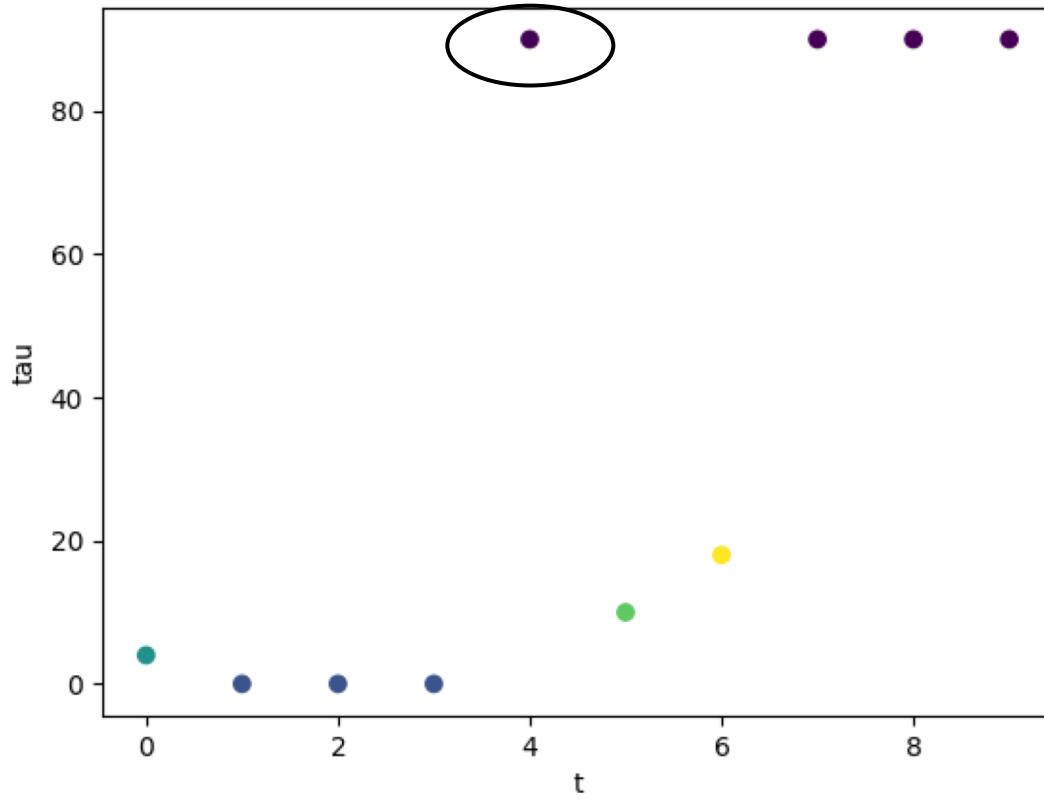
Cars parked in the shoulder

$F_{[0,\tau]}(\text{lane}[t] == \text{shoulder})$



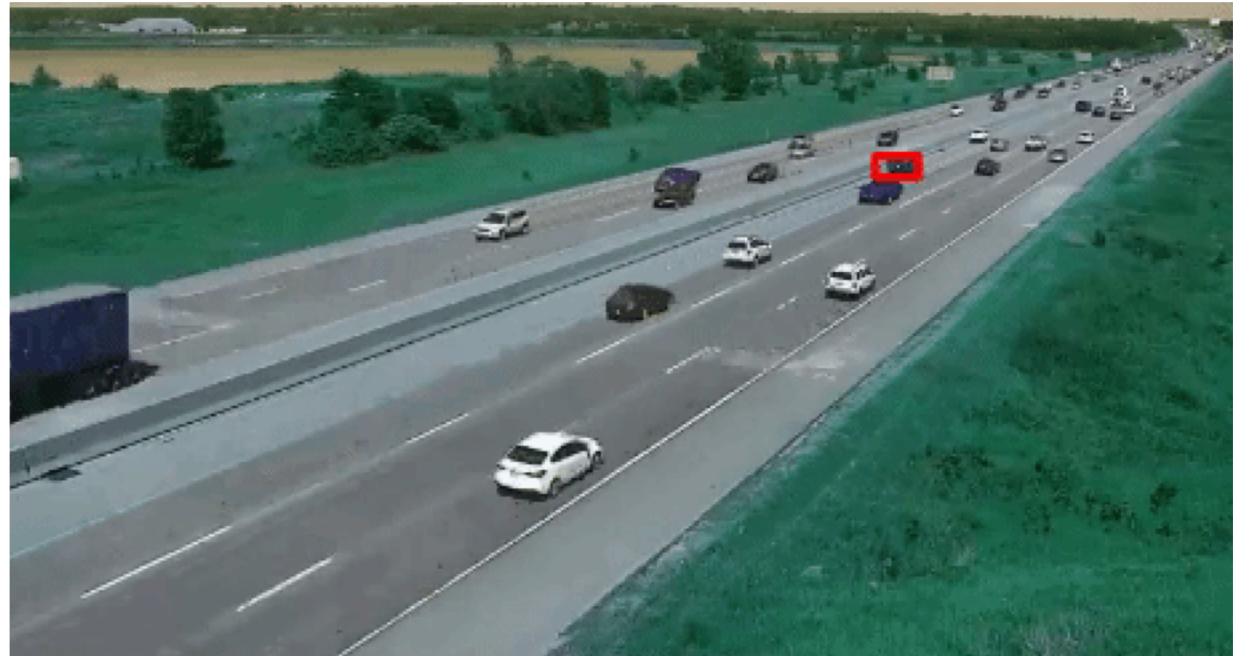
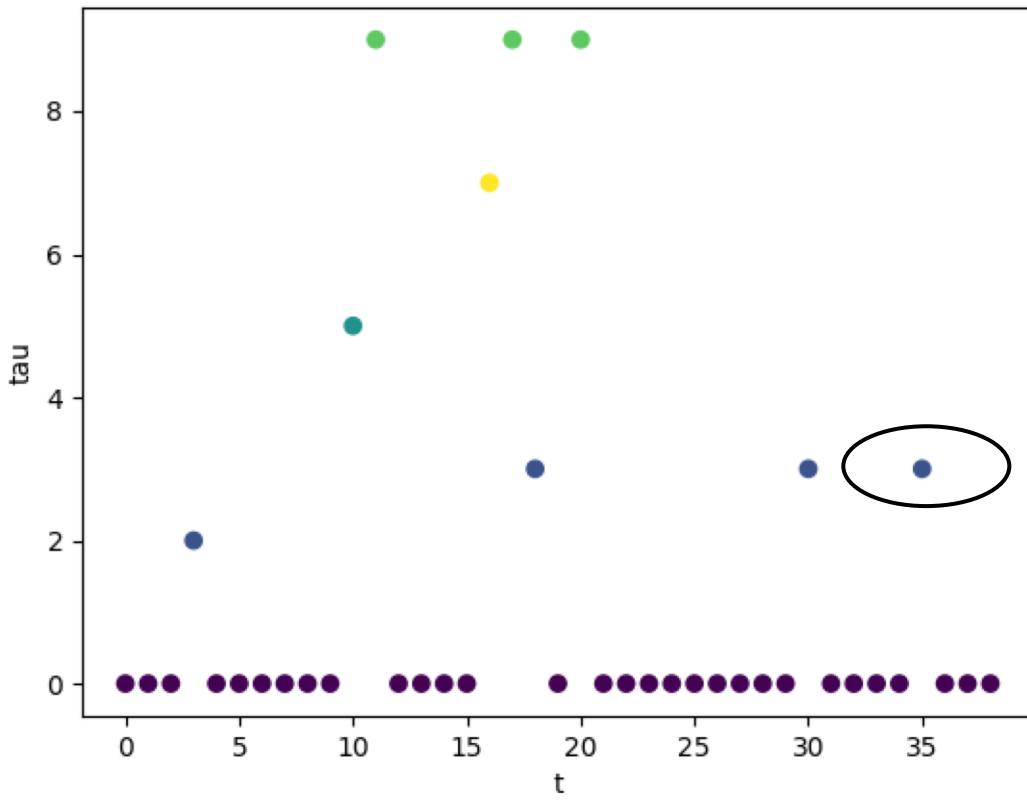
Cars parked in the shoulder

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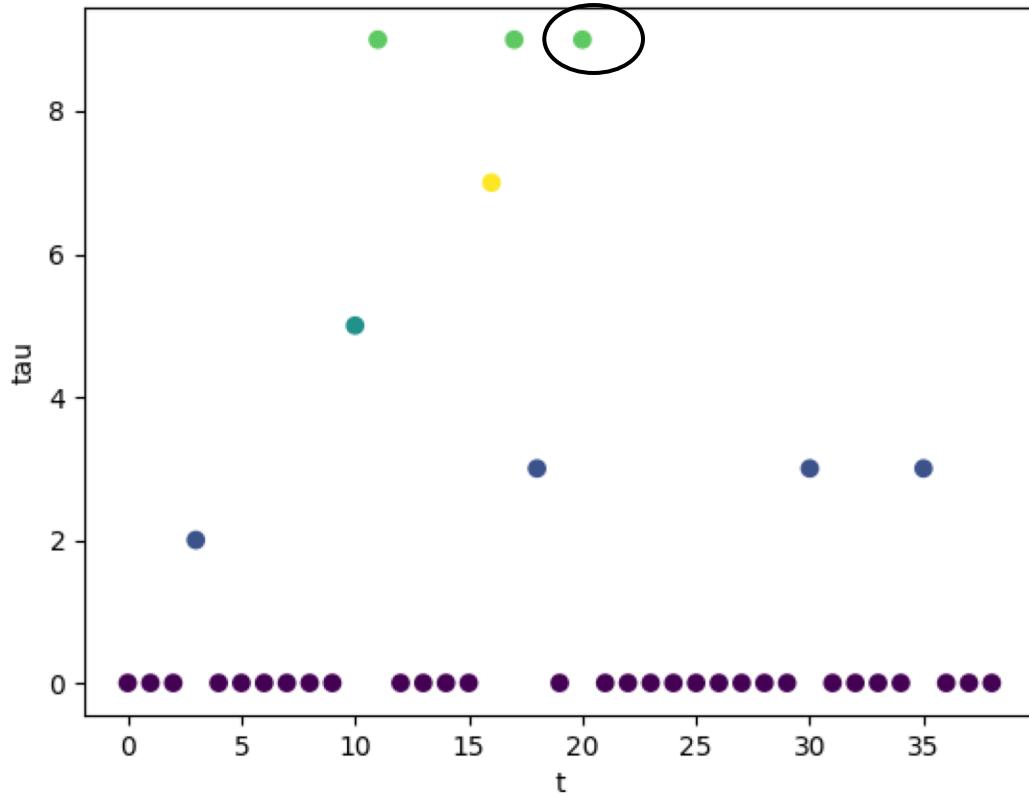
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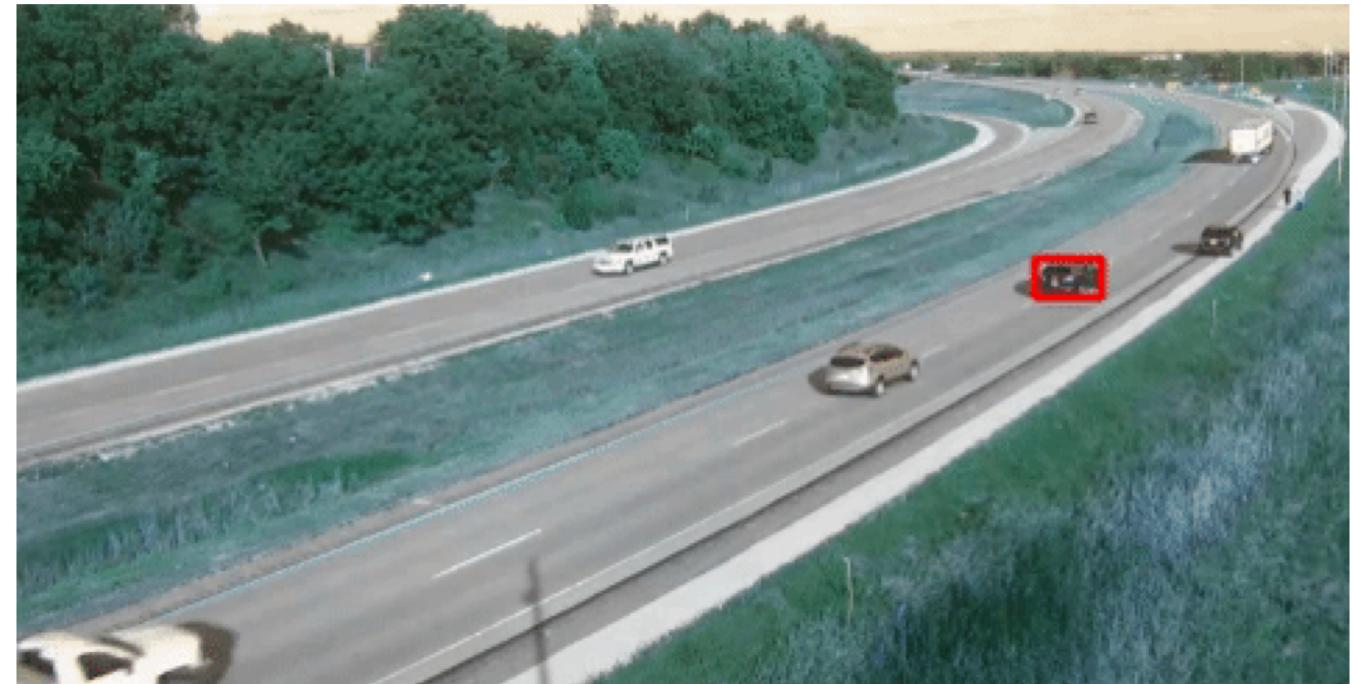
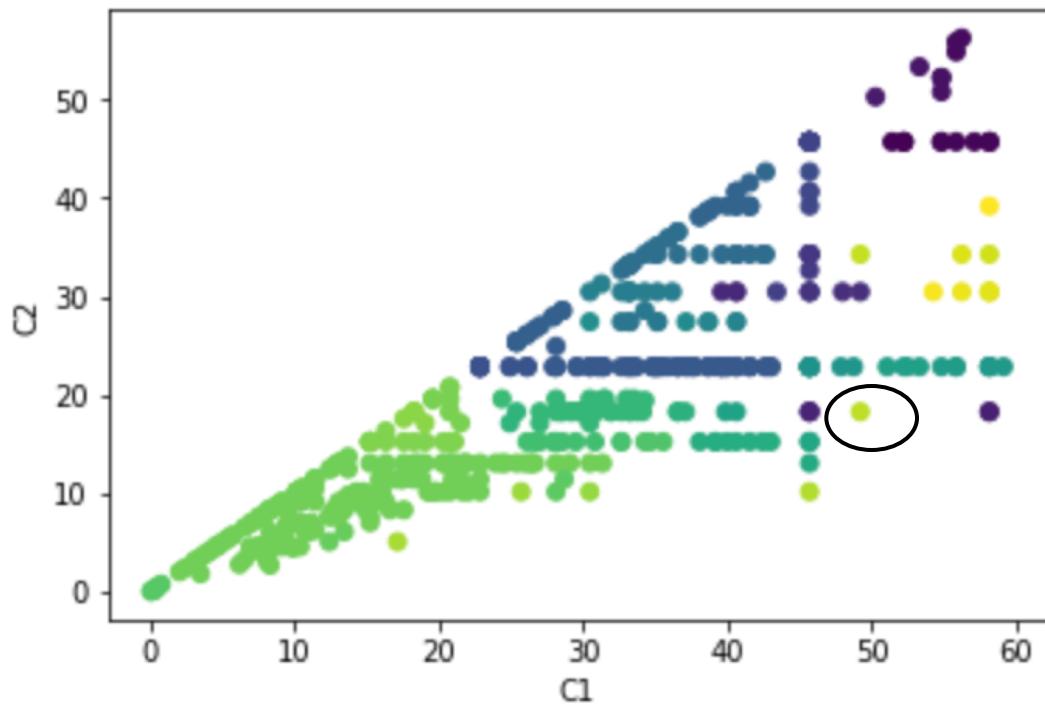
False Positives

$F_{[0, \tau]}(\text{lane}[t] == \text{shoulder})$



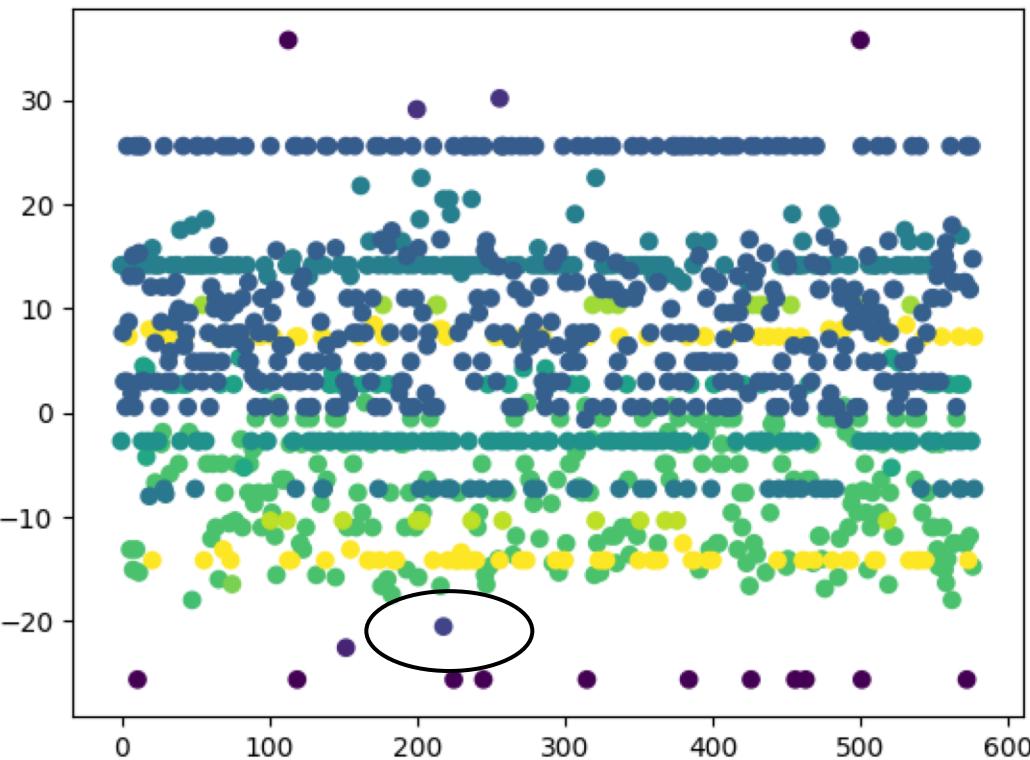
False Positives

$G(\text{velocity}(t) > \varepsilon_1 \Rightarrow F_{[0,0.5]}(\text{velocity}(t) < \varepsilon_2))$

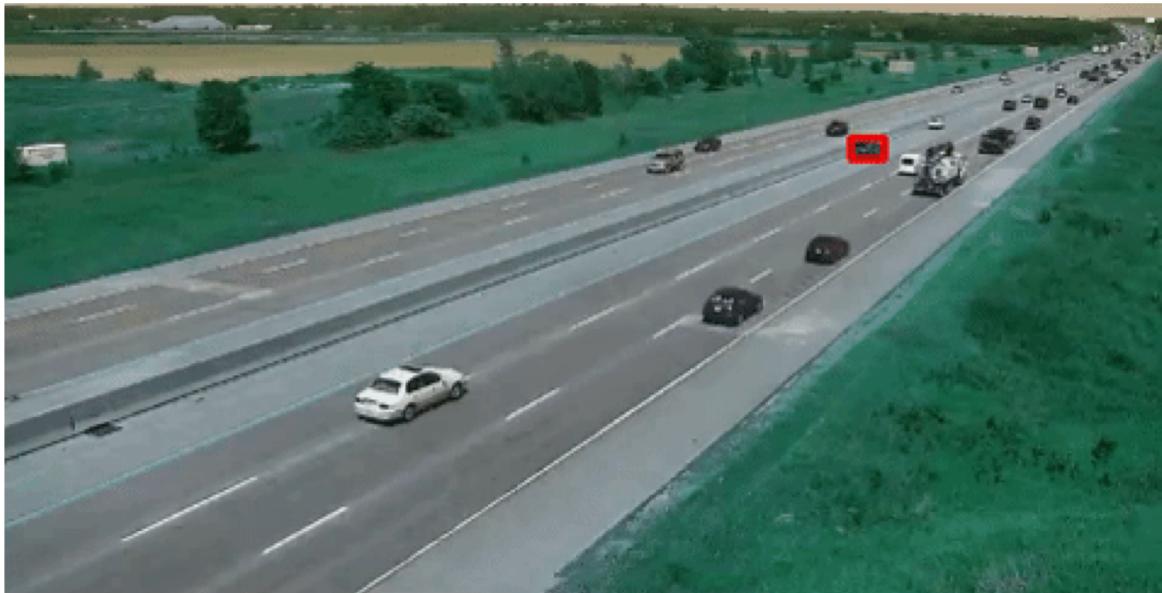


False Positives

$$F((\text{avg_v} - v[t]) > C)$$



Time of Detection



Anomaly Detected: 10:47



Actual Start Time: 9:39

Time of Detection



Anomaly Detected: 5:07



Actual Start Time: 4:50

Time of Detection



Anomaly Detected: 6:56



Actual Start Time: 6:55

Overall Results

- Small Sample Size:
 - 20 videos
 - 8 Anomalies
 - 5 Anomalies Detected
- Precision: 13%
- Recall: 63%
- RMSE Time of Detection: 31.7

Conclusion

Accomplishments and Areas of Improvement

- Neural Network for Object Detection
- Lane Detection with Computer Vision
- Improvements for better Anomaly Detection
 - Fine Tune Object Detection and Labeling
 - Improving techniques for automatically finding regions of interest

Future Work

- More STL rules
- Build a Neural Network to Detect Anomalies and use STL to evaluate
- Build a model to work in real time

Q&A

https://github.com/nicaless/cs599_project