## 1 COMP1687 Self Assessment Sheet for the 201718 Coursework This sheet must be completed and submitted with your report

URL

http://stuweb.cms.gre.ac.uk/~na2880g/web/cw/index.php

Student Use													
Level 1	Account creation	18	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Level 2	Verify account	12	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Level 3	Authentication	10	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Level 4	Member post	12	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Level 5	Image upload	10	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Level 6	Item search	10	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Level 7	Cookie	6	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Level 8	Report	16	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Staff Use													
Self-assessment		6	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Comments

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## 2.1 Statement of Functionality

The developed web application meets all levels of functionality. One exception is although the functionality of level 7 has been completed, no warning of cookie use is provided to the user.

#### 3.1 Bug Declaration

There are some known bugs to the system, these are noted below:

- If CSS is disabled, the embedded Google Maps break into several pieces. If JS and CSS is disabled this is not an issue as maps are not shown and users are guided to pages where they can use the site fully without JS.
- If the user hits the back button from the search results back to the search page, the start and end points appear back in the form but will not be submitted if the form. This will cause the search to find no results.
- On pages where there is little content, the footer does not stick to the bottom on larger screens. This is not a major issue to fix, however it was not noticed during development and only became apparent when testing on the universities computers.

## 4 Strengths and Weaknesses

## 4.1 Application

- 4.1.1 The strengths of the application are:
- It achieves all levels of functionality set out in the specification.
- User input for registration and login is validated using both HTML5 and JS.
- Errors are handled correctly and error messages are displayed to users.
- The site is protected from SQL injection.
- It is easy to use.
- It can be used without JS and largely without CSS.
- The code from all pages largely passes validation.
- The front-end design is attractive and makes good use of colour, spacing and grids.
- 4.1.2 The weaknesses of the application are:
- It does not display a cookie warning with links to a Cookie Policy.
- There are a couple of bugs, noted in the Bug Declaration.
- The PHP code gets a bit messy in some places and includes some repeating code. Functions should have been used to simplify the code and improve layout/readability of the code; in future projects I will ensure the use of functions for these purposes.

## **4.2 Development Process**

#### 4.2.1 Process

The web application was developed using an iterative approach, working through each level of functionality at a time. Initial design of the application was conducted before starting any development and designs were modified if necessary at the end of each level. Each level was broken

down into smaller stages (requirements), and stages were implemented one at a time with testing taking place throughout and at the end of each stage.

## 4.2.2 Strengths of Development Process

- Development was conducted in a structured and organized way using iterative cycles.
- It was found developing and testing small bits of functionality at a time led to thorough testing of the application at each level. This meant once a level was completed, few if any bugs were identified when integrating other levels of functionality.
- Conducting design before starting development led to an understanding of what files/pages would be needed to create the website and how the webpages would be laid out (i.e. what order functionality should be implemented).

#### 4.2.3 Weaknesses of Development Process

- Better planning could have been undertaken to manage time throughout the development process.
- PHP functions should have been identified before development, this would have led to the use of functions and therefore the generated code would have been simpler and less complex.
- Could have made better use of progressive enhancement practices to build core features before adding CSS and JS.

## 4.3 Evaluation and Testing

Evaluation of the web application was undertaken after implementation of each level. Once a level had been completed, the functionality was compared to the requirements set out in the coursework specification. If it was decided the application met the functionality set out in the specification then implementation of the next level was undertaken; if it was decided that the specification was not met, issues were noted, and the level was worked through again.

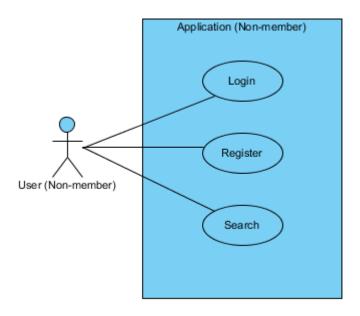
Testing was carried out throughout the development cycle, with final acceptance testing being carried out once all levels of functionality had been achieved. When working on a specific level of functionality, tests would be conducted anytime any requirements were added. Often the test would simply involve printing a success or error message to screen to determine where or not the application was functioning correctly. If a test was passed, the next stage would be implemented until the level was complete. At the end of each level, black-box testing was carried out on the current level and all previous levels. It is believed this led to thorough testing of the application and defects were identified and dealt with in a structured way.

Once all levels of functionality had been achieved the final application underwent acceptance testing, again from a black-box perspective. The issues/bugs identified at this point were fixed and the application was once again tested at all levels of functionality before restarting final acceptance testing.

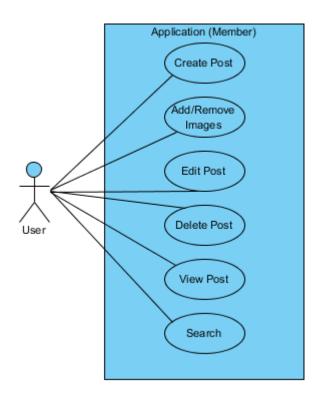
## **5 Design Documentation**

## **5.1** Use Case Diagrams

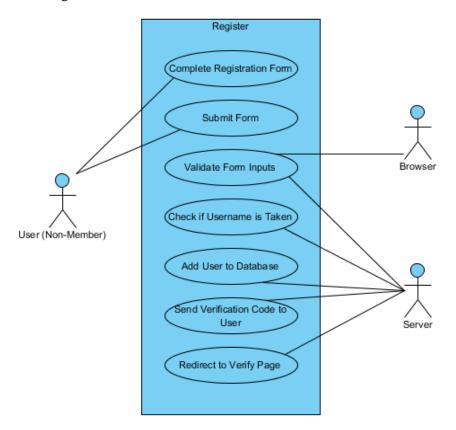
## 5.1.1 Application (Non-Member)



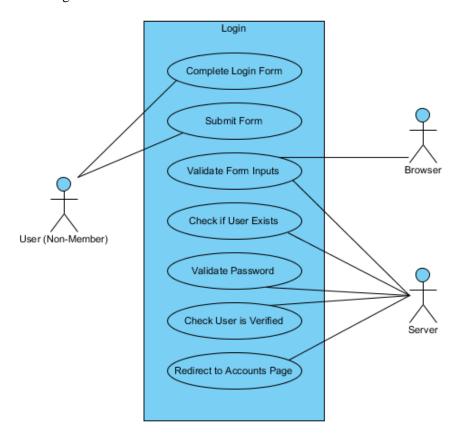
## 5.1.2 Application (Member)



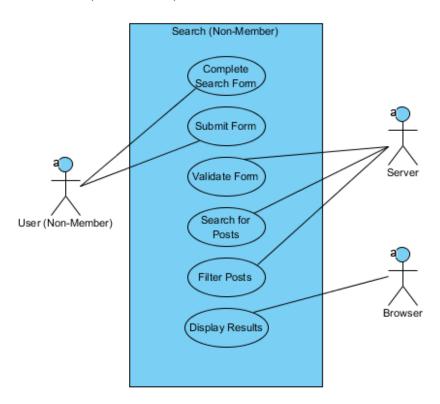
## 5.1.3 Register



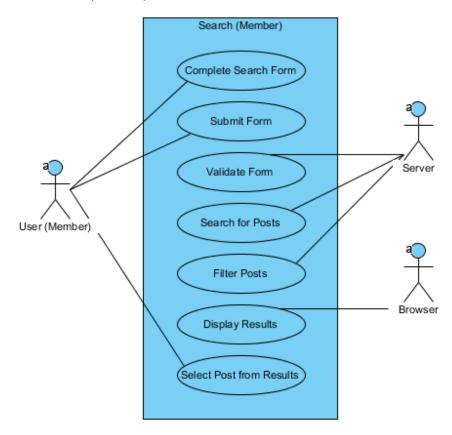
## 5.1.4 Login



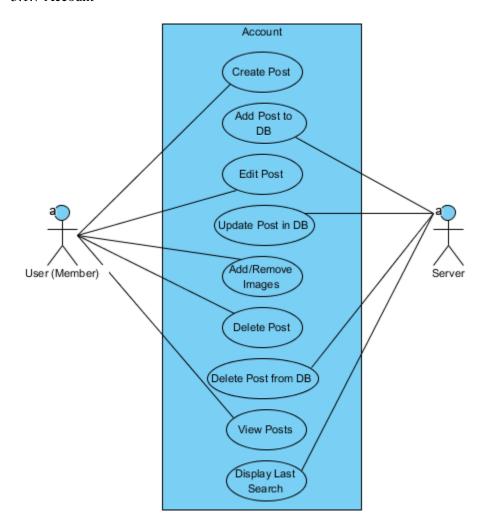
## 5.1.5 Search (Non-Member)



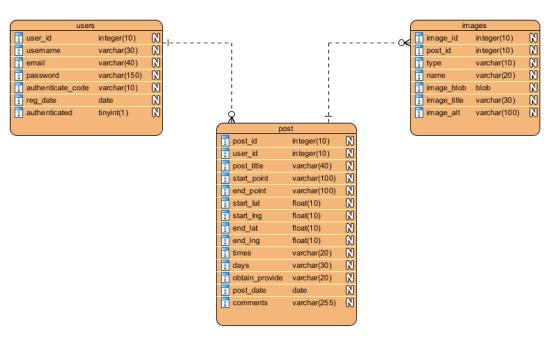
## 5.1.6 Search (Member)



#### 5.1.7 Account



## 5.2 Database Schema (ERD)



## 5.3 List and Description of all Files

#### 5.3.1 Main Pages

- account.php: User account page. Welcomes users and displays user's posts. User can add posts, edit posts, add images to posts and delete posts.
- addImage.php: Page that allows logged in users to add images to one of their posts.
- deletePost.php: Script that deletes a post from the database.
- editPost.php: Page that allows a logged in user to edit a post they have previously made.
- index.php: Home/landing page, features the login form.
- register.php: Sign-up/registration form. Allows a user to fill in a form and register with the application.
- search.php: Allows users to search for posts based on start/end location (taken from an embedded Google Map), time, days etc.
- searchResults.php: Gets results from search and sorts based on user's preferences, then displays on page.
- simpleCreatePost.php: Allows users to create a post without using JavaScript (No G.maps).
- simpleSearch.php: Allows users to perform a simple search without using JavaScript (No G.maps). Users with JS disabled will automatically be redirected here if they go to the search.php page.
- simpleSearchResults.php: Gets, sorts and displays results from a simple search.
- verify.php Allows a user to type in an authentication code to verify their account. If an unauthenticated user tries to log in, they will be redirected here.
- viewPost.php Allows a user to view the full details of a post and provides a link back to their search results, simple search results or account dependent upon which page directed them to viewPost.php.

## 5.3.2 Scripts and Includes

- addImageScript.php Script that adds an image to the database.
- addPostScript.php Script that adds a post to the database.
- captcha.php Script that generates a captcha image.
- connect.php Script to connect to the database.
- deleteImageScript Script to delete an image from a post.
- footer.php File that contains all code for the footer section. Included in all main pages.
- getImage.php Script to get images associated with a post.
- getPostScript.php Script to get all posts associated with a user.
- header.php File that contains all code for the header section. This includes the logo and navigation. Included in all main pages/  $\,$

- loginScript.php Script to verify a user's login details and check if their account has been verified.
- logout.php Script to destroy all session variables and log the user out. Redirects to index.php.
- updatePostScript.php Script that updates a user's post based on the information posted via the editPost.php page.
- verifyScript.php Script that verifies a user's authentication code and either logs the user into the site or redirects them back to the verify.php page and passes an error message.

#### 5.3.3 CSS

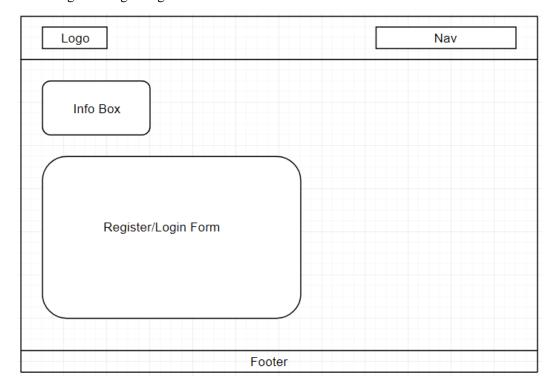
- styles.css Custom style sheet. Used to set the font, background image, text-colour, border-styling, button styling etc.
- bootstrap.min.css Boostrap style sheet. Used to enable usage of Bootstaps predefined CSS classes.

## 5.3.5 Images

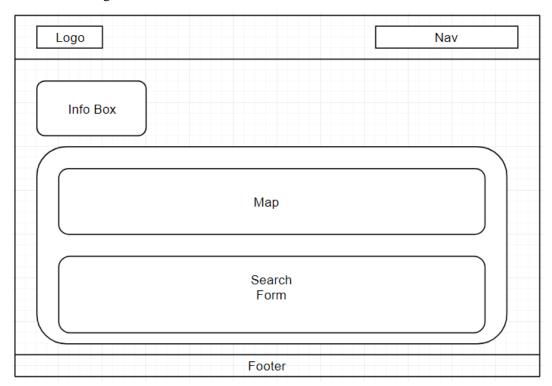
- bg-darkest.jpg Background image tile. This is a small tile taken from a stock image, it is repeated on the background. There are other variations of this file in the "img" folder but this is the only image used on the website apart from the captcha image.
- captcha\_background.png Image used for the captcha background.

## **5.4** Wireframe Designs

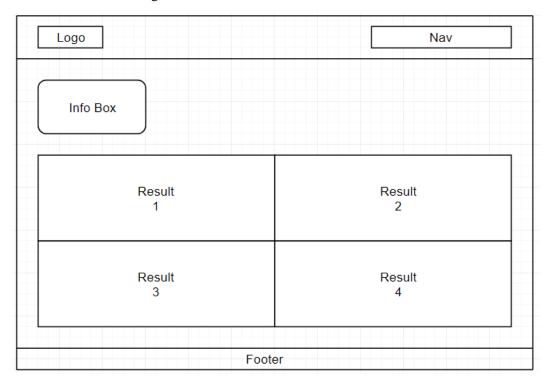
#### 5.4.1 Register/Login Page



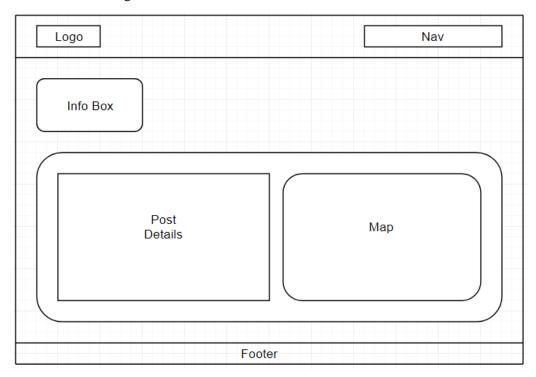
## 5.4.2 Search Page



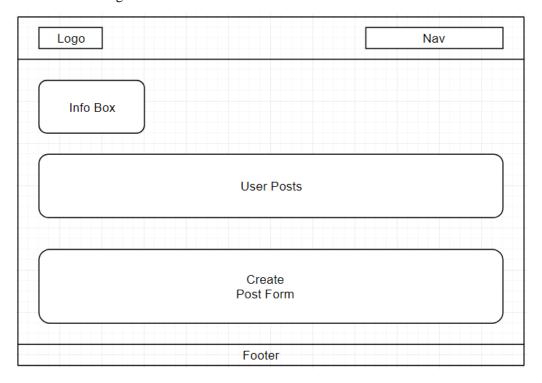
## 5.4.3 Search Results Page



## 5.4.4 View Post Page



## 5.4.5 Account Page



## 5.5 Screenshots of Application

## 5.5.1 Index/Login Page

This page allows a user to login to a previously created account. User input is validated using HTML extensions and JavaScript validation checks that the username and password is not empty. A captcha image is provided, and the user must type the code into the form. This input is also validated using the HTML5 "required" extension.



## 5.5.2 Registration Page

This page allows a user to sign up using a username, email and password. Inputs are validated using HTML5 extensions and username and password are validated by JavaScript to ensure both fields are at least 5 characters long. A captcha image is provided to ensure the user is a human.



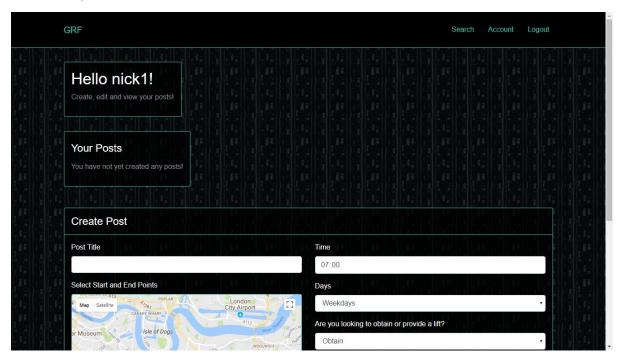
## 5.5.3 Verify Account Page

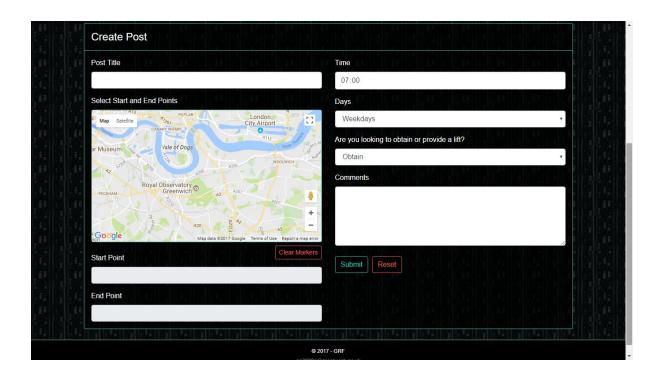
This page prompts a user to enter the authentication code sent to them via email. If a user who has not authenticated their account tried to login they will be redirected here. The value entered into this form is then submitted to a script that checks the code and either validates the account and logs the user in, or warns the user the code entered is incorrect.



## 5.5.4 Account Page (Without Posts)

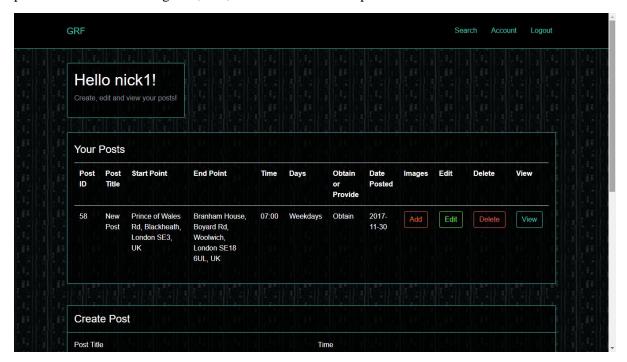
This is the default page the user is taken to when they first validate their account. They are welcomed with a greeting message and are informed that no posts have been created yet. The user can then use the create post form to create a new post. Upon submission the post is added, and the user is redirected back to the accounts page and will be able to see the newly created post as shown in the Account Page (With Posts) screenshot (5.5.5).





## 5.5.5 Account Page (With Posts)

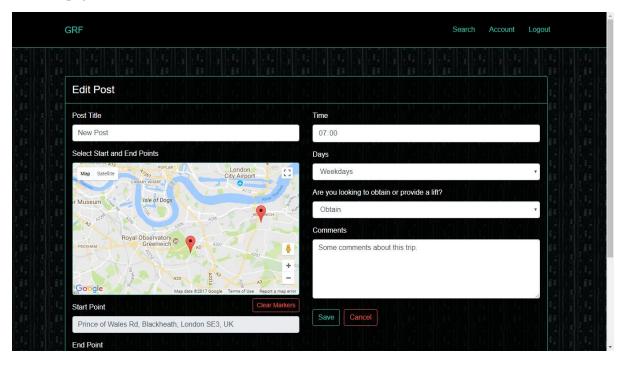
This page is displayed when a user has added at least one post. It has all the features mentioned above plus the user can add images to, edit, delete and view their post.



## 5.5.6 Edit Post Page

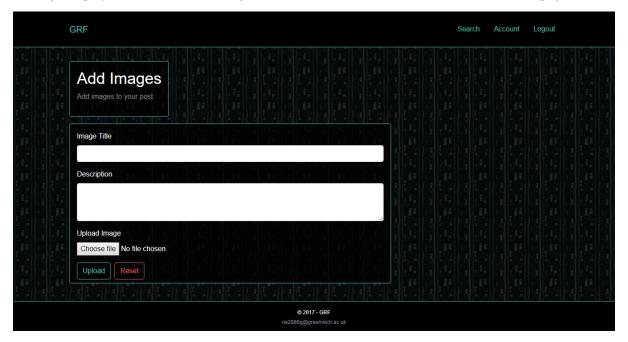
This page allows a user to edit a previously created post. The information of a specific post is pulled from the database and the form is populated with that information. The User can then make changes to the post and hit the save button. This is also the page where users can delete images from a post.

Once the user has pressed the save button the post is updated, and the user is redirected back to the accounts page. There is also a button to cancel the edit.



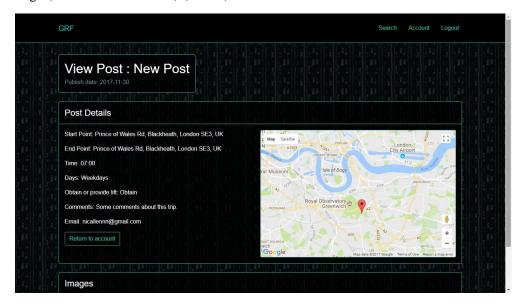
## 5.5.7 Add Images Page

This page allows a user to add images to a post. An image title and description must be entered, and an image must be selected. When submitted the image will be added to the database with a reference to the associated post. If any errors are made the user will be redirected back to this page and an error message displayed. If there are no images the user will be redirected back to the accounts page.



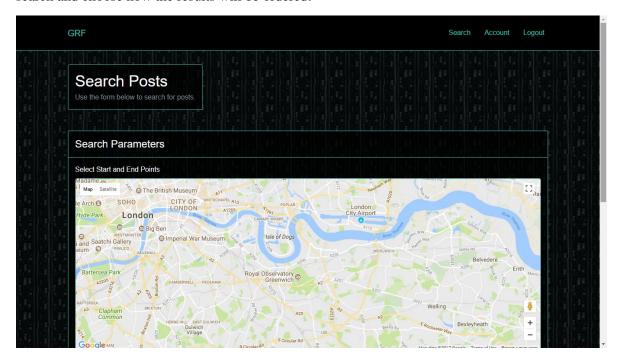
## 5.5.8 View Post Page (From Account)

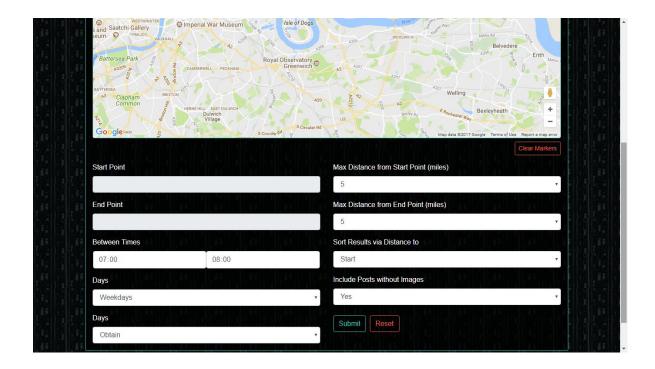
This page allows a user to view a post they have uploaded. The information related to a specific post will be displayed along with a map showing the start and end points. If the user has come from the accounts page, a button will be displayed to take the user back to accounts. If the user has come from a search result page the button will take the user back to their search results as shown in View Post Page (From Search Results) (5.5.11).



## 5.5.9 Search Page

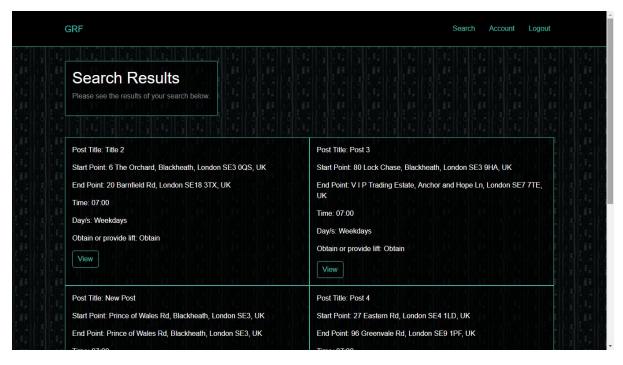
This page allows a user to enter information regarding a journey into a form. The start and end points are taken from the user clicking on an embedded Google Map. The user can also define filters for search and choose how the results will be ordered.





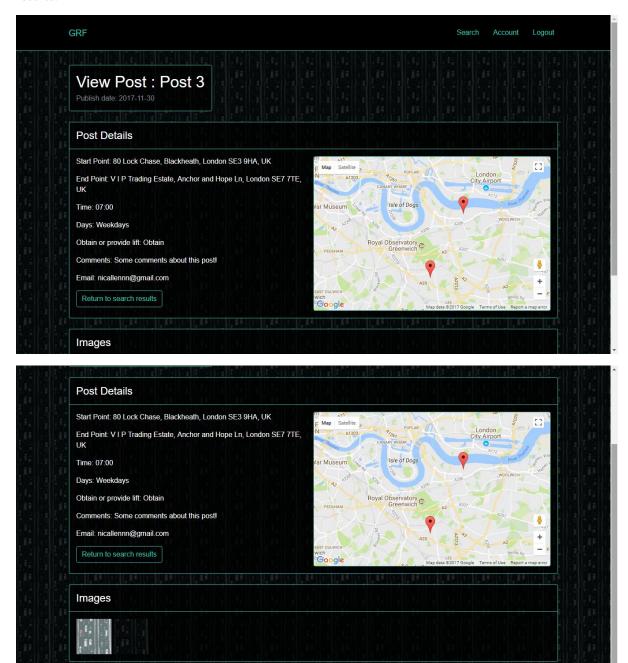
## 5.5.10 Search Results Page

This page displays the results from a search. The information for the search is passed through the form in the search page and all sorting, filtering etc. is carried out before displaying the results in a paginated, tiled format. The user then has the option to view the post, if the user is not logged in they will be redirected to the login page and an error message will be displayed.



## 5.5.11 View Post Page (From Search Results)

This is the same page described in the View Post Page above. The only difference is if the user had come to this page from the search results page, the return button will take the user back to the search results.

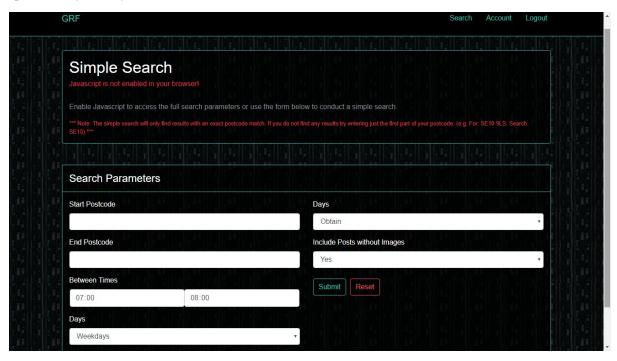


## 5.5.12 Simple Search Page (If JS is Disabled)

This page will allow a user without to perform a search without JavaScript (No Google Map). The user can enter information about their journey into the form however the form will only find exact matches. The user is warned of this and advised to only enter part of a postcode for start and end

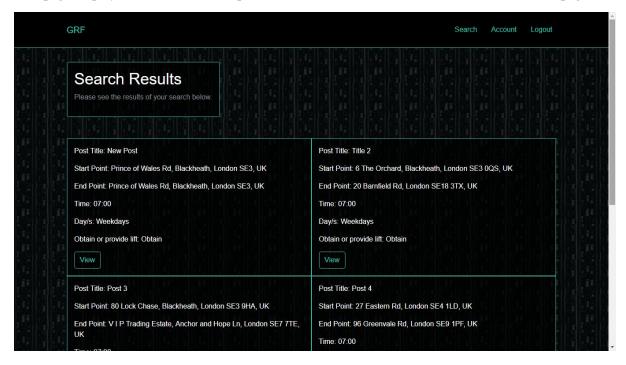
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points. The other search filters are carried out as normal, however the results are not ordered in any specific way (i.e. by distance to start/end).



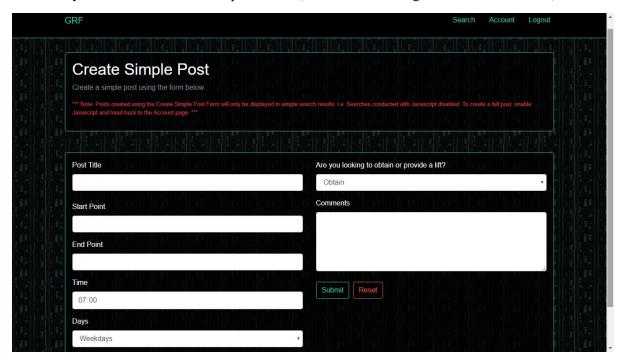
## 5.5.13 Simple Search Results Page

This page displays the results of a simple search. It looks the same as the main search results page.



#### 5.5.14 Simple Create Page (If JS is Disabled)

This page allows a user to create a post without using JavaScript (No Google Map). The user can manually enter start and end points however they are warned that their post will only be discovered in searches by other users with JavaScript disabled (no latitude and longitude values are stored).



#### **6 Borrowed Material**

## 6.1 Frameworks Used

The final web application developed to fulfil this coursework made use of Twitter Bootstrap 4.0. As the framework offers quick styling of webpages through its predefined CSS and JS classes, making use of the framework allowed me as the developer to spend more time working on the backend functionality and requirements, while still producing a well styled and enticing application.

#### 6.2 Code Sources

Below is a list of all the code borrowed for the development of the application.

## CODE ADAPTED FROM GOOGLE MAPS API - FINDING LOCATIONS WITH SQL

Found at: <a href="https://developers.google.com/maps/solutions/store-locator/clothing-store-locator">https://developers.google.com/maps/solutions/store-locator/clothing-store-locator</a>

# CODE ADAPTED FROM STACK OVERFLOW - HOW TO REDIRECT IF JAVASCRIPT IS DISABLED

Found at: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/2489376/how-to-redirect-if-javascript-is-disabled

## CODE ADAPTED STACK OVERFLOW - LIKE OPERATOR WITH \$VARIABLE

Found at: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1843640/like-operator-with-variable

# CODE ADAPTED FROM WEB APPLICATIONS COURSE NOTES - GOOGLE MAP INTEGRATION

Found at: <a href="http://stuweb.cms.gre.ac.uk/~ha07/web/JavaScript/GoogleMap.html">http://stuweb.cms.gre.ac.uk/~ha07/web/JavaScript/GoogleMap.html</a>

CODE ADAPTED FROM WEB APPLICATIONS COURSE NOTES - UPLOADING FILES TO MYSOL

Found at: http://stuweb.cms.gre.ac.uk/~ha07/web/PHP/imageUpload.html

CODE ADAPTED FROM W3SCHOOLS - HMTL FORM ELEMENTS

Found at: <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/html/html\_form\_elements.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/html/html\_form\_elements.asp</a>

CODE ADAPTED FROM W3SCHOOLS - HTML5 INPUT TYPE HIDDEN

Found at: <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml5\_input\_type\_hidden">https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml5\_input\_type\_hidden</a>

CODE ADAPTED FROM W3SCHOOLS - PHP INSERT DATA INTO MYSQL

Found at: <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/php/php\_mysql\_insert.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/php/php\_mysql\_insert.asp</a>

CODE ADAPTED FROM W3SCHOOLS - PHP MAIL() FUNCTION

Found at:https://www.w3schools.com/php/func\_mail\_mail.asp

CODE ADAPTED FROM W3SCHOOLS - PHP SETCOOKIE FUNCTION

Found at: <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/php/func">https://www.w3schools.com/php/func</a> <a href="https://www.waschools.com/php/func">https://www.waschools.com/php/func</a> <a href="https://www

CODE ADAPTED FROM W3SCHOOLS - PHP SUPERGLOBALS

Found at: <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/php/php\_superglobals.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/php/php\_superglobals.asp</a>

CODE ADAPTED FROM W3SCHOOLS - SQL UPDATE STATEMENT

Found at: <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql\_update.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql\_update.asp</a>