# 041528 LI-POLYMER BATTERY

## Specification

Type: <u>041528 110mAh</u>

Prepared/Date	Auditing/Date	Approved/Date
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May 28, 2010	May 28, 2010	May 28, 2010

### **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description
2.0	July, 22, 2006	Original release
3.0	May 28, 2010	Update capacity and weight

## **UNIONFOR**PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Doc. No.	2010.5.28
Edition No.	3.0
Sheet	1/5

#### 1º Scope

This product specification describes UNIONFORTUNE polymer lithium-ion battery. Please using the test methods that recommend in this specification. If you have any opinions or advices about the test items and methods, please contact us. Please read the cautions recommended in the specifications first, take the credibility measure of the cell's using.

#### 2<sup>n</sup> Product Type, Model and Dimension

- 2.1 Type Polymer lithium-ion battery
- 2.2 Model <u>041528</u>

#### 3<sup>n</sup> Specification

Item		Specifications	Remark
Nominal Ca	pacity	<u>110</u> mAh	0.2C <sub>5</sub> A discharge
Nominal Vo	oltage	3.7V	Average Voltage at 0.2C <sub>5</sub> A discharge
Charge Cu	rrent	Standard 0.2 C <sub>5</sub> A Max 1C <sub>5</sub> A	Working temperature 0 40
Charge cut-of	f Voltage	4.20±0.03V	
Standard Dischar	rge Current	0.2C <sub>5</sub> A	Working temperature -20 60
Max Discharge	e Current	2.0C <sub>5</sub> A	Working temperature 0 60
Discharge cut-off Voltage		2.75 V	
Cell Voltage		3.7-3.9 V	When leave factory
Impedar	nce	≤ <u>25</u> mΩ	AC 1KHz after 50% charge
Weigh	t	2.65g	
	≤1month	-200 450	
Storage temperature	≤3month	00 300	D 4 2015 F. Co. Love Co. A.
temperature	≤6month	20±5[	Best 20±5 for long-time storage
Storage humidity		65±20% RH	

#### **4**<sup> □</sup> General Performance

**Definition of Standard charging method** At  $20\pm50$  C charging the cell initially with constant current  $0.2C_5A$  till voltage 4.2V, then with constant voltage 4.2V till current declines to  $0.05C_5A$ .

Item Test Methods		Performance	
4.1	0.2C Capacity	After standard charging, laying the battery 0.5h, then discharging at $0.2C_5A$ to voltage 2.75V, recording the discharging time.	≥300min
4.2	1C Capacity	After standard charging, laying the battery 0.5h, then discharging at $1C_5A$ to voltage 2.75V, recording the discharging time.	≥51min
4.3	Cycle Life	Constant current 1C <sub>5</sub> A charge to 4.2V, then constant voltage charge to current declines to 0.05C <sub>5</sub> A, stay 5min [] constant current 1C <sub>5</sub> A discharge to 2.75V [] stay 5min. Repeat above steps till continuously discharging time less than 36min.	≥300times
4.4	Capability of	20±50, After standard charging, laying the battery 28days,	≥240min
	keeping	discharging at 0.2C <sub>5</sub> A to voltage 2.75V, recording the discharging	
	electricity	time.	

HNIONEOD	Doc. No.	2010.5.28
UNIONFOR	Edition No.	3.0
PRODUCT SPECIFICATION	Sheet	2/5

#### **5**<sup>n</sup> Environment Performance

	Item	Test Methods	Performance
5.1	High temperature	After standard charging, laying the battery 4h at $600$ , then discharging at $0.2C_5A$ to voltage 2.75V, recording the discharging time.	≥270min
5.2	Low temperature	After standard charging, laying the battery 4h at 0.2C <sub>5</sub> A, then discharging at 0.2C <sub>5</sub> A to voltage 2.75V, recording the discharging time.	≥210min
5.3	Constant humidity and temperature	After standard charging, laying the battery 48h at $40\pm2\mathbb{I}$ , R H 93±2%. Recording 0.2C <sub>5</sub> A discharging time	No distortion No electrolytes leakage ≥270 min
5.4	Temperature shock	After standard charging, battery stored at -201 for 2 hours, then stored at 501 for 2 hours. Repeat 10 times.	No electrolytes leakage

#### 6 Mechanical Performance

	Item	Test Methods	Performance
6.1	Vibration	After standard charging, put battery on the vibration table. 30 min experiment from X,Y,Z axis. Scan rate: 1 oct/min; Frequency 10-30Hz, Swing 0.38mm; Frequency 30-55Hz, Swing 0.19mm.	No influence to batteries' electrical performance and appearance.
6.2	Collision	After vibration test, batteries were laying on the vibration table about X, Y, Z axis. Max frequency acceleration: 100m/s <sup>2</sup> ; collision times per minutes: 40~80; frequency keeping time 16ms; all collision times 1000±10.	No influence to batteries' electrical performance and appearance.
6.3	Drop	Random drop the battery from 10m height onto concrete one times.	No explosion or fire

#### 7º Safety Test

**Test conditions**<sup>n</sup> The following tests must be measured at flowing air and safety protection conditions. All batteries must standard charge and lay 24h.

	Item Test Methods		Performance
7.1	Over charge	At 20±5 , charging batteries with constant current 3C <sub>5</sub> A to voltage 4.8V, then with constant voltage 4.8V till current decline to 0. Stop test till batteries' temperature 10 lower than max temperature.	No explosion or fire
7.2	Over discharge	At $20 \pm 5 \mathbb{I}$ , discharge battery with $0.2 C_5 A$ continuously 12.5h.	No explosion or fire
7.3	Short-circuit	At $20\pm5\mathbb{I}$ , connect batteries' anode and cathode by wire which impedance less than $50\text{m}\Omega$ , keep $6\text{h}$ .	No explosion or fire
7.4	Extrusion	At 20±50, put the battery in two parallel steal broad, add pressure 13 kN.	No explosion or fire
7.5	Thermal shock	Put the battery in the oven. The temperature of the oven is to be raised at 5±10 per minute to a temperature of 130±20 and remains 60 minutes.	No explosion or fire

## **UNIONFORTUNE**

### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Doc. No.	2010.5.28
Edition No.	3.0
Sheet	3/5

#### 8 Cautions

1.	Cautions of batteries' operation  The batteries must be careful of proceed the operation for it's soft package.
	<ul> <li>□ Aluminum packing materials</li> <li>The aluminum packing material was easily damaged by the sharp edge part, such as nickel-tabs.</li> <li>□ forbid to use the sharp part touching the battery;</li> <li>□ should cleaning working condition, avoiding the sharp edge part existence;</li> <li>□ forbid to pierce the battery with nail and other sharp items;</li> <li>□ the battery was forbidden with metal, such as necklace, hairpin etc in transportation and storage.</li> </ul>
	☐ Sealed edge  Sealing edge is very easily damaged and don't bend it.  The Al interlayer of package has good electric performance. It's forbidden to connect with exterior component for preventing short-circuits.
	□ Folding edge  The folding edge is formed in batteries' processes and passed all hermetic tests, don't open or deform it. The Al interlayer of package has good electric performance. It's forbidden to connect with exterior component for preventing short-circuits.
	☐ Tabs  The batteries' tabs are not so stubborn especially for aluminum tabs. Don't bend tabs.
	☐ Mechanical shock Don't fall, hit, bent the batteries' body.
	□ Short-circuit Short-circuit is strictly prohibited. It should damage batteries badly.
2.	Standard Test Environment for polymer lithium-ion batteries Environment temperature: 20±5 Humidity: 45-85%
3.	Cautions of charge & discharge
	<ul> <li>□ charge</li> <li>Charging current should be lower than values that recommend below. Higher current and voltage charging may cause damage to cell electrical, mechanical, safety performance and could lead heat generation or leakage.</li> <li>□ Batteries charger should charging with constant current and constant voltage mode;</li> <li>□ Charging current should be lower than (or equal to )1C<sub>5</sub>A;</li> <li>□ Temperature 0 □ 40 □ is preferred when charging;</li> <li>□ Charging voltage must be lower than 4.25 V.</li> </ul>

UNIONFORTUNE	Doc. No.	2010.5.28
PRODUCT SPECIFICATION	Edition No.	2.0

	Sheet	4/5	
□ discharge			
$\Box$ Discharging current must be lower than (or equal to )2C <sub>5</sub> A;			
☐ Temperature 0 60 is preferred when discharging;			
☐ Discharging voltage must not be lower than 2.75V.			
□ over-discharge			
It should be noted that the cell would be at an over-discha			
prevent over-discharge, the cell shall be charged periodically			
Over-discharge may cause loss of cell performance. It should be	be noted that the	e cell would not discharge	
till voltage lower than 2.5V.			
<b>4.Storage of polymer lithium-ion batteries</b> The environment of long-time storage:			
The environment of fong-time storage.  Temperature: 20±50;			
Humidity: 45-85%;			
Batteries were 40 60% charged.			
5. Transportation of polymer lithium-ion batteries			
The batteries should transportation with 10 50% charged state	S.		
6.Others			
Please note cautions below to prevent cells' leakage, heat gener	ation and explo	sion.	
Prohibition of disassembly cells;			
Prohibition of cells immersion into liquid such as water or seaw	ater;		
Prohibition of dumping cells into fire;			
Prohibition of using damaged cells. The cells with a smell of electrolyte or leakage must be placed away			
	from fire to avoid firing.		
In case of electrolyte leakage contact with skin, eye, physician	is shall flush th	ie electrolyte immediately	
with fresh water and medical advise is to be sought.			
9. Notice of Designing Battery Pack			
9.1 Pack design			
Battery pack should have sufficient strength and battery should be protected from mechanical shock. No			
sharp edge components should be inside the pack contain the battery	7.		
9.2 PCM design			
The overcharge threshold voltage should not be exceed 4.25V.			
The over-discharge threshold voltage should not be lower than 2.75V.			
The PCM should have short protection function built inside.			
9.3 Tab connection			
Ultrasonic welding or spot welding is recommended to connect	battery with Po	CM or other parts.	
If apply manual solder method to connect tab with PCM, the notice be	<del>-</del>	-	
performance.	010 W 15 V C1 y 111	iportuint to ensure buttery	
r			
☐ The electric iron should be temperature controlled and ESD s	safe:		
☐ Soldering temperature should not exceed 3500;	·············		
☐ Soldering time should not be longer than 3s, keep battery tab	cold down bef	ore next soldering;	
□ Soldering times should not exceed 5 times;		٠,	
☐ Directly heat cell body is strictly prohibited, battery may be	damaged by hea	at above approx. 100\overline{\text{\text{.}}}	

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PRODUCT	SPECIF	<b>ICAT</b>	ION

Doc. No.	2010.5.28
Edition No.	3.0
Sheet	5/5

#### 9.4 Cell fixing

The battery should be fixed to the battery pack by its large surface area. No cell movement in the battery pack should be allowed.

#### 9.5 Cells replacement

The cell replacement should be done by professional people.

Prohibit short-circuit between cells' Al package and exterior component.