



MONTESSORI ELITE SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL

(Affiliated to CBSE, New Delhi – Affiliation No – 130604)

ELITE IIT ACADEMY

IIT (Online) Refresher Course

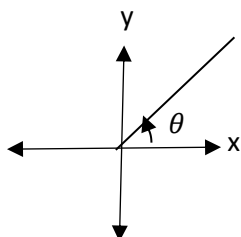


Subject : Physics

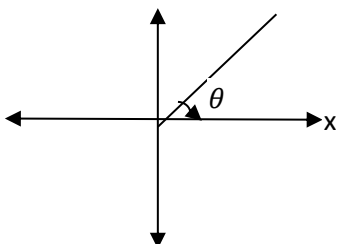
Date : 01 – 05 - 23

Worksheet 1

1. If the volume of the sphere $V = f(r) = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ find the volume $V = f(10 \text{ m})$. ()
a) $\frac{4\pi}{3} \text{ m}^3$ b) $\frac{32\pi}{3} \text{ m}^3$ c) $\frac{4000\pi}{3} \text{ m}^3$ d) $\frac{8000\pi}{3} \text{ m}^3$
2. If surface of sphere $S = f(r) = 4\pi r^2$ find the surface of sphere at $S = f(2\text{m})$ ()
a) $400\pi \text{ m}^2$ b) $4\pi \text{ m}^2$ c) $16\pi \text{ m}^2$ d) $1600\pi \text{ m}^2$
3. If $Y = f(x) = x^2 + x$ find the value of $f(1)$ is ()
a) 0 b) 2 c) 6 d) 12
4. If $Y = f(x) = x^2 + x$ find the value of $f\{f(1)\}$ is ()
a) 0 b) 2 c) 6 d) 12
5. If $Y = f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+2}$ find $f\{f(x)\}$ of composite functions ()
a) $\frac{3x+2}{5x+3}$ b) $\frac{2x+3}{3x+5}$ c) $\frac{4x+1}{3x+4}$ d) $\frac{2x+6}{3x+7}$
6. To convert 15° degrees into equivalent radians ()
a) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ b) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ c) $\frac{\pi}{12}$ d) π
7. To convert $\frac{\pi}{6}$ radians into equivalent degrees ()
a) 30° b) 60° c) 45° d) 90°
8. The following fig shown in below angle θ is ()



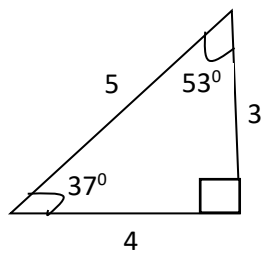
- a) positive b) negative c) neither +ve or –ve d) zero
9. The following fig shown in below angle θ is ()



- a) positive b) negative c) both a and b d) zero

10. From a given right angled triangle find the $\sin 37^\circ$ equal to

()



a) $\frac{3}{5}$

b) $\frac{4}{5}$

c) $\frac{4}{3}$

d) $\frac{3}{4}$