

Inequalities

$x^2 + 1 = x \rightarrow$ equation

$$\cdot 1 > 4$$

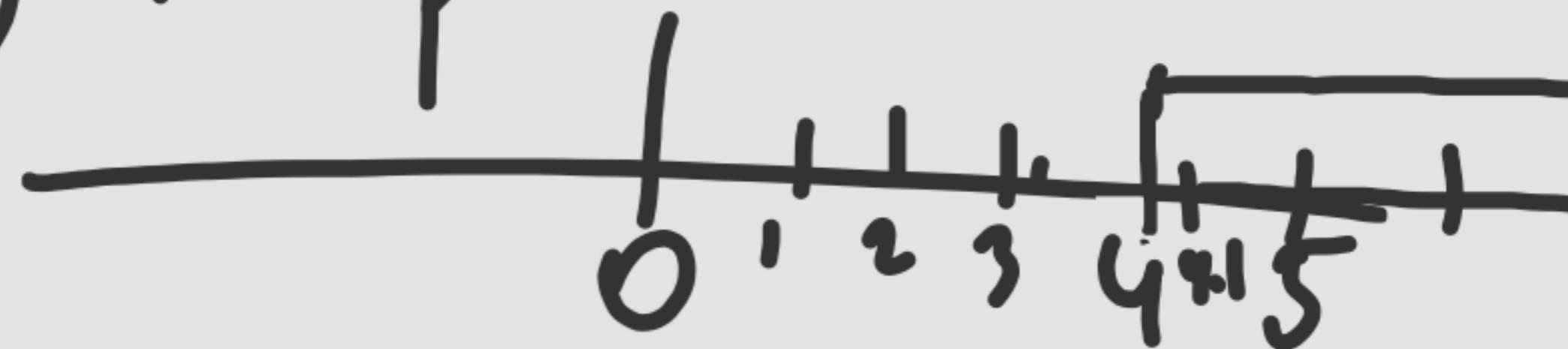
$$5 > 4$$

~~3 < 4~~

$$x^2 + 1 \geq x$$

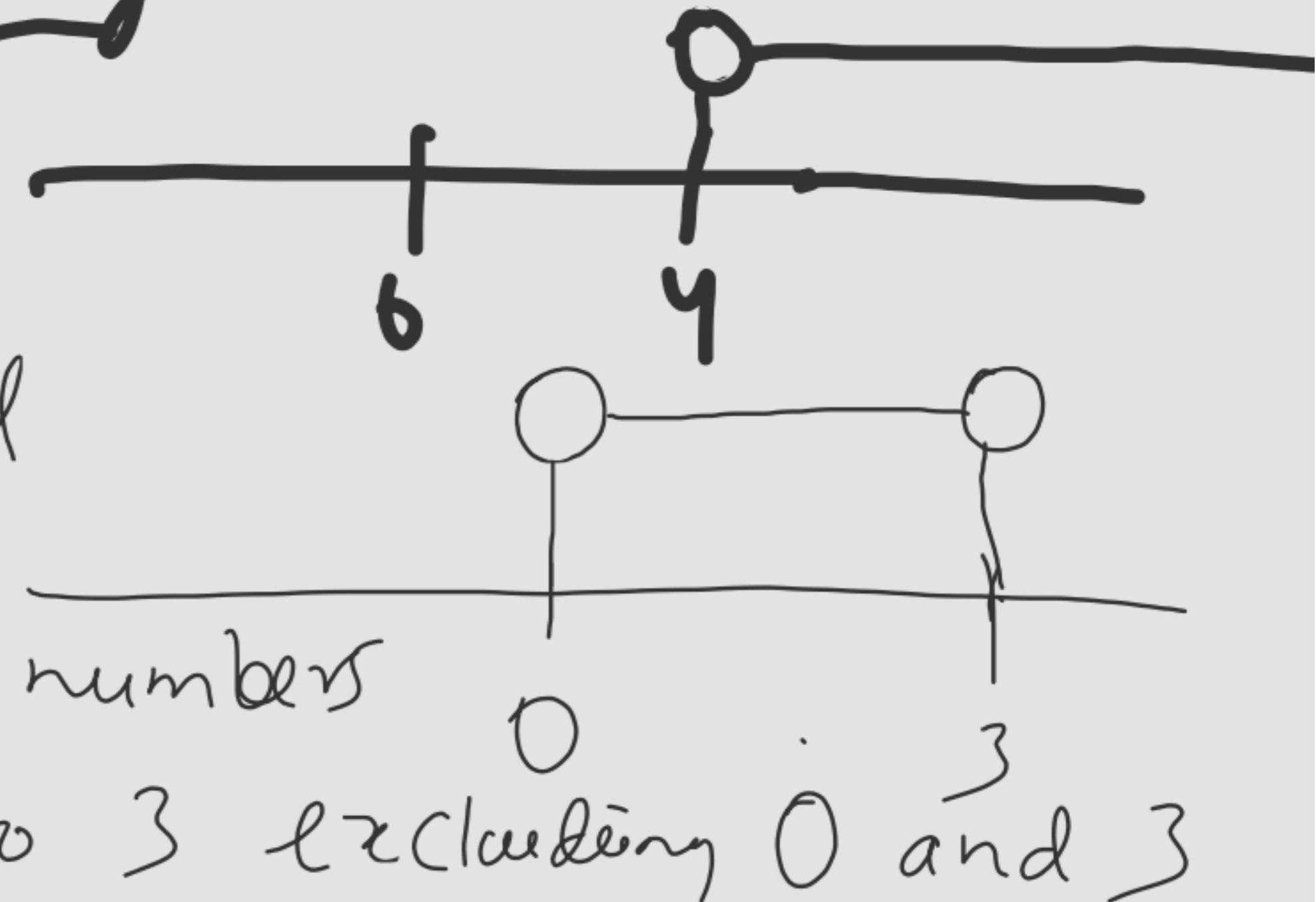
$$x > 4$$

$$x^2 - x + 1 = 0 \geq$$



Inequality

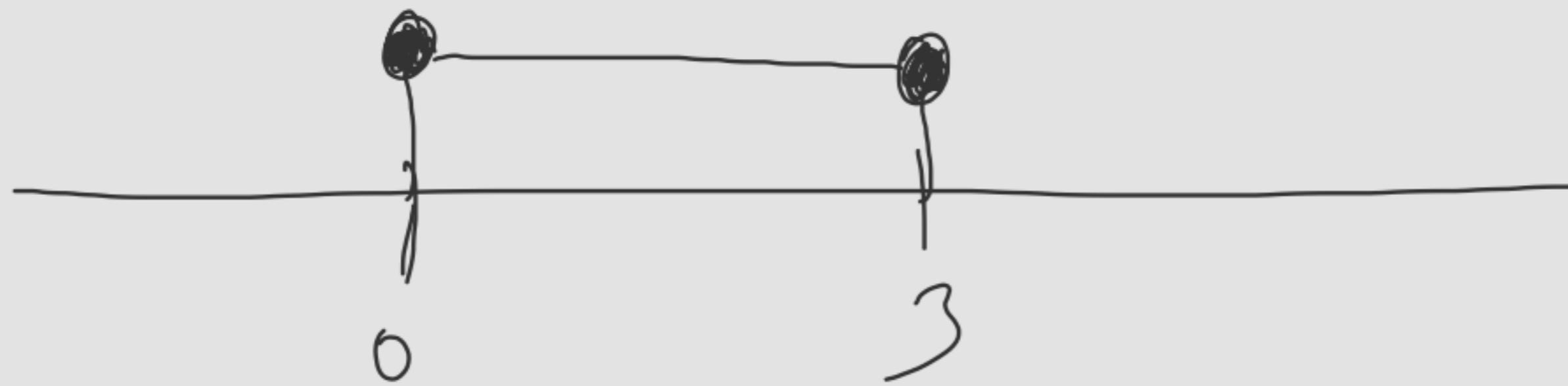
$$x > y$$



①

Open interval

$(0, 3)$ → all the numbers
b/w 0 to 3 excluding 0 and 3

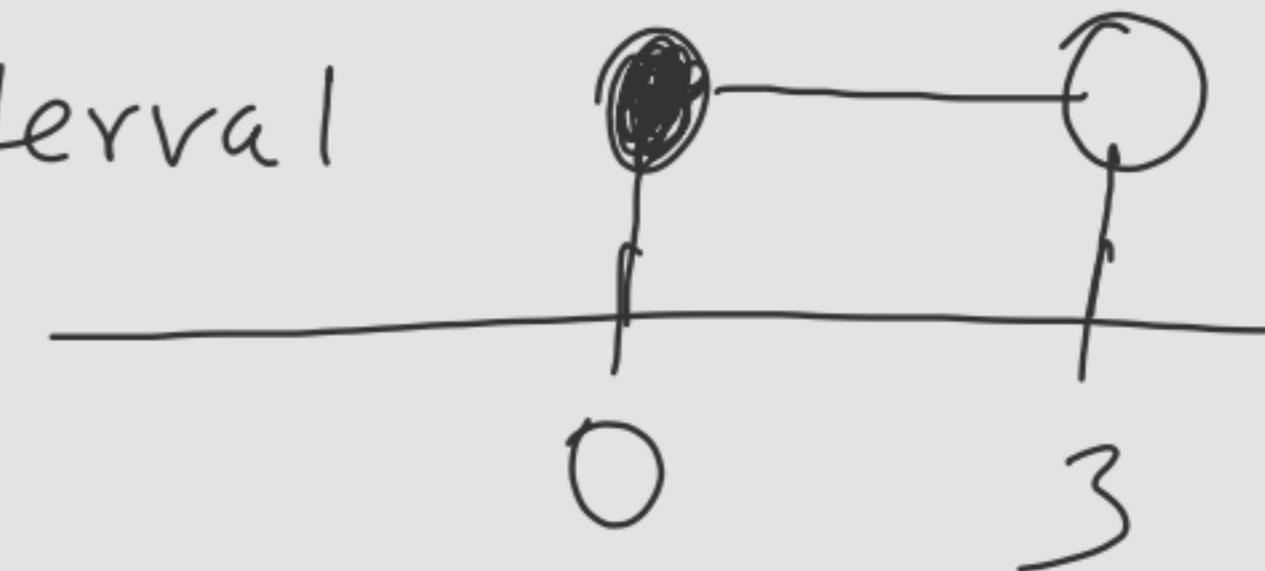


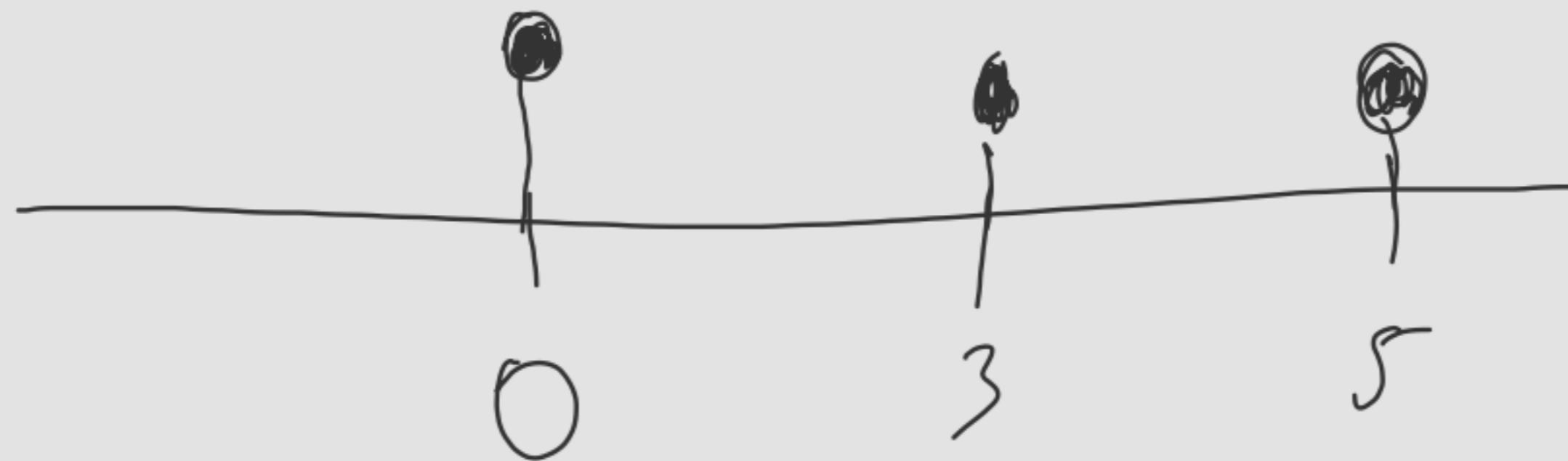
① Closed interval

- $[0, 3]$ → all the numbers b/w 0 to 3 including 0 and 3.

② Semi-closed or semi open interval

$$[0, 3)$$





$\{0, 3, 5\} \rightarrow$ discrete values which is
0, 3, 5

Set -!

Basic of inequality

Linear factor
or

Quadratic factor
or

Polynomial factor

Logarithmic inequality

$$\log_n 2 > 0$$

Trigonometric inequality

$$\sin x - \frac{1}{2} > 0$$

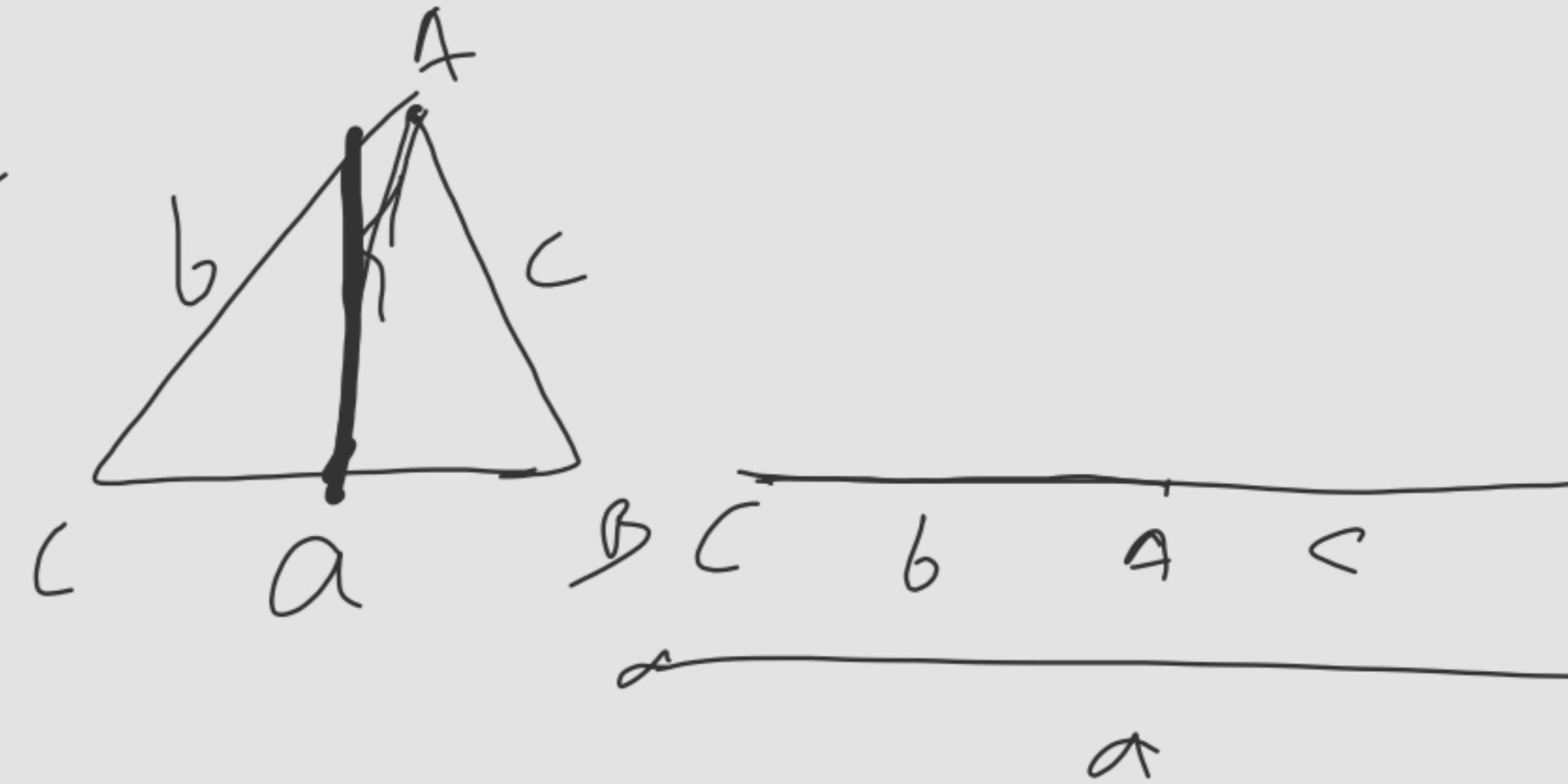
Inverse trigonometric ineq

$$\sin^{-1} x > \frac{\pi}{4}$$

Triangular inequality

$$b + c \geq a$$

$$a + c \geq b$$



$$\underline{b + c = a}$$

All real numbers have a beautiful property that they
can be compared

$$2 < 5$$

$$-3 < -2$$

$$3 = 3$$

$$\sqrt{5} > 2$$

$$x^2 + 1 > x^2$$

~~$$2+3i > 3+3i$$~~

Law of trichotomy

$x_1 > x_2 \rightarrow x_1$ is greater than x_2

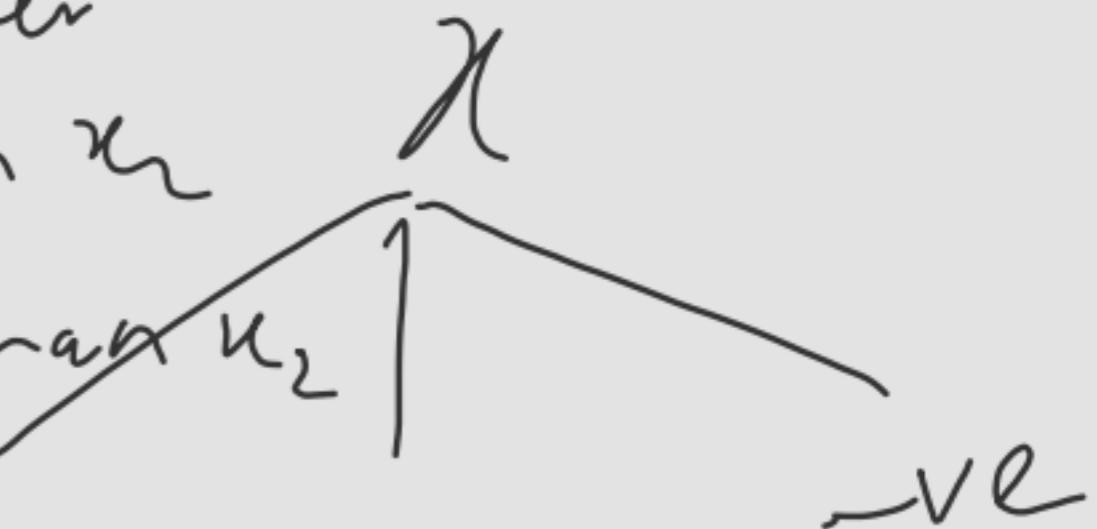
$x_1 < x_2 \rightarrow x_1$ is less than x_2

$x_1 = x_2 \rightarrow x_1$ is equal to x_2

$3 > -5$
 $-3 > -5$

} numerical inequality

x_1
 x_2



$$2 > | \rightarrow -3$$

$$-3 < 5 < 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + 1 &> x^2 \\ x^2 - 4 &< x^2 \end{aligned}$$

\left. \begin{aligned} &\text{strict} \\ &\text{inequality} \end{aligned} \right\}

double
inequality

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + y^2 &\geq 2xy \\ x^2 + y^2 &\leq z \end{aligned}$$

\left. \begin{aligned} &\text{greater} \\ &\text{than} \\ &\text{equal to} \\ &\text{less} \\ &\text{than} \\ &\text{equal to} \end{aligned} \right\}

S1.0
cheq

Properties of Inequality

$x > 0$ and $y > 0$

or

$x < 0$ and $y < 0$

$$\underline{xy > 0}$$

$$2 \times 3 = > 0$$

$$-2 \times -3 > 0$$

$x > 0$ and $y < 0$
or
 $x < 0$ and $y > 0$

$$xy < 0$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \cancel{+ve \times -ve = -ve} \\ -ve \times +ve = \underline{-ve} \end{array}$$

$$a > b \\ c > d$$

$$\begin{array}{r} .5 > 3 \\ -3 > -5 \\ \hline 2 > -2 \end{array}$$

$$a + c > b + d \text{ (True)}$$

$$a - c > b - d \text{ (false)}$$

$$ac > bd \text{ (false)}$$

$$\frac{a}{c} > \frac{b}{d} \text{ (false)}$$

$$a = b \\ c = d$$

$$a + c = b + d$$

$$a - c = b - d$$

$$ac = bd$$

$$\frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{d} \quad \{ c \neq 0 \}$$

$$a > b$$

$$c > d$$

$$a - c > b - d \text{ (false)}$$

$$3 > 2$$

$$-3 > -4$$

$$\textcircled{-9 > 8}$$

$$4 > 2$$

$$4 > 1$$

$$\textcircled{0 > 1}$$

$$7 > 5$$

$$8 > 5$$

$$\textcircled{-1 > 0}$$

$$a > b > 0$$

$$c > d > 0$$

$$a+c > b+d \text{ (True)}$$

$$a-c > b-d \text{ (False)}$$

$$ac > bd \text{ (True)}$$

$$\frac{a}{c} > \frac{b}{d} \text{ (false)}$$

$$4 > 2$$

$$4 > 1$$

$$0 > 1$$

$$\frac{16 > 1}{2}$$

$$\frac{4}{4} > \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} > \frac{2}{2}$$

$$a > b$$

$$a+k > b+k \text{ (True)}$$

$$a-k > b-k \text{ (True)}$$

$$ak > bk \text{ (false)}$$

$$\frac{a}{k} > \frac{b}{k} \text{ (false)}$$

$$x_1 \quad x_2$$

$$\bullet \quad ? \quad ?$$

$$4 > 2$$

$$-4 \cancel{>} 2$$

$$k =$$

$$a > b$$

$$k > 0$$

$$ak > bk$$

If an inequation
is multiplied
with +ve value
then inequality
remain same

$$k < 0$$

$$ak < bk$$

If an inequation
is multiplied
with -ve value
the inequality will
change.

$$3 > 2$$

$$\begin{matrix} 5 \\ K = 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$6 > 4$$

$$\begin{matrix} 4 \\ K = -2 \end{matrix}$$

$$-2 - 6 < -4$$

$$|x| = 2$$

$$|x| = x$$

$$x = \pm 2$$

$$|-2| = 2$$

$$|2| = 2$$

$$|x| = \begin{cases} x & \text{when } x \geq 0 \\ -x & \text{when } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$|2| = x = 2$$

$$|-2| = -(-2) = +2$$