HW 9 Solutions

Problem 3(ghi)

```
1
2 /**
* Problem 3 parts (g) (h) and (i)
* Author: Nicolas Ventura
5 */
7 #include <stdio.h>
8 #include <fourbar.h>
9 #include <chplot.h>
10
int main(void) {
      /* Setup */
12
       CFourbar fourbar;
13
14
       CPlot plotx, plotv, plota, plott;
       fourbar.uscUnit(false);
15
      fourbar.setLinks(5.0/100, 2.0/100, 3.0/100, 4.5/100, deg2rad
16
       (15.0):
17
      fourbar.setCouplerPoint(2.5/100, deg2rad(30.0));
      fourbar.setNumPoints(100);
18
19
       /* Part (g) */
      fourbar.setAngularVel(15.0);
20
      fourbar.plotAngularPoss(&plotx, 1);
21
       fourbar.plotAngularVels(&plotv, 1);
      fourbar.plotAngularAccels(&plota, 1);
23
      /* Part (h) */
24
25
       array double x[9],
           theta_1[1:4], theta_2[1:4],
26
27
           omega_1[1:4], omega_2[1:4],
           alpha_1[1:4], alpha_2[1:4];
28
       theta_1[1] = deg2rad(15.0);
29
      theta_1[2] = deg2rad(45.0);
30
      theta_2[1] = deg2rad(15.0);
31
32
      theta_2[2] = deg2rad(45.0);
      omega_1[2] = 15.0;
omega_2[2] = 15.0;
33
34
      fourbar.setMass(0.8, 2.4, 1.4);
35
36
      fourbar.setInertia(0.012, 0.119, 0.038);
      \texttt{fourbar.setGravityCenter} (1.25/100\,,\ 2.75/100\,,\ 2.50/100\,,
37
           deg2rad(30.0), deg2rad(15.0), deg2rad(30.0);
38
      fourbar.angularPos(theta_1, theta_2, FOURBAR_LINK2);
39
      fourbar.angularVel(theta_1, omega_1, FOURBAR_LINK2);
40
       fourbar.angularVel(theta_2, omega_2, FOURBAR_LINK2);
41
      fourbar.angularAccel(theta_1, omega_1, alpha_1, FOURBAR_LINK2);
42
43
       fourbar.angularAccel(theta_2, omega_2, alpha_2, FOURBAR_LINK2);
      fourbar.forceTorque(theta_1, omega_1, alpha_1, 30.0, x);
44
      printf("Solution 1:\n\%9.31f\n", x);
45
       fourbar.forceTorque(theta_2, omega_2, alpha_2, 30.0, x);
       printf("Solution 2:\n%9.31f\n", x);
47
       /* Part (i) */
48
      fourbar.plotForceTorques(&plott, 1, 30.0);
49
50
      return 0;
51 }
```

```
1 Solution 1:

2 322.775 358.705 323.357 353.030 333.624 349.362

-334.308 -343.428

3 0.445

4 5 Solution 2:

6 -1075.652 -147.046 -1075.069 -152.721 -1084.654 -173.079

1089.221 186.528

7 13.069
```

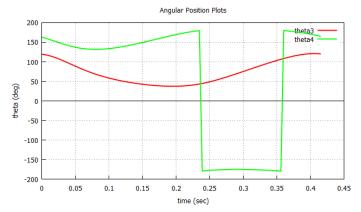


Image 1: Figure 1

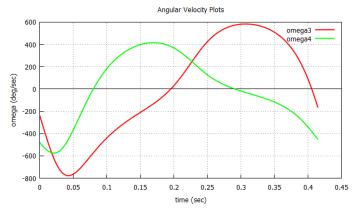


Image 2: Figure 2

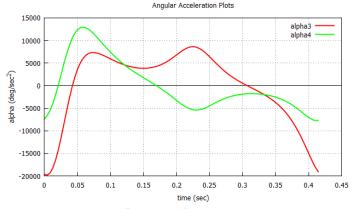


Image 3: Figure 3

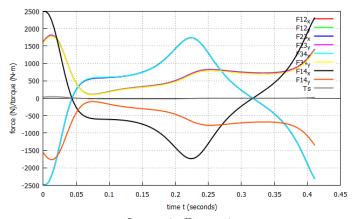


Image 4: Figure 4

Problem 4

```
2 /**
  * File: prob4.ch
  * Author: Nicolas Ventura
  * Synthesize a 4 bar mechanism.
6
  #include <fourbar.h>
int main(void) {
       double r [1:4];
11
      double psi [1:3], phi [1:3];
double theta [1:4], theta3 [1:3];
12
13
       CFourbar fourbar;
14
      /* specify input/output relation for a four-bar linkage */
15
r[1] = 1;
psi[1] = 60.0 * M_PI / 180;
```

```
psi[2] = 90.0 * M_PI / 180;
18
19
       psi[3] = 120.0 * M_PI / 180;
      phi[1] = 100.0 * M_PI / 180;
20
      phi[2] = 150.0 * M_PI / 180;
21
      phi[3] = 200.0 * M_PI / 180;
22
      fourbar.synthesis(r, phi, psi);
23
24
       /* display link lengths */
      printf("r2 = %.3f, r3 = %.3f, r4 = %.3f\n", r[2], r[3], r[4]);
25
       ^{-}/* obtain theta3 in three positions and display these positions
26
       */
       theta[1] = 0;
27
       fourbar.setLinks(r[1], r[2], r[3], r[4], theta[1]);
28
       // phi1, psi1
29
       theta[2] = phi[1];
30
      theta[4] = psi[1];
31
       fourbar.getAngle(theta, FOURBAR_LINK3);
32
       theta3[1] = theta[3];
33
       // phi2, psi2
34
35
      theta[2] = phi[2];
      theta[4] = psi[2];
36
37
       fourbar.getAngle(theta, FOURBAR_LINK3);
       theta3[2] = theta[3];
38
       // psi3, psi3
39
40
       theta[2] = phi[3];
       theta[4] = psi[3];
41
       fourbar.getAngle(theta, FOURBAR_LINK3);
42
       theta3[3] = theta[3];
43
       fourbar.displayPositions(phi, theta3, psi);
44
       return 0;
45
46 }
```



Image 5: r2 = 1.499, r3 = 9.783, r4 = 10.259