## **HW4Solutions**

## Chapter 17 exercise 1

```
1 > double x = 2.0, y = 3.0;
2 > 5.0*complex(1.0, 3.0)*complex(x, y)+4.0
3 complex(-31.0000,45.0000)
```

## Chapter 17 exercise 2cd

```
1 /**
^{2} * Compute the real, imaginary, magnitude, and
   * phase angle of various complex numbers.
* Author: Nicolas Ventura
7 #include <stdio.h>
8 #include <complex.h>
9 #include <math.h>
int main(void) {
       double complex z3, z4;
12
       z3 = complex(7, 15) / complex(9, 30);
13
       z4 = polar(3, 2.3 * M_PI) + polar(4, 3.4 * M_PI);
14
15
       /* Print results of z3 and z4 */
       printf("z3 = %f n", z3);
16
       printf("z4 = %f\n\n", z4);
17
       /* Part (c) */
18
      printf("real(z3) = %.3f\n", real(z3));
19
      printf("imag(z3) = %.3f\n", imag(z3));
printf("abs(z3) = %.3f\n", abs(z3));
20
21
22
       printf("carg(z3) = %.3f\n\n", carg(z3));
      /* Part (d) */
23
24
       printf("real(z4) = %.3f\n", real(z4));
       printf("imag(z4) = %.3f\n", imag(z4));
printf("abs(z4) = %.3f\n", abs(z4));
25
26
       printf("carg(z4) = %.3f\n\n", carg(z4));
27
       return 0;
28
```

```
z3 = complex(0.522936, -0.076453)
z4 = complex(0.527288, -1.377175)

real(z3) = 0.523
imag(z3) = -0.076
abs(z3) = 0.528
carg(z3) = -0.145

real(z4) = 0.527
imag(z4) = -1.377
abs(z4) = 1.475
carg(z4) = -1.205
```

#### Chapter 17 exercise 3

```
1 /**
* Compute the value of z6.
3 * Author: Nicolas Ventura
6 #include <stdio.h>
7 #include <math.h>
8 #include <complex.h>
int main(void) {
       double complex z1 = complex(3, 4),
11
                       z2 = polar(5, deg2rad(40.0)),
12
                       z3 = complex(4, 4),
13
14
                       z4, z5, z6;
15
       z4 = z1 * z2 - z2 * z3;
16
      z5 = z1 / z3 - z1 * z3;
17
      z6 = z4 - z1 * z5 + z2;
18
19
       printf("z4 = \%.3f\n", z4);
20
       printf("z5 = %.3f\n", z5);
printf("z6 = %.3f\n", z6);
21
22
23
24
       return 0;
25 }
```

```
z4 = complex(-3.830,-3.214)
z5 = complex(4.875,-27.875)
z6 = complex(-126.125,64.125)
```

#### Chapter 17 exercise 5

```
* Compute the roots of a quadratic equation.
3 * Author: Nicolas Ventura
4 */
6 #include <stdio.h>
7 #include <math.h>
8 #include <complex.h>
10 int main(void) {
      /* Define variables */
11
       double a, b, c, x1, x2;
       double complex cx1, cx2;
13
14
       /* Ask for user input */
       printf("a = ");
15
      scanf("%lf", &a);
printf("b = ");
16
17
      scanf("%lf", &b);
printf("c = ");
scanf("%lf", &c);
18
19
20
21
       /* Part (i) */
       x1 = -b + sqrt(b * b - 4 * a * c) / (2 * a);
22
       x2 = -b - sqrt(b * b - 4 * a * c) / (2 * a);
23
24
       printf("Roots\nx1 = %lf\nx2 = %lf\n", x1, x2);
   /* Part (ii) */
25
```

```
cx1 = -b + csqrt(b * b - 4 * a * c) / (2 * a);
cx2 = -b - csqrt(b * b - 4 * a * c) / (2 * a);
printf("Complex Roots\nx1 = %lf\nx2 = %lf\n", cx1, cx2);
return 0;
}
```

### Chapter 17 exercise 6

```
_{\rm 2} * Compute a complex function and
* its inverse.
* Author: Nicolas Ventura

5 */
7 #include <stdio.h>
8 #include <math.h>
9 #include <complex.h>
11 complex double f(complex double z) {
      return z * z - 3.0;
12
13 }
14
15 complex double g(complex double z) {
     return csqrt(z + 3.0);
17 }
18
19 int main(void) {
complex double fz, gz, z;
     /* Calculate the function f(z) */
21
     z = I * sqrt(2.0);
fz = f(z);
22
23
     printf("f(z) = %1f\n", fz);
24
      /* Calculate the function g(z) */
25
     z = -5.0;
26
      gz = g(z);
27
      printf("g(z) = %lf\n", gz);
28
      return 0;
29
```

```
f(z) = complex(-5.000000,0.000000)
g(z) = complex(0.000000,1.414214)
```

#### Problem 7a

```
/**
2 * Solve the complex equation.
3 * Author: Nicolas Ventura
4 */
5
6 #include <stdio.h>
7 #include <complex.h>
8
9 int main(void) {
    /* Knowns */
    double phi1 = M_PI / 2.0, r2 = 2.7;
```

```
/* Known */
12
      complex double z = polar(sqrt(2.0), deg2rad(35.0));
13
      /* Unknowns */
14
      double r1_1, phi2_1, r1_2, phi2_2;
15
      /* Use complexsolvePR(...) */
16
      complexsolvePR(phi1, r2, z, r1_1, phi2_1, r1_2, phi2_2);
17
       /* Print solutions */
      printf("r1 = \%7.41fm, phi2 = \%7.41f rad = \%7.41f deg\n", r1_1,
19
      phi2_1, rad2deg(phi2_1));
      printf("r1 = \%7.41fm, phi2 = \%7.41f rad = \%7.41f deg\n", r1_2,
20
      phi2_2, rad2deg(phi2_2));
21
      return 0;
22 }
_1 r1 = -1.6277m, phi2 = 1.1273 rad = 64.5922 deg
_2 r1 = 3.2500m, phi2 = -1.1273 rad = -64.5922 deg
```

# Problem 7b

```
* Solve the complex equation.
3 * Author: Nicolas Ventura
6 #include <stdio.h>
7 #include <complex.h>
9 int main(void)
10 {
      /* Knowns */
11
      double r1 = 1.0, r2 = sqrt(3.0);
12
13
      /* Known */
      complex double z = polar(2.7, deg2rad(45.0));
14
      /* Unknowns */
15
16
      double phi1_1, phi2_1, phi1_2, phi2_2;
      /* Use complexsolveRR(...) */
17
      complexsolveRR(r1, r2, z, phi1_1, phi2_1, phi1_2, phi2_2);
18
      /* Print solutions */
19
      printf("phi1 = %7.41f rad = %7.41f deg, phi2 = %7.41f rad =
20
      %7.41f deg\n", phi1_1, rad2deg(phi1_1), phi2_1, rad2deg(phi2_1)
      printf("phi1 = \%7.41f rad = \%7.41f deg, phi2 = \%7.41f rad =
      %7.4lf deg\n", phi1_2, rad2deg(phi1_2), phi2_2, rad2deg(phi2_2)
      );
      return 0;
22
23 }
```

1 phi1 = 0.5832 rad = 33.4155 deg, phi2 = 0.9016 rad = 51.6578 deg 2 phi1 = 0.9876 rad = 56.5845 deg, phi2 = 0.6692 rad = 38.3422 deg