HW 6 Solutions

Problem 1

Part a

Check the Grashof Criterion:

$$1.5 + 2.75 < 2 + 2.5$$

 $4.25 < 4.5$

This is a Grashof linkage. Since $r_3 = r_s$, then it is classified as a double-rocker (rocker-rocker.)

Part b

$$\begin{split} \Delta\theta_2 &= |\theta_2' - \theta_2''| \\ \theta_2' &= \arccos\left(\frac{r_1^2 + r_2^2 - (r_3 + r_4)^2}{2r_1r_2}\right) \\ &= \arccos\left(\frac{2^2 + 2.5^2 - (1.5 + 2.75)^2}{2 \times 2 \times 2.5}\right) \\ &= 141.4^\circ \\ \theta_2'' &= \arccos\left(\frac{r_1^2 + r_2^2 - (r_3 - r_4)^2}{2r_1r_2}\right) \\ &= \arccos\left(\frac{2^2 + 2.5^2 - (1.5 - 2.75)^2}{2 \times 2 \times 2.5}\right) \\ &= 29.7^\circ \\ \Delta\theta_2 &= |141.4 - 29.7| = 111.7^\circ \end{split}$$

Part c

$$\begin{split} \Delta\theta_4 &= |\theta_4' - \theta_4''| \\ \theta_4' &= \arccos\left(\frac{r_1^2 + r_4^2 - (r_3 + r_2)^2}{2r_1r_4}\right) \\ &= \arccos\left(\frac{2^2 + 2.75^2 - (1.5 + 2.5)^2}{2 \times 2 \times 2.75}\right) \\ &= 113.8^{\circ} \\ \theta_4'' &= \arccos\left(\frac{r_1^2 + r_4^2 - (r_3 - r_2)^2}{2r_1r_4}\right) \\ &= \arccos\left(\frac{2^2 + 2.75^2 - (1.5 - 2.5)^2}{2 \times 2 \times 2.75}\right) \\ &= 16.2^{\circ} \\ \Delta\theta_2 &= |113.8 - 16.2| = 97.6^{\circ} \end{split}$$

Problem 2

$$\theta_4 - \theta_3 = 105^{\circ} - 15^{\circ} = 90^{\circ}$$

Problem 3

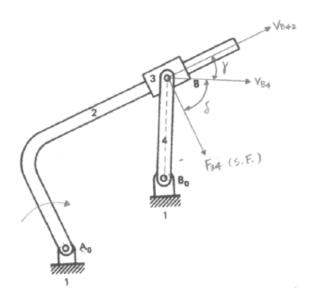
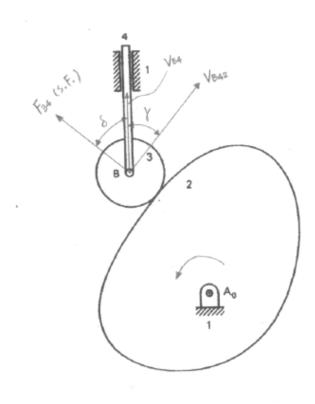
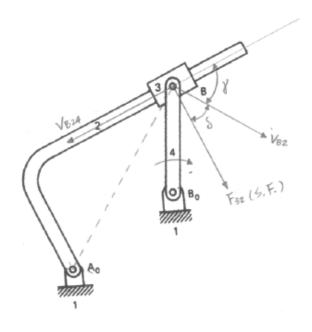


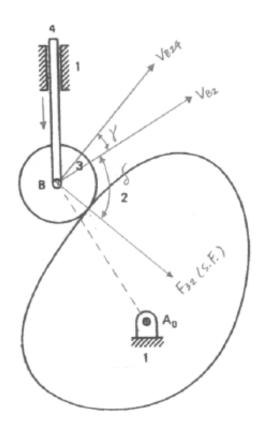
Image 1: Mechanism a, link 2 input



 $Image\ 2:\ Mechanism\ b,\ link\ 2\ input$



 $Image \ 3: \ Mechanism \ a, \ link \ 4 \ input$



Image~4:~Mechanism~b,~link~4~input

Problem 4

Part a

Part b

```
1 At 45 degrees,

2 branches = 2

3 Circuit 1:

4 theta3 = 19.634638

5 theta4 = 109.432520

6 theta5 = -11.129897

7 r6 = 7.790135

8 P = complex(2.632426,2.301831)

9

10 Circuit 2:

11 theta3 = -98.735229

12 theta4 = 171.466889

13 theta5 = 36.985943
```

```
14 r6 = 4.435564

15 P = complex(1.195465,-1.744731)

16

17 Circuit 3:
18 theta3 = 19.634638

19 theta4 = 109.432520

20 theta5 = -168.870103

21 r6 = -0.059402

22 P = complex(2.632426,2.301831)

23

24 Circuit 4:
25 theta3 = -98.735229

26 theta4 = 171.466889

27 theta5 = 143.014057

28 r6 = -1.954701

29 P = complex(1.195465,-1.744731)
```

$\mathbf{Part}\ \mathbf{c}$

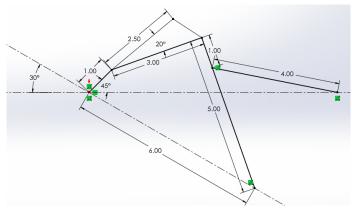


Image 5: Drawing to scale

Part d

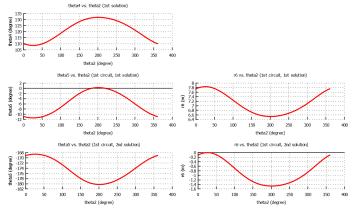


Image 6: First set of solutions

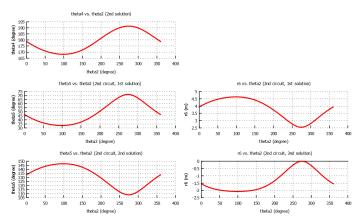


Image 7: Second set of solutions

Code

```
1 /* h5p5.ch */
#include <math.h>
3 #include <complex.h>
4 #include <array.h>
5 #include <chplot.h>
7 #define NUMPOINTS 361
8 #define DEG2RAD(a) ((M_PI/180)*a)
9 #define RAD2DEG(a) ((180/M_PI)*a)
10
  /* Consult Figure P3.50 in the Mechanism Design textbook. */
11
12
13 int main() {
14
       int n1, n2;
       double r[1:7], theta1, rp, beta, theta6;
15
16
       int i;
17
       double theta2[NUMPOINTS],
18
              theta3_1[NUMPOINTS], theta3_2[NUMPOINTS],
19
              x1, x2, x3, x4;
20
       array double theta4_1[NUMPOINTS], theta4_2[NUMPOINTS],
21
             theta5_1_1[NUMPOINTS], theta5_1_2[NUMPOINTS],
22
23
             theta5_2_1[NUMPOINTS], theta5_2_2[NUMPOINTS];
       double complex z,
24
                       P_1[NUMPOINTS], P_2[NUMPOINTS], B_1[NUMPOINTS], B_2[NUMPOINTS];
25
26
27
28
       array double r6_1_1[NUMPOINTS], r6_1_2[NUMPOINTS],
             r6_2_1[NUMPOINTS], r6_2_2[NUMPOINTS];
29
       class CPlot mainplot1;
30
       class CPlot mainplot2;
31
       class CPlot* subplot;
32
33
       int branches[NUMPOINTS];
34
```

```
//Determine theta4, point B on the output link, and coupler
      point P
       11
37
38
39
       // Define the fourbar linkage
      n1 = 2;
40
       n2 = 4;
41
      r[1] = 6;
42
      r[2] = 1;
43
      r[3] = 3;
44
      r[4] = 5;
45
46
      r[5] = 4;
      r[7] = r[4] - 1; /* Length of BO - C */
47
      theta1 = DEG2RAD(-30);
48
49
      rp = 2.5;
      beta = DEG2RAD(20);
50
51
      theta6 = 0;
52
       // Analyze the fourbar with theta2 rotating from 0-360
53
      for(i=0; i<=360; i++) {</pre>
54
           theta2[i] = DEG2RAD(i);
55
56
           // Determine theta3 and theta4
57
           z = polar(r[1], theta1) - polar(r[2], theta2[i]);
58
           branches[i] = complexsolve(n1, n2, r[3], -r[4], z, x1, x2,
59
      x3, x4);
60
           // First set of solutions
61
           theta3_1[i] = x1;
62
           theta4_1[i] = x2;
63
           P_1[i] = polar(r[2], theta2[i]) + polar(rp, theta3_1[i]+
64
      beta);
           B_1[i] = polar(r[2], theta2[i]) + polar(r[3], theta3_1[i]);
65
66
           // Second set of solutions
67
68
           theta3_2[i] = x3;
           theta4_2[i] = x4;
69
           P_2[i] = polar(r[2], theta2[i]) + polar(rp, theta3_2[i]+
70
      beta);
71
           B_2[i] = polar(r[2], theta2[i]) + polar(r[3], theta3_2[i]);
72
           // Find solutions for r5 and r6 : Circuit {\bf 1}
73
           complexsolve(1, 4, theta6, -r[5],
74
               polar(r[1], theta1) + polar(r[7], theta4_1[i]),
75
               x1, x2, x3, x4);
76
           r6_1_1[i] = x1;
77
           theta5_1_1[i] = x2;
78
79
           r6_1_2[i] = x3;
           theta5_1_2[i] = x4;
80
81
82
           // Find solutions for r5 and r6 : Circuit 2
           complexsolve(1, 4, theta6, -r[5],
83
84
               polar(r[1], theta1) + polar(r[7], theta4_2[i]),
               x1, x2, x3, x4);
85
           r6_2_1[i] = x1;
86
```

```
theta5_2_1[i] = x2;
87
           r6_2_2[i] = x3;
88
           theta5_2_2[i] = x4;
89
90
       // Smooth theta4_1, theta4_2
91
       {\tt unwrap(theta4\_1,\ theta4\_1);}
92
       unwrap(theta4_2, theta4_2);
93
       unwrap(theta5_1_2, theta5_1_2);
94
95
       // Convert required angles from radian to degree
96
       for(i=0; i<=360; i++) {</pre>
97
           theta2[i] = RAD2DEG(theta2[i]);
98
           theta3_1[i] = RAD2DEG(theta3_1[i]);
99
           theta3_2[i] = RAD2DEG(theta3_2[i]);
           theta4_1[i] = RAD2DEG(theta4_1[i]);
           theta4_2[i] = RAD2DEG(theta4_2[i]);
102
103
           theta5_11[i] = RAD2DEG(theta5<math>_11[i]);
           theta5_1_2[i] = RAD2DEG(theta5_1_2[i]);
104
           theta5_2_1[i] = RAD2DEG(theta5_2_1[i]);
           theta5_2_2[i] = RAD2DEG(theta5_2_2[i]);
106
108
       printf("At 45 degrees, \n");
109
       printf("branches = %d\n", branches[45]);
       printf("Circuit 1:\n");
       printf("theta3 = %lf\n", theta3_1[45]);
       printf("theta4 = %lf\n", theta4_1[45]);
113
       printf("theta5 = %lf\n", theta5_1_1[45]);
114
       printf("r6 = 11 \ r6_1_1[45]);
       printf("P = ln', P_1[45]);
116
       printf("\nCircuit 2:\n");
117
       printf("theta3 = %lf\n", theta3_2[45]);
118
       printf("theta4 = %lf\n", theta4_2[45]);
119
       printf("theta5 = %lf\n", theta5_2_1[45]);
       printf("r6 = %lf\n", r6_2_1[45]);
121
       printf("P = %1f\n", P_2[45]);
       printf("\nCircuit 3:\n");
       printf("theta3 = ln', theta3_1[45]);
       printf("theta4 = 15 n", theta4_1[45]);
       printf("theta5 = %lf\n", theta5_1_2[45]);
126
       printf("r6 = %lf\n", r6_1_2[45]);
       printf("P = %lf\n", P_1[45]);
128
       printf("\nCircuit 4:\n");
129
       printf("theta3 = 11\n, theta3_2[45]);
130
       131
       printf("r6 = %1f\n", r6_2_2[45]);
133
134
       printf("P = 11n, P_2[45]);
       /* Display Plots */
136
       mainplot1.subplot(3,2);
       subplot=mainplot1.getSubplot(0,0);
138
139
       subplot->data2D(theta2, theta4_1);
       subplot -> title("theta4 vs. theta2 (1st solution)");
140
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
141
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "theta4 (degree)");
142
143
```

```
subplot=mainplot1.getSubplot(1,0);
144
       subplot->data2D(theta2, theta5_1_1);
145
       subplot->title("theta5 vs. theta2 (1st circuit, 1st solution)")
146
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
147
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "theta5 (degree)");
148
149
       subplot=mainplot1.getSubplot(1,1);
       subplot ->data2D(theta2, r6_1_1);
       subplot -> title("r6 vs. theta2 (1st circuit, 1st solution)");
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
153
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "r6 (m)");
       subplot=mainplot1.getSubplot(2,0);
       subplot ->data2D(theta2, theta5_1_2);
       subplot->title("theta5 vs. theta2 (1st circuit, 2nd solution)")
158
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
159
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "theta5 (degree)");
160
161
       subplot=mainplot1.getSubplot(2,1);
       subplot ->data2D(theta2, r6_1_2);
       subplot -> title("r6 vs. theta2 (1st circuit, 2nd solution)");
165
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "r6 (m)");
166
167
       mainplot1.plotting();
168
169
       /* Display Plots */
       mainplot2.subplot(3,2);
       subplot=mainplot2.getSubplot(0,0);
173
       subplot ->data2D(theta2, theta4_2);
       subplot -> title("theta4 vs. theta2 (2nd solution)");
174
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "theta4 (degree)");
176
       subplot=mainplot2.getSubplot(1,0);
178
179
       subplot->data2D(theta2, theta5_2_1);
       subplot->title("theta5 vs. theta2 (2nd circuit, 1st solution)")
180
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_X,"theta2 (degree)");
181
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "theta5 (degree)");
182
183
       subplot=mainplot2.getSubplot(1,1);
184
       subplot->data2D(theta2, r6_2_1);
185
       subplot -> title("r6 vs. theta2 (2nd circuit, 1st solution)");
186
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
187
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "r6 (m)");
188
189
       subplot=mainplot2.getSubplot(2,0);
       subplot ->data2D(theta2, theta5_2_2);
191
       subplot -> title("theta5 vs. theta2 (2nd circuit, 2nd solution)")
       subplot ->label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
       subplot -> label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "theta5 (degree)");
194
195
       subplot=mainplot2.getSubplot(2,1);
196
```

```
subplot->data2D(theta2, r6_2_2);
subplot->title("r6 vs. theta2 (2nd circuit, 2nd solution)");
subplot->label(PLOT_AXIS_X, "theta2 (degree)");
subplot->label(PLOT_AXIS_Y, "r6 (m)");

mainplot2.plotting();
return 0;
}
```