## EME 152 Discussion 6

November 3, 2021

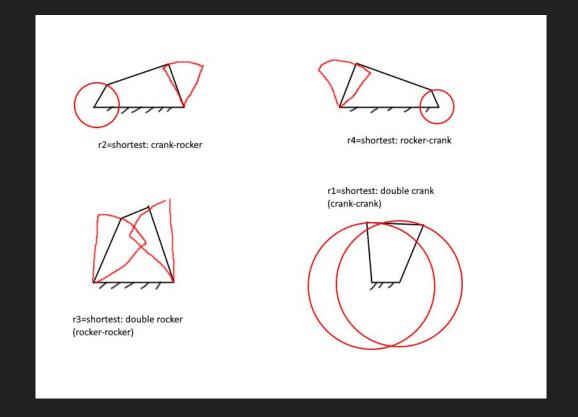
### Agenda

- Announcement: homework 1-5 solutions are posted on Canvas + GitHub
  - Will be posted weekly for the rest of the quarter
- Fourbar naming convention
- Range of motion
- Positional analysis using the CFourbar class
- Loop closure equation

## Fourbar Naming Convention

- $r_1$  = ground link
- $\bullet$   $r_2 = input link$
- $r_3$  = floating link
- $r_4 = output link$

## Fourbar Naming Convention (Grashof)



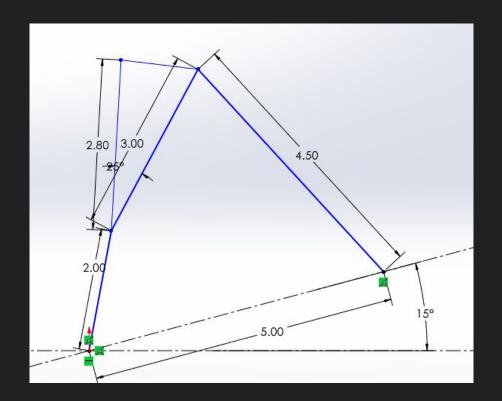
## Fourbar Naming Convention (Non-Grashof)

- Non-Grashof mechanisms are called "triple rocker" mechanisms
- $r_1+r_2< r_3+r_4$  and  $r_1+r_4< r_2+r_3$ : inward/inward
- r<sub>1</sub>+r<sub>2</sub>>=r<sub>3</sub>+r<sub>4</sub> and r<sub>1</sub>+r<sub>4</sub><r<sub>2</sub>+r<sub>3</sub>: outward/inward
- $\bullet$   $r_1 + r_2 < r_3 + r_4$  and  $r_1 + r_4 > = r_2 + r_3$ : inward/outward
- $r_1 + r_2 > = r_3 + r_4$  and  $r_1 + r_4 > = r_2 + r_3$ : outward/outward

# 4 Bar Linkage Simulation

dynref.engr.illinois.edu/aml.html

Calculate the range of motion for the output link  $(r_4)$  of this mechanism from homework 5.



First, determine whether or not it is a Grashof linkage.

$$2.0 + 5.0 < 3.0 + 4.5$$

Grashof Linkage:  $r_s + r_l < r_p + r_q$ 

$$\cos(\theta_{2,max}'') = \frac{r_1^2 + r_2^2 - (r_3 + r_4)^2}{2r_1r_2}$$
$$\cos(\theta_{2,min}'') = \frac{r_1^2 + r_2^2 - (r_3 - r_4)^2}{2r_1r_2}$$
$$\Delta\theta_2 = |\theta_{2,max} - \theta_{2,min}|$$

$$\theta_{2min} = \arccos\left(\frac{r_1^2 + r_4^2 - \left(r_2 - r_3\right)^2}{2r_1r_4}\right) \cdot \frac{180}{\pi}$$
 
$$\theta_{2min} = 10.4753138432$$

$$\theta_{2max} = \arccos\left(\frac{r_1^2 + r_4^2 - \left(r_2 + r_3\right)^2}{2r_1r_4}\right) \cdot \frac{180}{\pi}$$

$$\theta_{2max} = 63.2563160496$$

$$\left|\theta_{2\text{max}} - \theta_{2\text{min}}\right|$$
 = 52.7810022064



- C:\Ch\toolkit\include\fourbar.h
  - Header file
- C:\Ch\toolkit\lib\mechanism\CFourbar.chf
  - Function file
- #include <fourbar.h>

```
CFourbar fourbar; // initialization
fourbar.uscUnit(false); // set US/SI units
fourbar.setLinks(r1, r2, r3, r4, theta1); // set lengths
fourbar.setCouplerPoint(rp, beta); // set coupler point
```

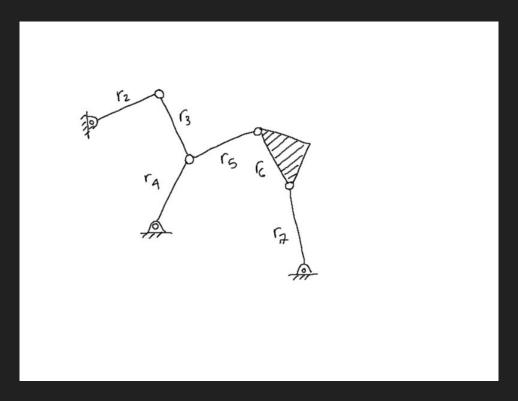
Calculate the range of motion with this function:

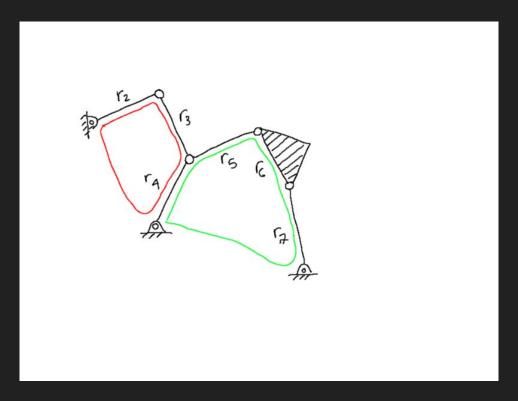
• The parameters to this function are its outputs. They should each be an array of double with length 2 for the 2 branches.

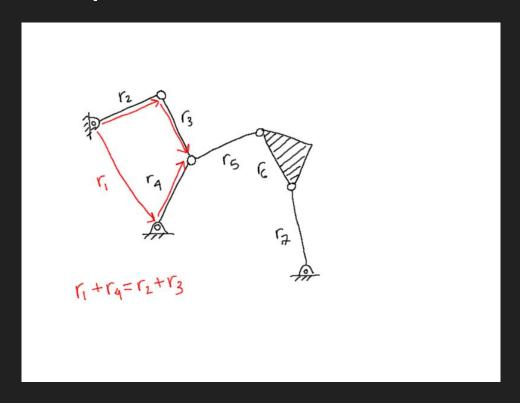
```
fourbar.getJointLimits(theta2min, theta2max, theta4min,
theta4max);
```

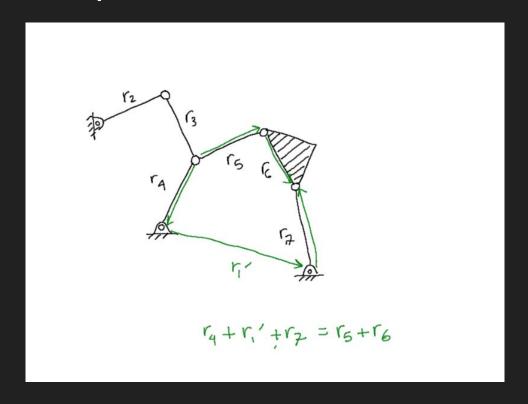
Plot transmission angle gamma vs. input angle (theta 2) using this function:

```
fourbar.plotTransAngles(&plot, branch_num);
```

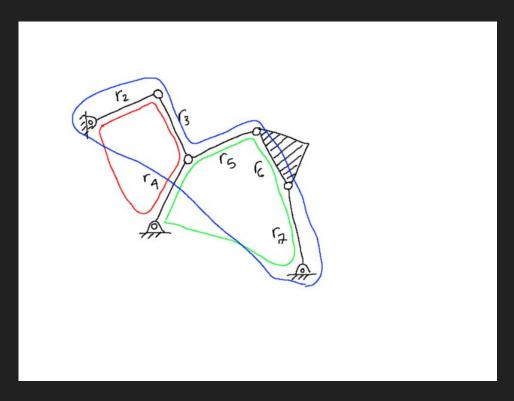


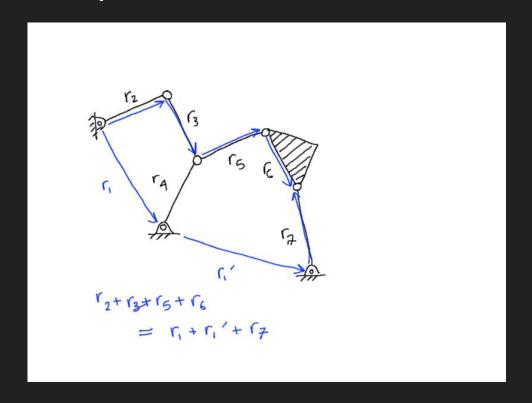




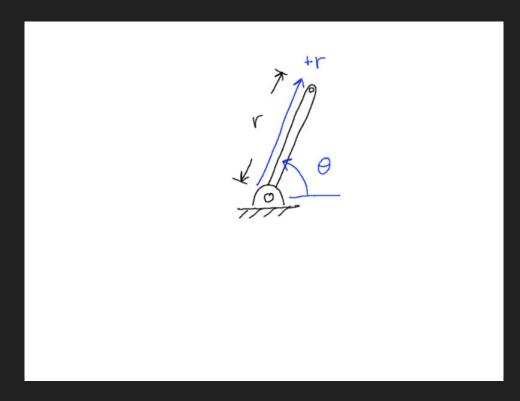


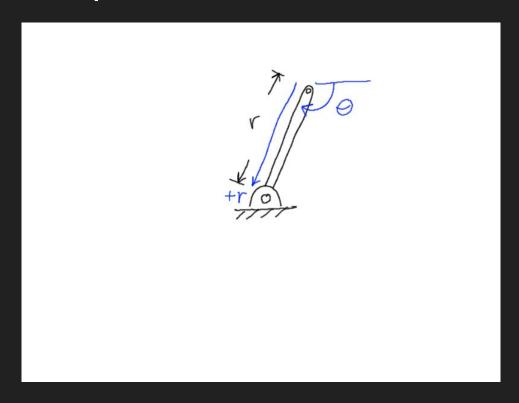
## 2(x2) equations, 5 unknowns?





## 3(x2) equations, 5 unknowns





# Thank you!

Questions?