### Product User Manual for the Blended TROPOMI+GOSAT Product

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#### 1) Introduction

The blended TROPOMI+GOSAT files are formed by applying the correction described in <u>Balasus et al. (2023)</u> to the variable *methane\_mixing\_ratio\_bias\_corrected* in the RPRO (until 17 July 2022) or OFFL (after 17 July 2022) TROPOMI files. This adds the new variable of *methane\_mixing\_ratio\_blended*. The correction is applicable to the files with a processor version of 02.04.00 or 02.05.00 (these processors are identical for the methane files). The following sections describe downloading the data, the file names, the file contents, and how to plot the file contents using Python.

# 2) Downloading the data

The data is located at <a href="https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataverse/blended-tropomi-gosat-methane">https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataverse/blended-tropomi-gosat-methane</a> and is updated monthly (and thus extends from April 2018 to present). The data is organized into folders approximately by month (such as 2018-4 and 2018-05) although acquiring a full month of data might require downloading the first file from the next month and the last file from the previous month as orbits cross months. For each month, a ZIP of the orbit files for the entire month can be downloaded (typically about 440 netCDF files and 3 GB) or a subset of individual netCDF files can be downloaded.

# 3) File Names

An example file name is:

S5P\_BLND\_L2\_\_CH4\_\_\_\_20191215T112041\_20191215T130211\_11252\_03\_0 20400\_20230614T125420.nc

S5P -> Sentinel-5 Precursor, the mission name BLND -> indicates the blended TROPOMI+GOSAT product L2 -> level 2 data (i.e., individual retrievals) CH4 -> methane files 20191215T112041 -> start time of the granule in UTC 20191215T130211 -> end time of the granule in UTC 11252 -> the orbit number 03 -> collection number 020400 -> processor version 20230614T125420 -> file generation time in UTC

The only differences between the original operational file name (below) and the blended TROPOMI+GOSAT file name is the replacement of the processing type (RPRO/reprocessed or OFFL/offline) with BLND and the overwriting of the file generation time.

S5P\_RPRO\_L2\_\_CH4\_\_\_\_20191215T112041\_20191215T130211\_11252\_03\_0 20400 20221119T003414.nc

#### 4) File Contents

The files contain the subset of soundings from the OFFL/RPRO files that had a  $qa\_value == 1.0$ . All other observations are excluded because the blended TROPOMI+GOSAT correction is not valid to apply to them. Additionally, only a subset of variables is included in the BLND files (and they no longer reside in netCDF groups). The files have dimensions of *nobs*, *layer*, and *corner*. All variables are the same as described in the TROPOMI methane <u>PUM</u> except for *methane\_mixing\_ratio\_blended* (derived in this work) and *time\_utc* (expanded to all observations in these files). The following is an example for the orbit number 11252 file listed above.

<class 'netCDF4. netCDF4.Dataset'> root group (NETCDF4 data model, file format HDF5): Title: Blended TROPOMI+GOSAT Methane Product Contact: Nicholas Balasus (nicholasbalasus@g.harvard.edu) dimensions(sizes): nobs(136308), layer(12), corner(4) variables(dimensions): uint8 qa value(nobs), float32 latitude(nobs), float32 longitude(nobs), float32 methane mixing ratio(nobs), float32 methane\_mixing\_ratio\_precision(nobs), float32 methane mixing ratio bias corrected(nobs), <class 'str'> time utc(nobs), float32 latitude bounds(nobs, corner), float32 longitude bounds(nobs, corner), float32 chi square SWIR(nobs), float32 surface albedo SWIR(nobs), float32 surface\_albedo\_NIR(nobs), float32 surface\_albedo\_SWIR\_precision(nobs), float32 surface albedo NIR precision(nobs), float32 aerosol size(nobs), float32 aerosol\_size\_precision(nobs), float32 column\_averaging\_kernel(nobs, layer), float32 surface altitude(nobs), float32 surface\_altitude\_precision(nobs), uint8 surface\_classification(nobs), float32 surface\_pressure(nobs), float32 pressure\_interval(nobs), float32 reflectance\_cirrus\_VIIRS\_SWIR(nobs), float32 methane\_profile\_apriori(nobs, layer), float32 dry\_air\_subcolumns(nobs, layer), float32 methane mixing ratio blended(nobs) groups:

### 5) Plotting

Included here is a simple example for how to plot the data in Python. The pixels are shown as their full extents (using latitude and longitude bounds), though a scatter plot of the latitude and longitude centers can be used for a quick look.

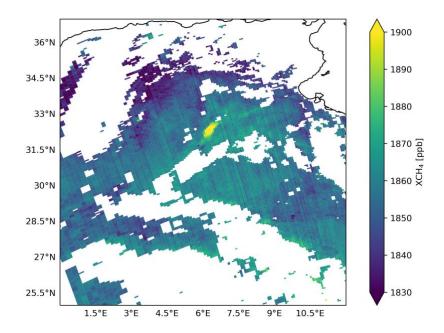
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import cartopy.crs as ccrs
from matplotlib.collections import PolyCollection

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6), subplot_kw={"projection": ccrs.PlateCarree()})

dataset_file = "S5P_BLND_L2_CH4___20191215T112041_20191215T130211_11252_03_020400_20230614T125420.nc"
with Dataset(dataset_file) as ds:
    lon_bounds = ds["latitude_bounds"][:]
    lat_bounds = ds["latitude_bounds"][:]
    xch4_blended = ds["methane_mixing_ratio_blended"][:]

verts = [np.column_stack((lon_bounds[i, :], lat_bounds[i, :])) for i in range(len(xch4_blended))]
    pc = ax.add_collection(PolyCollection(verts, array=xch4_blended))
    pc.set_clim(vmin=1830, vmax=1900)

ax.coastlines()
    ax.set_extent([0, 12, 25, 37])
    gl = ax.gridlines(draw_labels=True, zorder=-1, linewidth=0)
    gl.top_labels = gl.right_labels = False
    plt.colorbar(pc, ax=ax, extend="both", label=r"XCH$_4$ [ppb]")
```



# 6) Contact

If you have questions about the data, please contact Nicholas Balasus at nicholasbalasus@q.harvard.edu.