# How to Install MySQL

Data Intelligence and Learning (<u>DIAL</u>) Lab
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### Procedure of Installing MySQL



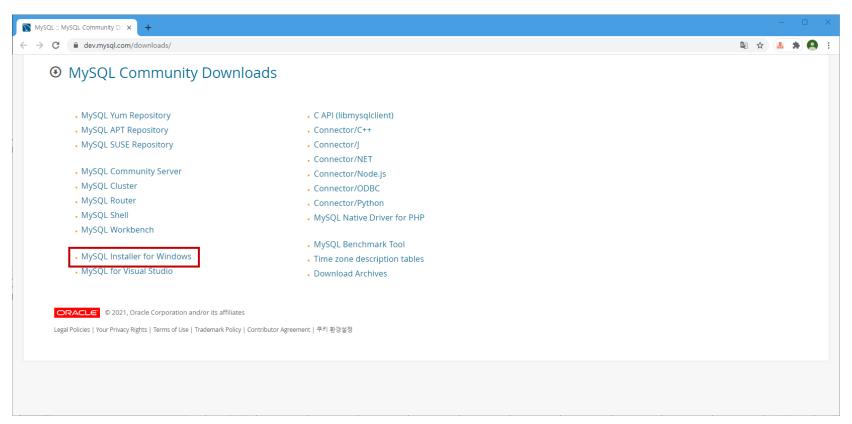
- > Step 1: Accessing the download page
- > Step 2: Downloading 'MySQL Installer'
- > Step 3: Installing 'MySQL Installer'
- > Step 4: Installing MySQL Server
- > Step 5: Installing MySQL Router
- > Step 6: Configuration setting
- > Step 7: Installation Complete
- > Step 8: Testing MySQL

# **Step 1: Accessing the Download Page**



> Go to <a href="https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/">https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/</a> and click MySQL Installer

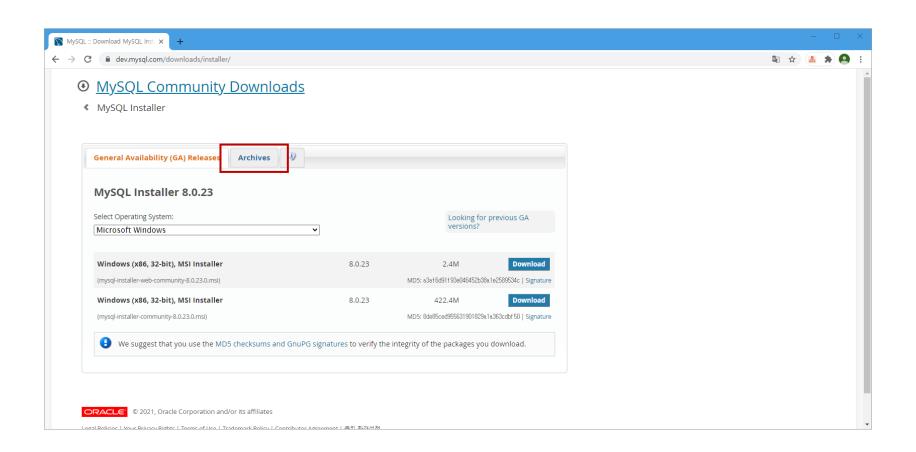
#### for Windows.



# **Step 1: Accessing the Download Page**



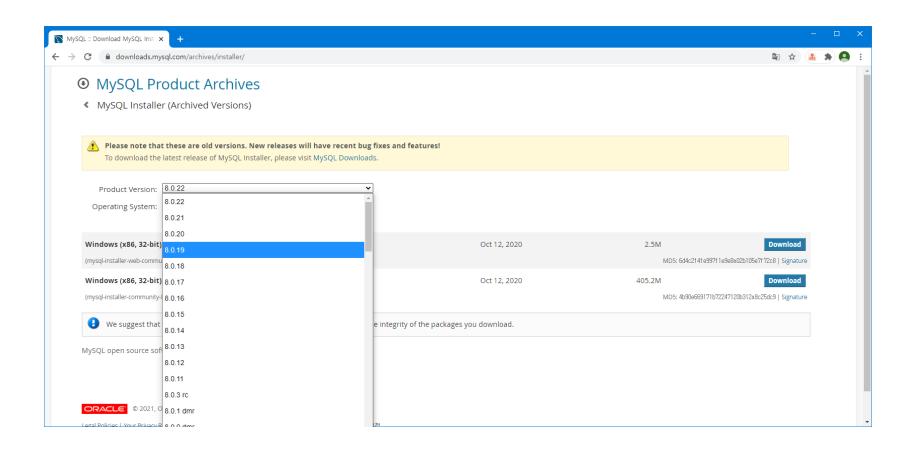
> Go to Archives.



# **Step 1: Accessing the Download Page**



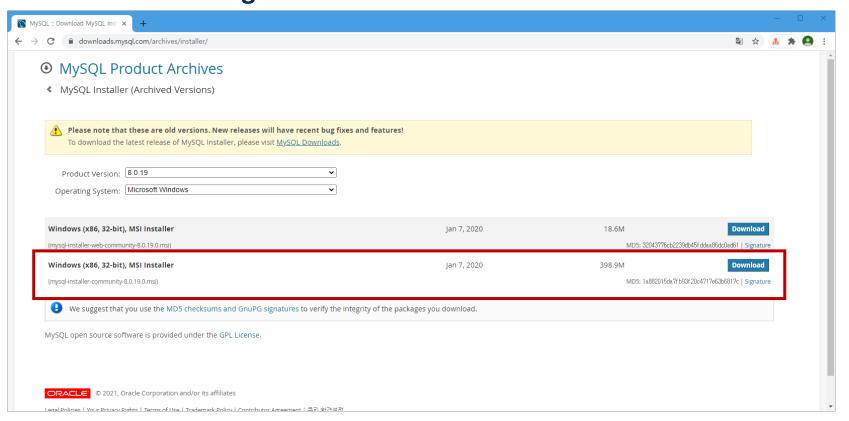
> Click Product Version and change it to 8.0.19.



# Step 2: Downloading MySQL Installer

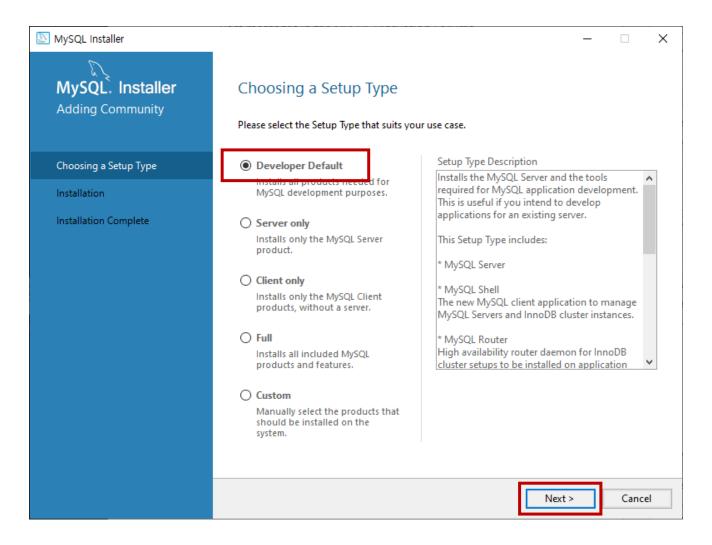


> Version 8.0.19 was released on Jan 7, 2020. Download the one in the red rectangle.





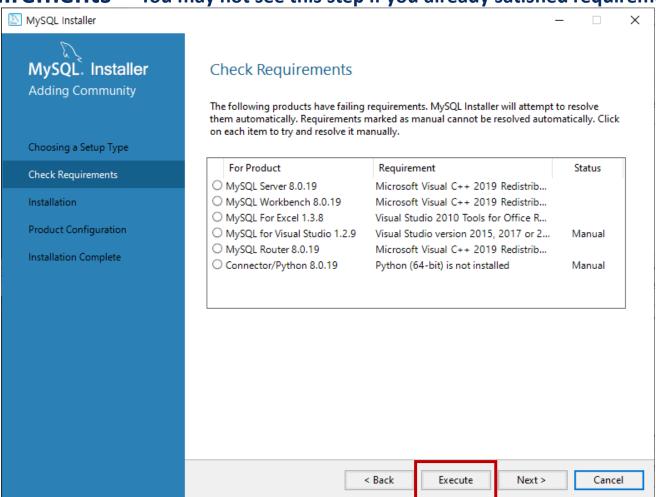
Click 'Developer Default' and 'Next.'





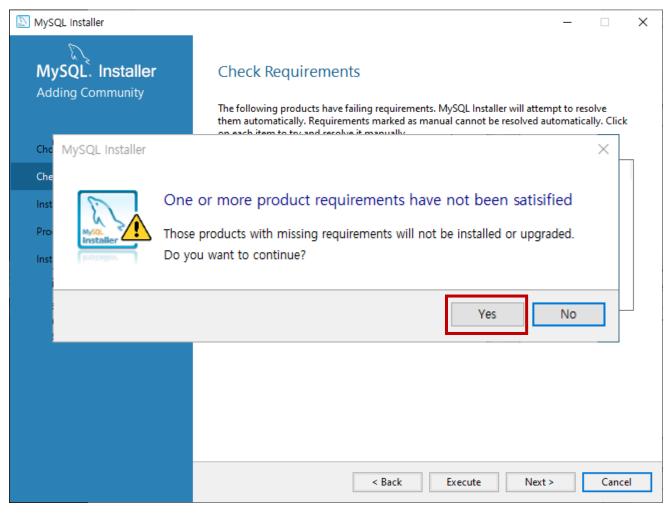
Click 'Execute' and Click 'Next' after installer has installed

**requirements** — You may not see this step if you already satisfied requirements.



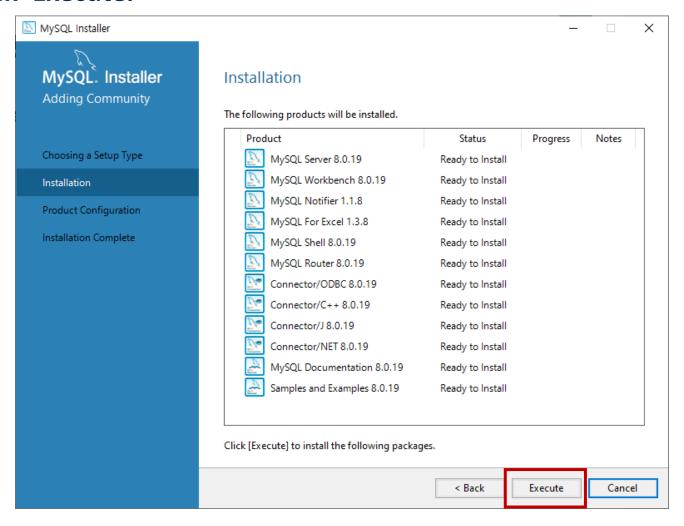


> Click 'yes' if this message pops up.



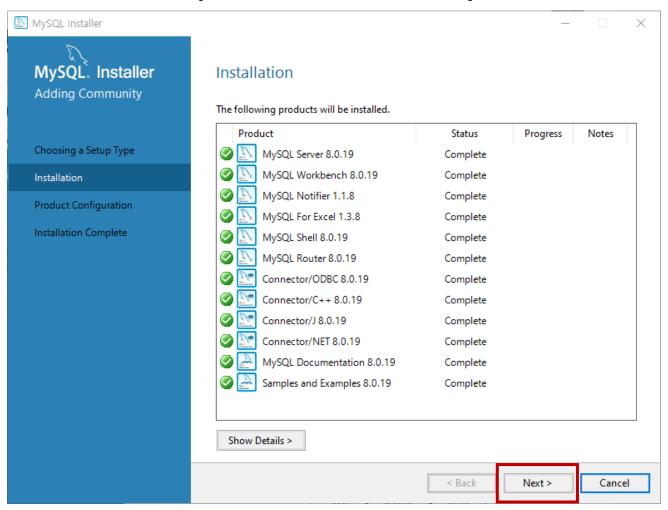


#### > Click 'Execute.'



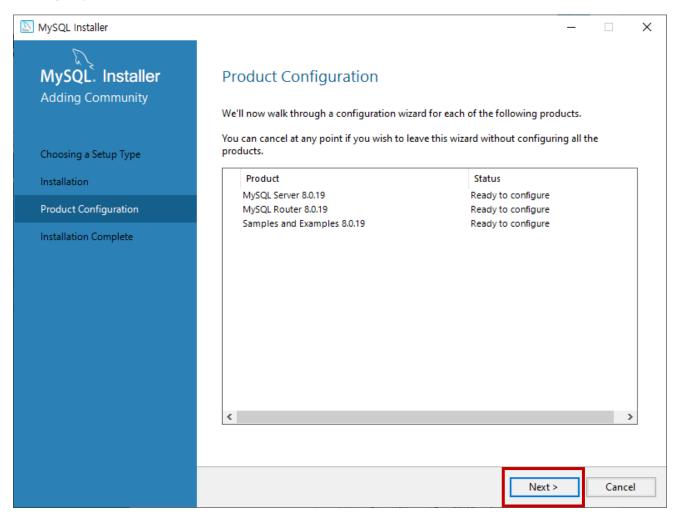


> Click 'Next' after all products become complete.





#### Click 'Next.'



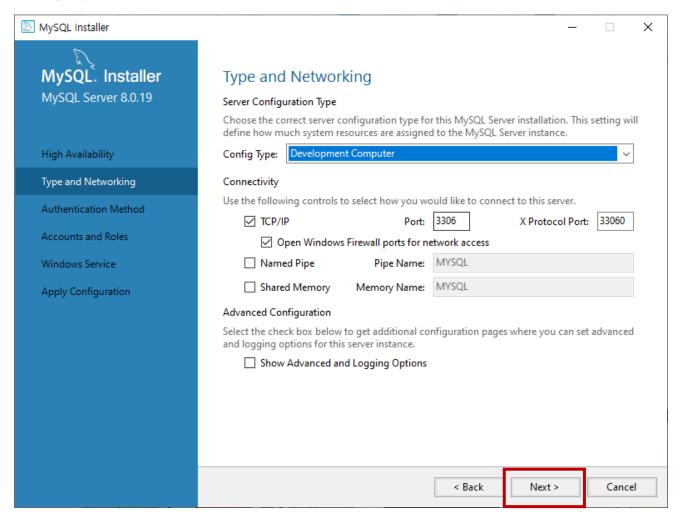


Check 'Standalone MySQL Server / Classic MySQL Replication'

#### and click 'Next.' MySQL Installer × MySQL: Installer High Availability MySQL Server 8.0.19 Standalone MySQL Server / Classic MySQL Replication Choose this option to run the MySQL instance as a standalone database server with the opportunity to configure classic replication later. With this option, you can provide your own high-availability solution, if required, High Availability InnoDB Cluster Type and Networking The InnoDB cluster technology provides an out-of-the-box high availability (HA) solution for MySQL using Group Replication. Authentication Method Accounts and Roles MySQL Shell Windows Service Client App Logging Options InnoDB Cluster Advanced Options Apply Configuration Note: InnoDB cluster requires a minimum of three MySQL server instances to provide a fully automated HA solution. Members of a cluster should be located such that network communication latency between servers is low. Next > Cancel

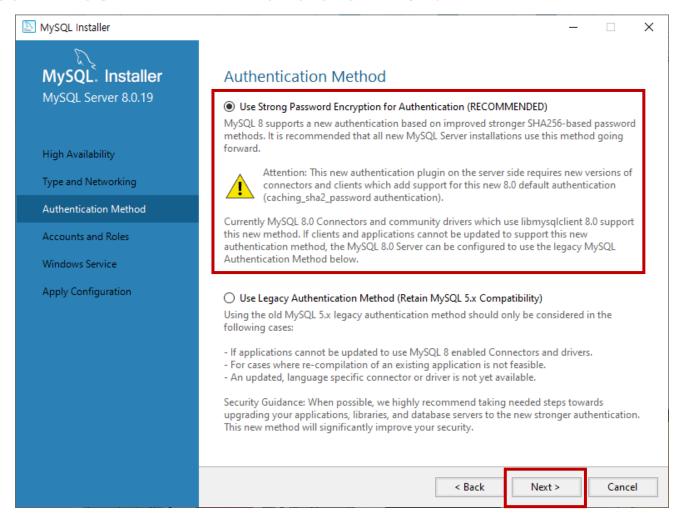


#### Click 'Next.'





#### Check 'RECOMMENDED' and click 'Next.'



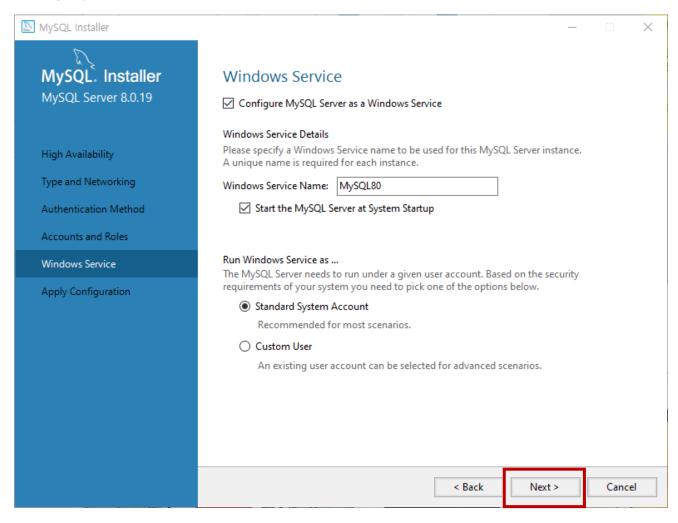


> Set your Root Password and click 'Next.'

MySQL Installer				_		$\times$
MySQL. Installer MySQL Server 8.0.19	Accounts and Roll Root Account Password Enter the password for the riplace.		remember to sto	re this password ir	ı a secure	7
High Availability  Type and Networking  Authentication Method	MySQL Root Password: Repeat Password:	Password strength	n: Medium			
Accounts and Roles Windows Service Apply Configuration	MySQL User Accounts Create MySQL user accour consists of a set of privileg MySQL User Name	nts for your users and es. Host	d applications. As User Role	sign a role to the u	ser that	er
					Edit Us	
			< Back	Next >	Canc	el

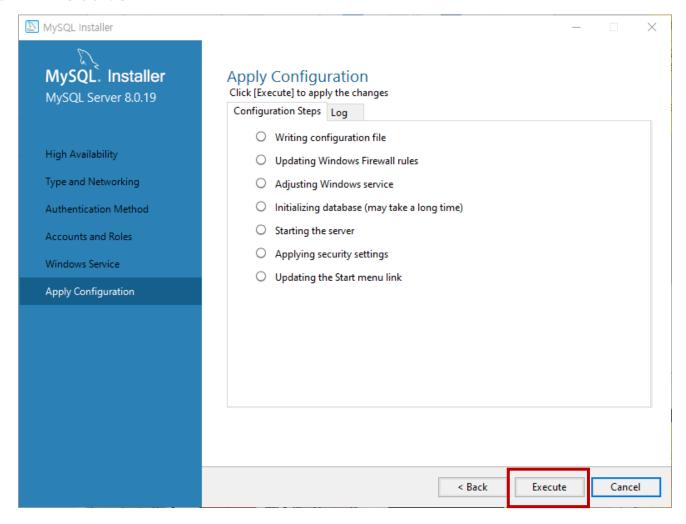


#### Click 'Next.'



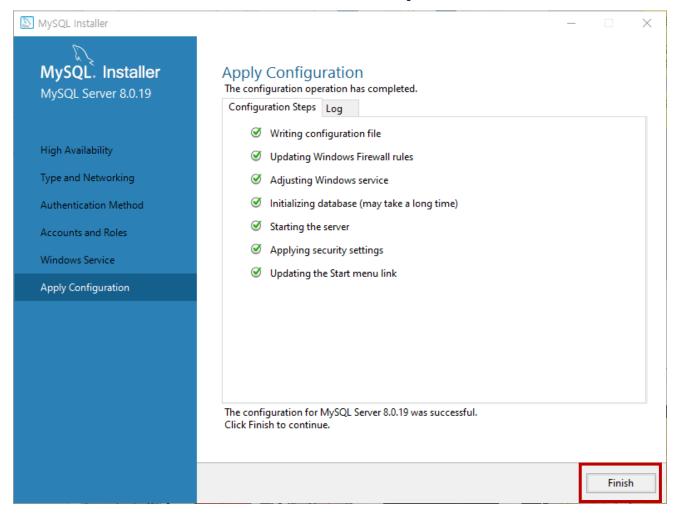


#### > Click 'Execute.'





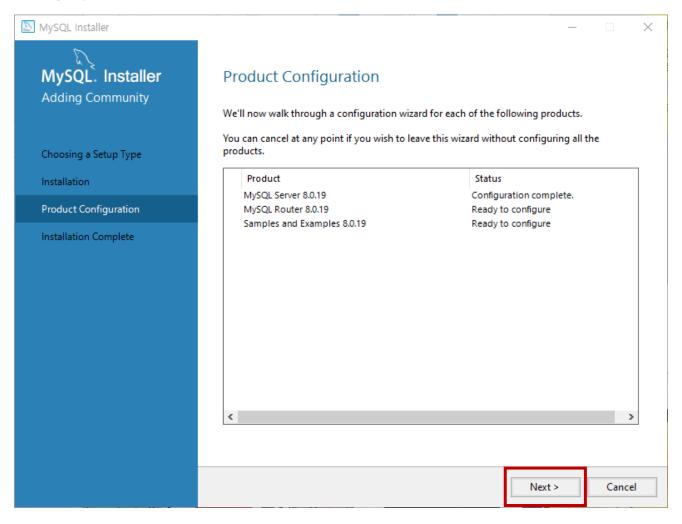
> Click 'Finish' if the installation is complete.



### **Step 5: Installing MySQL Router**



#### Click 'Next.'



# **Step 5: Installing MySQL Router**

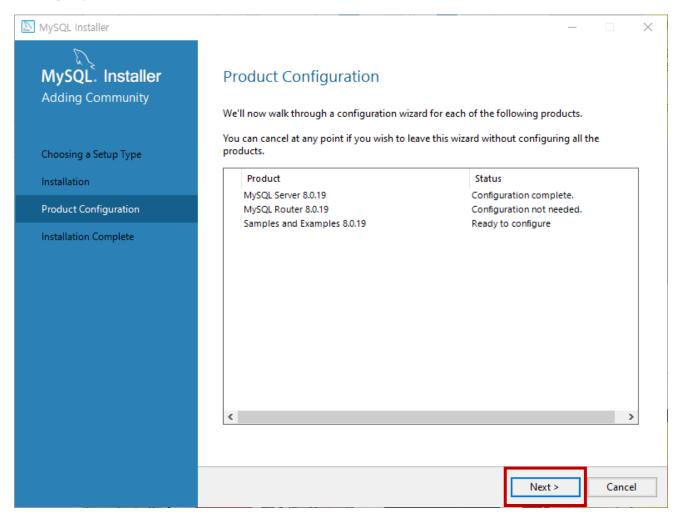


#### > Click 'Finish.'

MySQL Installer	- □ ×			
MySQL. Installer MySQL Router 8.0.19	MySQL Router Configuration  Bootstrap MySQL Router for use with InnoDB cluster  This wizard can bootstrap MySQL Router to direct traffic between MySQL applications and a MySQL InnoDB cluster. Applications that connect to the router will be automatically directed to an available read/write or read-only member of the cluster.			
MySQL Router Configuration	The boostrapping process requires a connection to the InnoDB cluster. In order to register the MySQL Router for monitoring, use the current Read/Write instance of the cluster.  Hostname:  Port: 3310  Management User: root  Password: Test Connection  MySQL Router requires specification of a base port (between 80 and 65532). The first port is used for classic read/write connections. The other ports are computed sequentially after the first port. If any port is indicated to be in use, please change the base port.  Classic MySQL protocol connections to InnoDB cluster:  Read/Write: 6446  Read Only: 6447  MySQL X protocol connections to InnoDB cluster:  Read/Write: 6448  Read Only: 6449			
	Finish Cancel			

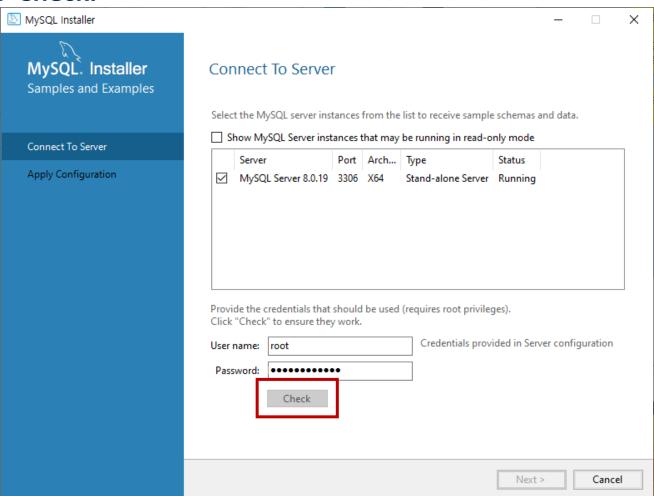


#### Click 'Next.'





- Set user name as 'root' and enter the 'password.'
- > Click 'Check.'



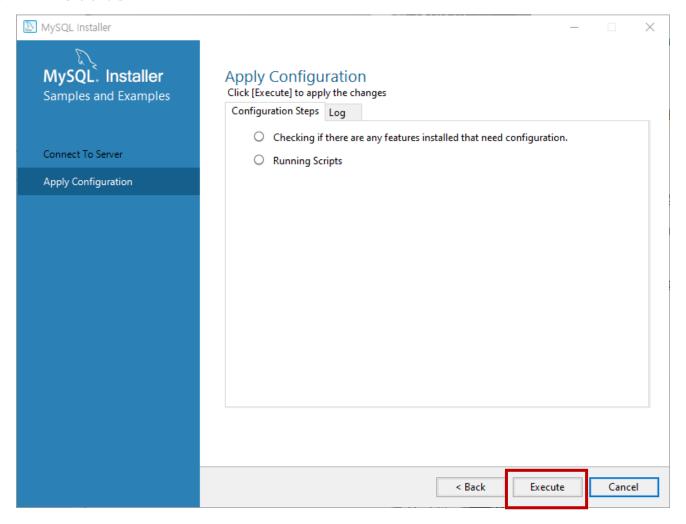


> If all connections succeeded, click 'Next.'

MySQL Installer		- 🗆 ×
MySQL. Installer Samples and Examples	Connect To Server	
	Select the MySQL server instances from the list to receive sample schema	s and data.
Connect To Server	Show MySQL Server instances that may be running in read-only mode	e .
Apply Configuration	Server Port Arch Type Status  ✓ MySQL Server 8.0.19 3306 X64 Stand-alone Server Connect	ction succeeded.
	Provide the credentials that should be used (requires root privileges).  Click "Check" to ensure they work.  User name: root	

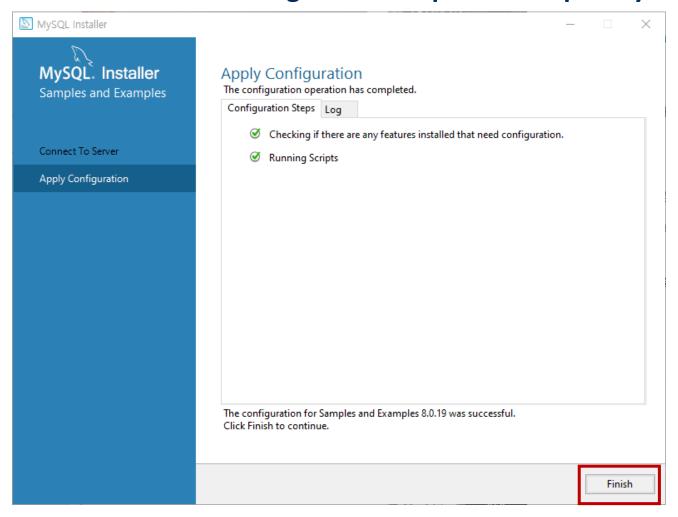


#### > Click 'Execute.'





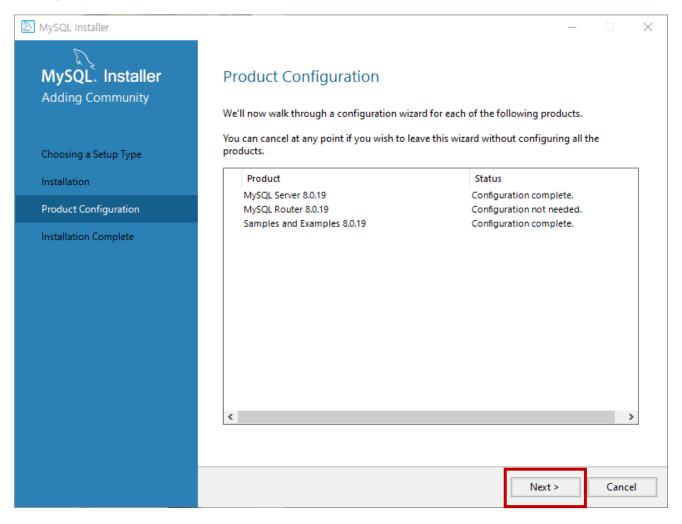
> Click 'Finish' after the configuration steps are completely installed.



## **Step 7: Installation Complete**



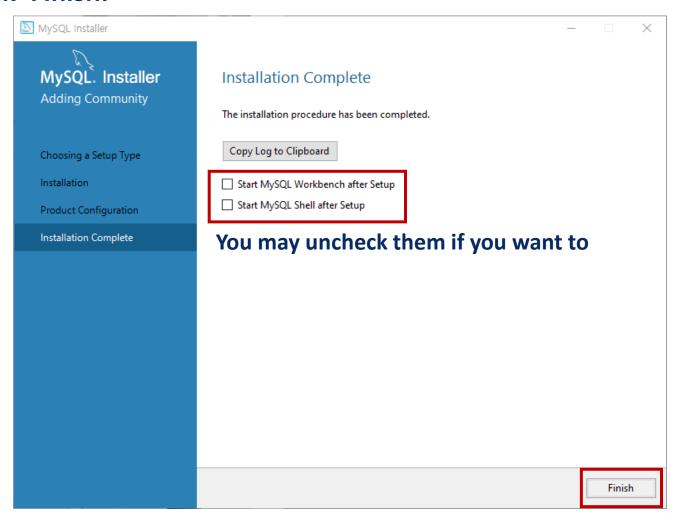
#### Click 'Next.'



### **Step 7: Installation Complete**

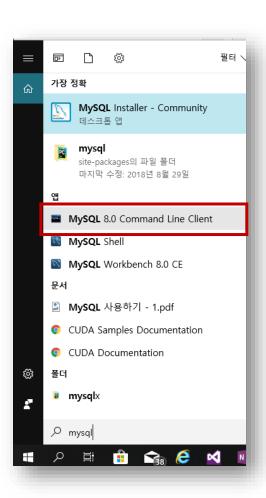


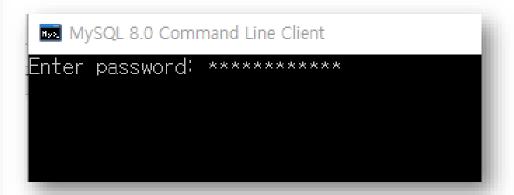
#### > Click 'Finish.'





> Open "MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client" and enter password.



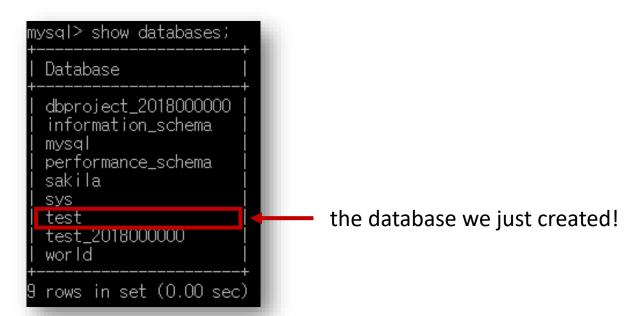




- Create a new database named 'test' and check it.
  - mysql > CREATE DATABASE test;

```
mysql> create database test;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)
```

mysql > SHOW databases;





- > Select the database that we just created.
  - mysql > USE test;

```
mysql> use test;
Database changed
```

- mysql > SHOW tables;
  - Since we didn't create any tables yet, it's an empty set.

```
mysql> show tables;
Empty set (0.03 sec)
```



- Create a new table 'student.'
  - mysql > CREATE TABLE student (.....);

```
mysql> create table student(

-> sid INT NOT NULL,

-> prof VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,

-> dept VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,

-> grade CHAR(1),

-> primary key(sid)

-> );

Query OK, O rows affected (0.06 sec)
```

mysql > DESCRIBE student;

++	escribe studen	+	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	++	
Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra	
prof     dept	int(11) varchar(45) varchar(45) char(1)		PRI	NULL NULL NULL NULL		
4 rows in set (0.03 sec)						



- > Insert tuples into the table.
  - mysql > INSERT INTO (table name) VALUES (....)

```
mysql> insert into student values

-> (001, 'JWLEE', 'CS', '1'),

-> (002, 'JPHEO', 'CS', '4'),

-> (003, 'JWLEE', 'SW', '3'),

-> (004, 'JHLEE', 'CS', '4')

-> ;

Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.04 sec)

Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```



- > Retrieve tuples from the table.
  - mysql > SELECT \* FROM (table name);

```
mysql> select * from student

->;

+----+

| sid | prof | dept | grade |

+----+

| 1 | JWLEE | CS | 1

| 2 | JPHEO | CS | 4

| 3 | JWLEE | SW | 3

| 4 | JHLEE | CS | 4

+----+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



- > Retrieve tuples from the table.
  - mysql > SELECT \* FROM (table name) WHERE grade='4';



- > Delete tuples from the table and check it.
  - mysql > DELETE FROM (table name) WHERE grade='4';

```
mysql> delete from student where grade='4'
-> ;
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.06 sec)
```

mysql > SELECT \* FROM (table name);

### References



- > MySQL Installation
  - https://dev.mysql.com/
  - https://dog-developers.tistory.com/20

- ▶ 생활코딩 MySQL
  - https://opentutorials.org/course/2136/12020

# Q&A



