


Activity Conversion Intent & Broadcast

Mobile App Programming



Before start

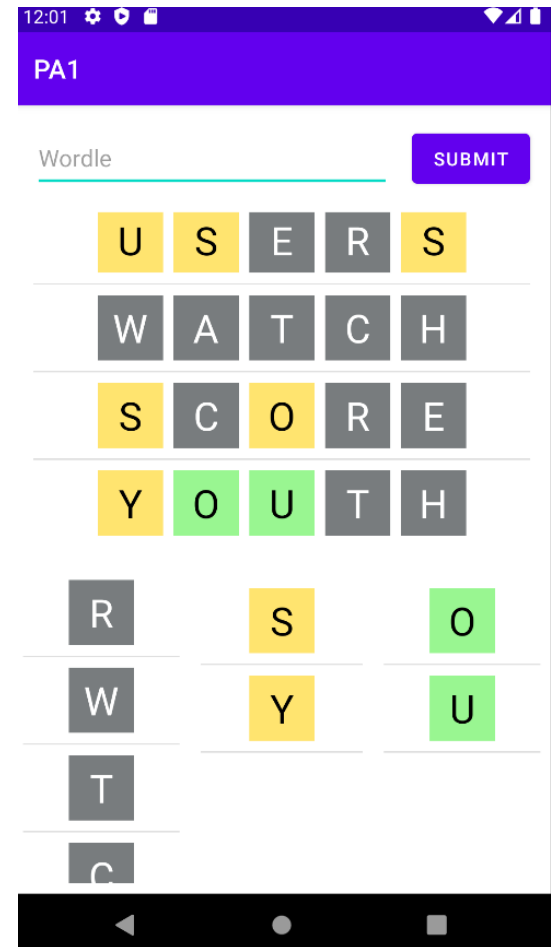
- Inquires
- PA1
- ConstraintLayout
- Event Log
- Logcat
- Invalidate Cache & Restart

Inquires

- In case of Inquires:
 - Send e-mail to map.at.skku@gmail.com
 - Do NOT send iCampus message
- PA1 spec:
 - Google Spreadsheet (PA1 docs)
- In case of online class:
 - Send e-mail BEFORE THE CLASS
 - When you entered the online class, you must have been noticed that some circumstance happened before that time.
 - From next week, we may not accept request after time.

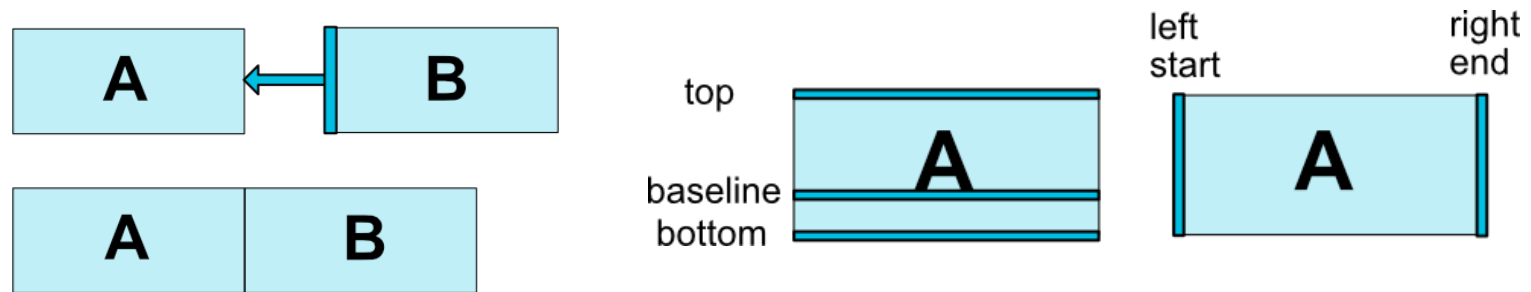
PA1

- PA1 is out!
 - See PA1 spec. document
 - Question about Spec.
 - Google Spreadsheet
 - on PA1 spec. document
 - Question about android
 - Google
 - Question about Java
 - Google



ConstraintLayout

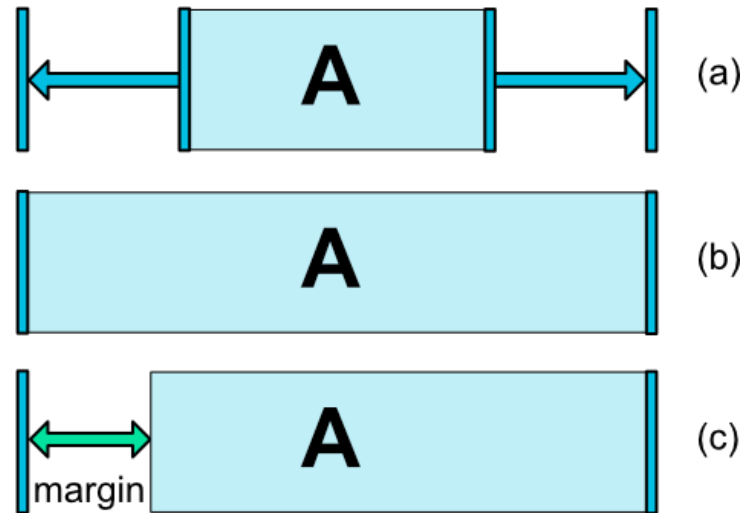
- ConstraintLayout is a ViewGroup which allows you to position and size widgets in a flexible way: Constraint



- Relative: with constraint & margin value & fixed width/height

<https://developer.android.com/reference/androidx/constraintlayout/widget/ConstraintLayout>

ConstraintLayout



- Center: Two Constraint & no margin & fixed width/height
- Fill: Two Constraint & no margin & width/height "match_constraint"
- Fill with margin: Same as above, but yes margin

<https://developer.android.com/reference/androidx/constraintlayout/widget/ConstraintLayout>

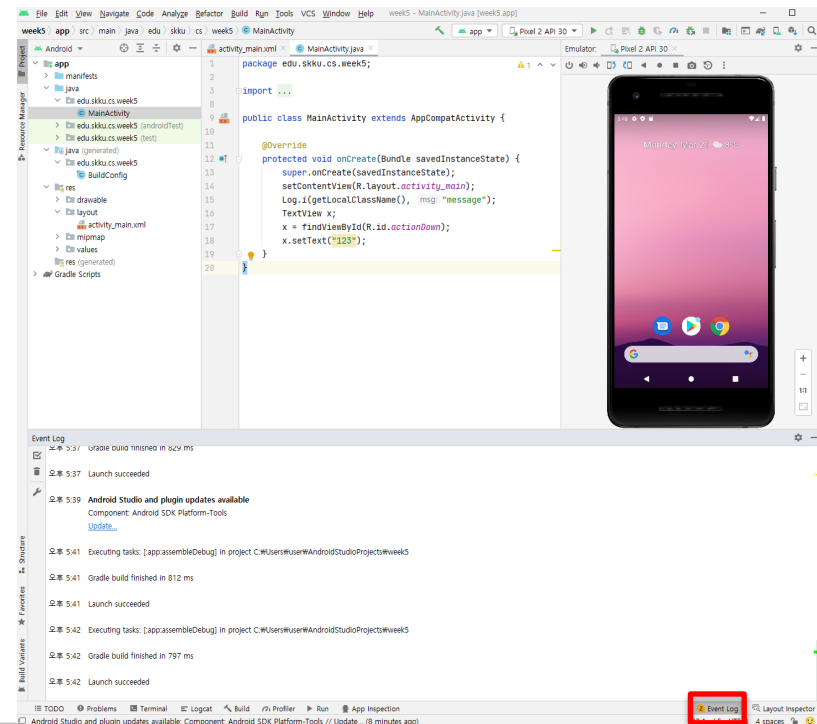
ConstraintLayout

- There are more like
 - Chain: Group many components to distribute in various way
 - Guideline: (Check PA1 Tips)
 - Bias, Ratio, ...
- Import things
 - You should check all for horizontal & vertical
 - constraint for start/end, width
 - constraint for top/bottom, height

<https://developer.android.com/reference/androidx/constraintlayout/widget/ConstraintLayout>

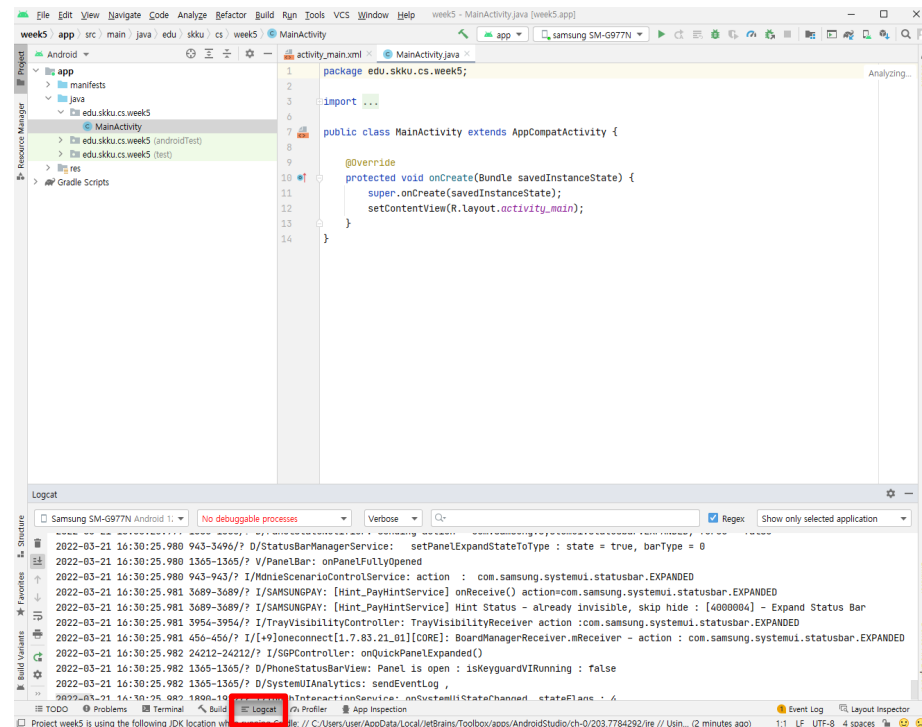
Event Log

- Event Log
 - Bottom-right
 - See what happened to gradle/adb/...



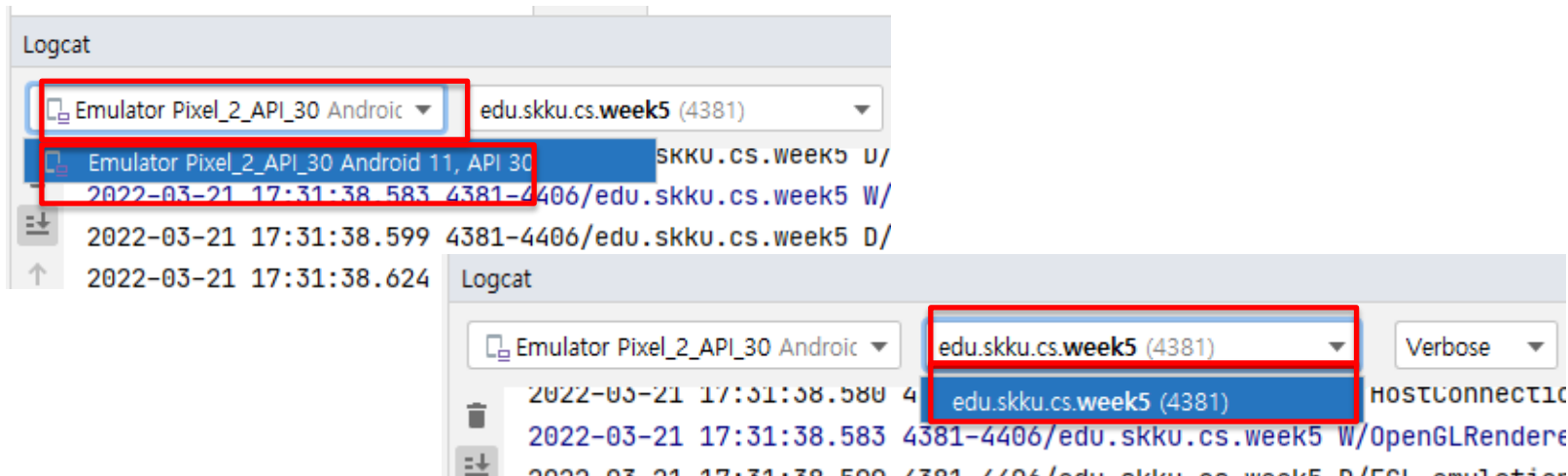
Logcat

- Logcat
 - Bottom- left?middle?
 - See what happened to your android device



Logcat

- Logcat
 - There is a bug! & Double check!
 - Recommended to manually select device & process again (Even though it's already selected)



Logcat

- Logcat
 - All the log is shown here
 - You can filter by searching keyword, or debug level
 - Verbose < Debug < Info < Warn < Error < Assert
 - Selecting debug level to showing only above that.
 - If runtime error occurs, check here!

Logcat

- Gray code
 - Android code
 - No need to go deep
- Blue code
 - Your code
 - Click to move there
 - Check the error message above
 - Here, “Caused by: java.lang.NullPointerException: ...”
 - Then, maybe you called method on null pointer

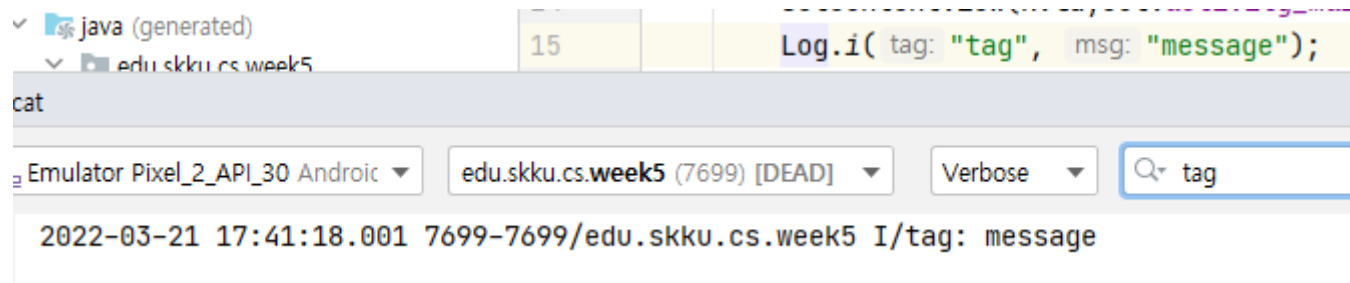
```
Logcat
Emulator Pixel_2_API_30 Android edu.skku.cs.week5 (7553) [DEAD] Verbose Q- [x] Regex [x] Shc

2022-03-21 17:37:04.278 7553-7553/edu.skku.cs.week5 W/u.skku.cs.week5: Accessing hidden method Landroid/view/ViewGroup;~>makeOptional
2022-03-21 17:37:04.321 7553-7553/edu.skku.cs.week5 D/AndroidRuntime: Shutting down VM

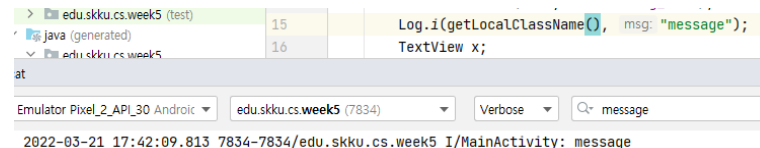
----- beginning of crash
2022-03-21 17:37:04.322 7553-7553/edu.skku.cs.week5 E/AndroidRuntime: FATAL EXCEPTION: main
Process: edu.skku.cs.week5, PID: 7553
java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start activity ComponentInfo{edu.skku.cs.week5/edu.skku.cs.week5.MainActivity}: java.lar
    at android.app.ActivityThread.performLaunchActivity(ActivityThread.java:3449)
    at android.app.ActivityThread.handleLaunchActivity(ActivityThread.java:3601)
    at android.app.servertransaction.LaunchActivityItem.execute(LaunchActivityItem.java:85)
    at android.app.servertransaction.TransactionExecutor.executeCallbacks(TransactionExecutor.java:135)
    at android.app.servertransaction.TransactionExecutor.execute(TransactionExecutor.java:95)
    at android.app.ActivityThread.handleMessage(ActivityThread.java:2066)
    at android.os.Handler.dispatchMessage(Handler.java:106)
    at android.os.Looper.loop(Looper.java:223)
    at android.app.ActivityThread.main(ActivityThread.java:7656) <1 internal call>
    at com.android.internal.os.RuntimeInit$MethodAndArgsCaller.run(RuntimeInit.java:592)
    at com.android.internal.os.ZygoteInit.main(ZygoteInit.java:947)
Caused by: java.lang.NullPointerException: Attempt to invoke virtual method 'void android.widget.TextView.setText(java.lang.C
    at edu.skku.cs.week5.MainActivity.onCreate(MainActivity.java:16)
    at android.app.Activity.performCreate(Activity.java:7984)
    at android.app.Activity.performCreate(Activity.java:7984)
    at android.app.Instrumentation.callActivityOnCreate(Instrumentation.java:1309)
    at android.app.ActivityThread.performLaunchActivity(ActivityThread.java:3422) <8 more...> <1 internal call> <2 more...>
```

Logcat

- You can manually log
 - `Log.v/d/i/w/e("tag string", "message string");`
 - verbose/debug/info/warn/error

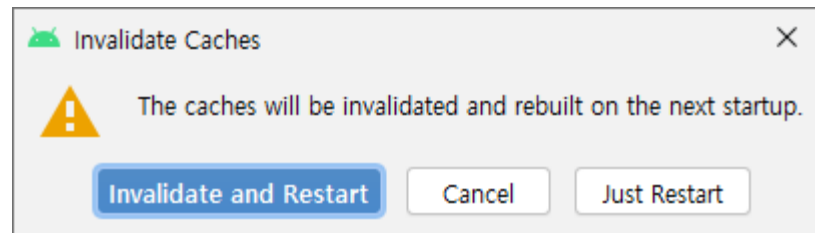
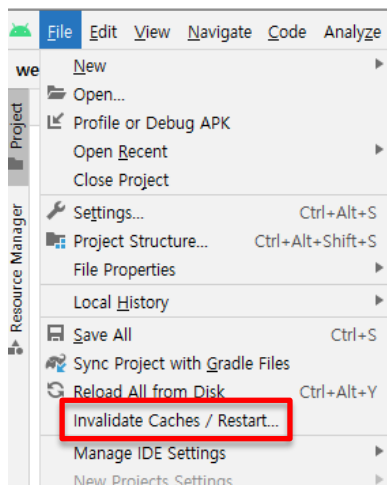


- `Log.?(getLocalClassName(), "debug message");`
 - Automatically set tag to its class name



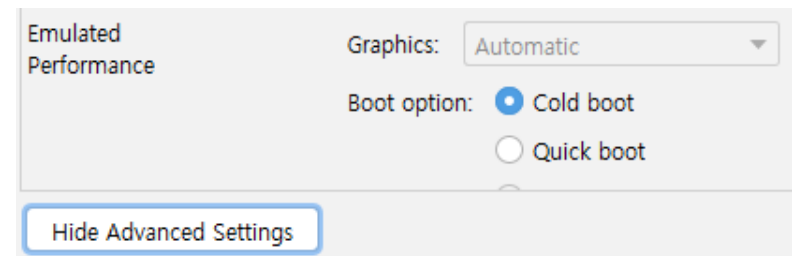
Invalidate Cache / Restart

- Invalidate Caches / Restart
 - File > Invalidate Caches / Restart...
 - Can be different (Just 'Invalidate Cache' or different loc, ...)
 - Shift+Shift then search!
 - Remove android studio's cache / restart, or just restart



Others

- Another troubleshooting tip: kill all adb.exe
 - adb: Android Debug Bridge, connect desktop & android
 - Due to bug, adb.exe might be executed too many
 - Maybe hard to use virtual device
 - Kill all adb.exe after Android Studio closed, if exists
 - Windows: taskkill /IM "adb.exe" /F
- Another troubleshooting tip: USB debugging
 - When your device is hard to connect, turn USB debugging off and on
 - Developer option: tap build number 10+ times
- Another troubleshooting tip: cold boot
 - Set your emulation device Cold boot





Activity Conversion Intent & Broadcast

Mobile App Programming

Android Glossary

- There are four main Android app components :
 - > Activity, Service, Broadcast receiver, Content provider.
- Whenever you create or use any of them, you must include elements in the project manifest.





Intent

- An **Intent** is a messaging object you can use to request an action from another app component.
- Three fundamental use cases:
 - Starting an **activity**
 - Starting a **service**
 - Delivering a **broadcast**
- Two types of intents:
 - Explicit intents
 - Implicit intents

<https://developer.android.com/guide/components/intents-filters?hl=ko>

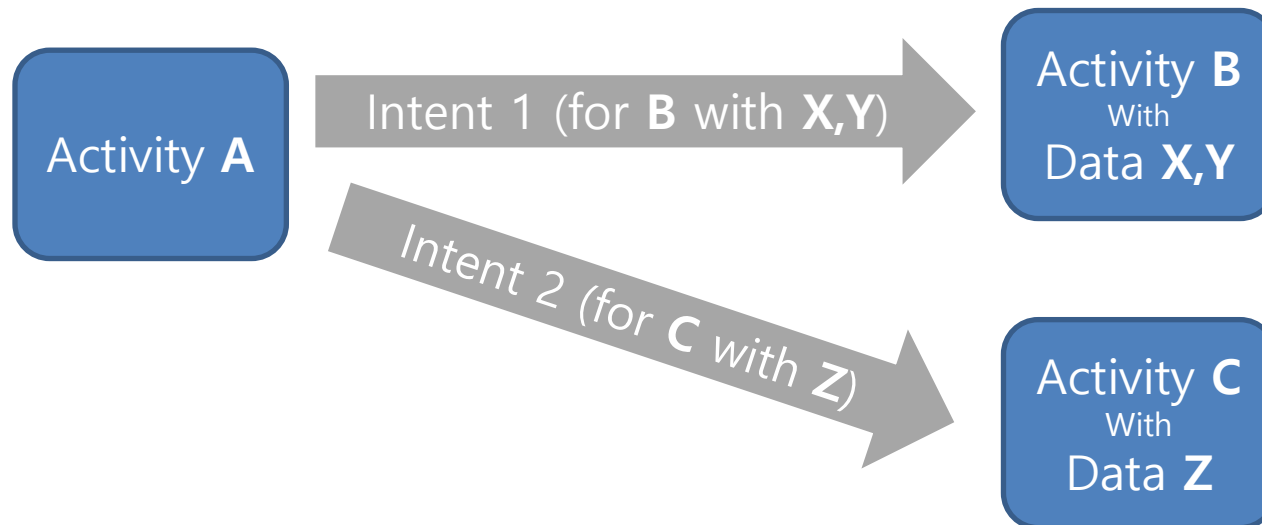


Implicit/Explicit Intent

- Explicit intents
 - Specify package name or component class name
- Implicit intents
 - Do not specify above name
 - Declare general action
 - Call, Message, Location, ...

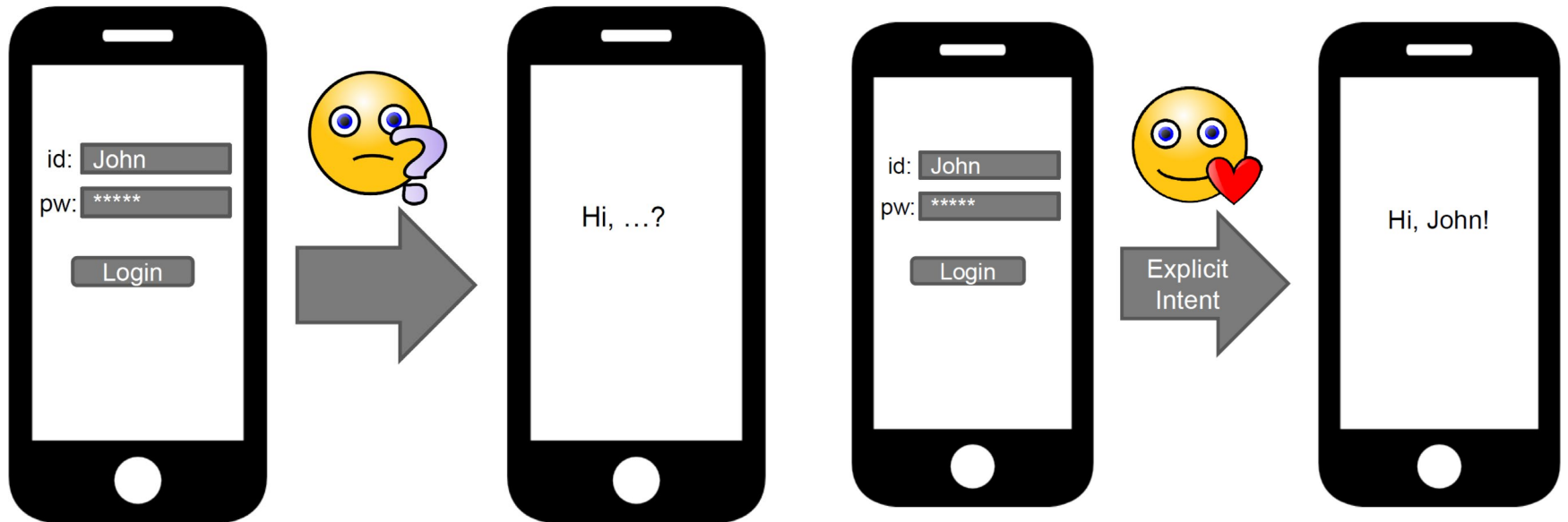
Explicit Intent

- Explicit intents
 - Specify package name or component class name
 - Start an activity in **Intent** object
 - Data can be passed via **Extras**



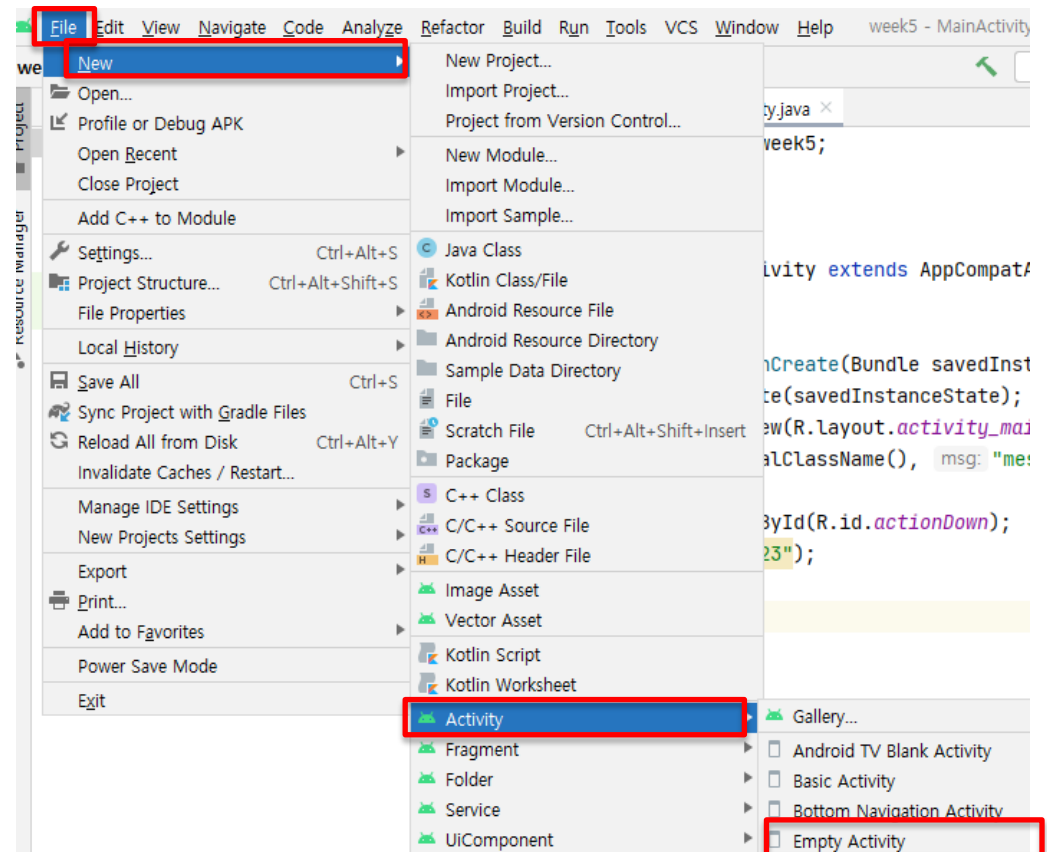
Explicit Intent

- Why **Extras** needed?



Practice: Another Activity

- Make another activity
 - File > New
 - > Activity
 - > Empty Activity



Practice: Another Activity

- Make another activity

New Android Activity

Empty Activity
Creates a new empty activity

Activity Name
NothingActivity

☒ Generate a Layout File

Layout Name
activity_nothing

☐ Launcher Activity

Package name
edu.skku.cs.week5

Source Language
Java

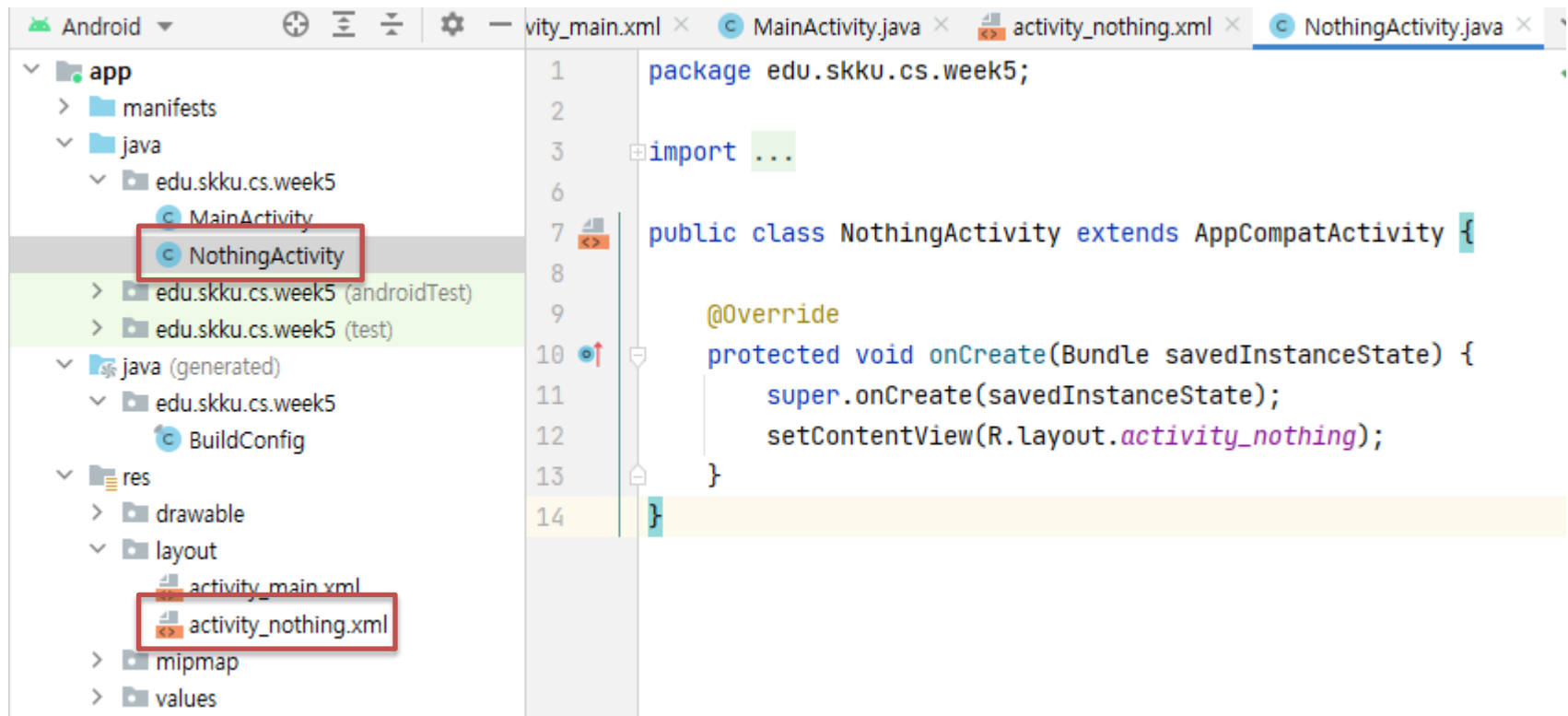
Target Source Set
main

Automatically set

Previous Next Cancel Finish

Practice: Another Activity

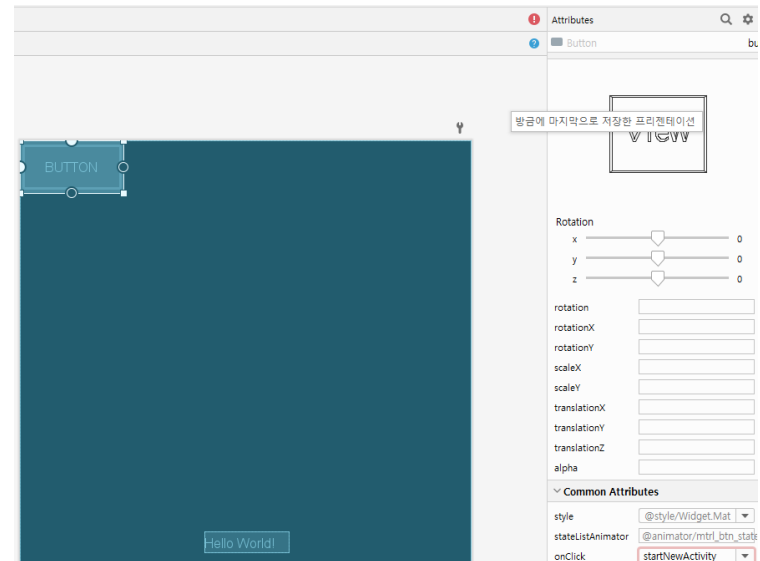
- Make another activity



Practice: Another Activity

- Make Button on MainActivity
 - onClick
 - Automatically set OnClickListener
 - android:onClick="FunctionName"

```
<Button
    android:id="@+id/button"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Button"
    android:onClick="startNewActivity"
    app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent" />
```



Practice: Another Activity

- Make Button on MainActivity
 - android:onClick="FunctionName"
 - When user touch that button, calls "public void FunctionName(View)"
 - Make function matches to its name

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {  
  
    @Override  
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);  
        Log.i(getLocalClassName(), msg: "message");  
  
        /*  
        TextView x;  
        x = findViewById(R.id.actionDown);  
        x.setText("123");  
        */  
    }  
    |  
    public void startNewActivity(View v){  
  
    }  
}
```



Practice: Another Activity

- Make Button on MainActivity
 - Set attribute
 - `android:onClick="FunctionName"`
 - Make function
 - `public void FunctionName(View v){}`
 - It do the same with `setOnClickListener...`
 - lambda or anonymous function not needed

Practice: Another Activity

- Implement to start NothingActivity
 - Make intent
 - Put extras
 - Call startActivity

```
public static final String EXT_NAME = "Name";
public static final String EXT_SID = "StudentId";
public void startNewActivity(View v){
    Intent intent = new Intent( packageContext: MainActivity.this, NothingActivity.class);
    intent.putExtra(EXT_NAME, value: "홍길동");
    intent.putExtra(EXT_SID, value: "2022524288");
    startActivity(intent);
}
```

Practice: Another Activity

- Implement NothingActivity to get Extras
 - Read with `getIntent().getStringExtra(<NAME>);`
 - Show with Toast

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_nothing);

    Intent intent = getIntent();
    String name = intent.getStringExtra(MainActivity.EXT_NAME);
    String sid = intent.getStringExtra(MainActivity.EXT_SID);

    Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(),
        text: "Welcome, " + name + "(" + sid + ")",
        Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
}
```



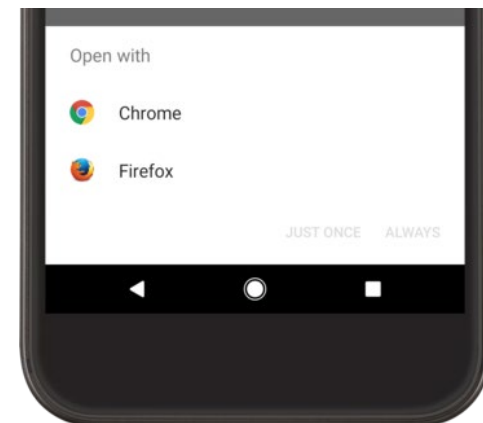
Another Activity

week5

Welcome, 홍길동(2022524288)!

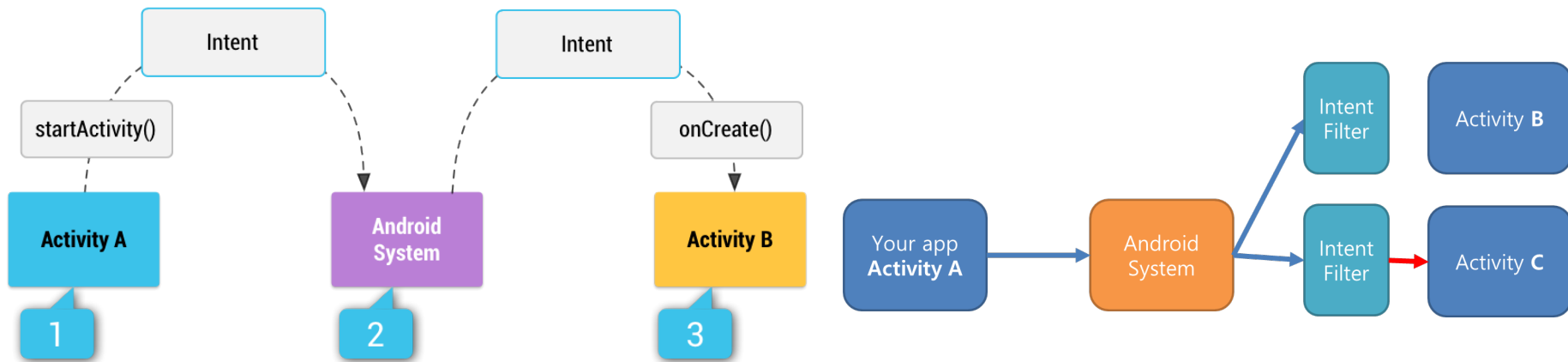
Implicit Intent

- Why implicit intent need?
 - Lots of application that can
 - call / message
 - show map
 - send email
 - ...
 - What application to use?



Implicit Intent

- How it works? **Intent Filter**
 - Declare general action: `ACTION_VIEW`, `ACTION_CALL`, `ACTION_SEND...`
 - Android System will choose candidate via Intent Filter
 - If no candidate: Fail
 - If multiple candidates: Let user choose



Implicit Intent

- If you want to get implicit intent,
 - Let android system know
 - Intent filter, on AndroidManifest.xml

```
<activity android:name="MainActivity">
  <!-- This activity is the main entry, should appear in app launcher -->
  <intent-filter>
    <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
    <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
  </intent-filter>
</activity>

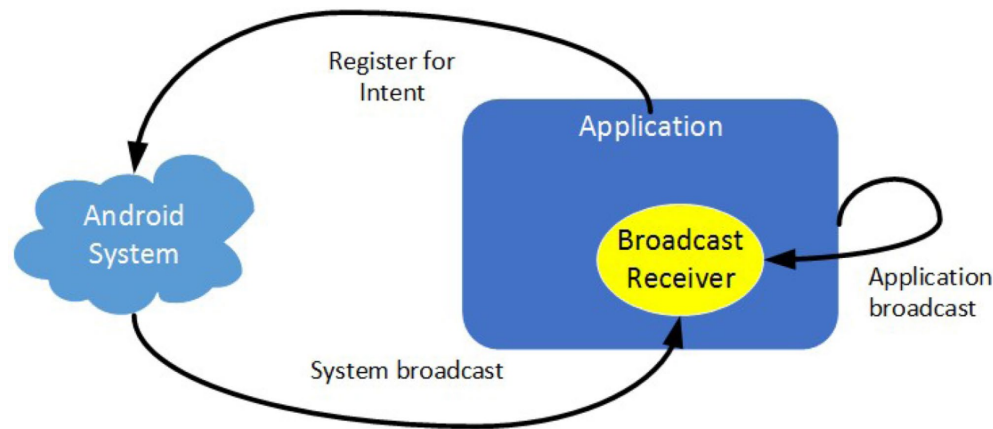
<activity android:name="ShareActivity">
  <!-- This activity handles "SEND" actions with text data -->
  <intent-filter>
    <action android:name="android.intent.action.SEND" />
    <category android:name="android.intent.category.DEFAULT" />
    <data android:mimeType="text/plain" />
  </intent-filter>
  <!-- This activity also handles "SEND" and "SEND_MULTIPLE" with media data -->
  <intent-filter>
    <action android:name="android.intent.action.SEND" />
    <action android:name="android.intent.action.SEND_MULTIPLE" />
    <category android:name="android.intent.category.DEFAULT" />
    <data android:mimeType="application/vnd.google.panorama360+jpg" />
    <data android:mimeType="image/*" />
    <data android:mimeType="video/*" />
  </intent-filter>
</activity>
```

Implicit Intent

- Receive with **Broadcast Receiver**
 - Receive **Intent** which is broadcasted from application
 - Usually used when application does not need to react the message
 - ACTION_BOOT_COMPLETED, ACTION_LOCALE_CHANGED, ...
 - Notify to all targeted applications when special event happens
- Receive with **Activity**
 - Receive **Intent** which is passed with startActivity() method
 - Used when **Intent** must be reacted via **Activity**
 - Usually used when application need to react

Broadcast

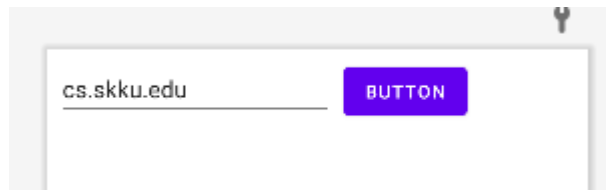
- Sending message protocol which declared by Android system or other application
- Implicit Intent is exactly same with the broadcast message



<https://developer.android.com/guide/components/broadcasts?hl=ko>

Practice: Implicit Intent

- Make an application that opens web browser app.
- Make EditText on MainActivity



```
<EditText
    android:id="@+id/edittext_uri"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginStart="8dp"
    android:layout_marginTop="8dp"
    android:ems="10"
    android:inputType="textPersonName"
    android:text="cs.skku.edu"
    app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent" />

<Button
    android:id="@+id/button"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginStart="8dp"
    android:layout_marginTop="8dp"
    android:onClick="startNewActivity"
    android:text="Button"
    app:layout_constraintStart_toEndOf="@+id/edittext_uri"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent" />
```

Practice: Implicit Intent

- Change Button onClick function to open web browser
 - Use URI
 - Uniform Resource Identifier
 - URL(Uniform Resource Locator) is subset of URI

```
public void startNewActivity(View v){
    EditText editText = findViewById(R.id.edittext_uri);
    Uri uri = Uri.parse("https://" + editText.getText().toString());
    Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW, uri);
    if(intent.resolveActivity(getPackageManager()) != null){
        startActivity(intent);
    }
    else{
        Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(),
            text: "Unable to resolve activity '" + intent.getData().toString() + "'",
            Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    }
}
```

Practice: Implicit Intent

week5

cs.skku.edu

BUTTON

Hello World!

Unable to resolve activity 'https://cs.skku.edu'

Practice: Implicit Intent

- Unable to resolve! Why?
 - Since Android 11.0(API 30), you must add proper `<intent>` in `<queries>` on manifest file
 - or `QUERY_ALL_PACKAGES` permission

```
</application>

<queries>
  <intent>
    <action android:name="android.intent.action.VIEW" />
    <category android:name="android.intent.category.BROWSABLE" />
    <data android:scheme="https" />
  </intent>
</queries>
</manifest>
```

Practice: Implicit Intent

week5

cs.skku.edu

BUTTON

Hello World!

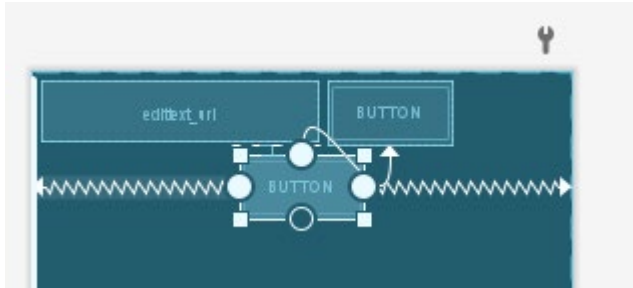


Practice: Broadcast – custom

- Make an application that send and receive broadcast
- Your own broadcast could be sent and received
- Receiver side
 - Define intent-filter on onResume(): Got focus
 - Define intent-filter on onPause(): Lost focus
- Sender side
 - `sendBroadcast(intent)`

Practice: Broadcast – custom

- For test, we will make both on the same app.
- Add Another button to MainActivity



```
<Button
    android:id="@+id/button_broadcast"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginTop="8dp"
    android:onClick="sendBroadcast"
    android:text="Button"
    app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/button" />
```

Practice: Broadcast – custom

- MainActivity.java
 - Add broadcast function to onClick function

```
public static final String INTENT_ACTION = "edu.skku.cs.week5.hi";  
public void sendBroadcast(View v){  
    Intent intent = new Intent(INTENT_ACTION);  
    sendBroadcast(intent);  
}
```

Practice: Broadcast – custom

- MainActivity.java
 - Make BroadcastReceiver and manage it
 - Just Toast

```
BroadcastReceiver br = new BroadcastReceiver() {  
    @Override  
    public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {  
        Toast.makeText(context, intent.getAction(), Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();  
    }  
};
```

```
@Override  
protected void onResume(){  
    super.onResume();  
    IntentFilter intentFilter = new IntentFilter();  
    intentFilter.addAction(INTENT_ACTION);  
    registerReceiver(br, intentFilter);  
}  
  
@Override  
protected void onPause(){  
    super.onPause();  
    unregisterReceiver(br);  
}
```

Practice: Broadcast – custom

- How works?
 - App execution:
 - onCreate() -> onResume()
 - Register BroadcastReceiver
 - Press button
 - sendBroadcast()
 - Send broadcast
 - » Goes to the same app, make Toast!

Practice: Broadcast – custom

BUTTON

Hello World!

edu.skku.cs.week5.hi



Practice: Broadcast – custom

- Receiver should be released at onPause()
 - Android's regulation
- Real-world usage
 - Receiver app. and Sender app. would be different
 - Receiver app. should be focused.
 - Added restriction since Android 8.0(API 26)
 - Download ended?



Practice: Broadcast – system

- Make an app. that receive system broadcast
- How works?
 - Choose one
 - Previous one: Register on runtime
 - App should between onResume() and onPause()
 - New one: Register on AndroidManifest.xml
 - Android system will wake up your code
 - Even if app. is not executed, receiver will work.
 - We will practice this!

Practice: Broadcast – system

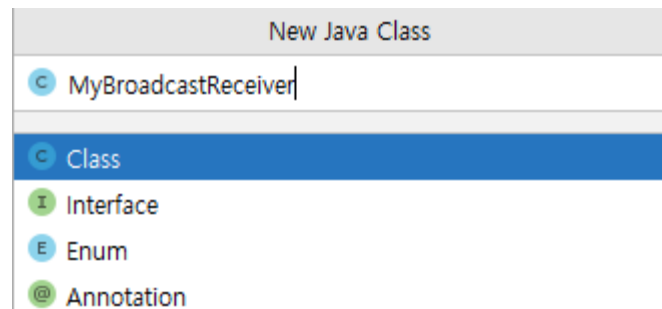
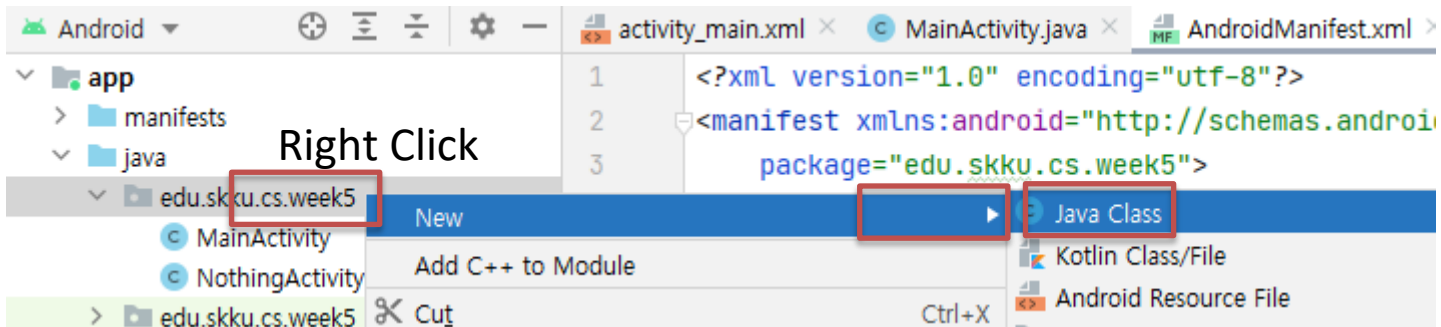
- AndroidManifest.xml

Receiver class package location

```
</activity>  
  
<receiver android:name=".MyBroadcastReceiver" android:exported="true">  
    <intent-filter>  
        <action android:name="android.intent.action.LOCALE_CHANGED"/>  
    </intent-filter>  
</receiver>  
</application>
```

Practice: Broadcast – system

- Create new java file: MyBroadcastReceiver



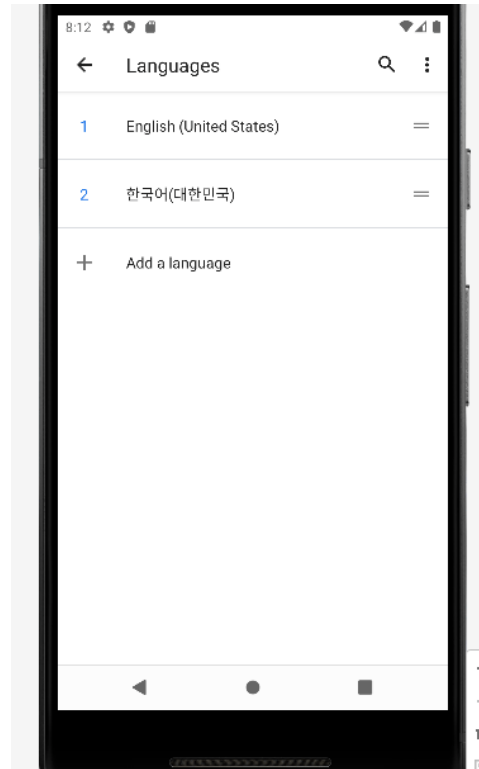
Practice: Broadcast – system

- MyBroadcastReceiver.java
 - Receive -> Just Toast

```
public class MyBroadcastReceiver extends BroadcastReceiver {  
    @Override  
    public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {  
        Toast.makeText(context,  
            intent.toString(),  
            Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();  
    }  
}
```

Practice: Broadcast – system

- Run app once(for install) -> Change System locale





Practice: Broadcast – system

- When we use?
 - Bluetooth connection -> manage it
 - System turned on -> register alarm, ...
 - ...

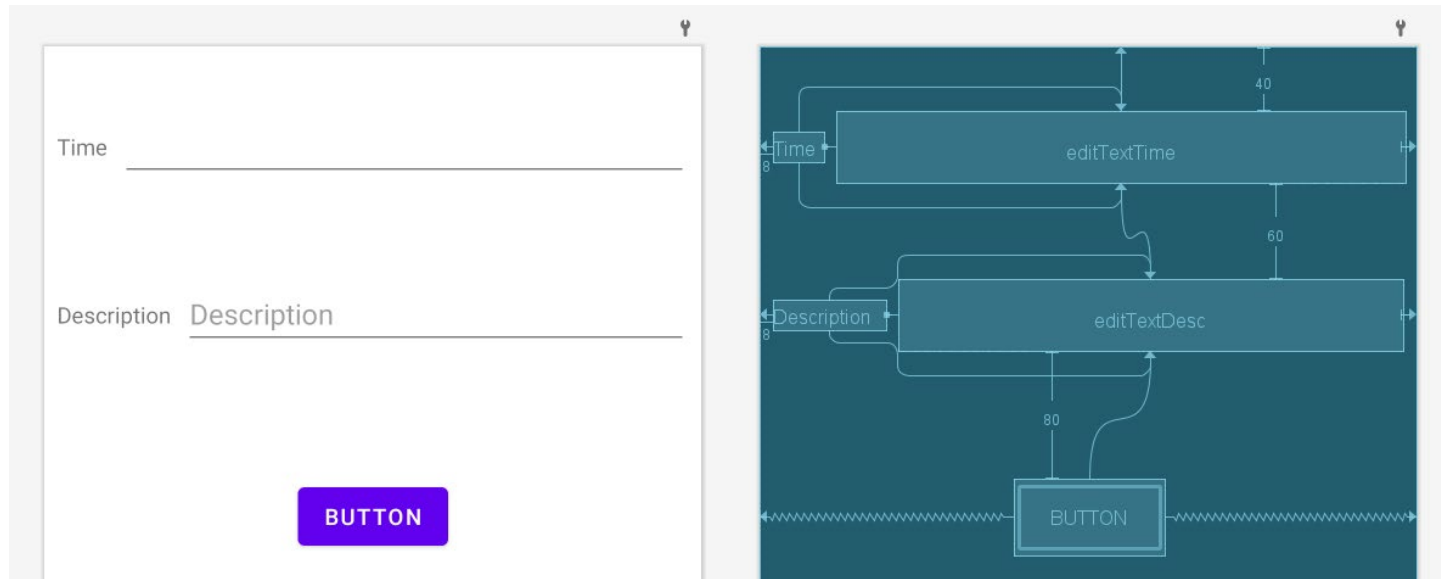


Lab – Week #5

- Make an alarm setup application
- First activity
 - EditText: Input hour, minute, and description
 - Button: Press to go on Second activity
- Second activity
 - User can check information
 - Button: Press OK button to call another alarm app.

Lab – Week #5

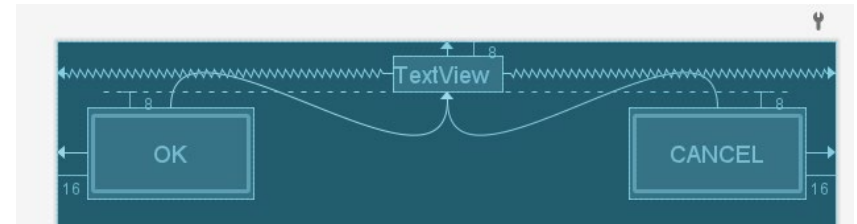
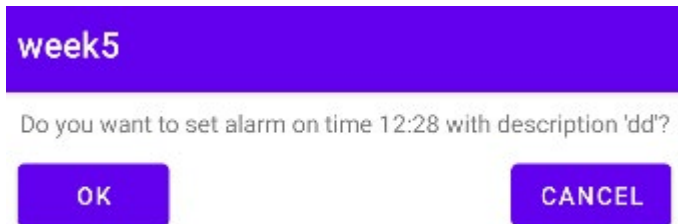
- First activity



- Textview to label, EditText to get input.
- `android:inputType="time" / "textPersonName"`

Lab – Week #5

- Second activity



- Get data from First activity and set TextView to "Do you want to set alarm on time <Time> with description '<Description>'"
- Cancel button: close activity
- OK button: implicit intent to alarm app / close activity



Lab – Week #5

- Scoring Criteria
 - UI
 - Please follow the slides.
 - TAs will help
 - Functionality
 - Data of First Activity must be passed to Second.
 - Second must be able to call implicit intent.
 - You don't need to verify user input

Lab – Week #5

The image shows a mobile application interface for a task titled "week5". The interface is displayed on a smartphone screen with a black border. At the top, there is a purple header bar with the text "week5" in white. Below the header, the main content area is white. It contains two input fields: one labeled "Time" and another labeled "Description". Both labels are in a light gray font and are positioned to the left of their respective input lines. The "Description" input line has the word "Description" written on it in a light gray font. Below these input fields, there is a purple rectangular button with the word "BUTTON" in white, centered on the button. At the very bottom of the screen, there is a black navigation bar with three white icons: a back arrow, a circle, and a square.



Lab – Week #5

- Project Environment
 - **minSdk: 26**
 - **compileSdk & targetSdk: 31**
 - **applicationId: "edu.skku.cs.week5"**
- Submission
 - "<Student ID>_w5.zip"
 - Export to Zip, change zip file name
 - Ignore ending -<number>

Lab – Week #5

- Tips

- Alarm app intent

- <https://developer.android.com/guide/components/intents-common?hl=ko>

- AndroidManifest.xml

```
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    package="edu.skku.cs.week5">
    <uses-permission android:name="com.android.alarm.permission.SET_ALARM" />
    <queries>
        <intent>
            <action android:name="android.intent.action.SET_ALARM" />
        </intent>
    </queries>
</application>
```

- <uses-permission android:name="com.android.alarm.permission.SET_ALARM" />
 - <action android:name="android.intent.action.SET_ALARM" />

Lab – Week #5

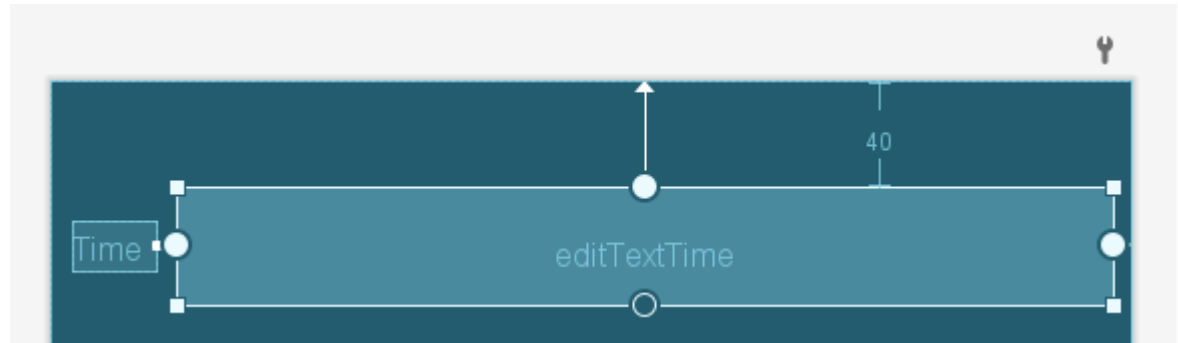
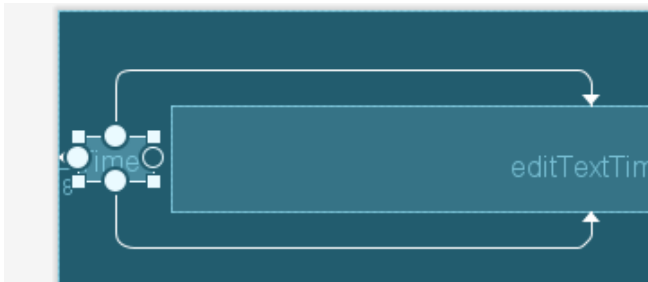
- Tips
 - Alarm app intent
 - Java code
 - `new Intent(AlarmClock.ACTION_SET_ALARM)`
 - Extra
 - » `AlarmClock.EXTRA_MESSAGE`
 - Message, String
 - » `AlarmClock.EXTRA_HOUR`
 - Alarm hour, int, 0~23
 - » `AlarmClock.EXTRA_MINUTES`
 - Alarm minute, int, 0~59

Lab – Week #5

- Tips
 - Close activity
 - `this.finish()`
 - Slice (hour:minute) to (hour) and (minute)
 - `.split(":")[0]`
 - `.split(":")[1]`
 - Parse String to int
 - `Integer.parseInt("string_to_parse")`
 - `Integer.parseInt("123") // 123`

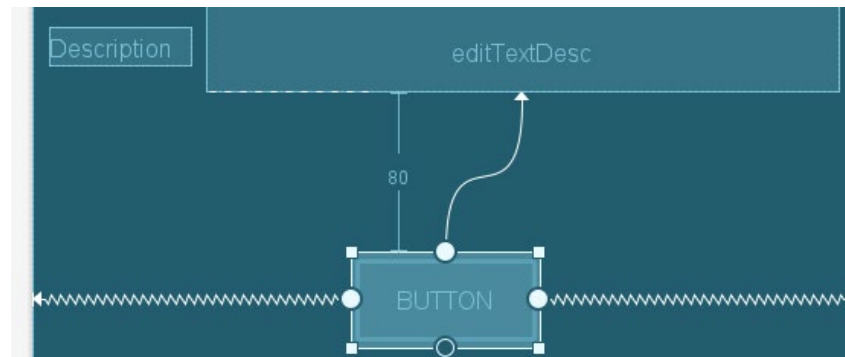
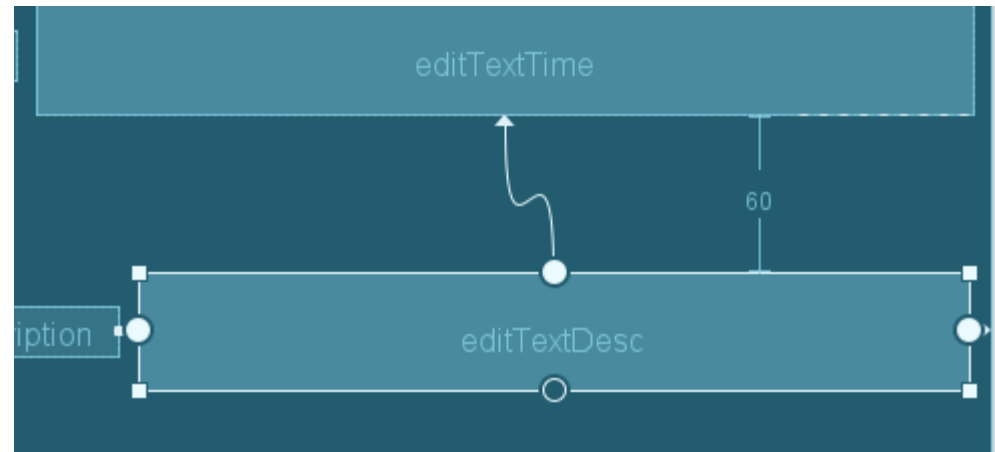
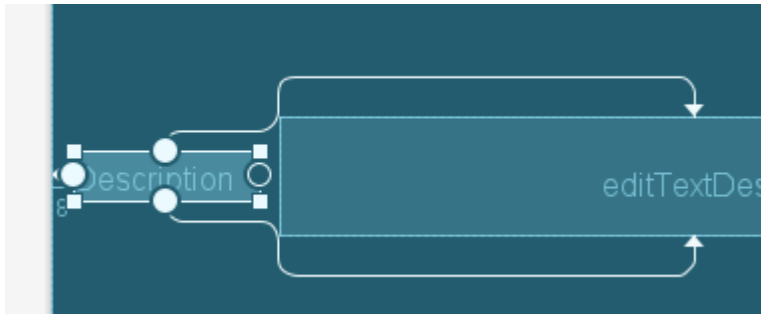
Lab – Week #5

- Tips
 - Activity Layout
 - Invisible margin: 8
 - margin unit: dp



Lab – Week #5

- Tips
 - Activity Layout



Lab – Week #5

- Tips
 - Activity Layout

