

a. Solve for the normalized output, $y^* = (Y^*/V_T) V_T$, as a function of input $[L]$ at steady state. You should express the output in terms of the following dimensionless variables and parameters:

$$x^* = [X^*]/X_0; \quad k_1 = K_1/X_0; \quad k_2 = K_2/X_0; \quad k_3 = K_3/X_0; \quad k_4 = K_4/X_0; \quad k_{01} = k_{01}/(k_{01}[L]);$$

$$\theta_0 = [R^*]/R_0; \quad V_1/V_2 = (V_1/V_2)^* R_0; \quad V_3/V_4 = (V_3/V_4)^* X_0$$

At Steady state, $\frac{d[Y^*]}{dt} = 0$, $\frac{V_3 [Y^*]}{k_3 + [Y^*]} = \frac{V_4 [X^*]}{k_4 + [Y^*]} \rightarrow \frac{V_3}{k_4} = \frac{(k_3 + [Y^*]) [Y^*]}{[Y^*] (k_4 + [Y^*])}$

At Steady state, $\frac{V_3}{k_4} = \frac{(k_3 + Y_T - [Y^*]) [Y^*]}{(Y_T - [Y^*]) (k_4 + [Y^*])} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{V_T}} \frac{V_3}{k_4} = \frac{(k_3 + 1 - Y^*) Y^*}{(1 - Y^*) (k_4 + Y^*)}$

Substituting $\frac{V_3}{k_4} = \frac{(k_3 + 1 - Y^*) Y^*}{(1 - Y^*) (k_4 + Y^*)} \rightarrow k_3 Y^* + Y^* - Y^{*2} = \frac{V_3}{k_4} (k_4 + Y^* - Y^{*2})$

$\rightarrow Y^{*2} \left(1 + \frac{V_3}{k_4}\right) + Y^* \left(k_3 + 1 - \frac{V_3}{k_4} + k_4 \frac{V_3}{k_4}\right) - \frac{V_3}{k_4} k_4 = 0$

Solve quadratic $Y^* = \frac{-\left(k_3 + 1 - \frac{V_3}{k_4} + k_4 \frac{V_3}{k_4}\right) + \sqrt{\left(k_3 + 1 - \frac{V_3}{k_4} + k_4 \frac{V_3}{k_4}\right)^2 + 4\left(1 + \frac{V_3}{k_4}\right)\left(\frac{V_3}{k_4} k_4\right)}}{2\left(1 + \frac{V_3}{k_4}\right)}$

X^* can be solved for in the same way:

$X^* = \frac{-\left(k_1 + 1 - \frac{V_1}{V_2} + k_2 \frac{V_1}{V_2}\right) + \sqrt{\left(k_1 + 1 - \frac{V_1}{V_2} + k_2 \frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^2 + 4\left(1 + \frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)\left(\frac{V_1}{V_2} k_2\right)}}{2\left(1 + \frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)}$

Solve for θ_B :

$k_m [R] [L] = k_{eff} [R^*] \rightarrow k_m (R_T - [R^*]) [L] = k_{eff} [R^*] \rightarrow \frac{k_{eff}}{k_m [L]} = \frac{(R_T - [R^*])}{[R^*]} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{R_T}} \frac{1}{R_T} \frac{1}{[R^*]}$

$\rightarrow K_D = \frac{1 - \theta_B}{\theta_B} \rightarrow K_D \theta_B = 1 - \theta_B \rightarrow \theta_B (K_D + 1) = 1 \rightarrow \theta_B = \frac{1}{K_D + 1} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{R_T}} \frac{1}{K_D + 1} \frac{1}{R_T}$

Solve for X^* in terms K_D

$V_1 = \delta [R^*] = \delta_1 \theta_B R_T = \delta_1 R_T \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1}\right)$

$\rightarrow X^* = \frac{-\left(k_1 + 1 - \frac{\delta_1 R_T}{V_2} \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1}\right) + k_2 \frac{\delta_1 R_T}{V_2} \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\left(k_1 + 1 - \frac{\delta_1 R_T}{V_2} \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1}\right) + k_2 \frac{\delta_1 R_T}{V_2} \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1}\right)\right)^2 + 4\left(1 + \frac{\delta_1 R_T}{V_2} \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1}\right)\right)\left(\frac{\delta_1 R_T}{V_2} \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1}\right)\right)}}{2\left(1 + \frac{\delta_1 R_T}{V_2} \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1}\right)\right)}$

Solve for Y^* in terms X^*

$Y^* = \frac{-\left(k_3 + 1 - \frac{\delta_3 X^* V_3}{V_4} + k_4 \frac{\delta_3 X^* V_3}{V_4}\right) + \sqrt{\left(k_3 + 1 - \frac{\delta_3 X^* V_3}{V_4} + k_4 \frac{\delta_3 X^* V_3}{V_4}\right)^2 + 4\left(1 + \frac{\delta_3 X^* V_3}{V_4}\right)\left(\frac{\delta_3 X^* V_3}{V_4} k_4\right)}}{2\left(1 + \frac{\delta_3 X^* V_3}{V_4}\right)}$

$$\frac{d[R^*]}{dt} = k_{on}[R][L] - k_{off}[R^*]$$

$$\frac{d[R^*]}{dt} = -\frac{d[R^*]}{dt} = \frac{V_1 [X]}{K_1 + [X]} - \frac{V_2 [R^*]}{K_2 + [R^*]}$$

$$\text{where } V_1 = \gamma_1 [R^*]$$

$$\frac{d[Y^*]}{dt} = -\frac{d[Y^*]}{dt} = \frac{V_3 [Y]}{K_3 + [Y]} - \frac{V_4 [Y^*]}{K_4 + [Y^*]}$$

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$$\text{where } V_1 = \gamma_1 [R^*]$$

$$R_T = [R] + [R^*]$$

$$X_T = [X] + [X^*]$$

$$Y_T = [Y] + [Y^*]$$

$$\frac{\gamma_i R_T \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1} \right)}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 \left(1 + \frac{\gamma_i R_T}{V_2} \left(\frac{1}{K_D + 1} \right) \right)} \right)$$