```
Figure 1
Figure 2
Figure 3
Figure 4
lm_mod <- lm(life_exp_at_birth ~ internet_usage_proportion, data = cia)</pre>
obs_slope <- lm_mod$coefficients[2]</pre>
summary(lm_mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = life_exp_at_birth ~ internet_usage_proportion, data = cia)
##
## Residuals:
                  1Q Median
##
       Min
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -16.2903 -2.8736 0.1377
                                4.4186 11.1027
##
## Coefficients:
                             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                              63.7069
                                          0.6732 94.63 <2e-16 ***
## internet_usage_proportion 23.4594
                                          1.6731 14.02
                                                           <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 6.066 on 175 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5291, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5264
## F-statistic: 196.6 on 1 and 175 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
plot4 <- lm_mod
Figure 5
set.seed(1009)
perm_slope <- cia %>%
   specify(life_exp_at_birth ~ internet_usage_proportion) %>%
  hypothesize(null = "independence") %>%
   generate(reps = 1000, type = "permute") %>%
   calculate(stat = "slope")
plot5 <- ggplot(data=perm_slope, aes(x=stat)) +</pre>
   geom_histogram(bins=100) +
   geom_vline(xintercept = obs_slope,
              color = "#F05133") + ggtitle("Figure 5")
 xlim(-30,30)
## <ScaleContinuousPosition>
## Range:
## Limits: -30 --
Figure 6
lm_res <- resid(lm_mod)</pre>
```

lm\_res <- data.frame(resid = lm\_res)</pre>

```
lm_res <- lm_res %>% mutate(internet_usage_proportion = cia$internet_usage_proportion)
plot6 <- ggplot(data=lm_res, aes(x=resid))+
   geom_histogram(binwidth=1, color="black") +
   xlab("Residuals") +
   ylab("Frequency") +
   ggtitle("Figure 6: Histogram of Residuals")</pre>
```

# Figure 7

```
plot7 <- ggplot(data=lm_res, aes(x = internet_usage_proportion, y =resid)) + geom_point(size = 1.5) +
    xlab("Internet Usage Proportion") + ylab("Residual") +
    geom_hline(yintercept=0, linetype='dashed', col = 'red') +
    ggtitle("Figure 7: Internet Usage Proportion vs Residuals")</pre>
```

# Figure 8

```
set.seed(34209)
perm_ci <- cia %>%
   specify(life_exp_at_birth ~ internet_usage_proportion) %>%
   generate(reps = 1000, type = "bootstrap") %>%
   calculate(stat = "slope")
plot8 <- visualize(perm_ci)</pre>
```

# Figure 9

```
alpha <- .05
#lower percentile cutoff
p_lower <- .025
#upper percentile cutoff
p_upper <- 1-(.025)
# Create a confidence interval of stat using quantiles
quantile(perm_ci$stat,c(p_lower,p_upper))</pre>
```

## 2.5% 97.5% ## 20.39227 26.50567

# Figure 10

```
noafrica <- cia %>%
  filter(continent != "Africa")

plot10 <- ggplot (data=noafrica, aes(x=internet_usage_proportion, y=life_exp_at_birth)) +
  geom_point(aes(color = continent,size=density)) +
  xlab('Internet users / population') +
  ylab('Life Expentancy at birth') +
  ggtitle('Figure 10: Africa Excluded')</pre>
```

#### Figure 11

```
lm_mod_noafrica <- lm(life_exp_at_birth ~ internet_usage_proportion, data=noafrica)</pre>
obs_slope_noafrica <- lm_mod_noafrica$coefficients[2]</pre>
obs_slope_noafrica
## internet_usage_proportion
                   13.52906
summary(lm_mod_noafrica)
##
## lm(formula = life_exp_at_birth ~ internet_usage_proportion, data = noafrica)
## Residuals:
                      Median
       Min
                  1Q
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -19.4508 -2.3693 0.0082
                                2.6411
                                         7.0030
## Coefficients:
                            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                              69.5157
                                       0.5602 124.08 <2e-16 ***
## internet_usage_proportion 13.5291
                                         1.2007 11.27 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 3.678 on 127 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4999, Adjusted R-squared: 0.496
                 127 on 1 and 127 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
## F-statistic:
plot11 <- lm_mod_noafrica</pre>
```

# Figure 12

## Limits: -20 --

20

# Figure 13

```
set.seed(34210)
perm_ci_noafrica <- noafrica %>%
   specify(life_exp_at_birth ~ internet_usage_proportion) %>%
   generate(reps = 1000, type = "bootstrap") %>%
   calculate(stat = "slope")
plot13 <- visualize(perm_ci_noafrica)</pre>
```

# Figure 14

```
alpha <- .05
#lower percentile cutoff
p_lower <- .025

#upper percentile cutoff
p_upper <- 1-(.025)

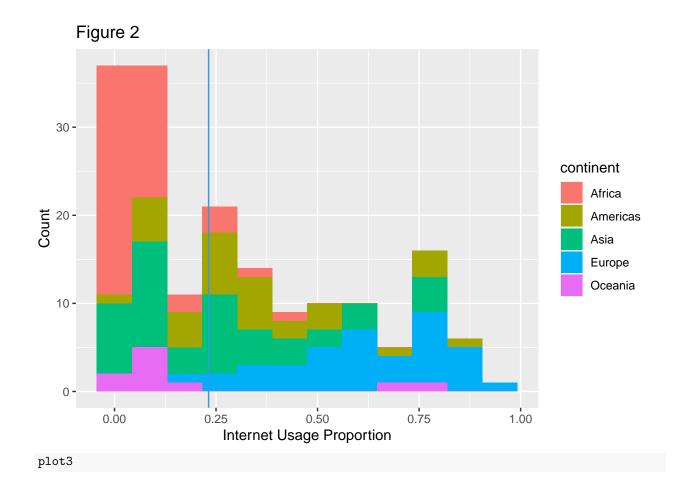
# Create a confidence interval of stat using quantiles
quantile(perm_ci_noafrica$stat,c(p_lower,p_upper))

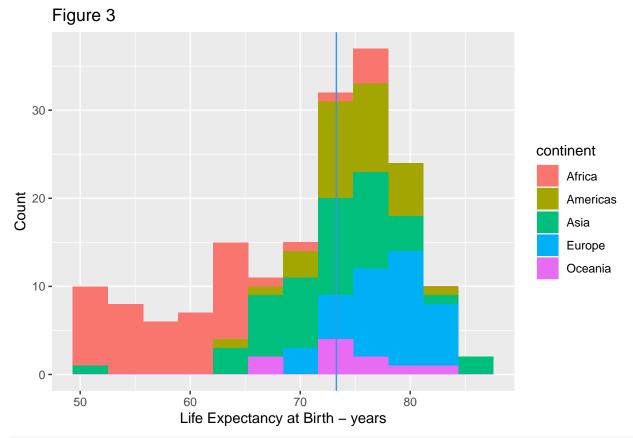
## 2.5% 97.5%
## 11.10236 15.85847</pre>
```

#### Figure 15

```
lm_res_noafrica <- resid(lm_mod_noafrica)
lm_res_noafrica <- data.frame(resid = lm_res_noafrica)
lm_res_noafrica <- lm_res_noafrica %>% mutate(internet_usage_proportion = noafrica$internet_usage_proportion = loafrica$internet_usage_proportion = loafrica$internet_us
```

# Figure 16





grid.arrange(plot1, plot10, ncol=2)

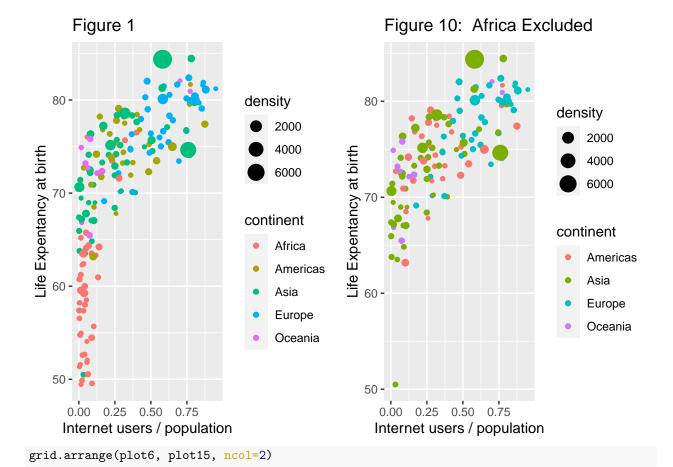


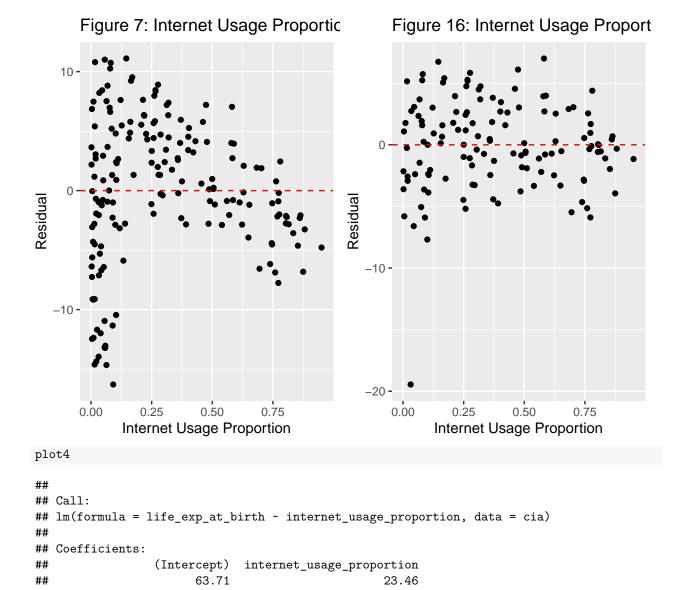
Figure 6: Histogram of Residuals

Figure 15: Histogram of Residuals

Figure 15: Histogram of Residuals

Figure 15: Histogram of Residuals

grid.arrange(plot7, plot16, ncol=2)



grid.arrange(plot5, plot12, ncol=2)

