

RodriguezDSC530-T301FinalProject

March 1, 2025

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[7]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import statsmodels.api as sm
from scipy import stats
from scipy.stats import pareto
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D

# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('Pokemon.csv')

# Create a Fire-type dummy variable where 1 = Fire and 0 = Other
df['Fire_Type'] = (df['Type 1'] == 'Fire').astype(int)

# Filter fire-type Pokemon and others
fire_type = df[df['Type 1'] == 'Fire']
other_types = df[df['Type 1'] != 'Fire']

# Descriptive statistics function
def descriptive_stats(series):
    return {
        'Mean': series.mean(),
        'Mode': series.mode()[0],
        'Spread (Std Dev)': series.std(),
        'Tails':{
            'Skewness': series.skew(),
            'Kurtosis': series.kurtosis()
        }
    }

# Variables to analyze
variables = ['Total', 'HP', 'Attack', 'Defense', 'Speed']

# Histograms and descriptive statistics
for var in variables:
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
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sns.histplot(fire_type[var], bins=20, color='red', kde=True, stat='density',
label='Fire Type', alpha=0.6)
sns.histplot(other_types[var], bins=20, color='blue', kde=True,
stat='density',
label='Other Types', alpha=0.6)
plt.title(f'Histogram of {var} for Fire Type vs Other Types')
plt.xlabel(var)
plt.ylabel('Density')
plt.legend()

plt.savefig(f'histogram_{var}.png', bbox_inches='tight') # Save as PNG for
Powerpoint

plt.show()

stats_fire = descriptive_stats(fire_type[var])
stats_other = descriptive_stats(other_types[var])

print(f"Descriptive statistics for {var} (Fire Type):", stats_fire)
print(f"Descriptive statistics for {var} (Other Types):", stats_other)
print("\n")

# Filter for Legendary Pokemon
legendary_pokemon = df[df['Legendary'] == True]

# Count the number of Legendary Pokemon by type
legendary_count_by_type = legendary_pokemon['Type 1'].value_counts()

# Count Fire-type Legendary Pokemon
fire_legendaries_count = legendary_count_by_type.get('Fire', 0)

# Prepare data for comparison
legendary_count_by_type = legendary_count_by_type.reset_index()
legendary_count_by_type.columns = ['Type', 'Count']

# Filter out Fire-type for separate comparison
other_legendaries = legendary_count_by_type[legendary_count_by_type['Type'] !=
'Fire']

# Create a DataFrame to include Fire-type count
comparison_data = pd.DataFrame({
    'Type': ['Fire'] + other_legendaries['Type'].tolist(),
    'Count': [fire_legendaries_count] + other_legendaries['Count'].tolist()
})

# Plot the comparison of each legendary type to fire
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

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sns.barplot(x='Type', y='Count', data=comparison_data)
plt.title('Comparison of Fire Type Legendary Pokemon to Other Legendary Types')
plt.xlabel('Legendary Type')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)

plt.savefig('legendary_comparison.png', bbox_inches='tight') # Save as PNG for Powerpoint
plt.show()

# PMF comparison for Attack
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.histplot(fire_type['Attack'], bins=20, stat='probability', color='red', label='Fire Type', alpha=0.6)
sns.histplot(other_types['Attack'], bins=20, stat='probability', color='blue', label='Other Types', alpha=0.6)
plt.title('PMF of Attack for Fire Type vs Other Types')
plt.xlabel('Attack')
plt.ylabel('Probability')
plt.legend()

plt.savefig('pmf_attack.png', bbox_inches='tight') # Save as PNG for Powerpoint
plt.show()

# CDF for the Total variable
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.ecdfplot(fire_type['Total'], label='Fire Type', color='red')
sns.ecdfplot(other_types['Total'], label='Other Types', color='blue')
plt.title('CDF of the Total variable for Fire Type vs Other Types')
plt.xlabel('Total Stats')
plt.ylabel('Cumulative Probability')
plt.legend()

plt.savefig('cdf_total.png', bbox_inches='tight') # Save as PNG for Powerpoint
plt.show()

# Analytical distribution (Pareto Distribution)
# Utilizing Parteo because I know there is a large number of low-stat Pokemon
# and fewer high-stat Pokemon
alpha = 2 # Shape parameter
x = np.linspace(df['Total'].min(), df['Total'].max(), 100)
m = df['Total'].min() # Scale paramter (xmin)
pdf = pareto.pdf(x, b=alpha, scale=m)

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(x, pdf, color='blue', label='Parteo Distribution', lw=2)
plt.title('Analytical Pareto Distribution for Total Stats')

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plt.xlabel('Total Stats')
plt.ylabel('Density')

plt.savefig('pareto_distribution.png', bbox_inches='tight') # Save as PNG for
↳Powerpoint
plt.show()

# Scatter plots for correlation
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x = 'Attack', y='Speed', hue='Type 1', alpha=0.7)
plt.title('Scatter Plot of Attack vs Speed')
plt.xlabel('Attack')
plt.ylabel('Speed')

plt.savefig('scatter_attack_speed.png', bbox_inches='tight') # Save as PNG for
↳Powerpoint
plt.show()

# 3D Scatter plot for Total Stats vs. Attack vs. Special Attack
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')

# Get data for plotting
x = df['Attack']
y = df['Sp. Atk']
z = df['Total']

# Color mapping for types
type_colors = {type_name: idx for idx, type_name in enumerate(df['Type 1'].
↳unique())}
colors = df['Type 1'].map(type_colors)

# Scatter plot
scatter = ax.scatter(x, y, z, c=df['Type 1'].astype('category').cat.codes,
↳cmap='viridis', alpha=0.6, s=50)
ax.set_xlabel('Attack')
ax.set_ylabel('Special Attack')
ax.set_zlabel('Total Stats')
ax.set_title('Total Stats vs. Attack vs. Special Attack for All Pokemon')

# Create a legend
handles = []
for type_name, color_idx in type_colors.items():
    handles.append(plt.Line2D([0], [0], marker='o', color='w', label=type_name,
        markerfacecolor=scatter.cmap(color_idx /
↳len(type_colors)), markersize=10))

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ax.legend(handles=handles, title="Types", bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper_
↳left')

plt.savefig('3d_scatter_total_attack_spatk.png', bbox_inches='tight') # Save as_
↳PNG for Powerpoint
plt.show()

# Correlation and covariance
covariance = df['Attack'].cov(df['Speed'])
pearson_corr = df['Attack'].corr(df['Speed'])
print(f"Covariance between Attack and Speed: {covariance}")
print(f"Pearson's Correlation between Attack and Speed: {pearson_corr}")

# Setup for the hypothesis test and regression analysis
# Null Hypothesis: Fire-type Pokemon do not have significantly higher Total_
↳Stats than Other Types

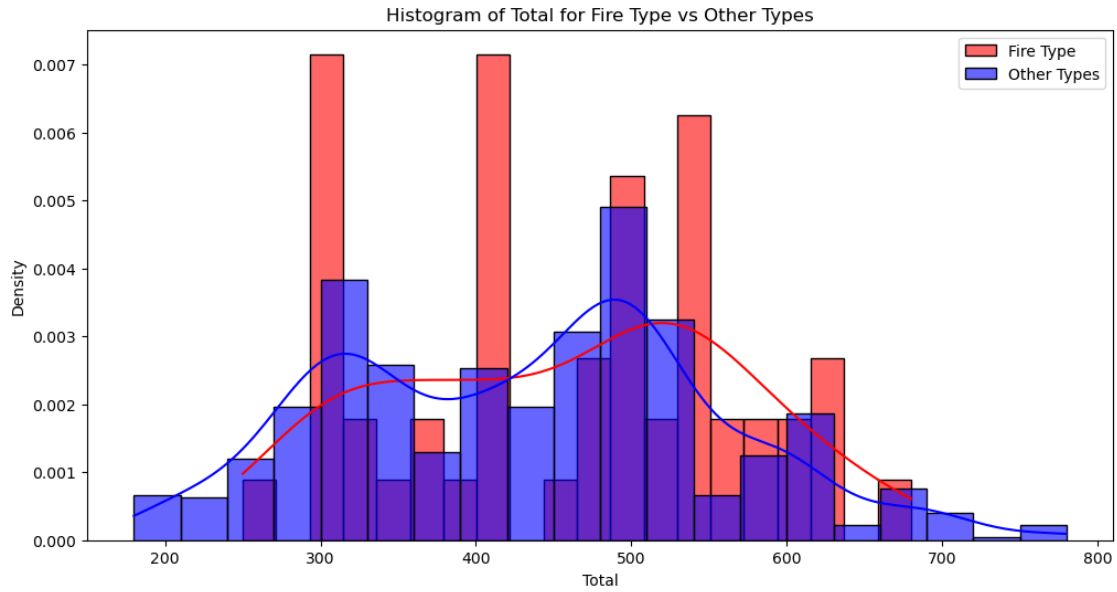
# Prepare data for hypothesis testing
fire_total = fire_type['Total']
other_total = other_types['Total']

# Conduct Hypothesis Test
# Using two-sample t-test to compare means
t_stat, p_value = stats.ttest_ind(fire_total, other_total, equal_var=False) #_
↳Welch's t-test
print(f"T-statistic: {t_stat}, P-value: {p_value}")

# Regression Analysis
X = sm.add_constant(df['Fire_Type']) # Independent variable
y = df['Total'] # Dependent variable

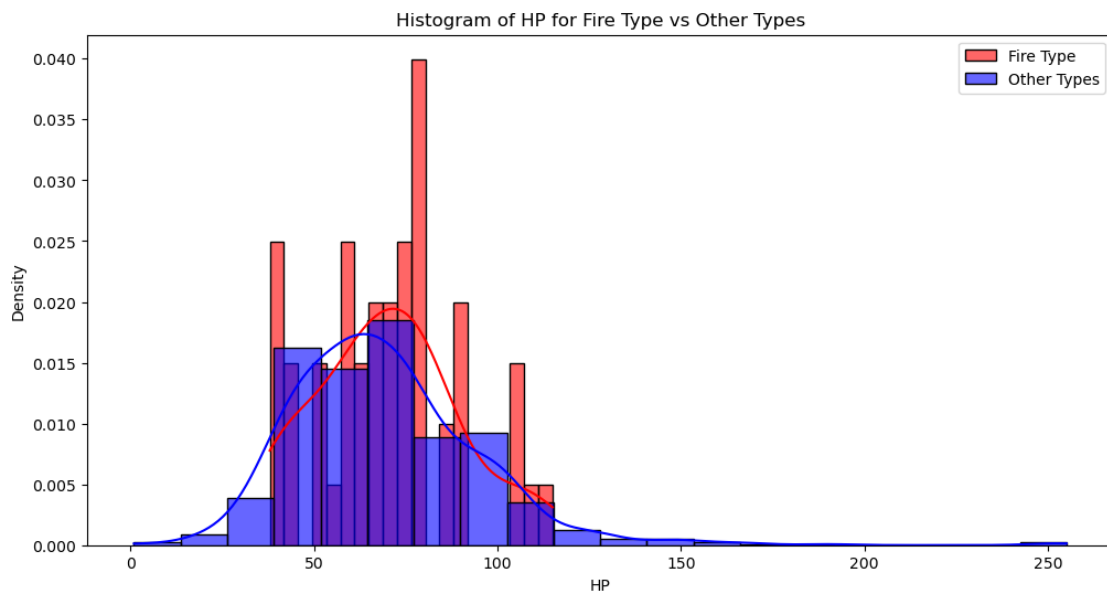
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
print(model.summary())

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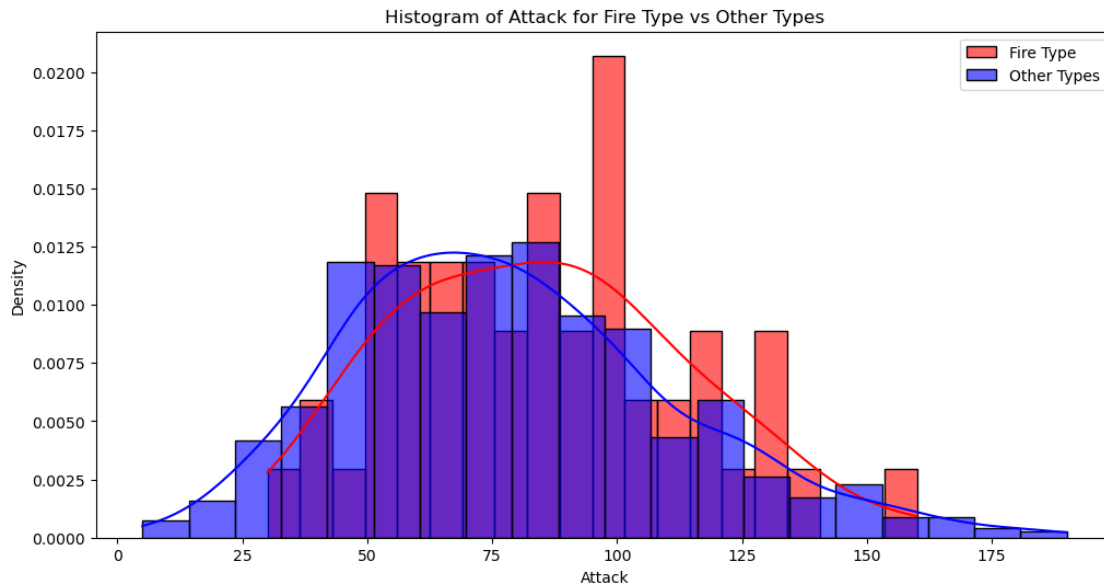
Descriptive statistics for Total (Fire Type): {'Mean': 458.0769230769231, 'Mode': 405, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 109.76049615338435, 'Tails': {'Skewness': -0.06275679026772849, 'Kurtosis': -1.0239261014213268}}

Descriptive statistics for Total (Other Types): {'Mean': 433.5053475935829, 'Mode': 600, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 120.54507496592437, 'Tails': {'Skewness': 0.17086580618913044, 'Kurtosis': -0.4769044392960442}}



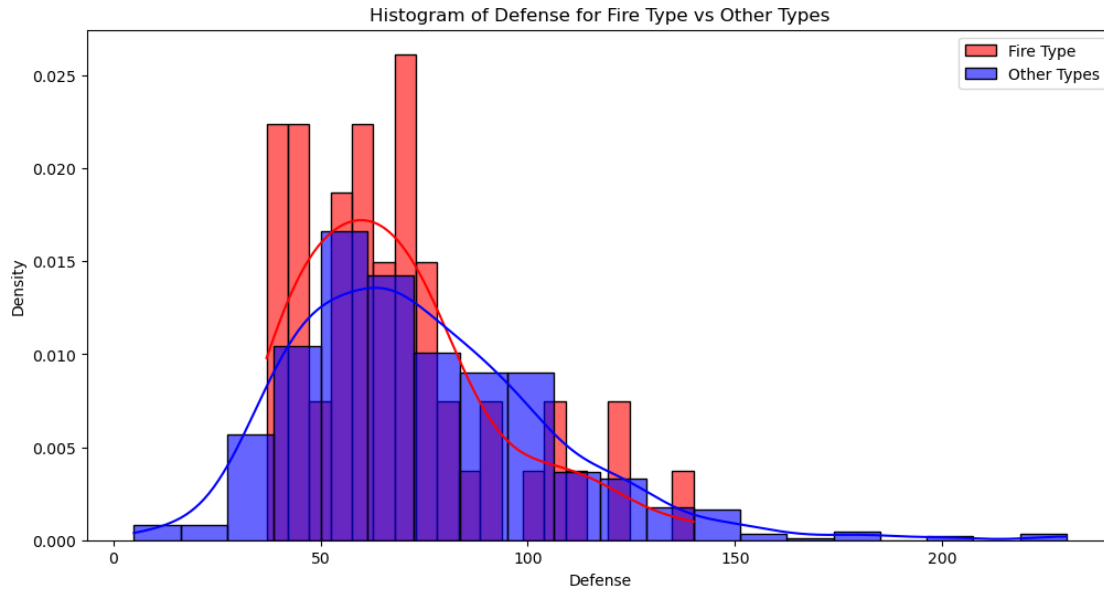
Descriptive statistics for HP (Fire Type): {'Mean': 69.90384615384616, 'Mode': 78, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 19.404122884506883, 'Tails': {'Skewness': 0.3039610282727519, 'Kurtosis': -0.2911384071933947}}

Descriptive statistics for HP (Other Types): {'Mean': 69.21390374331551, 'Mode': 60, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 25.9166043698439, 'Tails': {'Skewness': 1.5985398621070595, 'Kurtosis': 7.272507700719929}}



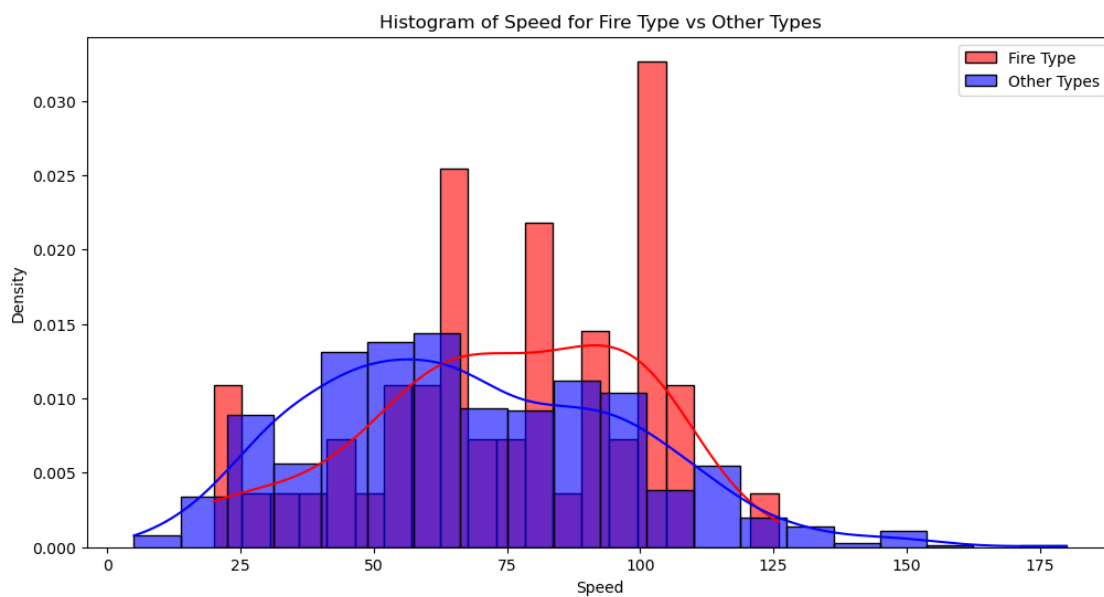
Descriptive statistics for Attack (Fire Type): {'Mean': 84.76923076923077, 'Mode': 85, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 28.769275130832632, 'Tails': {'Skewness': 0.35047789702850574, 'Kurtosis': -0.3116964723469362}}

Descriptive statistics for Attack (Other Types): {'Mean': 78.60026737967914, 'Mode': 65, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 32.677677841484005, 'Tails': {'Skewness': 0.5709496878117126, 'Kurtosis': 0.20170275142975402}}



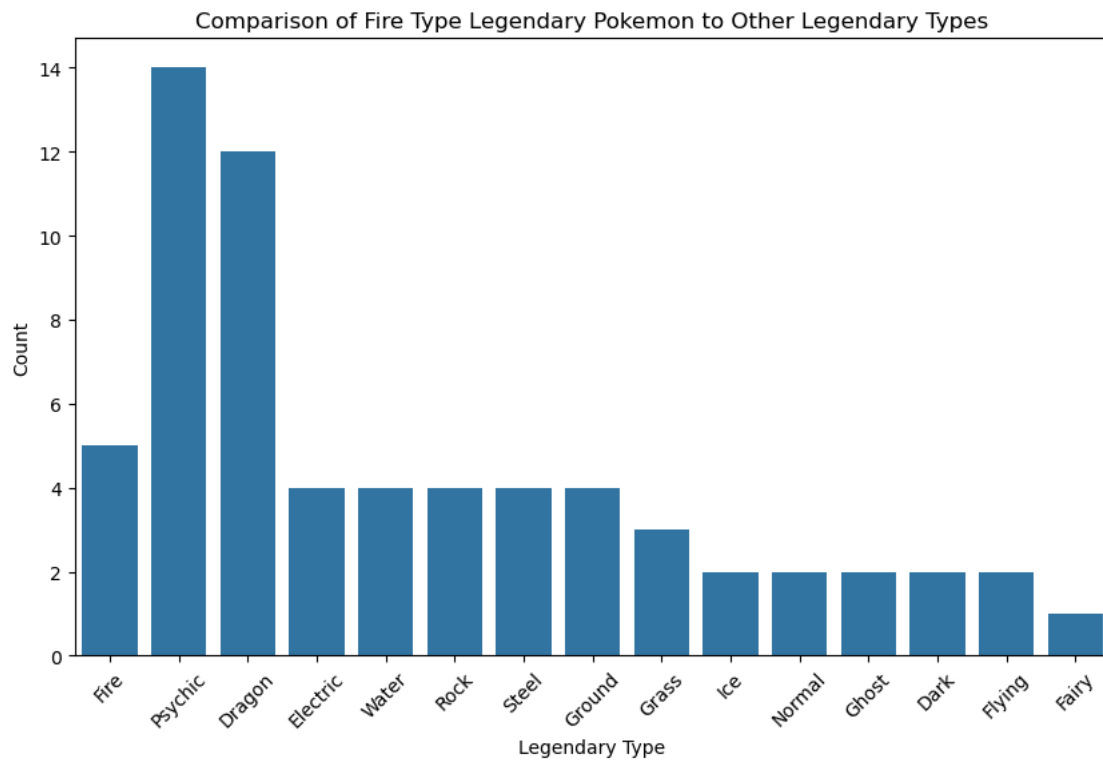
Descriptive statistics for Defense (Fire Type): {'Mean': 67.76923076923077, 'Mode': 40, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 23.658199577309748, 'Tails': {'Skewness': 1.0421343583467988, 'Kurtosis': 0.864818392064095}}

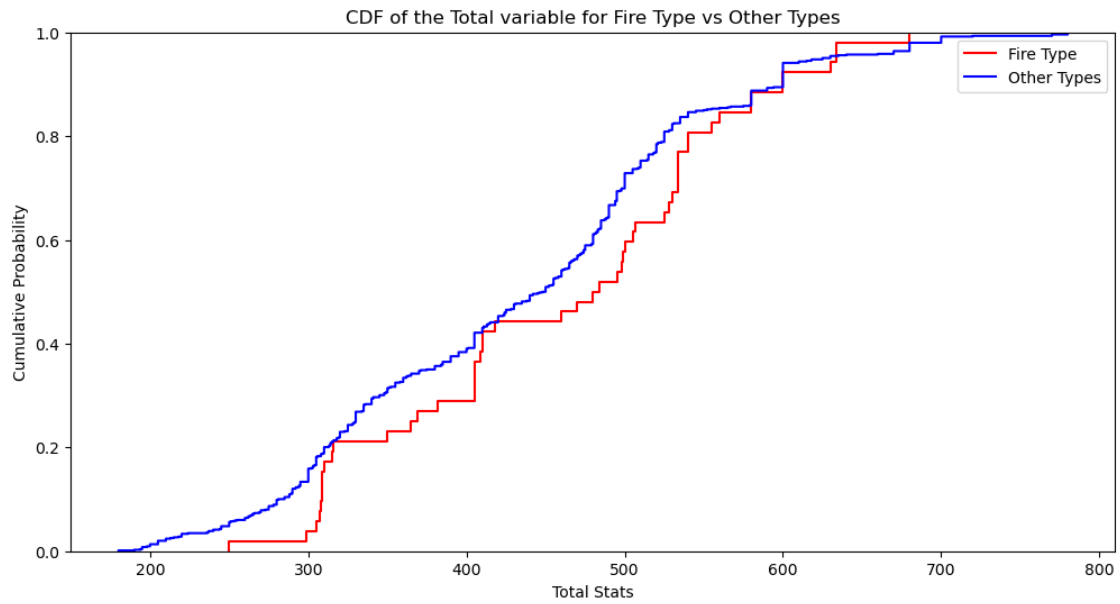
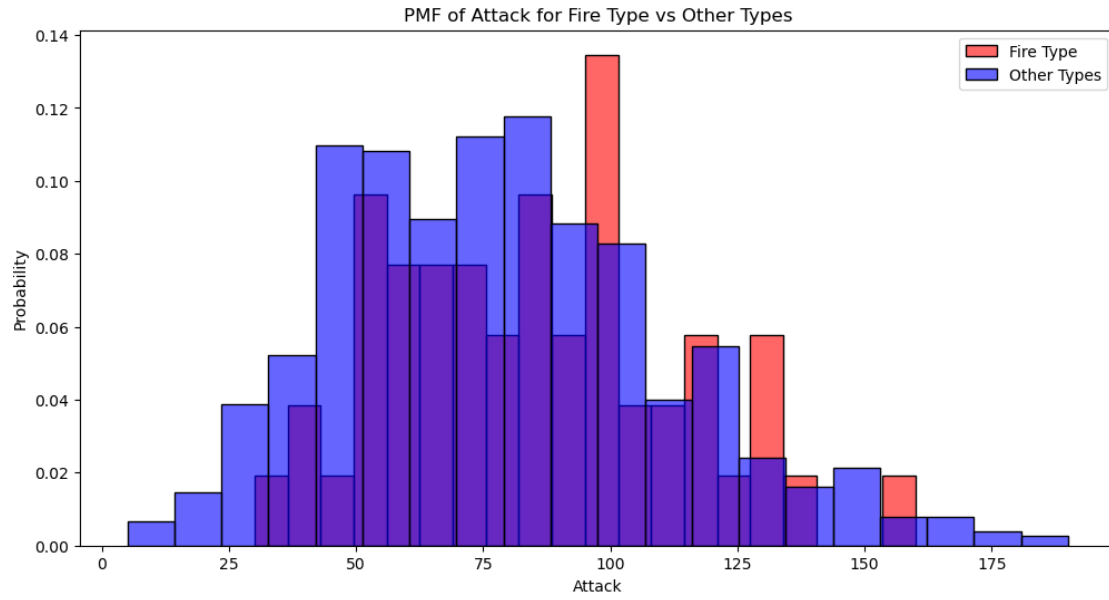
Descriptive statistics for Defense (Other Types): {'Mean': 74.26470588235294, 'Mode': 70, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 31.609218408569724, 'Tails': {'Skewness': 1.1409562118900907, 'Kurtosis': 2.6773860877083426}}

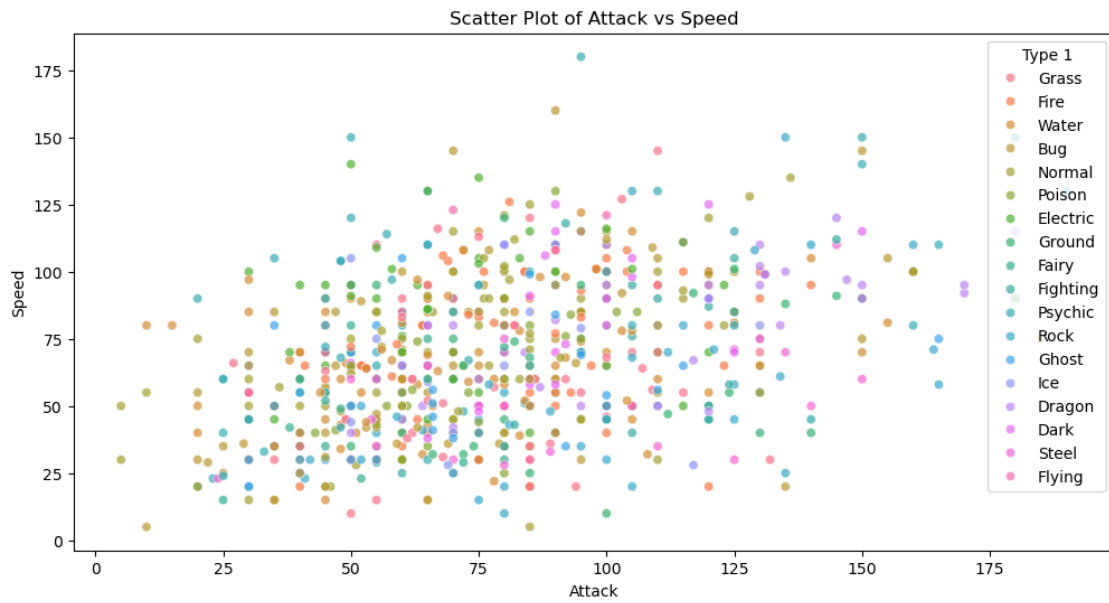
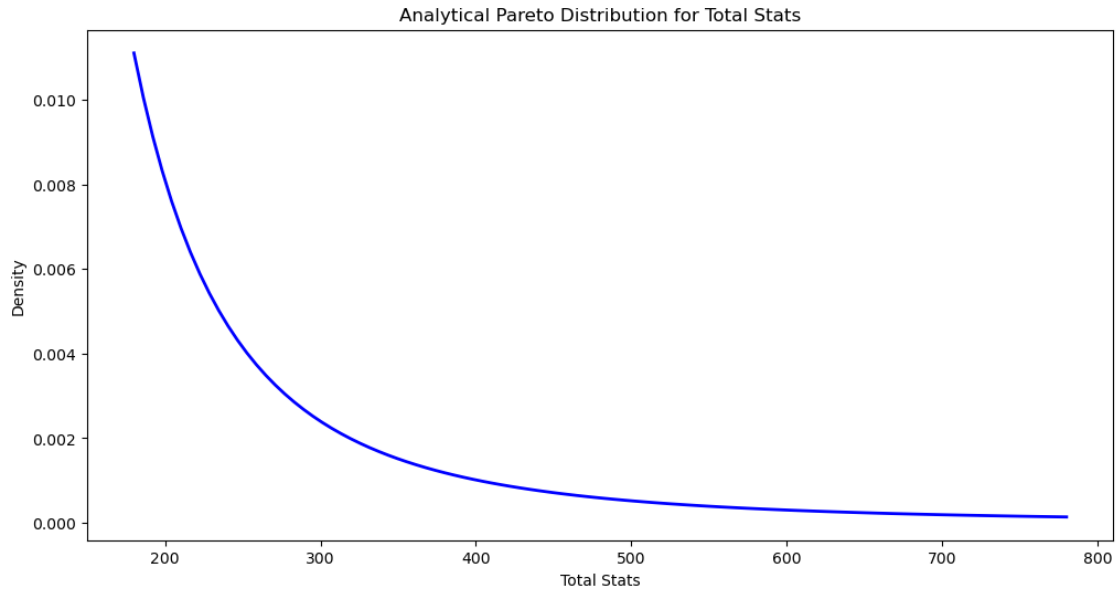


Descriptive statistics for Speed (Fire Type): {'Mean': 74.4423076923077, 'Mode': 100, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 25.24578276685657, 'Tails': {'Skewness': -0.4338328655600905, 'Kurtosis': -0.37915722843837685}}

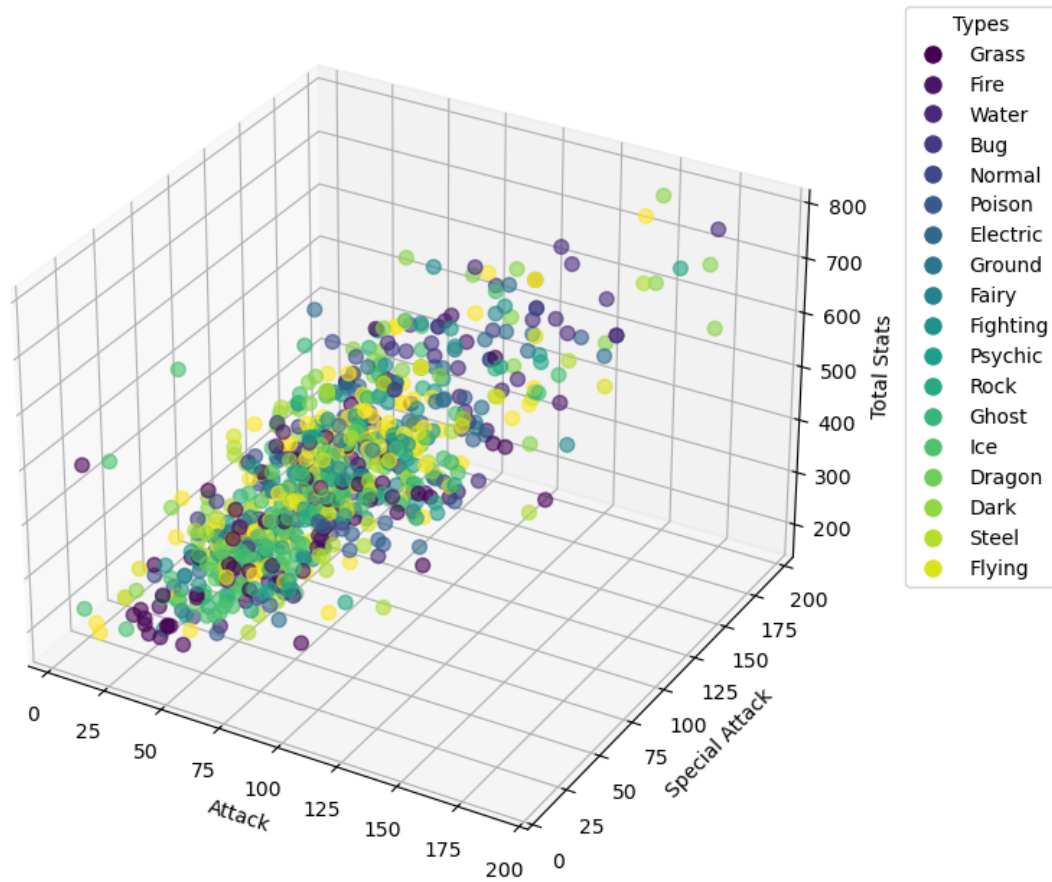
Descriptive statistics for Speed (Other Types): {'Mean': 67.84893048128342, 'Mode': 50, 'Spread (Std Dev)': 29.27380618299583, 'Tails': {'Skewness': 0.4041451460666016, 'Kurtosis': -0.19883477831773222}}







Total Stats vs. Attack vs. Special Attack for All Pokemon



Covariance between Attack and Speed: 359.59539737171457

Pearson's Correlation between Attack and Speed: 0.3812397392410896

T-statistic: 1.5506143905831495, P-value: 0.12626350091288374

OLS Regression Results

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Dep. Variable:          Total    R-squared:                0.003
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:         0.001
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:           2.042
Date:                   Sat, 01 Mar 2025    Prob (F-statistic):    0.153
Time:                   20:54:52    Log-Likelihood:       -4963.4
No. Observations:      800      AIC:                  9931.
Df Residuals:          798      BIC:                  9940.
Df Model:               1
Covariance Type:        nonrobust
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	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	433.5053	4.383	98.897	0.000	424.901	442.110

Fire_Type	24.5716	17.193	1.429	0.153	-9.178	58.321
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Omnibus:		17.895	Durbin-Watson:			1.574
Prob(Omnibus):		0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):			11.756
Skew:		0.159	Prob(JB):			0.00280
Kurtosis:		2.499	Cond. No.			4.07
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Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[]: