

ppp Documentation

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Abstract

ppp allows you to use pandoc in new ways by rendering ASCII-markup to beautiful pictures right from within pandoc's verbatim environments.

See below for illustrative examples and detailed usage instructions.

Bonus on top: Leaving out **ppp** from the typesetting pipeline will still render your document and the verbatims with the ASCII-markup will still stay readable!

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General usage

In each case, you will use pandoc's verbatim environment, set the rendering engine and additional options:

```
~~~~~ {.renderer .option1 .option2=value2}  
--- RENDERER-SPECIFIC MARKUP GOES HERE ---  
~~~~~
```

General Renderers

The renderers available to **ppp** are:

- ditaa
- yuml diagrams:
 - class diagrams (cf. Figure 5)
 - usecase diagrams (cf. Figure 6)
 - activity diagrams (cf. Figure 7)
- dot
- neato
- rfdot
- plantuml

General Options

This is a list of the general options, compatible with any type of renderer:

- `.scale=90%`
 - `.label=fig:my-figure`
 - `.title="Some label for the figure"`
-

ditaa Diagrams

In order to generate `ditaa`-diagrams, `ditaa` needs to be installed.

For an exhaustive list of options and possibilities, please check the [ditaa home-page](#).

ditaa Options

Apart from the [General Options](#), the possible options specific to `ditaa` are:

- `.rounded-corners`
- `.no-shadows`
- `.no-antialias`
- `.no-separation`

ditaa Examples

Using `ditaa`, the following markup will produce [Figure 1](#).

```
~~~~~ {.ditaa .rounded-corners .no-shadows
      .scale=90% .title="The ppp and pandoc pipeline"
      .label=fig:pipeline-overview .no-antialias .no-separation
      } # Caution! These lines actually would have to be on *one* line only!
+-----+ +-----+ +-----+
| markdown source |----->| ppp |----->| processed markdown |
+-----+ +-----+ +-----+
                        |
                        | \--->| image files |
                        +-----+
                        |
                        | diagram creation |
                        +-----+
                        | ditaa/dot/rdfdot |
                        +-----+
~~~~~
```

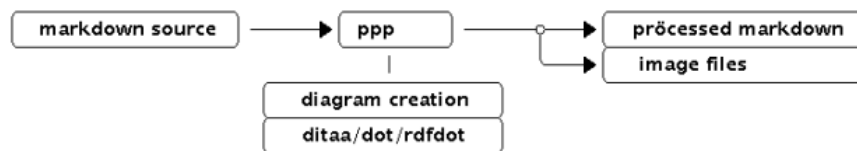


Figure 1: “The ppp and pandoc pipeline”

As a contrast, turning off several options, `ditaa` will produce an output as in [Figure 2](#):

```

~~~~~ {.ditaa .scale=90% .title="The ppp and pandoc pipeline #2" .label=fig:pipeline-overview-2}
+-----+ +-----+ +-----+
| markdown source |----->| ppp |-----*-->| processed markdown |
+-----+ +-----+ +-----+
|                                     | \--->| image files |
+-----+ +-----+
| diagram creation |
+-----+
| ditaa/dot/rdfdot |
+-----+
~~~~~

```

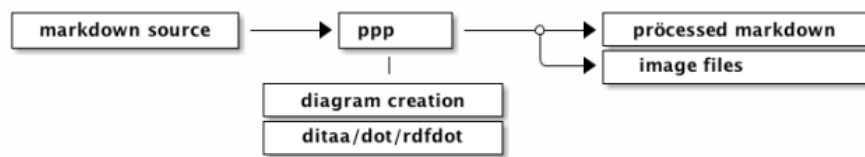


Figure 2: “The ppp and pandoc pipeline #2”

dot Diagrams

`dot` rendering is done through [GraphViz's](#) engine. Please cf. [Graphviz's Documentation](#) for exact usage specifics on the usage of `dot`.

dot Options

- currently none apart from the [General Options](#)

dot Examples

With `dot` as the *renderer*, the following markup produces the figure as seen in [Figure 3](#).

```
~~~~~ {.dot .scale=50% .title=dot Finite State Automaton .label=fig:dot-fsa}
digraph finite_state_machine {
    rankdir=LR;
    size="8,5"
    node [shape = doublecircle]; LR_0 LR_3 LR_4 LR_8;
    node [shape = circle];
    LR_0 -> LR_2 [ label = "SS(B)" ];
    LR_0 -> LR_1 [ label = "SS(S)" ];
    LR_1 -> LR_3 [ label = "S($end)" ];
    LR_2 -> LR_6 [ label = "SS(b)" ];
    LR_2 -> LR_5 [ label = "SS(a)" ];
    LR_2 -> LR_4 [ label = "S(A)" ];
    LR_5 -> LR_7 [ label = "S(b)" ];
    LR_5 -> LR_5 [ label = "S(a)" ];
    LR_6 -> LR_6 [ label = "S(b)" ];
    LR_6 -> LR_5 [ label = "S(a)" ];
    LR_7 -> LR_8 [ label = "S(b)" ];
    LR_7 -> LR_5 [ label = "S(a)" ];
    LR_8 -> LR_6 [ label = "S(b)" ];
    LR_8 -> LR_5 [ label = "S(a)" ];
}
~~~~~
```

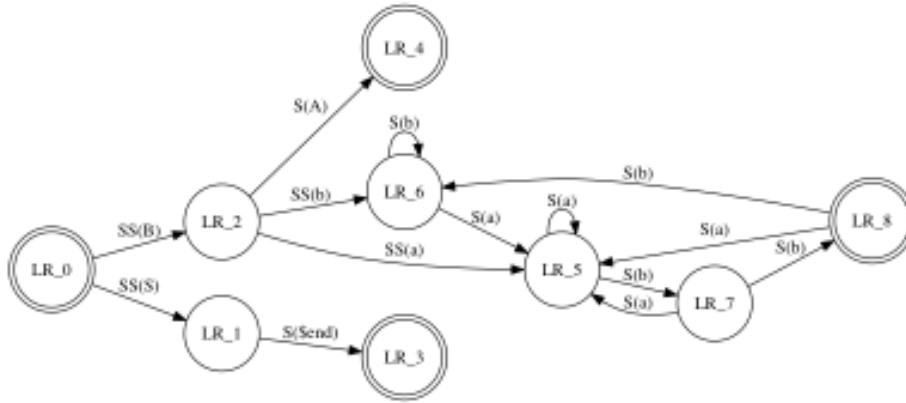


Figure 3: dot Finite State Automaton

neato Diagrams

neato diagrams behave very similarly to [dot Diagrams](#). Please cf [dot Diagrams](#) for more information

neato Options

- same as [dot Options](#)

neato Examples

The following example produces [Figure 4](#).

```

~~~~~ {.neato .scale=50% .title=neato diagram .label=fig:neato-diagram}
graph G {
    n0 -- n1 -- n2 -- n3 -- n0;
}
~~~~~

```

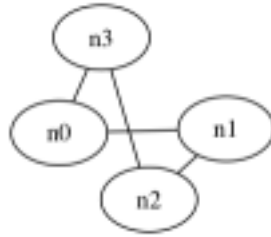


Figure 4: neato diagram

yUML

yUML needs a network connection and uses <http://yuml.me> as the rendering service.

yUML Options

Options specific to yUML can be:

- `.type=:` any of [class, activity, usecase]
- `.style=:` any of [scruffy, boring, plain]
- `.direction=:` any of [LR, RL, TD,]

yUML Examples

yUML Class diagrams

With *yUML* as the renderer, setting `.type=class` and using the style `.style=boring`, the following markup produces Figure 5.

```

~~~~~ {.yuml .style=boring .type=class .direction=TD .title=yUML class diagram .label=fig:yuml-class-diagram}

[Customer] +1 ->          *[Order]
[Order]    ++1 -items>    *[LineItem]
[Order]    -0..1>         [PaymentMethod]
~~~~~

```

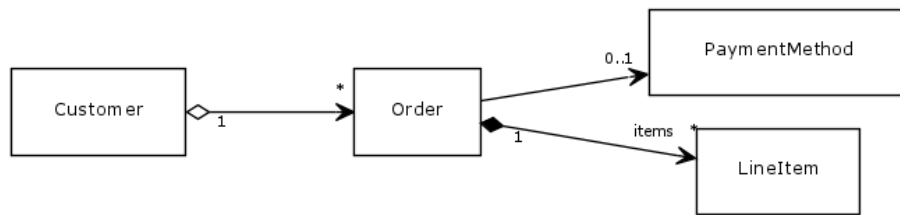


Figure 5: yUML class diagram

yuml Usecase diagrams

With **scruffy** style and **.type=usecase**, the following example produces Figure 6.

```

~~~~ {yuml .style=scruffy .type=usecase .title=yUML usecase diagram .label=fig:yuml-usecase-diagram}
// Cool Use Case Diagram
[Customer]-(Make Cup of Tea)
(Make Cup of Tea)<(Add Milk)
(Make Cup of Tea)>(Add Tea Bag)
~~~~

```

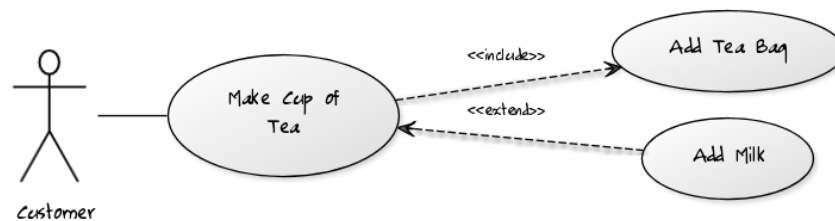


Figure 6: yUML usecase diagram

yuml Activity diagrams

Lastly, using `.type=activity` and `.style=plain` the following example produces Figure 7.

```
~~~~ {yuml .style=plain .type=activity .title=yUML activity Diagram .label=fig:yuml-activity-diagram}
(start)->|a|,|a|->(Make Coffee)->|b|,|a|->(Make Breakfast)->|b|,|b|-><c>[want more coffee]->(Make Coffee),<c>[satisfied]->(end)
~~~~
```

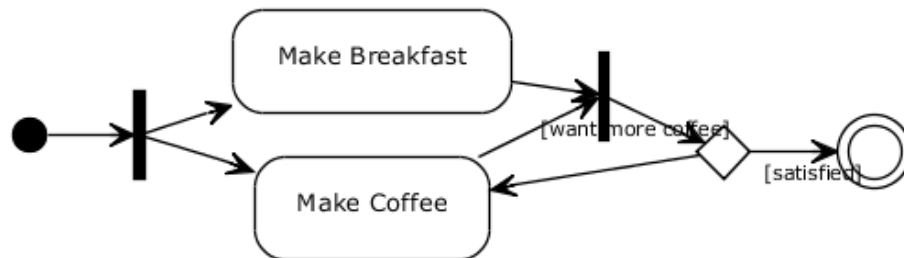


Figure 7: yUML activity Diagram

plantuml

plantuml – based on graphviz –, has an extensive feature set

plantuml Options

- *General Options*

plantuml Examples

plantuml Example 1

With *plantuml* as the renderer, the following markup produces Figure 8.

```
~~~~ {..plantuml}
@startuml
scale 350 width
[*] --> NotShooting

state NotShooting {
    [*] --> Idle
    Idle --> Configuring : EvConfig
    Configuring --> Idle : EvConfig
}

state Configuring {
    [*] --> NewValueSelection
    NewValueSelection --> NewValuePreview : EvNewValue
    NewValuePreview --> NewValueSelection : EvNewValueRejected
    NewValuePreview --> NewValueSelection : EvNewValueSaved

    state NewValuePreview {
        State1 -> State2
    }
}
@enduml
~~~~
```

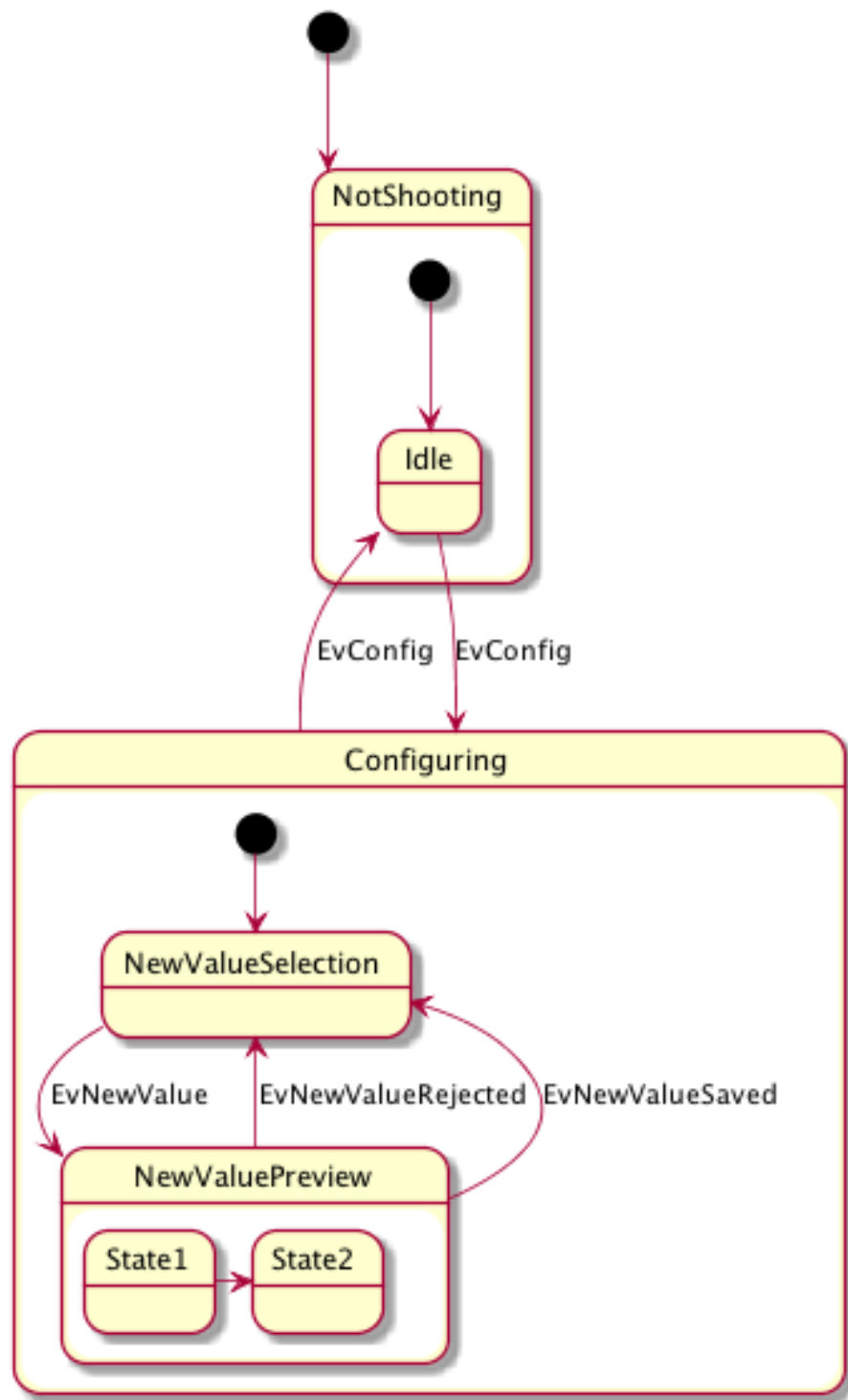


Figure 8: PlantUML Example 1

plantuml Example 2

If the colors don't match your taste exactly, add `skinparam monochrome true` to retrieve Figure 9.

```
~~~~ {..plantuml}
@startuml

skinparam monochrome true

actor User
participant "First Class" as A
participant "Second Class" as B
participant "Last Class" as C

User -> A: DoWork
activate A

A -> B: Create Request
activate B

B -> C: DoWork
activate C
C --> B: WorkDone
destroy C

B --> A: Request Created
deactivate B

A --> User: Done
deactivate A

@enduml
~~~~
```

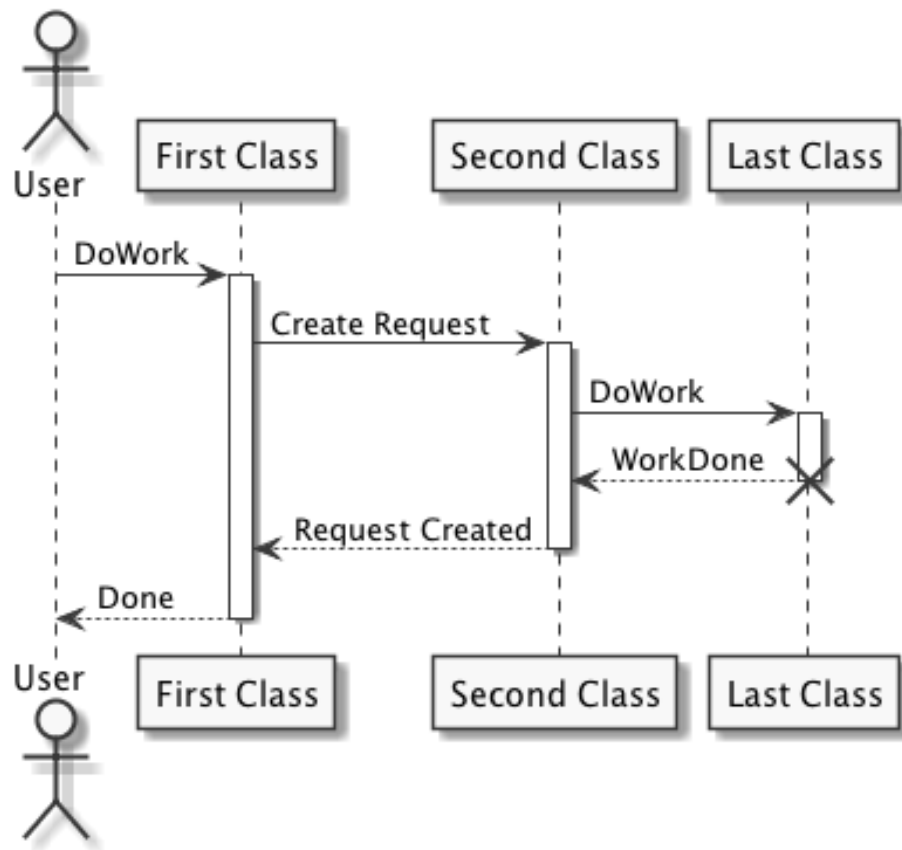


Figure 9: PlantUML Example 2

rdfdot Diagrams

rdfdot Options

- currently none apart from the [General Options](#)

rdfdot Examples

The following example produces Figure 10 on page 18.

```
~~~~~ {.rdfdot .scale=65% .title=rdfdot Diagram .label="fig:rdfdot-diagram"}  
  
@prefix foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/> .  
@base <http://example.com/> .  
<alice> foaf:name "Alice" ;  
        foaf:knows [ foaf:name "Bob" ] .  
~~~~~
```

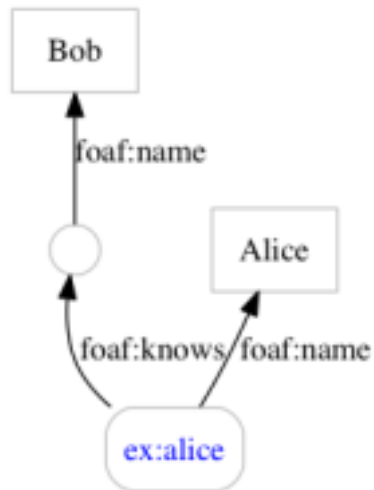


Figure 10: rdfdot Diagram

List of options

Renderer	Option	possible values
<i>General</i>	<code>.scale</code>	1%-99%
	<code>.label</code>	<code>fig:my-figure</code>
	<code>.title</code>	"Some label for the figure"
ditaa	<code>.rounded-corners</code>	
	<code>.no-shadows</code>	
	<code>.no-antialias</code>	
	<code>.no-separation</code>	
dot	N/A	
neato	N/A	
yUML	<code>.type=</code>	any of [class, activity, usecase]
	<code>.style=</code>	any of [scruffy, boring, plain]
	<code>.direction=</code>	any of [LR, RL, TD,]
rdfdot	N/A	

Table 1: List of options

List of homepages and documentation to renderers

Renderer	Links
ppp	(this document) https://metacpan.org/release/App-pandoc-preprocess https://github.com/xdbr/p5-App-pandoc-preprocess
ditaa	http://ditaa.sourceforge.net/
dot	http://www.graphviz.org/
neato	http://www.graphviz.org/
yUML	http://yuml.me/ https://github.com/wandernauta/yuml
rdfdot	https://metacpan.org/pod/RDF::Trine::Exporter::GraphViz
plantuml	http://plantuml.sourceforge.net/

Table 2: List of options

Credits and further references

- <http://www.asciiflow.com/#Draw>: an excellent helper for all things diagram
- <http://randomdeterminism.wordpress.com/2012/06/01/how-i-stopped-worrying-and-started-using-markdown/>: general introduction to another approach to typesetting and using `gpp`
- <https://github.com/nichtich/ditaa-markdown>: This is where the original idea came from
- `gpp`: <http://files.nothingisreal.com/software/gpp/gpp.html>

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