



The Impact of Outrage:

Measuring public opinion's effect
on Insulin pricing

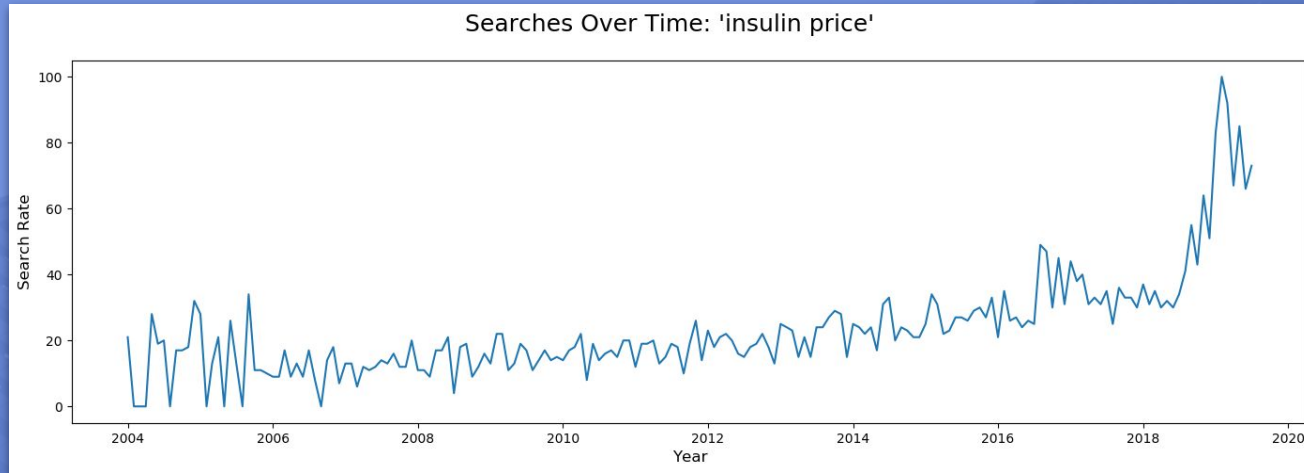




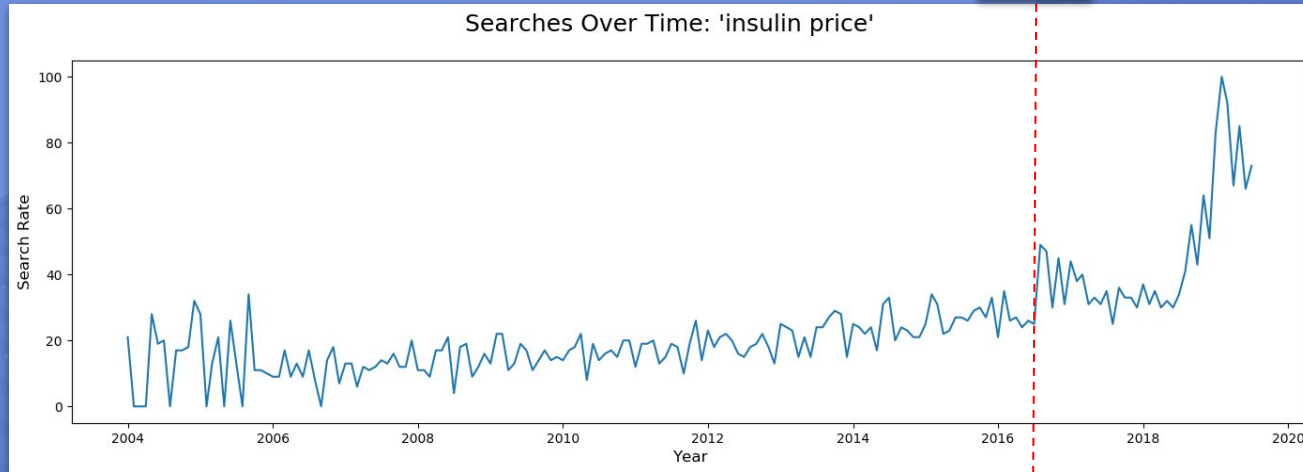
OBJECTIVE

- To examine the impact of public criticism on insulin pricing

A BRIEF HISTORY

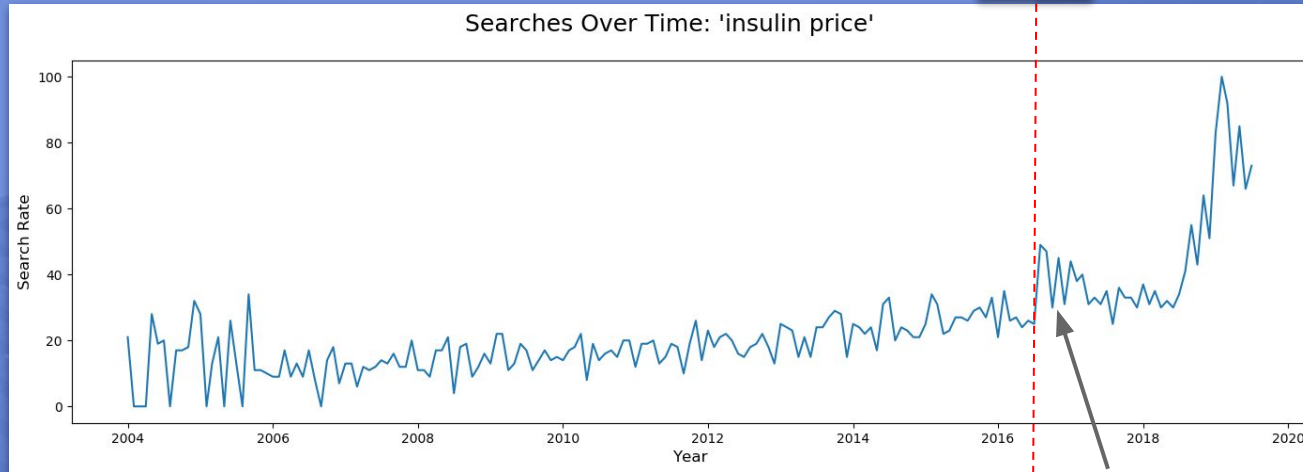


A BRIEF HISTORY



1. JAMA Study

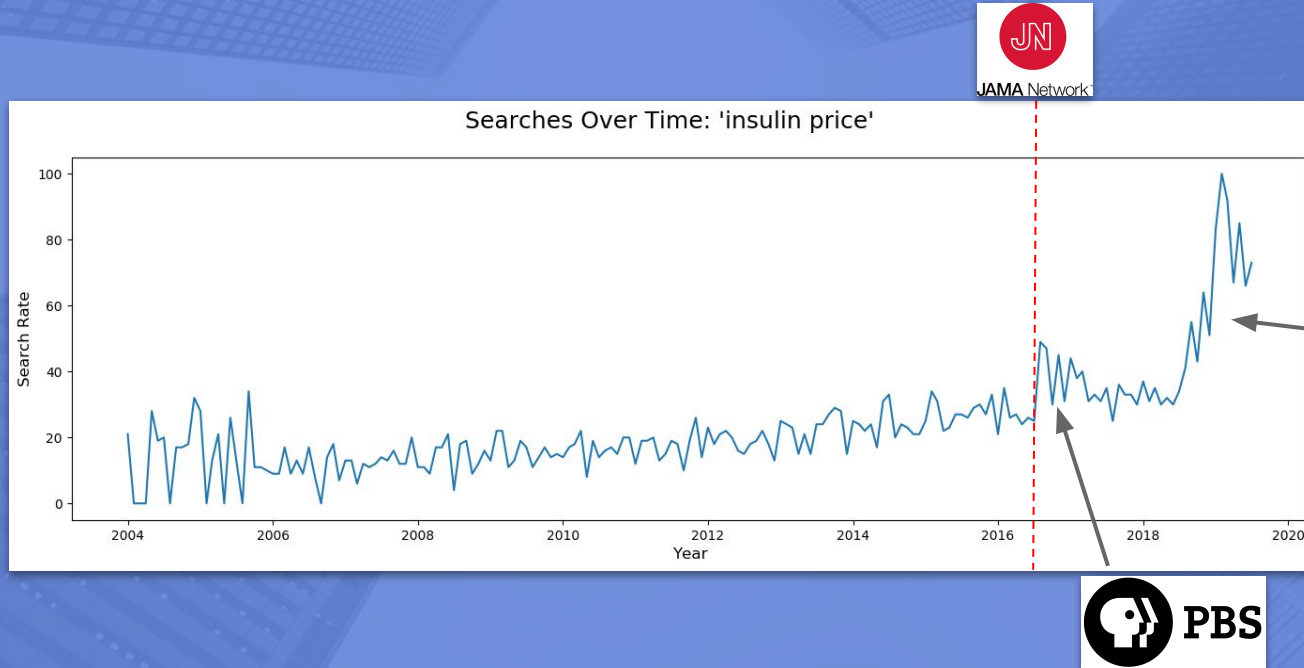
A BRIEF HISTORY



1. JAMA Study

2. PBS breaks the story

A BRIEF HISTORY



1. JAMA Study

2. PBS breaks the story

3. Senate Hearing & Coverage



METHODOLOGY

Data:

Center for Medicare/Medicaid
Services

Part D. Drug Spending
Database

Google Trends

Models:

Linear Regression (Elastic Net)

Tools:



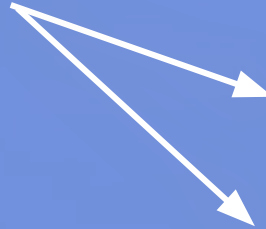


METHODOLOGY

Data:

Center for Medicare/Medicaid
Services

Part D. Drug Spending
Database



Target Variables:

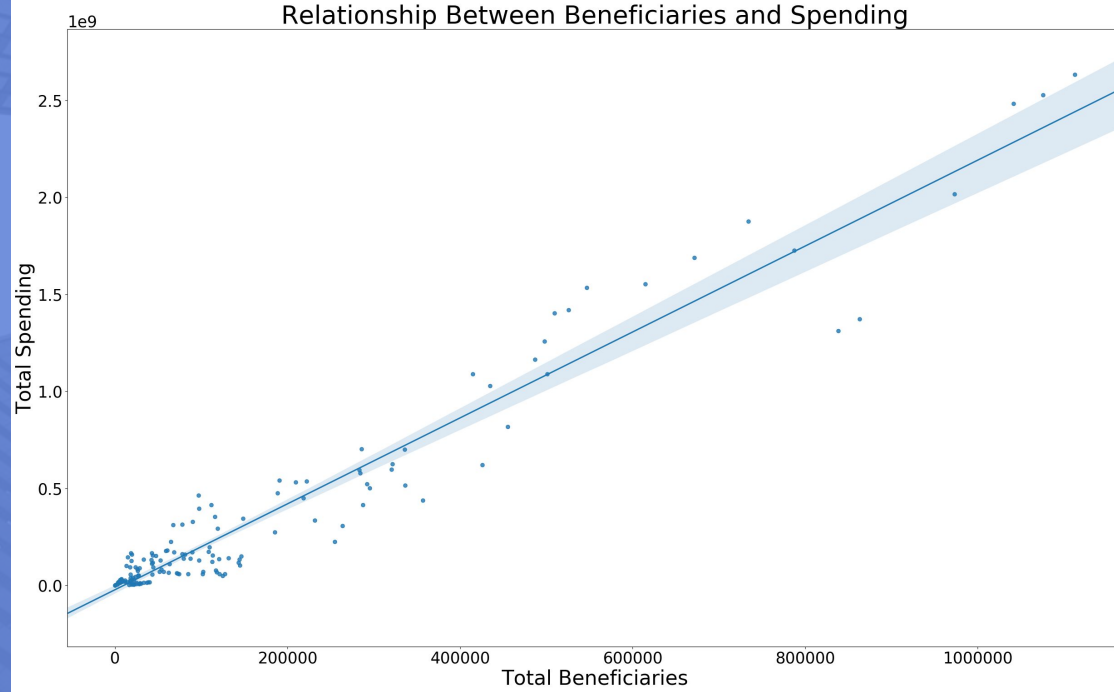
- Total Spending

Features:

- Total Beneficiaries
- Total Claims
- Total Dosage

OBSERVATIONS:





Flg A

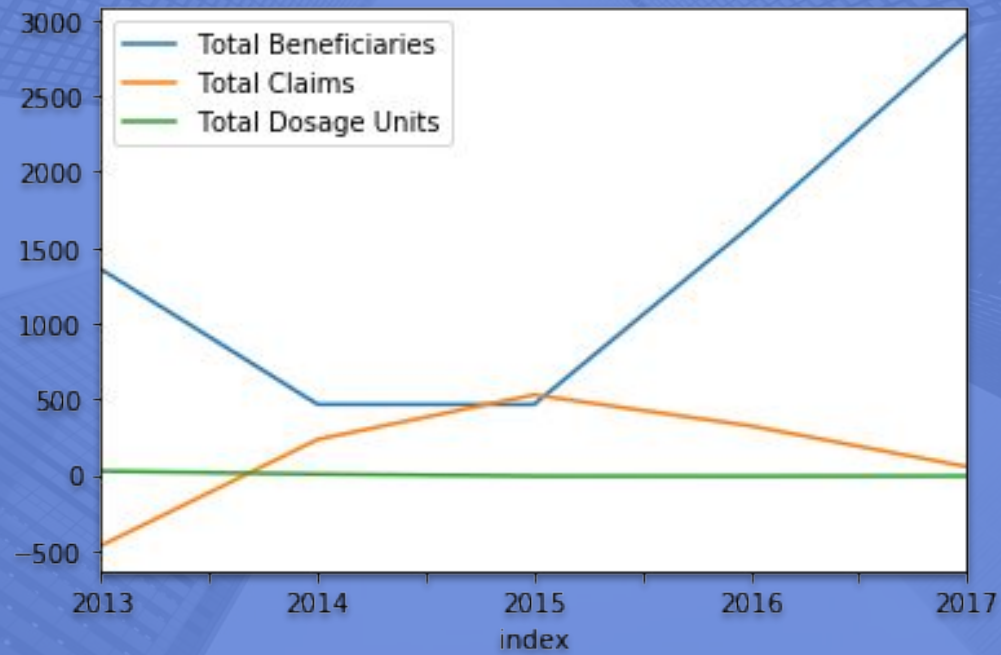


Fig B



RECOMMENDATIONS

- Awareness alone won't stop the inflation of patented drug pricing in a non-competitive market
- Evidence of price increase despite steady cost and production should be presented to governing bodies
- Further study is warranted regarding the 2019 Senate hearings



SOURCES

- https://ncss-wpengine.netdna-ssl.com/wp-content/themes/ncss/pdf/Procedures/NCSS/Ridge_Regression.pdf
- <https://www.businessinsider.com/diabetes-insulin-banting-history-2016-11>
- http://www.natap.org/2019/newsUpdates/022719_01.htm
- <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2510902>
- <https://trends.google.com/trends/explore?date=all&geo=US&q=insulin%20price>
- <https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/Information-on-Prescription-Drugs/MedicarePartD.html>
- <https://www.pbs.org/newshour/health/whats-behind-skyrocketing-insulin-prices>
- <https://www.nytimes.com/2019/02/26/us/politics/prescription-drug-prices.html>



Appendix:

Drug Metric Definitions

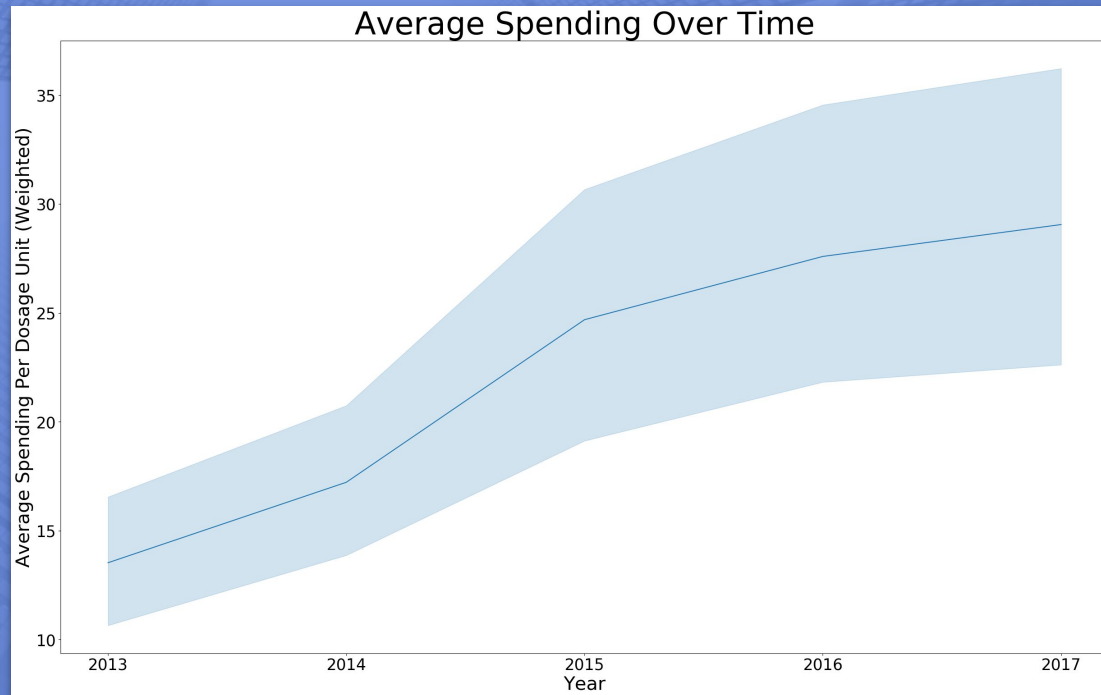
Drug Metric Definitions:

- **Total Spending:**
Aggregate drug spending for the Part D program during the benefit year.
How much medicare paid
- **Total Dosage Units:**
The sum of the dosage units of medication dispensed across the calendar year (e.g. number of tablets, grams, milliliters or other units). Unit refers to the drug unit in the lowest dispensable amount.
- **Total Claims:**
Number of prescription fills for each drug. Includes original prescriptions and refills.
- **Total Beneficiaries:**
Number of Medicare Part D beneficiaries utilizing the drug during the benefit year.
How many medicare patients used the drug
- **Average Spending per Dosage Unit:**
Part D drug spending divided by the number of dosage units, which is weighted by the proportion of total claims.
Total spending divided by number of units, weighted per claim
- **Average Spending per Beneficiary:**
Total Part D drug spending divided by the number of unique beneficiaries utilizing the drug during the benefit year.
- **Change in Average Spending per Dosage Unit (2016-2017)**
The percent change in average spending per dosage unit from the prior year.
- **Annual Growth Rate in Average Spending per Dosage Unit (2013-2017):**
The constant average change in spending per dosage unit over the most recent five years of data availability, calculated using the compound annual growth rate (CAGR).



Appendix:

Average Spending Over Time





Appendix:

R-squared v.s. Adjusted R-squared

| | R-squared | Adj R-squared |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| OLS | .876 | .872 |
| Ridge | .889 | .885 |
| LASSO | .876 | .872 |
| Elastic Net | .889 | .885 |



Appendix:

Coefficients For Total Dataset

| | Total Beneficiaries | Total Claims | Total Dosage Units |
|---------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Total Dataset | 676 | 84 | 12 |



Appendix:

Coefficients by Year

| | Total Beneficiaries | Total Claims | Total Dosage Units |
|------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| 2013 | 1356 | -466 | 25 |
| 2014 | 465 | 234 | 5 |
| 2015 | 465 | 528 | -8 |
| 2016 | 1642 | 324 | -9 |
| 2017 | 2909 | 55 | -8 |



Appendix:

Correlation Heatmap

