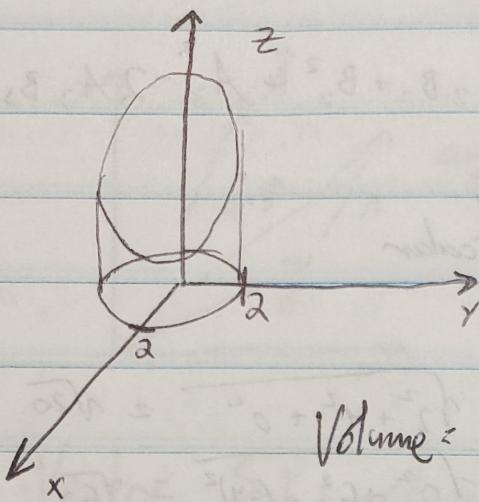


HW 4

1. Find volume bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, $z = 0$, $x + z = 3$



$$x^2 + y^2 = 4 \rightarrow r^2 = 4, r=2$$

$$z = 0 \rightarrow z = 0$$

$$x + z = 3 \rightarrow r\cos\phi + z = 3$$

$$\text{Volume} = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \int_{r\cos\phi}^{3-r\cos\phi} r dz dr d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 (3 - r\cos\phi) r dr d\phi$$

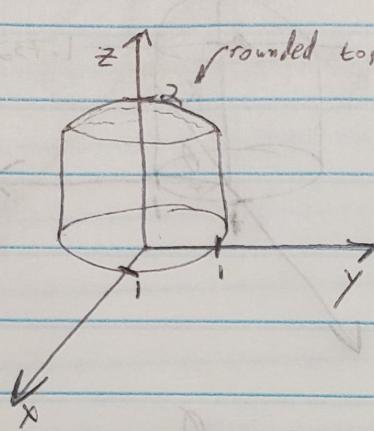
$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 (3r - r^2\cos\phi) dr d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{3}{2}r^2 - \frac{r^3}{3}\cos\phi \right) \Big|_0^2 d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left(6 - \frac{8}{3}\cos\phi \right) d\phi$$

$$= \left[6\phi - \frac{8}{3}\sin\phi \right]_0^{2\pi} = \boxed{12\pi}$$

2. Set up integral for volume bounded by $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$, $z = 0$, $x^2 + y^2 = 1$
evaluate triple integral for a) $dz dr d\phi$, b) $dr dz d\phi$, solve for c) $d\phi dz dr$



$$a) V = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \int_0^{z=\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}} r dz dr d\phi$$

$$b) V = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}} \left(\int_0^1 + \int_1^2 \right) r dr d\phi dz$$

$$c) V = \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-r(\cos\phi + \sin\phi) + z^2}} \left(\int_0^2 \int_0^{r(\cos\phi + \sin\phi) + z^2} \right) r dr d\phi dz$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-r(\cos\phi + \sin\phi) + z^2}} \int_0^2 2\pi r dz dr$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-r(\cos\phi + \sin\phi) + z^2}} 4\pi r dr$$

$$= 4\pi \left(\int_0^1 r dr + \int_0^{\sqrt{4-r(\cos\phi + \sin\phi) + z^2}} r dr \right)$$

$$\frac{r^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\boxed{4\pi \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{(4-r(\cos\phi + \sin\phi) + z^2)^{1/2}}{2} - 4 \right)}$$

$$3. x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4, z=0, x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$dV = R^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi dR$$

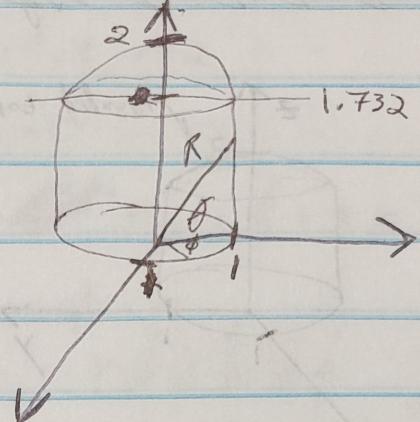
$$R = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{z}{R}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$$

$$V = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_{R \sin \theta}^{R} \frac{2 \csc \theta}{R^2 + \cos^2 \theta} dR d\theta d\phi$$

~~$R^2 \sin^2 \theta$~~
 $R = \csc \theta$



$$x = R \sin \theta \cos \phi \quad y = R \sin \theta \sin \phi \quad z = R \cos \theta$$

$$(R \sin \theta \cos \phi)^2 + (R \sin \theta \sin \phi)^2 = 1$$

$$1 = R^2 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \phi + R^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \phi, \quad R^2 \sin^2 \theta (\cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi) = 1$$

$$R^2 \sin^2 \theta = 1, \quad R = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin^2 \theta}} \rightarrow R = \csc \theta$$

$$(R \sin \theta \cos \phi)^2 + (R \sin \theta \sin \phi)^2 + (R \cos \theta)^2 = 4$$

$$R^2 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \phi + R^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \phi + R^2 \cos^2 \theta = 4$$

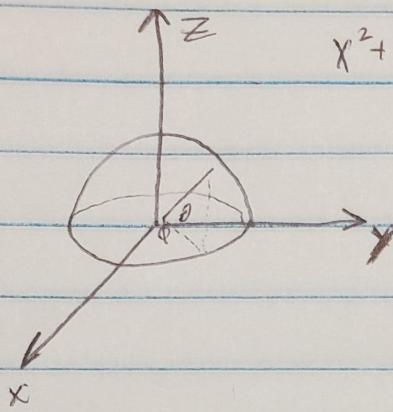
$$R^2 \sin^2 \theta (\cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi + \cos^2 \theta) = 4$$

$$\sqrt{R^2 \sin^2 \theta (1 + \cos^2 \theta)} = \sqrt{4}$$

$$R \sin \theta \sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \theta} = 2$$

$$R = \frac{2 \csc \theta}{\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \theta}}$$

4.



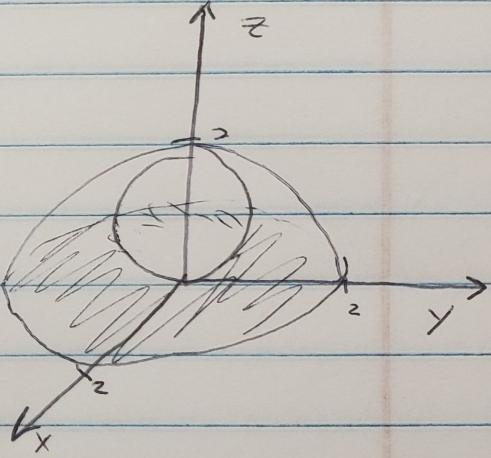
$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1, \quad z = 0$$

where $f(x, y, z) = 2 \geq ??$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^1 R^2 \sin \theta dR d\theta d\phi \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{3} \sin \theta d\theta d\phi \\ &\quad \left. -\frac{1}{3} \cos \theta \right|_0^{\pi/2} \rightarrow 0 + \frac{1}{3} \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{3} d\phi \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \phi \Big|_0^{2\pi} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{2\pi}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$5. \quad x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4, \quad z \geq 0, \quad x^2 + y^2 + (z-1)^2 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \left(\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^2 R^2 \sin \theta dR d\theta d\phi \right) - \\ &\quad \left(\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^1 R^2 \sin \theta dR d\theta d\phi \right) \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{4\pi}{3}} \end{aligned}$$



$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{16}{3} \sin^3 \theta d\theta d\phi = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{16}{3} \sin^2 \theta d\theta d\phi = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{16}{3} \cos \theta \Big|_0^{\pi/2} d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{16}{3} d\phi = \frac{16}{3} \phi \Big|_0^{2\pi} = \frac{16\pi}{3} - \frac{4\pi}{3} = \frac{12\pi}{3} = \boxed{4\pi}$$