# Quiz6 - MA478

### Clark

The dataset wbca comes from a study of breat cancer in Wisconsin. There are 681 cases of potentially cancerous tumors of which 238 are actually malignant. Determining whether a tumor is really malignant is traditionally determined by an invasive surgical procedure. The purpose of this study was to determine whether a new procedure called fine needle aspiration which draws only a small sample of tissue could be effective in determining tumor status.

Produce a version of Figure 2.3 from Faraway for the predictors BNucl and Thick. Produce an alternative version with only one panel but where the two types are plotted differently. Compare the two plots and describe what they say about the ability to distinguish the two types using these two predictors.

#### library(faraway)

## Warning: package 'faraway' was built under R version 4.3.2

data("wbca")

## Put answer here

Build a binary regression model with Adhes, BNucl, Thick, Mitos as predictors. Use an appropriate test to determine if, conditional on Adhes, Thick, and Mitos, if tumor presence is related to BNucl. Give the appropriate test, statistic, P-Value, and conclusion.

# Put Answer here

Regardless of whether you found an effect due to BNucl, report the impact of change in odds of a patient having a malignant tumor comparing a patient with a normal BNucl to a patient with the most abnormal BNucl possible. (The help file for wbca may assist you with this). Note the coding of Class here. You may want to change this around to make your model more interpretable.