```
1 package project1;
3 import java.io.*;
4 import java.util.InputMismatchException;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
8 * This program builds a GUI date clock and counts up to a desired date.
9 * Multiple functions are used to count the clock
10 *
11 * @author Nicholas Layman
12 * @author Justin Von Kulajta Winn
  * <u>@version</u> 1.8
13
       14
15
16 public class GeoCountDownTimer {
17
      /** This is the number of months for a given date */
18
19
      private int month;
20
      /** this is the number of years for a given date */
21
22
      private int year;
23
      /** this is the number of days for a given date */
24
25
      private int day;
26
      /** this is the minimum year the count down timer can go */
27
      private static final int MINYEAR = 2019;
28
29
      30
       * This is a basic constructor and has no inputs or returns. This sets
31
       * the date to the earliest date possible
32
33
34
      public GeoCountDownTimer() {
35
         this.month = 1;
36
         this.day = 1;
         this.year = MINYEAR;
37
38
      }
39
      40
       ^{st} This is a constructor that sets the month, day, and year so long as
41
42
       * the given inputs make a valid date
43
       * @param pMonth is the month to be set as the instance variable
       * \underline{\textit{@param}} pDay is the day to be set as the instance variable
44
       * @param pYear is the year to be set as the instance variable
45
       * \underline{\textit{@throws}} IllegalArgumentException is thrown when the date is invalid
46
47
48
      public GeoCountDownTimer(int pMonth, int pDay, int pYear){
49
         if (!isValidDate(pMonth, pDay, pYear))
50
             throw new IllegalArgumentException();
51
52
         this.month = pMonth;
53
         this.day = pDay;
         this.year = pYear;
54
55
      }
56
      57
58
       * This is a constructor that sets the instance variables month, day,
59
       * and year to that of another, given GeoCountDownTimer
60
       * <u>@param</u> pOther is the GeoCountDownTimer being used to set the instance variables
61
      public void GeoCountDownTimer(GeoCountDownTimer pOther){
62
63
         this.month = pOther.month;
         this.day = pOther.day;
64
65
         this.year = pOther.year;
66
67
      68
69
       * This is a constructor that breaks up a string and sets the instance
70
       * variables equal to the respective component
       * <u>@param</u> geoDate is the string that holds the month, day and year
* in the format "mm/dd/yyyy"
71
72
73
       * <u>@throws</u> IllegalArgumentException is thrown when the given date
74
                                     is invalid. It is also used when the
75
                                     string is formatted incorrectly
```

```
public GeoCountDownTimer(String geoDate){
77
78
         String[] date = geoDate.split("/", 0);
79
80
         if (date.length == 3){
81
             this.month = Integer.parseInt(date[0]);
             this.day = Integer.parseInt(date[1]);
82
83
            this.year = Integer.parseInt(date[2]);
84
         } else
            throw new IllegalArgumentException();
85
86
87
         if (!isValidDate(this.month, this.day, this.year))
            throw new IllegalArgumentException();
88
89
      }
90
      91
92
       * This function checks if the GeoCountDownTimer is equal to the object
93
       * sent in
       * @param pOther is an object that is likely to be holding a GeoCountDownTimer
94
95
       * <u>@throws</u> IllegalArgumentException when the object is not holding anything
                                  or if the object is not a GeoCountDownTimer
96
       97
98
99
      public boolean equals(Object pOther){
         if (pOther != null) {
100
101
             if (pOther instanceof GeoCountDownTimer) {
102
                GeoCountDownTimer temp = (GeoCountDownTimer) pOther;
                return this.year == temp.year && this.month == temp.month
103
104
                      && this.day == temp.day;
105
            }
106
107
         throw new IllegalArgumentException();
108
109
      110
111
       * This function compares two GeoCountDownTimer variables
       * @param other is the 2nd GeoCountDownTimer that is being compared to the
112
                   instance variables
113
       * @return 1 if 'this' is a later date than 'other', 0 if they are the same date,
114
               115
116
117
      public int compareTo(GeoCountDownTimer other){
118
         if (this.equals(other))
119
            return 0;
120
121
         if (this.year < other.year)</pre>
122
             return -1;
123
124
         if (this.year == other.year && this.month < other.month)</pre>
125
             return -1;
126
127
         if (this.year == other.year && this.month == other.month && this.day < other.day)</pre>
128
            return -1;
129
130
         return 1:
131
      }
132
      /************************
133
134
       st This function decreases the date by 1 day
             **********************
135
136
      public void dec(){
137
         this.dec(1);
138
139
      140
141
       * This function increases the date by 1 day
142
                   *********************
      public void inc(){
143
144
         this.inc(1);
145
146
147
      /** this is the array for days in each month */
148
      private static final int[] DAYS_IN_MONTH = {0, 31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31,
149
            31, 30, 31, 30, 31};
150
```

```
/** this is the array that holds the names of each month ^*/
      152
153
154
155
      156
       * This function takes in a month and year and returns how many days are
157
158
       * in that month. Useful for checking leap years.
       * @param pMonth is the month being checked
159
       * @param pYear is the year being checked in
160
161
       * @return the number of days in the given month
162
       * <u>@throws</u> IllegalArgumentException when the month or year is out of range
163
      public static int daysInMonth(int pMonth, int pYear){
164
165
          if (pMonth < 1 || pMonth > 12)
             throw new IllegalArgumentException();
166
167
          if (!isLeapYear(pYear) || pMonth != 2)
168
169
             return DAYS_IN_MONTH[pMonth];
170
          else
171
             return 29:
172
      }
173
      174
       *This function takes in a month, day, and year and returns if that
175
       * date is a valid date, if it could ever happen
176
       * @param month is the given month
177
       * @param day is the given day
178
       * @param year is the given year
179
180
       * <u>@return</u> false if any of the values are out of range and true otherwise
181
182
      public static boolean isValidDate(int month, int day, int year) {
183
          if (month < 1 || month > 12)
184
             return false;
185
186
          if (day < 1 || day > daysInMonth(month, year))
187
             return false;
188
189
          if (year < MINYEAR)</pre>
190
             return false;
191
192
          return true;
193
      }
194
      195
196
       * This function determines if the current year is a Leap year or not
197
       * \underline{\textit{@param}} year is the year being tested whether or not it is a Leap year
       198
199
200
      public static boolean isLeapYear(int year) {
          return year % 4 == 0 && (year % 100 != 0 || year % 400 == 0);
201
202
203
      204
       * This function checks if the 2 given GeoCountDownTimers are equal
205
       * @param s1 is the first GeoCountDownTimer
206
207
         @param s2 is the second GeoCountDownTimer
       * @return true if the month, day, and year are each equal and false otherwise
208
209
       * <u>@throws</u> IllegalArgumentException if either object is null or is not
210
                                    a GeoCountDownTimer
       211
      public static boolean equals(Object s1, Object s2) {
212
213
          if (s1 != null && s2 != null) {
214
             if (s1 instanceof GeoCountDownTimer && s2 instanceof GeoCountDownTimer) {
215
                GeoCountDownTimer temp1 = (GeoCountDownTimer) s1;
216
                GeoCountDownTimer temp2 = (GeoCountDownTimer) s2;
                return temp1.year == temp2.year && temp1.month == temp2.month
217
                       && temp1.day == temp2.day;
218
219
220
          throw new IllegalArgumentException();
221
222
223
       224
       * This function returns a string of the date in the form "Month_name day, year"
225
```

```
* <u>@return</u> the string holding the month, day, and year in the proper form
227
228
       public String toString() {
229
           return MONTHS[this.month] + " " + this.day + ", " + this.year;
230
231
       /************************
232
233
        * This function returns a string of the date in the form month/day/year
        * @return a string holding the month, day and year in the specified form
234
235
236
       public String toDateString(){
           return this.month + "/" + this.day + "/" + this.year;
237
238
239
240
        * This function decreases the date by pDays
241
242
        * @param pDays is the number of days the date is being decreased by
243
        * <u>@throws</u> IllegalArgumentException when pDays is negative or the year falls
                                      below the MINYEAR
244
       *****************************
245
       public void dec(int pDays) {
246
247
           if (pDays < 0)</pre>
248
              throw new IllegalArgumentException();
249
          this.day -= pDays;
250
251
           // keep adding the number of days in the month while moving the
252
           // month back until day is positive
253
254
          while (this.day < 1){</pre>
255
              this.month -= 1;
256
257
              if (this.month < 1){</pre>
258
                  this.month += 12;
259
                  this.year -= 1;
260
              }
261
              this.day += daysInMonth(this.month, this.year);
262
263
264
              if (this.year < MINYEAR){</pre>
                  throw new IllegalArgumentException();
265
266
              }
267
           }
268
       }
269
       270
271
        *This function increases the date by pDays
        * \underline{\textit{@param}} pDays is the number of days the date is being increased by
272
273
        * <u>@throws</u> IllegalArgumentException when pDays is negative
274
       public void inc(int pDays) {
275
276
           if (pDays < 0)</pre>
277
              throw new IllegalArgumentException();
278
279
           this.day += pDays;
280
281
           // keep subtracting the number of days in the month off while moving
282
           // the month forward until day is a valid number
           while (this.day > daysInMonth(this.month, this.year)){
283
284
              this.day -= daysInMonth(this.month, this.year);
285
              this.month += 1;
286
              if (this.month > 12){
287
288
                  this.month -= 12;
289
                  this.year += 1;
290
              }
291
          }
292
       }
293
       294
295
        * This function saves the current date in the given file name
        ^{st} @param filename is the name of the file the data is being saved into
296
        297
298
299
       public void save(String filename) {
300
```

```
301
           PrintWriter out = null;
302
              out = new PrintWriter(new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(filename)));
303
304
           } catch (IOException e) {
305
              throw new IllegalArgumentException();
306
307
308
          out.println (month);
309
           out.println (day);
          out.println (year);
310
311
312
           out.close();
313
       }
314
315
        * This function pulls up the saved month, day, and year and sets 'this'
316
        * equal to them
317
        * @param filename is the name of the file the date is being pulled from
318
        * \underline{\textit{Othrows}} IllegalArgumentException if the file does not exist or if its
319
        320
321
       public void load(String filename){
322
323
          try{
324
              Scanner fileReader = new Scanner(new File(filename));
325
326
              this.month = fileReader.nextInt();
327
              this.day = fileReader.nextInt();
              this.year = fileReader.nextInt();
328
329
           } catch (Exception error) {
330
              throw new IllegalArgumentException();
331
332
       }
333
       /************************
334
335
        * This function finds the number of days to go until timer reaches \theta
336
        * @param fromDate is the string holding the desired date to check from.
337
                        This would normally be today.
338
        * @return the numbers of days between the two dates
         339
340
341
       public int daysToGo(String fromDate){
342
           GeoCountDownTimer temp = new GeoCountDownTimer(fromDate);
343
344
           if (this.compareTo(temp) < 0)</pre>
345
              throw new IllegalArgumentException();
346
           int daysToGo = 0;
347
348
          // keep moving the fromdate timer forward by 1 until
349
350
           // the other timer is reached
351
           while (this.compareTo(temp) > 0){
352
              daysToGo += 1;
353
              temp.inc();
354
355
           return daysToGo;
356
357
       }
358
       359
360
        * This date finds the date which is n days from 'this'.
        * @param n is the number of days the found date should be from 'this'
361
362
                 can be positive or negative
363
          @return GeoCountDownTimer temp which is the future/past date found
364
365
       public GeoCountDownTimer daysInFuture(int n){
366
           GeoCountDownTimer temp = new GeoCountDownTimer(this.toDateString());
367
368
           if (n > 0)
369
              temp.inc(n);
370
371
              temp.dec(-n);
372
373
           return temp;
374
       }
375
```

```
/***********************
377
          * This is the main function where tests are being run
378
379
        public static void main() {
380
            GeoCountDownTimer s = new GeoCountDownTimer("2/10/2020");
            System.out.println("Date: " + s);
381
382
383
            GeoCountDownTimer s1 = new GeoCountDownTimer("2/10/2022");
            System.out.println("Date: " + s1.toString());
384
385
386
            s1.dec(365);
387
            System.out.println("Date: " + s1);
388
            GeoCountDownTimer s2 = new GeoCountDownTimer("2/10/2019");
389
390
            for (int i = 0; i < (365 + 366); i++)
391
                 s2.inc(1);
392
            System.out.println("Date: " + s2);
393
394
            GeoCountDownTimer s3 = new GeoCountDownTimer(5, 5, 2019);
395
396
            s3.dec(700);
397
            System.out.println("Date: " + s3);
398
399
            s3.inc(1000);
400
            System.out.println("Date: " + s3.toDateString());
401
402
            GeoCountDownTimer s4 = new GeoCountDownTimer("11/7/2019");
            GeoCountDownTimer s5 = new GeoCountDownTimer();
403
404
            s5.GeoCountDownTimer(s4);
405
406
            try{
407
                 s4.dec(3660);
408
                 s5.dec(3660);
                 System.out.println("FAILED");
409
410
            } catch (IllegalArgumentException e){
                 System.out.println("Date: " + s4.toDateString());
System.out.println("Date: " + s5.toDateString());
411
412
413
            }
414
415
            System.out.println("Comparison Tests");
System.out.println("If the first timer is greater than the other timer, then the test");
416
417
            System.out.println("returns a 1");
418
            System.out.println("If the two timers are equal, the test will return a 0");
System.out.println("If the second timer is greater than the first, then the test");
419
420
421
            System.out.println("returns a -1");
            System.out.println("Comparison Value: " + s4.compareTo(s5));
422
423
424
            System.out.println("Save/Load Test");
425
            GeoCountDownTimer s6 = new GeoCountDownTimer("1/1/2018");
426
427
            s6.inc();
428
            s6.save("temp.txt");
429
430
            s6.load("temp.txt");
431
432
            System.out.println("Loaded Date: "+ s6);
433
434
            System.out.println("Days To Go Test!");
435
436
            System.out.println("Days between s6 and '12/12/2017:' " + s6.daysToGo("12/12/2017"));
437
438
            System.out.println("Days in the Future Test");
439
440
            GeoCountDownTimer s7 = new GeoCountDownTimer();
441
             s7.GeoCountDownTimer(s6.daysInFuture(5));
442
            System.out.println("Future date should be '1/7/2018");
            System.out.println("Actual date: " + s7);
443
444
        }
445 }
```