

# Interview Demo Script - AI Cost Optimization Dashboard

**Duration:** 5-7 minutes

**Format:** Live demo + technical deep dive

**Goal:** Show AI + DevOps + Business value skills

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## Pre-Demo Setup (Before Interview)

```
bash

# Ensure everything works
cd ~/Desktop/PERSONAL_PROJECTS/AI-Cost-Optimization-Dashboard
source venv/bin/activate
python3 cost_optimizer.py # Test run

# Have these ready:
# 1. Terminal with clean output
# 2. Browser tabs: GitHub repo, AWS Cost Explorer (same date range)
# 3. Code editor with cost_optimizer.py open
# 4. Screenshots folder visible
```

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## Demo Flow

### Part 1: Problem Statement (60 seconds)

Say this:

"I built this to solve a real problem I encountered: manual AWS cost analysis is time-consuming and often misses optimization opportunities.

**The challenge:** AWS bills are complex — 200+ services, nested pricing. FinOps teams spend hours reviewing spend, but generic alerts like 'EC2 costs increased' don't tell you *what* to do about it.

**My solution:** An AI-powered dashboard that automates this entirely. It analyzes AWS spending, identifies specific optimizations with dollar savings, and ranks them by ROI. Let me show you."

**Why this works:** Shows business context, not just technical skills.

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### Part 2: Live Demo (2-3 minutes)

#### Step 1: Run the Script

```
bash
```

```
python3 cost_optimizer.py
```

### As it runs, narrate:

"First, it fetches 30 days of AWS Cost Explorer data using boto3. This is my personal test environment, about \$6.62 in total spend."

### Point to screen:

- ✓ Date range: 2026-01-09 to 2026-02-08
  - ✓ Total cost: \$6.62
  - ✓ Services found: 15
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## Step 2: Visual Analysis

### Point to the bar chart:

"Notice the visual cost distribution. This ASCII bar chart makes patterns immediately visible. EKS is consuming 53.5% of my spend—that's the Kubernetes control plane."

### Point to trend:

"The trend analysis compares this period to the previous 30 days. If costs are growing, it flags it with an up arrow."

**Why this matters:** Visual communication of data, not just raw numbers.

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## Step 3: AI Recommendations

### Scroll to recommendations section:

"Now here's where AI adds value. Instead of generic advice like 'reduce costs,' Claude analyzes the data with a structured FinOps framework I designed."

### Point to first recommendation (KMS Optimization):

"Look at this format:

- **What:** AWS KMS API calls
- **Why:** \$1.82/month (27.5%) is disproportionate for such low compute
- **Action:** Specific steps—audit CloudTrail logs, consolidate keys
- **Savings:** \$1-1.50/month

- **Risk:** Low
- **Effort:** Medium (1-4 hours)

This isn't just 'you're spending too much' — it's a work ticket ready to implement."

#### **Point to ROI ranking:**

"Then it ranks all recommendations by ROI. 'Quick wins' with low risk come first. Architecture changes with high complexity come last. This helps teams prioritize."

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### **Part 3: Technical Deep Dive (2-3 minutes)**

**Open code editor** (cost\_optimizer.py):

#### **Show Prompt Engineering**

**Navigate to line ~260 (AI prompt):**

"The key to making AI useful is prompt engineering. Let me show you my FinOps prompt.

[Scroll through prompt]

Notice I don't just say 'analyze costs.' I require:

- Specific format (What/Why/Action/Savings/Risk/Effort)
- ROI prioritization
- Constraints (only measurable \$ impact, assume production environment)

This structured approach is what makes the output actionable."

**Why this matters:** Shows you understand AI isn't magic — it's prompt design.

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#### **Show Error Handling**

**Navigate to line ~470 (low cost handling):**

"Production code needs edge case handling. For example, if costs are under \$1, I provide context — could be free tier, testing, or new account — and ask if they want to continue.

This graceful degradation prevents confusion when analyzing dev environments."

**Why this matters:** Shows production thinking, not just "happy path" code.

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#### **Show Trend Analysis**

**Navigate to line ~215 (previous period comparison):**

"For trend detection, I make a second Cost Explorer API call for the previous period—same number of days, offset by the analysis window.

Then I calculate percent change and direction. This identifies cost growth early, before it becomes a budget problem."

**Why this matters:** Shows you think about business outcomes, not just technical implementation.

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#### Part 4: Business Impact (1 minute)

**Close the code, return to terminal:**

"Let me put this in business terms:

**Time savings:** Manual cost analysis takes 4 hours/week. This script runs in 5 minutes. That's 95% time reduction—200 hours/year for a FinOps team.

**Cost savings:** Even in my \$6.62 test environment, it identified \$3-5/month in optimizations. Scale that to a production environment spending \$50K/month, and you're looking at \$5K+/month in savings—\$60K annually.

**Risk reduction:** The risk assessment prevents teams from implementing high-risk changes without proper evaluation.

This is infrastructure intelligence, not just automation."

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#### Part 5: Q&A Preparation

**Common Questions & Answers:**

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**Q: "Why Claude instead of ChatGPT or cheaper models?"**

**A:**

"Claude excels at structured, context-aware analysis. I tested GPT-3.5 initially—it gave generic recommendations. Claude 3.5 Sonnet understands AWS service relationships and business context.

Cost-wise, each analysis is ~\$0.002—less than a penny. Running weekly = \$0.40/month. Negligible vs the \$5K+ it helps save."

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**Q: "How does this compare to AWS Trusted Advisor?"**

**A:**

"Trusted Advisor is great for compliance checks—security groups, IAM policies. But it's rule-based.

This adds AI-powered business context. For example, Trusted Advisor might say 'low utilization RDS instance.' My tool would say: 'This RDS instance was last accessed 30 days ago during the Q4 promo—

consider archiving post-campaign data to S3 and terminating the instance.'

It's the *why* and *what to do* that make it actionable."

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**Q: "What was the hardest technical challenge?"**

**A:**

"Prompt engineering. My first version of the Claude prompt gave vague output like 'consider optimizing EC2 costs.'

I iterated to a structured FinOps framework requiring specific details. The breakthrough was realizing I needed *constraints*—'only recommend changes with measurable \$ impact' and 'assess risk level.'

That's when recommendations became production-ready. It taught me that AI output quality is directly tied to prompt design quality."

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**Q: "How would you scale this for a large organization?"**

**A:**

"Great question. Current limitations:

1. Single AWS account (doesn't handle consolidated billing)
2. No historical tracking (can't measure actual savings over time)
3. Manual execution (should be automated weekly)

**My roadmap:**

- Multi-account support (analyze across dev/staging/prod)
- Savings tracker (compare recommendations to actual spend reduction)
- Web UI (make it self-service for all teams)
- Jira integration (auto-create cost optimization tickets)
- Terraform deployment (one-click setup for new accounts)

I prioritized getting MVP working first, then iterate. That's how I approach production systems."

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**Q: "Show me the code quality—how do you handle errors?"**

**A:** [Open code editor, show error handling sections]

"I handle several edge cases:

1. **Missing AWS credentials:** Clear error message with remediation steps
2. **Cost Explorer not enabled:** Directs user to enable it
3. **Zero/low costs:** Provides context (free tier, testing) and prompts user

4. **API failures:** Graceful degradation with error logging
5. **DRY\_RUN mode:** Allows testing without API charges

I also use try/except blocks around all API calls and provide user-friendly error messages, not stack traces."

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**Q: "What would you add if you had another week?"**

**A:**

"Three features:

1. **Budget forecasting:** Use historical data + AI to predict next month's spend
2. **Anomaly detection:** Flag unusual spikes (e.g., 'Lambda costs 10x normal—possible runaway function')
3. **Auto-remediation:** For low-risk optimizations (e.g., delete old snapshots), auto-generate Terraform to implement changes

All three build on the foundation I've created—they're natural extensions of the cost analysis + AI recommendation pattern."

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**Q: "How do you test AI features?"**

**A:**

"Good question. AI is non-deterministic, so traditional unit tests don't work well.

**My approach:**

1. **DRY\_RUN mode:** Mock AI responses for fast iteration
2. **Regression testing:** Save known-good outputs, compare new runs
3. **Prompt versioning:** Track prompt changes in git, document why
4. **Real-world validation:** Run on actual AWS accounts, verify recommendations make sense
5. **Cost tracking:** Monitor Claude API usage to catch prompt bugs (e.g., infinite loops)

For this project, I'd add pytest tests for the data processing logic, and human review for AI output quality."

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**Closing Statement (30 seconds)**

"This project demonstrates three things I bring to your team:

1. **AI integration skills:** I can leverage Claude, GPT, or other models to add intelligence to infrastructure
2. **Production mindset:** Error handling, risk assessment, documentation—not just proof-of-concepts

3. **Business focus:** Every feature is tied to measurable value—time saved, money saved

I built this in 3 days as part of my AI-powered DevOps portfolio. I'm excited to bring this approach to [Company Name]'s infrastructure challenges."

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## Post-Demo: Share Resources

Have these links ready in chat:

GitHub: <https://github.com/yourusername/ai-cost-optimization-dashboard>

Live Demo: [Video link if recorded]

Case Study: [Link to CASE\_STUDY.md in repo]

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## Demo Checklist

### Before Interview:

- ☐ Test run works without errors
- ☐ Screenshots are saved and accessible
- ☐ GitHub repo is public and README is polished
- ☐ Browser tabs ready (GitHub, AWS Console)
- ☐ Code editor open to key sections
- ☐ Practiced demo at least 2x (timing!)

### During Demo:

- ☐ Start with problem statement (business context)
- ☐ Show live execution (not just screenshots)
- ☐ Point out specific features (chart, trend, recommendations)
- ☐ Dive into code (prompt engineering, error handling)
- ☐ Close with business impact (time saved, \$ saved)
- ☐ Handle questions confidently (use Q&A prep above)

### After Demo:

- ☐ Share GitHub link in chat
  - ☐ Offer to send case study document
  - ☐ Follow up with thank-you email including demo recording
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## Time Breakdown

**Total:** 5-7 minutes

- Problem statement: 60s
- Live demo: 2-3 min
- Technical deep dive: 2-3 min
- Business impact: 60s
- Q&A: Variable (have answers ready)

**Practice this!** Time yourself. 7 minutes is ideal—shows depth without losing attention.

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## Pro Tips

1. **Start strong:** First 30 seconds set the tone. Lead with business problem, not tech stack.
  2. **Show, don't tell:** Run the script live. Even if you have screenshots, seeing it execute is more impressive.
  3. **Have a narrative:** "Problem → Solution → Impact" flow keeps audience engaged.
  4. **Anticipate questions:** The Q&A prep above covers 80% of what interviewers ask.
  5. **Link to next project:** "This is part of my AI-powered DevOps portfolio. Next, I'm building a Terraform AI generator." Shows forward momentum.
  6. **Confidence, not arrogance:** "I'm proud of this" not "This is the best cost optimizer ever built."
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**You've got this!** Practice the demo 2-3 times, and you'll nail it. 🚀