Getting Started with Python and Excel Building a Basic Model in Both Excel and Python

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- An Introductory Model

 The focus today is to get familiar working in both Excel and Python

Basic Problem

 We will approach this by building a simple model with both tools

 In later lectures, we will move to combining the tools

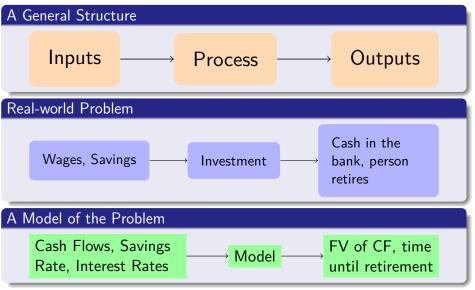
A Simple Retirement Problem

 Let's take what is perhaps the simplest finance problem, which everyone should understand

- While you may have approached such a problem with a calculator before, we will build models for it instead
- Martha is saving for retirement. She earns \$60,000 per year and is able to save 25% of that. If she invests her savings, earning 5% per year, and she needs \$1,500,000 to retire, how soon can she retire?

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Breaking Down the Retirement Problem



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Solving the Problem in Excel

- It is easy to use Excel as a calculator and just type the math in directly. But we want to build a model.
- Changing inputs should result in a change to outputs. The way to do this in Excel is cell references
- Fixed references become important when trying to drag formulas, e.g. \$A\$2 (fully fixed), \$A2 (fixed on column), or A\$2 (fixed on row).



Simple Retirement Problem in Excel

Intro Excel Exercise

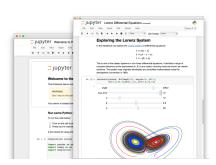
- Go to the course site and download Simple Retirement Model Excel
- Follow along as I recreate the simple model.

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- Python Solution

- Using Python in the terminal is kind of a pain. And so, tools were born.
- Jupyter is a graphical interface we can use for Python. It also supports over 40 other languages such as R, SAS, Julia, and Scala
- You can use jupyter notebook or jupyter lab. The latter has a lot more features outside of the notebook. We will focus on using jupyter lab in this class as it is the future of Jupyter.



Let's Get Set up with Jupyter

Launch Jupyter Notebook

- Launch Anaconda Navigator
- Find Jupyter Notebook on the main screen, and click launch
- 3 You should see a list of folders and files. Click New and then Python 3
- Now you should see a code cell with In []: next to it

If you don't have Anaconda Navigator, just open a terminal (search cmd on Windows, terminal on Mac). Then in the terminal, type jupyter lab and enter. Then continue with the third step.

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Some Python Basics

- In Excel, the basic unit is a cell. In Python, the basic unit is an object.
- In Excel, content in a cell is either a number (123) or a string (ABC)
- In Python, all objects have types. They might also be a number or a string, or something else.
- Rather than using a cell reference like \$A\$2, we assign names to objects in Python

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Doing Some Math in Python



Note: Deprecation warning

In the future, these numpy financial functions are being moved to a separate package numpy_financial. For the purposes of this class, this won't matter, but in the future you may have to install numpy_financial to use these functions. In the meantime, you will see a warning come up when calling the functions.

- Basic operations in Python are straightforward
- \bullet 6 2 = 4
- 2 * 3 = 6
- \bullet 5 / 2 = 2.5
- A lot more is available using the numpy package
- np.pv, np.nper, np.fv, np.pmt
- All numpy financial functions

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Simple Retirement Problem in Python

Intro Python Exercise

- Go to the course site and download Simple Retirement Model Python
- In Jupyter, then navigate to your Downloads folder (or wherever you saved it)
- You should then see Simple Retirement Model.ipynb come up in the list of files in Jupyter. Click it to open it and follow along.

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- Extending the Model and Iteration

Extending the Model - Multiple Interest Rates

 Now we've got basic models to determine how long it will take Martha to retire.

 We've got a few assumptions built into the model. One is that Martha will earn 5% on her investments

• Rates of return are volatile, so we want to see how long it would take her to retire if her return was different

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Programming Fundamentals - Iteration

- In programming, for model building or otherwise, you often need to repeat the same process for multiple different things
- In Excel, you would do this by dragging formulas.
- In Python, as in most other programming languages, we would use a for loop
- This says, do something, for each value I pass into the loop

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Iteration - Python vs. Excel

Python Iteration

```
inputs = [5, 10, 15]
for item in inputs:
    new_value = item + 2
    print(new_value)
```

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Excel Iteration		
Input	Output	Function
5	7	=B4+2
10	12	=B5+2
15	17	=B6+2

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Explaining Python Iteration

- There's a few things to unpack here
- Here's another type of object: not a number or a string, but a list
- A list holds multiple objects, and you can add or remove items from lists

Python Iteration

```
inputs = [5, 10, 15]
for item in inputs:
   new_value = item + 2
   print(new value)
```

```
7
```

12

17

Explaining Python Iteration (pt. 2)

- Here we define a list of three numbers as inputs
- Then we use a for loop to get each input out of the list, and add 2 to it to create the new value
- Finally we print each value as it is generated

Python Iteration

```
inputs = [5, 10, 15]
for item in inputs:
   new_value = item + 2
   print(new_value)
```

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```
1
```

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Iterating the Existing Model

Expanding on Python and Excel

- I will now expand the existing Excel and Python models to examine multiple interest rates
- Continue viewing the same previously downloaded files.

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Vary Savings Rate Lab

Extending a Simple Retirement Model

- Now we want to see the effect of savings rate on time until retirement, in addition to interest rate
- 2 In both Excel and Python, calculate the years to retirement for savings rates of 10%, 25%, and 40%, and each of these cases with each of the interest rate cases, 4%, 5%, and 6%
- Be sure that you drag formulas in Excel and use for loops in Python to accomplish this
- In total you should have 9 calculated years to retirement numbers, in each of the two models.

Answers: Slide 24 Resources: Slide 25

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Lecture Resources

Lecture Resources

- Slides Getting Started with Python and Excel
- Lecture Notes Getting Started with Python and Excel
- Simple Retirement Model Excel
- Simple Retirement Model Python

Vary Savings Rate Lab, Answers

Extending a Simple Retirement Model, Answers

- 1 Martha has 61.1 years to retirement if she earns a 4% return and saves 10%.
- ② Martha has 41.0 years to retirement if she earns a 4% return and saves 25%.
- $\ \, \textbf{0} \,\,$ Martha has 31.9 years to retirement if she earns a 4% return and saves 40%.
- ${\color{red} \bullet}$ Martha has 53.3 years to retirement if she earns a 5% return and saves 10%.
- Martha has 36.7 years to retirement if she earns a 5% return and saves 25%.
- Martha has 29.0 years to retirement if she earns a 5% return and saves 40%.
- Martha has 47.6 years to retirement if she earns a 6% return and saves 10%.
- Martha has 33.4 years to retirement if she earns a 6% return and saves 25%.
- Martha has 26.7 years to retirement if she earns a 6% return and saves 40%.

Exercise: Slide <u>22</u> Resources: Slide <u>25</u>

Vary Savings Rate Lab Resources

Extending a Simple Retirement Model Resources

- Simple Retirement Model Excel
- Simple Retirement Model Python
- Slides Getting Started with Python and Excel

Exercise: Slide 22 Answers: Slide 24