

MLS Migration Guide

Contents

	3
1.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_4	3 3
2 MIGRATING MLS FROM 1_0_P_3 TO 1_0_P_4	4
2.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_4	4 4 4 4
3 MIGRATING MLS FROM 1_0_P_2 TO 1_0_P_3	
3.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_3	5 5 6
4 MIGRATING MLS FROM 1_0_P_1 TO 1_0_P_2	6
4.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_2 4.1.1 Random Network Acquisition 4.1.2 Join Request back-off mechanism 4.1.3 Random channel selection algorithm enhancement 4.1.4 Multiple multicast group support 4.1.5 MAC Level FSK support 4.1.6 Fix for High Packet Loss in SF10 (In SAMR34 XPro) 4.2 File additions 4.3 MLS API Changes 4.3.1 API Changes 4.3.2 Set/Get Attribute Addition/Modification/Removal.	
5 MIGRATING MLS FROM 1_0_P_0 TO 1_0_P_1	
5.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_1	11 11 11 11
6 MLS SDK 1_0_P_0 6.1 LoRaWAN Protocol Specification Details:	
6.2 Highlights	12

6.4	Applications Supported	12
6.5		
7 RE	FERENCE DOCUMENTATION	13

1 Migrating MLS from 1_0_P_4 to 1_0_P_5

This guide provides all the information need for a customer to migrate the MLS LoRaWAN applications implemented on MLS_SDK_1_0_P_4 available in SAM platforms (SAMR34,WLR) to MLS_SDK_1_0_P_5.

1.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_5

The following feature additions in MLS_SDK_1_0_P_5 are detailed below...

- 1. Feature: LoRaWAN 1.0.4 Specification compliant changes
- 2. Platform support: WLR089U0 device support added
- 3. General improvement and Bug fixes

1.1.1 LoRaWAN 1.0.4 Specification Updates

LoRaWAN Protocol Specification Details:

Lo RaWAN Core Specification Version	1.0.4
Lo RaWAN Regional Specification version	1.0.2rB
Supported Device Classes	Class A & C
Network Join Modes	ABP and OTAA

Specific Notes:

- RXC Window addition in Class C.A Class C-enabled end-device listens as often as
 possible using a combination of channel/DR parameters referred to as RXC. The
 end-device SHALL listen on RXC when it is not (a) transmitting or (b) receiving on
 RX1 or (c) receiving on RX2, according to the Class A definition.
- 2. AppNonce and AppEUI renamed to JoinEUI and JoinNonce.
- 3. ADR and retransmission behavior clarifications are done.
- 4. DevNonce incremented with every join request.
- 5. Fports above 224 are not discarded.
- 6. MAX FCNT GAP has been removed.

Note: Gateways/Network servers Supporting LoRAWAN 1.0.4 will only be compatible with this firmwareversion(MLS_SDK_1_0_P_5). Those who are using Network servers with older version (1.0.2) should not migrate to this as this firmware will not be compatible with that version.

1.1.2 Platform Support

WLR089U0 Device support is added in End device demo application. The WLR089U0 is a Long Range (LoRa) transceiver module for the sub-1GHz ISM bands such as 868 MHz (Europe) and 915 MHz (North America), optimized for ultra-low-power applications.

MLS API changes

1.2.1 Set/Get Attribute Addition/Modification/Removal

These new set/get attributes are added in lorawan.h under enumeration LorawanAttributes_t.

Change	Attribute ID	Туре	Range	R/W	Default / Remarks
New	RXC_WINDOW_PARAMS	ReceiveWindowP arameters_t	NA	RW	-
New	RETRY_COUNTER_CNF	Uint8_t	0-7	RW	-
New	RETRY_COUNTER_UNCNF	Uint8_t	NA	RW	-
New	REGIONAL_DUTY_CYCLE	Bool	0 or 1	RW	-
New	SEND_LINK_CHECK_CMD	Bool	0 or 1	RW	-

2 Migrating MLS from 1_0_P_3 to 1_0_P_4

This guide provides all the information need for a customer to migrate the MLS LoRaWAN applications implemented on MLS_SDK_1_0_P_3 available in SAM platforms (SAMR34) to MLS_SDK_1_0_P_4.

2.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_4

The following feature additions in MLS_SDK_1_0_P_4 are detailed below...

- 4. Feature: FUOTA packages library (libFUOTAPACKAGE_SAM0_GCC.a)
- 5. Feature: FUOTA NVM storage APIs
- 6. New application FUOTA_Demo added to demonstrate over-the-air upgrade
- 7. Simple log module with configure levels
- 8. General improvement and Bug fixes

2.1.1 FUOTA packages library

LoRaWAN specifies the following application layer messaging protocol to add over-the-air upgrade feature. They are: Remote Multicast Setup, Fragmented Data Block Transport, Device Management. These application support protocols are implemented and provided as a library in this release.

Protocol	Interface	Implementation
Remote Multicast Setup	MCMPackageCore.h	libFUOTAPACKAGE_SAM0_GCC.a
Fragmented data block transport	FTMPackageCore.h	libFUOTAPACKAGE_SAM0_GCC.a
Device Management	DMPackageCore.h	libFUOTAPACKAGE_SAM0_GCC.a

This FUOTA library is tested with Actility ThingPark FUOTA only.

2.1.2 Logging module

- A simple logging module with configurable levels, is provided in this release. This module employs the same syntax as the printf(...) function to print UART log messages.
- The level of this log module is configurable through LOG_LEVEL=<LEVEL> define symbol from project properties dialog.

Available levels are: NONE, INFO, WARN, ERROR, DEBUG

2.2 File additions

- All files under apps/packages/ folder
- All files under apps/fuota_demo folder
- All fiels under thirdparty/wireless/services/log folder

2.3 MLS API changes

2.3.1 Set/Get Attribute Addition/Modification/Removal

These new set/get attributes are added in Iorawan.h under enumeration LorawanAttributes_t.

Change	Attribute ID	Туре	Range	R/W	Default / Remarks	
New	MCAST_FCNT_DOWN_MIN	uin32_t	0 – (2^32)-1	RW	0	
New	MCAST_FCNT_DOWN_MAX	uin32_t	0 – (2^32)-1	RW	0	
New	MCAST_FREQUENCY	uin32_t	0 – (2^32)-1	RW	NA	
New	MCAST_DATARATE	uin8_t	Valid DR values	RW	NA	
New	MCAST_PERIODICITY	uin8_t	0-7	RW	NA	
New	SEND_DEVICE_TIME_CMD	Trigger	NA	-	Adds DeviceTimeReq in next uplink	
New	STACK_VERSION	StackVersion_t	NA	R	Release Version	
New	PACKET_TIME_ON_AIR	Trigger	NA	-	Return time-on-air for the given payload length	

3 Migrating MLS from 1_0_P_2 to 1_0_P_3

This guide provides all the information need for a customer to migrate the MLS LoRaWAN applications implemented on MLS_SDK_1_0_P_2 available in SAM platforms (SAMR34) to MLS_SDK_1_0_P_3.

3.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_3

The following feature additions in MLS_SDK_1_0_P_3 are detailed below...

- 1. **Feature**: ECC608 Integration
- 2. General improvement and Bug fixes.

3.1.1 ECC608 Integration

ECC608 is a cryptographic and key storage device. User can configure and provision the ECC608 in the way, the keys used in Microchip Lorawan Stack (MLS) can be stored in the device and cannot be read back which strengthens the level of security.

In MLS, support for using <u>ATECC608A-MAHTN-T</u> secure element is given. For more details, refer the links available in Reference Documentation section.

Specific Notes:

- ECC608A Usage during LoRaWAN Operation
 - 1. During Join operation, MLS uses ECC608A device (APP EUI, DEV EUI and APP KEY) to prepare Join Request frame.
 - 2. Join Accept frame Integrity check is done using APP KEY stored inside ECC608A device.

- 3. Application Session key and Network session key is derived from APP KEY stored inside ECC608A device.
- 4. After device reset, MLS reads sessions keys from ECC608A device.
- 5. APP KEY is not readable from ECC608A device. Only Sessions keys are readable.
- 6. All session key read operations between SAMR34 and ECC608A device happens over Secure I2C lines. This provides security in case of someone listening to I2C lines.
- 7. APP EUI and DEV EUI are read from ECC608A device and stored in SAMR34 RAM.
- ECC608 can be used for key storage in the application by adding a MACRO named – CRYPTO_DEV_ENABLED in project settings.
- Security Abstraction Layer (SAL) type has to be configured as "ecc608" through ASF wizard.

3.2 File additions

All files in lorawan/sal folder

3.3 MLS API Changes

3.3.1 API Changes

Following APIs are added/modified/removed.

SI. No.	Function Name	Comments
		This function initializes the security modules like AES, ECC608 (If used).
		Return Status : value of type SalStatus_t
1.	<pre>SalStatus_t SAL_Init(void);</pre>	* SAL_SUCCESS when initialization is successful
		* SAL_FAILURE when initialization of AES/ECC608 is failed

3.3.2 Set/Get Attribute Addition/Modification/Removal

These new set/get attributes are added in Iorawan.h under enumeration LorawanAttributes_t.

Change	NAME	Type	Size	Value	Read/Write	Default
Type						value
New	CRYPTODEVICE_ENABLED	bool	1 Byte	True/false	read/write	false
New	MAX_FCNT_PDS_UPDATE_VAL	uint8_t	1 Byte	0 to 8	read/write	1

4 Migrating MLS from 1_0_P_1 to 1_0_P_2

This guide provides all the information need for a customer to migrate the MLS LoRaWAN applications implemented on MLS_SDK_1_0_P_1 available in SAM platforms (SAMR34) to MLS_SDK_1_0_P_2.

4.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_2

The following feature additions in MLS SDK 1 0 P 2 are detailed below...

- 3. Feature: Random Network Acquisition for NA915 and AU915 bands.
- Feature: Join request back-off mechanism Supported bands EU868, AS923, JPN923, KR923, IND865.
- 5. **Feature**: Enhancing random channel selection algorithm All bands.
- 6. Feature: Multiple multicast group support Class C and All bands.
- 7. General improvement and Bug fixes.

4.1.1 Random Network Acquisition

Definition as in Specification:

For rapid network acquisition in mixed channel plan environments, it is further recommended that the device follow a channel selection sequence (still random) which efficiently probes the groups of nine (8 + 1) channels which are typically implemented by smaller gateways (channel groups 0-7+64, 8-15+65, etc.).

Specific Notes:

- 1. Join request shall be transmitted from a random channel on each sub-band till a successfully completed.
- 2. Once join procedure is success, the sub-band with which Join procedure is success those 9 channels only be enabled.
- 3. After successful Join procedure, next join request will start from sub-band 1 again.
- 4. Last used sub-band shall be stored in PDS and to be restored after system reset.
- 5. On join failure case, if all the join request is denied for 8 sub-bands, then the device shall restart the join request from sub-band 1 and continue.
- 6. This feature is enabled by a MACRO named RANDOM_NW_ACQ in project settings.
- 7. If user/application knew of the channels with which the network operates (For Example in case of ABP devices), RANDOM_NW_ACQ macro can be made as '0' in project setting and define the sub-band in conf_app.h as done previously.
- 8. RANDOM_NW_ACQ is only for OTAA joining devices since we know the Sub band of End device after receiving the Join Accept from the particular sub-band.

4.1.2 Join Request back-off mechanism

Definition as in Specification:

Defined in section 7 Retransmissions back-off

Specific Notes:

- 1. Retransmission back-off mechanism is avoid flooding the network when all the nodes in the network startup at the same time.
- 2. Details are given in section 7 of LoraWAN 1.0.2 core specification.
- 3. This feature is enabled by a macro **JOIN_BACKOFF_SUPPORT** in FEATURES_SUPPORTED Macro for each band in conf_regparams.h

```
conf_regparams.h 😕 × enddevice_demo.c
                                         ASF Wizard
                                                                                           lorawan_reg_params.h
C DEMO_APP_ACTIVATION_T ▼ : IN #define OVER_THE_AIR_ACTIVATION LORAWAN_OTAA
   #if (NA_BAND == 1)
     #define MAC_DEF_TX_POWER_NA
                                                  (7)
     #define MAC_DEF_TX_CURRENT_DATARATE_NA
                                                  (DR2)
     #define MAC_DATARATE_MIN_NA
                                                  (DR4)
     #define MAC_DATARATE_MAX_NA
                                                  (DR0)
    #define FEATURES_SUPPORTED_NA
                                                  (FHSS_SUPPORT | PA_SUPPORT|JOIN_BACKOFF_SUPPORT)
    #endif
   = #if (AS_BAND == 1)
    #define MAC_DEF_TX_POWER_AS
                                                   (1)
    #define MAC_DEF_TX_CURRENT_DATARATE_AS
                                                   (DR3)
    #define MAC DATARATE MIN AS
                                                   (DR7)
    #define MAC DATARATE MAX AS
                                                   (DR0)
    #define FEATURES SUPPORTED AS
                                                   (PA_SUPPORT | DUTY_CYCLE_SUPPORT|JOIN_BACKOFF_SUPPORT)
     #endif
   #if (AU_BAND == 1)
     #define MAC_DEF_TX_POWER_AU
                                                   (7)
     #define MAC_DEF_TX_CURRENT_DATARATE_AU
                                                   (DR3)
     #define MAC_DATARATE_MIN_AU
                                                   (DR6)
     #define MAC DATARATE MAX AU
                                                   (DR0)
     #dofine EEATHDEC CHIDDOOTEN ALL
                                                   /EUCC CHODOOT | DA CHODOOT TOTAL BACKNEE CHODOOT)
```

- 4. This is enabled by default in all conf_regparams.h for all bands. For demo purpose Join backoff support is disabled in End device demo application. It has to be enabled during production where all the nodes in the network start-up at the same time.
- This feature is added for EU868, AS923, JPN923, KR923, IND865, NA915 and AU915 bands.
- 6. After each join failure, the application must wait for certain time before sending the next Join request.
- 7. A new get attribute is added to inform the application about the value of this wait time. Details are given in API changes section below.
- 8. Application can get the wait time value and start a timer. At the expiry of the timer, can re-send the Join request.

4.1.3 Random channel selection algorithm enhancement

Definition as in Specification:

The end-device SHALL change channel for every transmission.

Specific Notes:

- 1. Added support to select channels randomly and not using the same channel used for previous transmission.
- 2. Only exception to the check is, if only one channel is enabled by Application/Network Server, then use the same channel used for previous transmission.

4.1.4 Multiple multicast group support

Definition as in Specification:

N/A

Specific Notes:

- 1. In previous version, application can create only one Multicast group.
- 2. In this release added support for creating up to 5 groups.
- 3. New/Modified set/get attributes are defined in API Changes section below.

4.1.5 MAC Level FSK support

FSK data-rate is tested in MAC Level and the payload size is limited to 64 bytes (Phy level) due to the limitation in Transceiver.

4.1.6 Fix for High Packet Loss in SF10 (In SAMR34 XPro)

Higher Packet loss have been observed when device is receiving in SF10 datarate. In order to mitigate it, TCXO_ALWAYS_ON macro is added, as a compile-time option, in conf_board.h file. With this configuration, radio oscillator will be in ON state irrespective of Transceiver mode (Either in tx/rx or Sleep).

Note: By default, TCXO_ALWAYS_ON macro is undefined

4.2 File additions

No new file additions.

4.3 MLS API Changes

4.3.1 API Changes

Following APIs are added/modified/removed.

SI. No.	Old version	New version	Comments
	/* Function Pointer to Activation Data callback */	<pre>/* Function Pointer to Activation Data callback */</pre>	Join request
2.	<pre>typedef void (*JoinResponseCb_t)(bool status);</pre>	<pre>typedef void (*JoinResponseCb_t)(StackRetStatus_t status);</pre>	callback function.

- This function pointer definition is in lorawan.h.
- Join request callback function is defined in the application to status of Join request. In this version, the return parameter is changed from 'bool' to 'StackRetStatus_t'.
- StackRetStatus_t is an enumeration defined in stack_common.h.
- From this return variable following status are valid for Join callback function
 - LORAWAN_SUCCESS Infers that join procedure is success.
 - LORAWAN_NO_CHANNELS_FOUND Infers that the Join request wait timer is running and join request cannot be sent at this time.
 - Else the join procedure is failed.
 - The LoRaWAN Mote example application is updated to reflect this change.

4.3.2 Set/Get Attribute Addition/Modification/Removal

These new set/get attributes are added in Iorawan.h under enumeration LorawanAttributes t.

Change	NAME	Type	Size	Value	Read/Write	Default
Type						value
New	MCAST_ENABLE	uint8_t	bool	True/false	read/write	-
New	MCAST_APPS_KEY	uint8_t	8 bytes	Array	read/write	-
New	MCAST_NWKS_KEY	uint8_t	8 bytes	Array	read/write	-
New	MCAST_GROUP_ADDR	uint8_t	4 bytes	Array	read/write	-
New	MCAST_FCNT_DOWN	uint16_t	2 Bytes	Counter	read	-
New	PENDING_JOIN_DUTY_CYCLE	uint32_t	4 bytes	Milli	read	-
	_TIME			Seconds		

5 Migrating MLS from 1_0_P_0 to 1_0_P_1

This guide provides all the information need for a customer to migrate the MLS LoRaWAN applications implemented on MLS_SDK_1_0_P_0 available in SAM platforms (SAMR34) to MLS_SDK_1_0_P_1.

5.1 New features and enhancements of MLS_SDK_1_0_P_1

The following feature additions in MLS_SDK_1_0_P_1 are detailed below...

- 1. Feature: Support for Backup sleep in PMM module.
- 2. Feature: EDBG EUI Read as an ASF component.
- 3. General improvement and Bug fixes.

5.1.1 Support for Backup Sleep in PMM module

This release adds support for BACKUP sleep mode. Utilization of this mode can result in longer battery life. Application can utilize this mode, by the existing PMM_Sleep() API itself. PMM_Sleep takes PMM_SleepReq_t structure as its parameter. In order to request a BACKUP mode sleep, application shall set SLEEP_MODE_BACKUP in 'sleep_mode' member variable in PMM_SleepReq_t structure. The minimum and maximum sleep duration for backup sleep is, as same as standby sleep.

Since BACKUP sleep provides no RAM retention, device will reset on wake-up. Therefore, for the application to function properly after wake-up, PDS support is required. This will ensure the device is brought up to previous state before sleep. Also, the application and the stack must completely idle in order to go to BACKUP sleep mode - all timers must be stopped. Again, this is due to no-RAM-retention after wake-up.

5.1.2 EDBG EUI Read as an ASF component

This ASF component is used read the MAC EUI from EDBG Controller of SAMR34 Xplained Pro using I2C Protocol.

5.2 File additions

No new file additions.

5.3 MLS API Changes

No modification to APIs.

6 MLS SDK 1_0_P_0

MLS provides a solution for the LoRaWAN end-device that is used for Internet of Things (IoT) applications. LoRa® is a wireless communication protocol designed to allow low-power end-devices to communicate

over long range and at low data rates. LoRaWAN is a network layer which operates over LoRa communication layer and act as Medium access control layer.

LoRaWAN specification and its development is overseen by LoRa Alliance. The specification is meant for secure communication of end-devices and ensures inter-operability within the LoRa network.

6.1 LoRaWAN Protocol Specification Details:

LoRaWAN Core Specification Version	1.0.2
LoRaWAN Regional Specification version	1.0.2rB
Supported Device Classes	Class A & C
Network Join Modes	ABP and OTAA

6.2 Highlights

- · Dynamic selection over 6 different regional bands
 - EU868
 - NA915
 - AU915
 - AS923
 - KR923
 - " IN865
- Channel Usage Mechanisms
 - Duty Cycle, Dwell Time and Listen Before Talk.
 - ADR Adaptive Data Rate is supported.
- All MAC Level Commands are Supported.
- Low Power Lo RaWAN Solution using Power Management Module (PMM).
- Support for Persistent Data Server (PDS).
- Support for Low power sleep modes Standby.

6.3 Platforms supported

SAMR34 Xplained Pro

6.4 Applications Supported

- LoRaWAN Mote Application.
- Low Power Application.

6.5 Modified Files

All the files in \thirdparty\wireless\lorawan\ are new additions.

7 Reference Documentation

Following documents can be used for further study:

- 1. SAM R34 MLS Getting Started Guide
- 2. MLS API Guide
- 3. SAMR34/R35 Low Power LoRa® Sub-GHz SiP Datasheet
- 4. https://www.microchip.com/design-centers/security-ics/cryptoauthentication/cloud-authentication/lora-security-with-tti-join-server
- 5. https://github.com/MicrochipTech/cryptoauthlib/wiki/TTN-Getting-Started