

HSoE Hexacopter Project Documentation

<https://github.com/nickgn12/hsoe-hexacopter-docs>










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1 Parts List

1.1 Frame

	Part	Count
	Blue Arms	2
	Black Arms	1
	Base Plate	1
	Top Plate	1
	Pixhawk Plate	1
	Accessory Plate	1
	Leg Plates	6
	Leg Support Plates	3
	Motor Plates	6
	30mm bolts	5
	25mm bolts	22
	5mm bolts	30
	nylon bolts	4
	30mm male-female standoffs	4
	19mm hollow spacers	15
	18mm female-female standoffs	9
	metal nuts	32
	thumb screws	2
	pair of velcro strips	1
	velcro straps	3
	dual lock	1
	zip ties	?
	power distribution board	1
	four-wire cables (25cm and 15cm)	?
	six-wire cables(30cm and 15cm)	?
	15cm female-female servo cable	?
	male-female servo cables (30cm and 10cm)	?
	thread locker	1

1.2 Electronics

Part	Count
motors w/ adapters	6
electronic speed controllers	6
Deans connectors	6
Heat shrink tubing	12
SF propellers	3
SFP propellers	3
GPS mast	1
u-blox GPS w/ compass	1
Flight controller	1

2 Battery

2.1 Charging

2.1.1 Connections

Plug the charger into the mains using a three-pronged AC cable into the black AC port, or into the orange DC port if you have a DC cable with adapter. To plug in the battery, first put the orange DC to positive/negative adapter on it, and then connect that to the positive and negative jacks on station 3 on the charger. Do not plug the orange connector directly into the charging station, this is an input connection for the charger and will not charge the battery.

2.1.2 Example Setup

[Insert picture here]

2.1.3 Charging Steps

[Insert charging steps here]

2.2 Connecting to Flight Controller

Slide the battery into the slot underneath the flight controller so that the velcro on the battery lines up to the velcro on the frame and sticks to it. Connect the orange connector on the battery to the orange connector attached to the frame. Once connected to the flight controller, it should beep three times using the motors, followed by a one second delay, and then one final long beep.

3 Flight Controller

The hexacopter is currently using an *ArduCopter* flight controller. A *PixHawk* was previously used, but was found to be defective. It can still be found in the hexacopter project bag.

3.1 Motors Connection

3.2 I2C Connection

3.3 Power Connection

3.4 Compass Connection

4 Remote Controller

4.1 Controls

Stick	Axis	Function
Left	Y	Throttle Up/Down
Left	X	Yaw Left/Right
Right	Y	Pitch Up/Down
Right	X	Roll Left/Right

4.2 Arming/Disarming

To arm or disarm the hexacopter using the controller, push the left stick to the bottom right and the right stick to the bottom left. The control sticks should be facing inwards towards each other. Hold this position for a few seconds and the craft will arm or disarm.

5 Propellers

5.1 Sizes

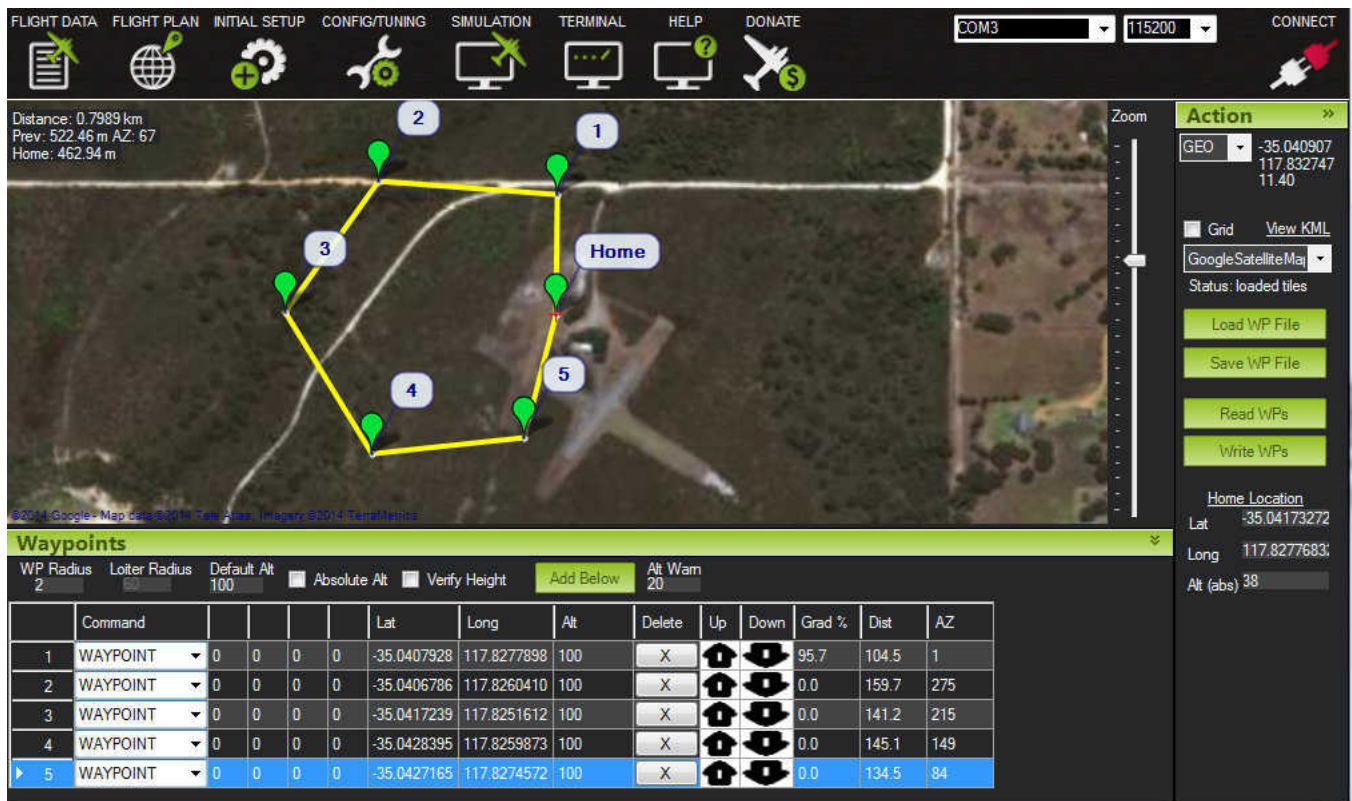
The propellers should be size 10×4.7 . The top three propellers all spin clockwise, and should be labelled SFP (Slow Flyer Pusher). The bottom three propellers spin counter-clockwise and should be labelled SP (Slow Flyer).

5.2 Attaching to Motors

When placing the propellers onto the motors, the propellers should be placed first, divot side up (on top, the divot faces away from the motor, on bottom the divot faces towards). It is then followed by the washer, flat side towards the motor, and then the nut. To prevent the nuts from flying off during flight, it is recommended that Loctite or any similar adhesive to be applied to secure them to the screws.

6 Telemetry

The hexacopter can be connected to a computer to probe for debug info or to arm/disarm the craft.



(example screenshot of APM Planner)

6.0.1 Download

APM Planner - <http://firmware.us.ardupilot.org/Tools/APMPlanner/> - (MacOS, Linux, Windows)

Mission Planner - <http://ardupilot.org/planner/docs/common-install-mission-planner.html> - (Windows only)

6.1 Direct Connection

To direct connect to the craft, plug a micro-usb connector into the *ArduCopter* flight controller, and the other end in an empty USB connector on a computer. Start up either APM Planner or Mission Planner and hit the connect button. Depending on your operating system of choice, the flight controller will show up as different things:

```
Windows  COMx
OS/X     tty.usbSerialXXX
Linux    ttyUSBx
```

Connect to one of these using baud rate 115200.

6.2 Radio

Connect one of the *3DR 915 MHz* radios to your computer via a Micro-USB to USB adapter. Connect the other radio to the hexacopter via the *Telem* port. Using the planner application, connect to the craft as previously shown using baud rate 57600.

7 See Also

- [Kit Manual - https://3dr.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/05/3DR-DIY-Y6-Build-Manual-vA.pdf](https://3dr.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/05/3DR-DIY-Y6-Build-Manual-vA.pdf)

8 Todo

- 1.1.2 Charging connections example setup
- 1.1.3 Charging steps
- Get lots of pictures