# **Assessment Criteria Milestone 2:**

#### General Issues:

- This Milestone will be 40% of final mark.
- There are 3 evaluation blocks. With an overall score of 16%, 16%, 8% for Linux, Unix, Windows (40% Linux, 40% Unix and 20% Windows).
- Each block has 11 evaluation activities in which each of them will be valued at 0.9 points: 11 \* 0.9 = 9.9 points. The remaining 0.1 will be at the discretion of the teacher.
- It will be the student who must demonstrate that he masters the management of services: start, stop, restart, enable at startup ...
- The 11 assessment activities must be demonstrated in each of the three operating systems: Linux server, Unix server and Windows server.
- To average, a minimum score of 4 points per evaluation block must be achieved.
- A report must be delivered, and It has to:
  - Include the description of the services and the methodology for its implementation
  - Include a section for comparing licenses between operating systems
  - o Include any additional criteria of the internship teacher.
  - Be delivered on virtual campus. This will be the only accepted means of delivery and will be essential for the assessment of the practice.

#### Items:

It will be mandatory to show a partitioning mechanism that prevents the server degradation due to poor management of the end user (service client).

### Administration / Remote connection :

- 1. Ssh, scp and sftp with public key.
- 2. VNC + RDP. Both services have to work to score in this section

#### File server:

- 3. NFS / SAMBA. Both services have to work to score in this section.
- 4. FreeNAS + iSCSI. FreeNAS will be installed as a virtual machine sharing disk resource with iSCSI. Each of the Guest operating systems will connect to the service as an iSCSI client.

### **Print server:**

5. Cups / Print server. The installation on the Host of a remote printer located in the Guest type pdf is requested. You must print a page in front of the teacher and display the printed page.

### **Networking:**

- 6. DHCP. The installation of a DHCP server is requested in the Guest and the verification of its operation, either from the Host, or from another Guest started up for this purpose. For this section, the VirtualBox DHCP server will be disabled.
- 7. DNS. The installation of a DNS server is requested. It has to resolve a pair of virtual domains and add UA DNS as forwarders to the DNS configuration. The client can be the Guest itself so that the IP of the host-only interface of the

- machine will be configured as the only DNS server. Nslookup will be used to validate the service and the appropriate redirection to the forwarders.
- 8. Git + NextCloud. Two services is requested for installation: Git server and OwnCloud server. In both cases a client installed on the Host will be used to validate the results.

#### **Database and Web**

### Use of Xampp is forbidden

- 9. BD server. The installation of a database server is requested by operating system: MySQL / MariaDB Oracle express PostgreSQL. Each of the databases can be installed only once. That is, if PostgreSQL is installed on Windows server, it cannot be installed on Linux or Unix. Once the database server is installed, one database, one connection user and one table will be created. Some records will be added to the table. To verify the operation a program will be developed in php (or any other web programming language) and will be tested from the host, testing by http with guest. This program will perform a query to the database and will display the result in the browser.
- 10. Web server. The installation of a web server is requested. Then, it will be mandatory to create two virtual domains and to install a different CMS in each of them (for example: Joomla, Wordpress, Drupal, e-commerce, etc). The validation of the item will be done from the Host, using a browser and typing the urls of each virtual domain. The CMS of both domains should be shown.

#### Autenticación

11. LDAP / active directory. The installation of a directory server is requested (examples: Fedora directory server, open-ldap, active directory) and the configuration of a virtual machine to authenticate at login with this active directory. In addition, the password change will be requested live and a query to the service that shows the installed users.

### Mandatory requirements. Activation of Logs in the services:

Both for Unix and Linux you have to activate for each service if available LogLevel VERBOSE

so that it gets as much information as possible and that, additionally, the services use specific log files instead of the system.log.

How do we activate the verbose mode in linux and unix for the ssh service. cat /etc/ssh/sshd\_config

# \$OpenBSD: sshd config,v 1.103 2018/04/09 20:41:22 tj Exp \$

# This is the sshd server system-wide configuration file. See # sshd\_config(5) for more information.

# This sshd was compiled with PATH=/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin

# The strategy used for options in the default sshd\_config shipped with # OpenSSH is to specify options with their default value where

# possible, but leave them commented. Uncommented options override the # default value.

Include /etc/ssh/sshd\_config.d/\*.conf

#Port 22 #AddressFamily any #ListenAddress 0.0.0.0 #ListenAddress ::

#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh\_host\_rsa\_key #HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh\_host\_ecdsa\_key #HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh\_host\_ed25519\_key

# Ciphers and keying #RekeyLimit default none

# Logging
SyslogFacility DEBUG
LogLevel DEBUG

....

On Windows, in the event viewer, select installation events and save it as (comma delimited) csv.

Only sections correctly documented and with the operating logs will be corrected.

linux.log unix.log windows.csv historylinux.txt historyunix.txt

## Ssh example:

Unix

Configuration files involved:

/etc/rc.conf ~./ssh/id\_rsa.pub ~./ssh/authorized\_keys /etc/ssh/sshd\_config history > /memoria/unix/ssh/historyunix.txt cd /var/log grep -R "ssh" \* > /memoria/unix/ssh/unix.log

Linux

Configuration files involved:

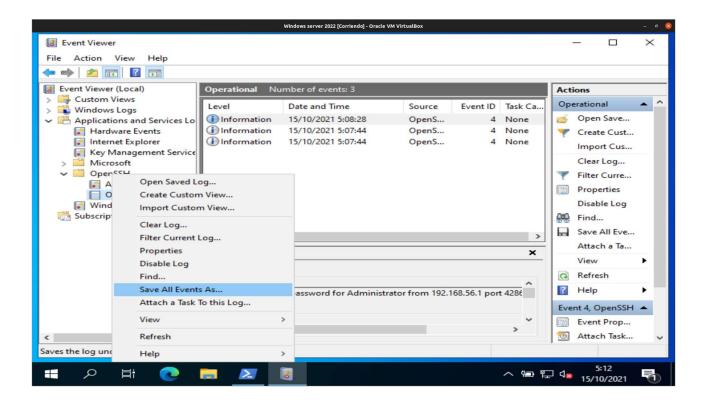
~./ssh/id\_rsa.pub ~./ssh/authorized\_key /etc/ssh/sshd\_config

history > /memoria/unix/ssh/historyunix.txt cd /var/log grep -R "ssh" /var/log/ > ./memoria/linux/ssh/linux.log

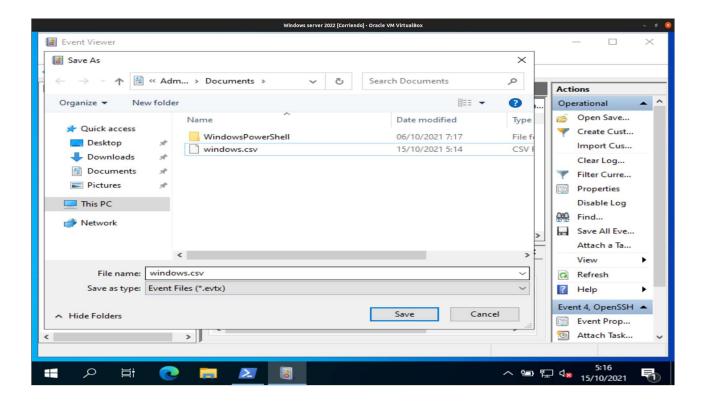
### Windows

# Configuration files involved:

 $\hbox{$C:\Users\Administrator\.ssh$\id\_rsa.pub $C:\Users\Administrator\.ssh$\authorized\_key } \\$ 



Save events.



## **Export windows.cvs**

```
Windows server 2022 [Corriendo] - Oracle VM Virtuals
       Select Administrator: Windows PowerShell
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             PS C:\Users\Administrator\.ssh> cd ..
PS C:\Users\Administrator> cd .\Documents\
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> dir
                    Directory: C:\Users\Administrator\Documents
   Mode
                                                                                                      LastWriteTime
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Length Name
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               WindowsPowerShell
352 windows.csv
                                                                     06/10/2021
15/10/2021
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> type .\windows.csv
Level,Date and Time,Source,Event ID,Task Category
Information,15/10/2021 5:08:28,OpenSSH,4,None,sshd: Accepted password for Administrator from 192.168.56.1 por
t 42862 ssh2
Information,15/10/2021 5:07:44,OpenSSH,4,None,sshd: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.
Information,15/10/2021 5:07:44,OpenSSH,4,None,sshd: Server listening on :: port 22.
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents>
              C:\Users\Administrator\Documents>
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```

We can review its content.

# Mandatory requirements. Folder structure:

# It has to exist a zip file with the following structure:

doc/practice documentation

#### unix

ssh/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files vnc\_rdp/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files nfs\_samba/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files FreeNAS\_iSCSI/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files cups/ unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files dhcp/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files dns /unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files git/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files bd/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files web/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files ldap/unix.log historyunix.txt configuration\_files

#### Linux

ssh/linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
vnc\_rdp /linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
nfs\_samba/linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
FreeNAS\_iSCSI /linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
cups/linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
dhcp/linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
dns /linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
git/linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
bd/linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
web/linux.log historylinux.txt configuration\_files
ldap/linux.log unix.log windows.csv historylinux.txt historyunix.txt

### windows/

ssh/windows.csv configuration\_files
vnc\_rdp/windows.csv configuration\_files
nfs\_samba/windows.csv configuration\_files
FreeNAS\_iSCSI /windows.csv configuration\_files
cups/windows.csv configuration\_files
dhcp/windows.csv configuration\_files
dns /windows.csv configuration\_files
git/windows.csv configuration\_files
bd/windows.csv configuration\_files
web/windows.csv configuration\_files
ldap/windows.csv configuration\_files

For dns servers and other services we set these ips. If the virtual machine does not have this IP, the sections of said virtual machine will not be corrected.

# Anex:

# /etc/sysconfig/network

Description: It establishes the values of the basic variables for the network service (name, domain, router address, etc. Format: Variable = Value ...

# /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifup-Interface

Description: Sets the values of the specific network variables for each network interface (collection of network values through DHCP, BOOTP or local), IP address, network mask, broadcast address, etc. Format: Variable = Value ...

# /etc/hosts

Description: Stores the association between IP address, name and aliases of known computers. The address 127.0.0.1 must always be present. Format: IP Address Name [Alias ...] ... 39

# /etc/resolv.conf

Description: It establishes the bases for name resolution, indicating the domain of the computer, the address of the name servers and other domains of interest. Format: domain Domain nameserver IPServerDNS ... [search DomainSearch ...]

# /etc/nsswitch.conf

Description: Indicates the search order for network files. Format: FileType SearchType ... ... Search types: files: local files. nis: NIS. nisplus: NIS +. Idap: directory service. dns: name service.

### /etc/services

Description: Indicates the protocol and port used by each communication service (this file should not be modified, as it is usually well configured). Format: Port / Protocol Service [Alias ...]

### Servicios práctica 2

### dhcp

Description: Remote network parameter assignment service; uses the DHCP protocol, although you can also use BOOTP. Configuration file: /etc/dhcpd.conf

#### Idap

Description: Directory access service using LDAP protocol. A directory is a tree that includes all kinds of logically grouped resources. Configuration file: /etc/openIdap/slapd.conf Directorio de esquemas LDAP: /etc/openIdap/schemes

### httpd

Description: Information access service through hypertext, using the HTTP protocol.

Configuration files: /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf, /etc/httpd/conf.d/\*
Mas los ficheros de configuración de los gestores de contenido.

### git

Description: Access service to a shared repository of information through git, using the HTTP protocol. Configuration file: ./git/project.git

#### samba

Description: Service that allows sharing of resources (files and printers) through the CISS or SMB protocols. Configuration file: /etc/samba/smb.conf

#### ssh

Description: Service for remote and secure connection to the system command interpreter using Secure Shell. Configuration files: /etc/ssh/sshd\_config, /etc/ssh/ssh\_config

#### owncloud

Description: Service for the control and storage of files, in the cloud. Configuration file: Access configuration: /etc/httpd/conf.d/owncloud.conf

#### Vnc

Description: VNC service

Configuration files /etc/tigervnc/vncserver.users /home/user\_\_a/vnc/config

#### Dns

Description: DNS Service

Configuration files: /etc/named.conf /var/named/network.zone

/var/named/reverse.zone

#### Nfs

Description: NFS Service

Configuration files /etc/exports

#### Cups:

Description: Cups Service

Configuration files /etc/cups/cupsd.conf /etc/cups/cups-pdf.conf

# Ldap:

Description: Ldap Service

Configuration files: /etc/openIdap/slapd.conf /etc/openIdap/cacerts

/etc/sysconfig/ldap /var/lib/ldap/autenticar/DB\_CONFIG\_p /var/lib/ldap/autenticar

### Mysql:

Description: Mysql service

Configuration file /etc/mysql/my.cnf

# Postgresql

Description: Postgresql service

Configuration file /usr/local/postgres/pg\_new/postgresql.conf

# Oracle

Description: Oracle Service

Configuration files: listener.ora, sqlnet.ora, etc