



# *CvPcb*

*Reference manual*

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## Feedback

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<https://launchpad.net/~kicad-developers>

## Acknowledgments

None

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## Note for Mac users

The KiCad support for the Apple OS X operating system is experimental.

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## 1 - Introduction to CvPcb

CvPcb is a tool that allows you to associate components in your schematic to component footprints used when laying out the printed circuit board. This association is added to the net list file created by the schematic capture program Eeschema.

Typically the net list file generated by Eeschema does not specify which printed circuit board footprint is associated with each component in the schematic. Although this is not always the case as component footprints can be associated during schematic capture by setting the component's footprint field. CvPcb provides a convenient method of associating footprints to components. It provides footprint list filtering,

footprint viewing, and 3D component model viewing to help ensure the correct footprint is associated with each component.

Components can be assigned to their corresponding footprints manually or automatically by creating equivalence files. Equivalence files are look up tables associating each component with its footprint.

This interactive approach is simpler and less error prone than directly associating the footprints in the schematic editor. CvPcb allows you to see the list of available footprints available and display them on the screen to ensure you are associating the correct footprint.

## **2 - CvPcb Features**

### **2.1 - Manual or Automatic Association**

CvPcb allows for interactive assignment (manual) as well as automatic assignment via equivalence files. It is also possible to generate back-annotation files which are useful for automatically associating the footprints selected by CvPcb schematic captured by Eeschema.

### **2.2 - Input Files**

- The net list file (\*.net) created by Eeschema with or without footprint associations.
- The auxiliary component assignment file (\*.cmp) previously created by CvPcb if one exists.

### **2.3 - Output Files**

Two files are generated for Pcbnew:

- The net list file with footprint associations.
- An auxiliary component association file (\*.cmp).

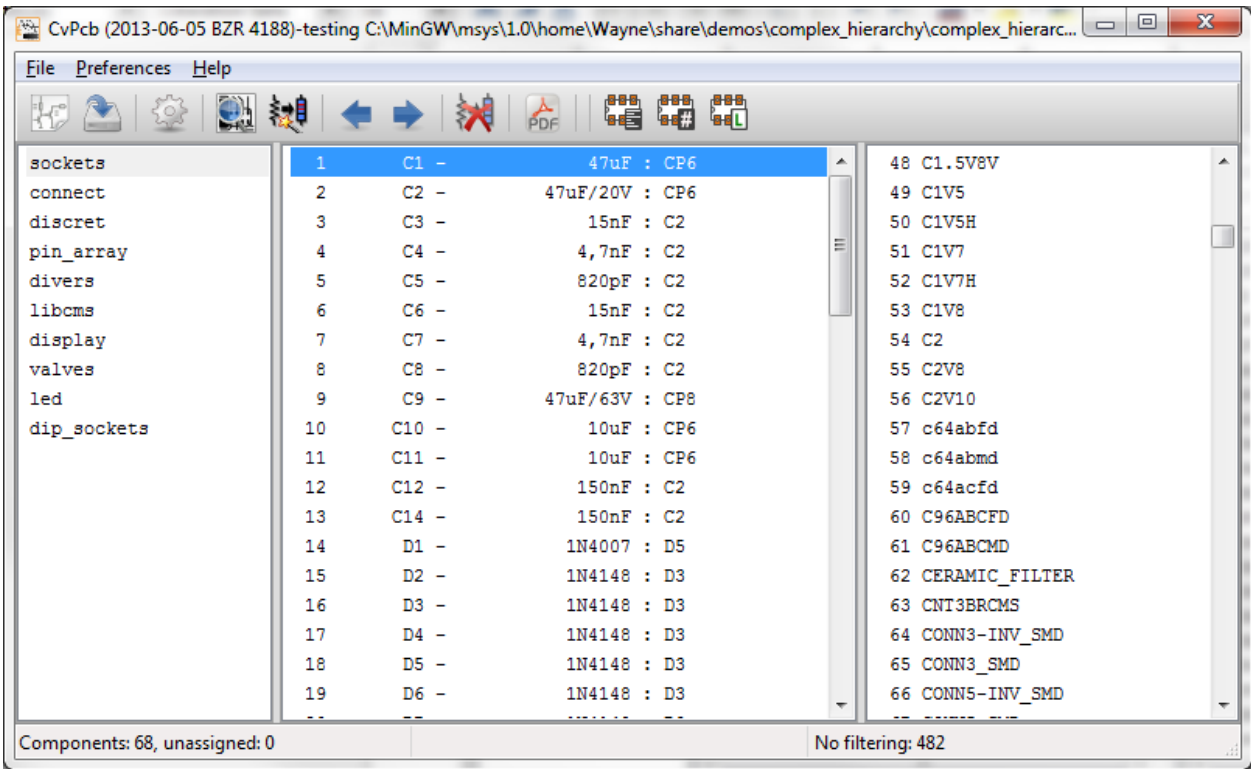
## **3 - Invoking CvPcb**

CvPcb is typically invoked from the schematic capture program Eeschema. Eeschema automatically passes the correct net list file name to CvPcb. Before running CvPcb for the first time for each project, you must first save the initial net list by selecting the "Generate Netlist" entry in the "Tools" menu or click on the generate net list button on the top tool bar in Eeschema. By default the net list file has the same name as the project with a "net" file extension. If the net list file for the project already exists, all footprint associations will be preserved. After the initial net list file is created by Eeschema, CvPcb can be invoked directly from the KiCad project manager. CvPcb can also be invoked as a stand alone program rather than being launched from the KiCad project manager or the schematic editor. If CvPcb is run as a stand alone program, the net list file must be opened manually by selecting the "Open" entry in the "File" menu or clicking the "Open" file button on the tool bar.

# 4 - CvPcb Commands

## 4.1 - Main Screen

The image below shows the main window of CvPcb.















The left pane contains the list of available footprint library file names associated with the project. The center pane contains the list of components loaded from the net list file. The right pane contains the list of available footprints loaded from the project footprint libraries. The component pane will be empty if no netlist file has been loaded and the footprint pane can be also empty if no footprint libraries are found.

## 4.2 - Main Window Toolbar.



The top toolbar allows for easy access to the following commands:

	Select the net list file to be processed.
	Save the footprint association file (.cmp) and the updated net list (.net) file.
	Invoke the CvPcb configuration menu.
	Display the footprint of the component selected in the footprint window.
	Automatically associate footprints with components starting using an equivalence file.
	Automatically select the previous component in the list without a footprint association.
	Automatically select the next component in the list without a footprint association.
	Delete all footprint assignments.
	Open the selected footprint documentation pdf file using the default pdf viewer.

	Enable or disable the filtering to limit the list of footprints to the footprint filters of the selected component.
	Enable or disable the filtering to limit the list of footprints using the pin count of the selected component.
	Enable or disable filtering to limit the list of footprints using the selected library.

## 4.3 - Main Window Keyboard Commands

The following table lists the keyboard commands for the main window:

Right Arrow Tab	Activate the next pane to the right of the currently activated pane. Wrap around to the first pane if the last pane is currently activated.
Left Arrow	Activate the next pane to the left of the currently activated pane. Wrap around to the last pane if the first pane is currently activated.
Up Arrow	Select the previous item of the currently selected list.
Down Arrow	Select the next item of the currently selected list.
Page Up	Select the item up one full page of the currently selected list.
Page Down	Select the item down one full page of the currently selected list.
Home	Select the first item of the currently selected list.
End	Select the last item of the currently selected list.

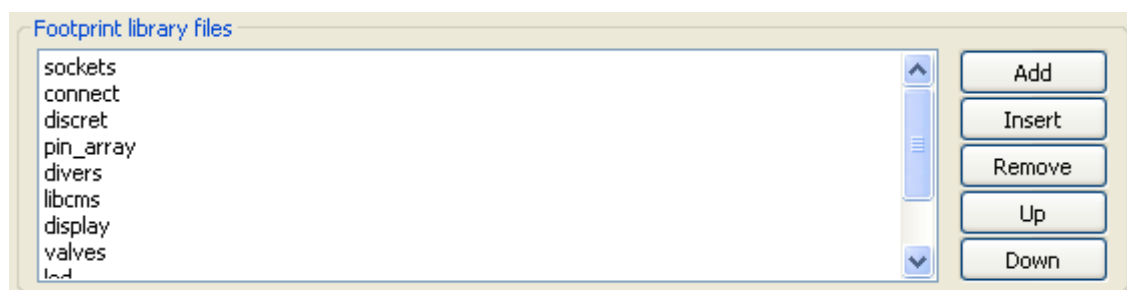
## 4.4 - CvPcb Configuration

### 4.4.1 - CvPcb Configuration Screen

Invoking the “Libraries” entry in the “Preferences” menu displays the library configuration dialog shown below.

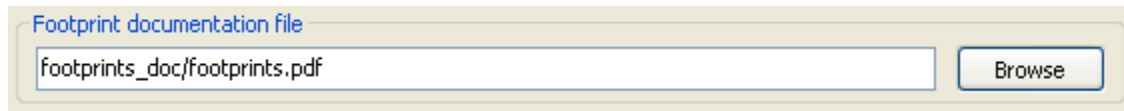
### 4.4.2 - Selecting Footprint Libraries

This section of the footprint library configuration dialog is used to add, remove, and change the search order of the footprint libraries for the current project. The library order is critical when searching for footprints with duplicate names. CvPcb will use the first occurrence of the footprint name it finds. If you create a new footprint, it is always a good idea to give it a unique name to prevent naming conflicts. This is a known issue and will be fixed in a future version of KiCad. Please note that changing these libraries will also effect Pcbnew.



- **Remove:** Removes the selected footprint library from the list.
- **Add:** Adds a new footprint library to the end of the list.
- **Insert:** Inserts a new footprint library to the list before the currently selected library.
- **Up:** Move the currently select library up the list.
- **Down:** Move the currently selected library down the list.

#### 4.4.3 - Changing the Footprint Documentation File.



Select the “Browse” button to select a new footprint documentation file with the display file select dialog.

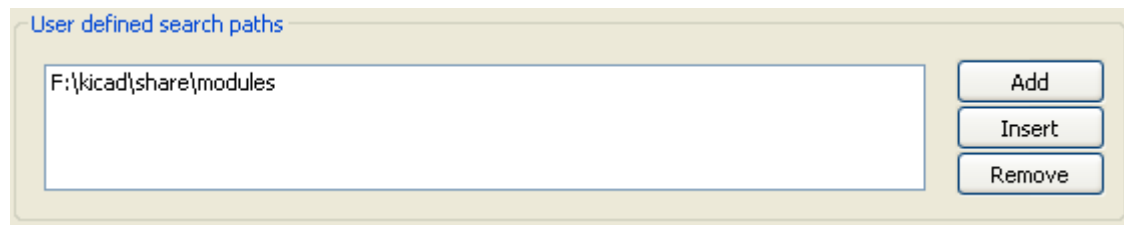
#### 4.4.4 - Changing Footprint Library Search Paths.

CvPcb uses two types of paths: the default paths automatically set by KiCad when a new project is created and paths added by the user. These paths are used to find the footprints library files (.mod), equivalence files (.equ), and 3D model files (.wrl) used by CvPcb. The default paths cannot be edited. Only new user defined paths can be added to the search path list.



#### Changing User Define Paths.

Click the “Add” button to add a new path after the selected entry in the search path list. Click the “Insert” button to insert a new path before the selected entry in the search path list. Click the “Remove” button to remove the selected user defined search path. Clicking the “Remove” button will have no effect if a default search path is selected.



#### 4.4.5 - Default Library Paths

By default CvPcb internally uses a set of predefined paths used to search for footprint libraries. These paths are operating system dependent. It is generally preferable to use relative paths rather than absolute paths whenever possible to prevent platform dependency problems. In other words: “*c:\Program Files\kicad\share\*” has no meaning and will fail on Linux and OSX.

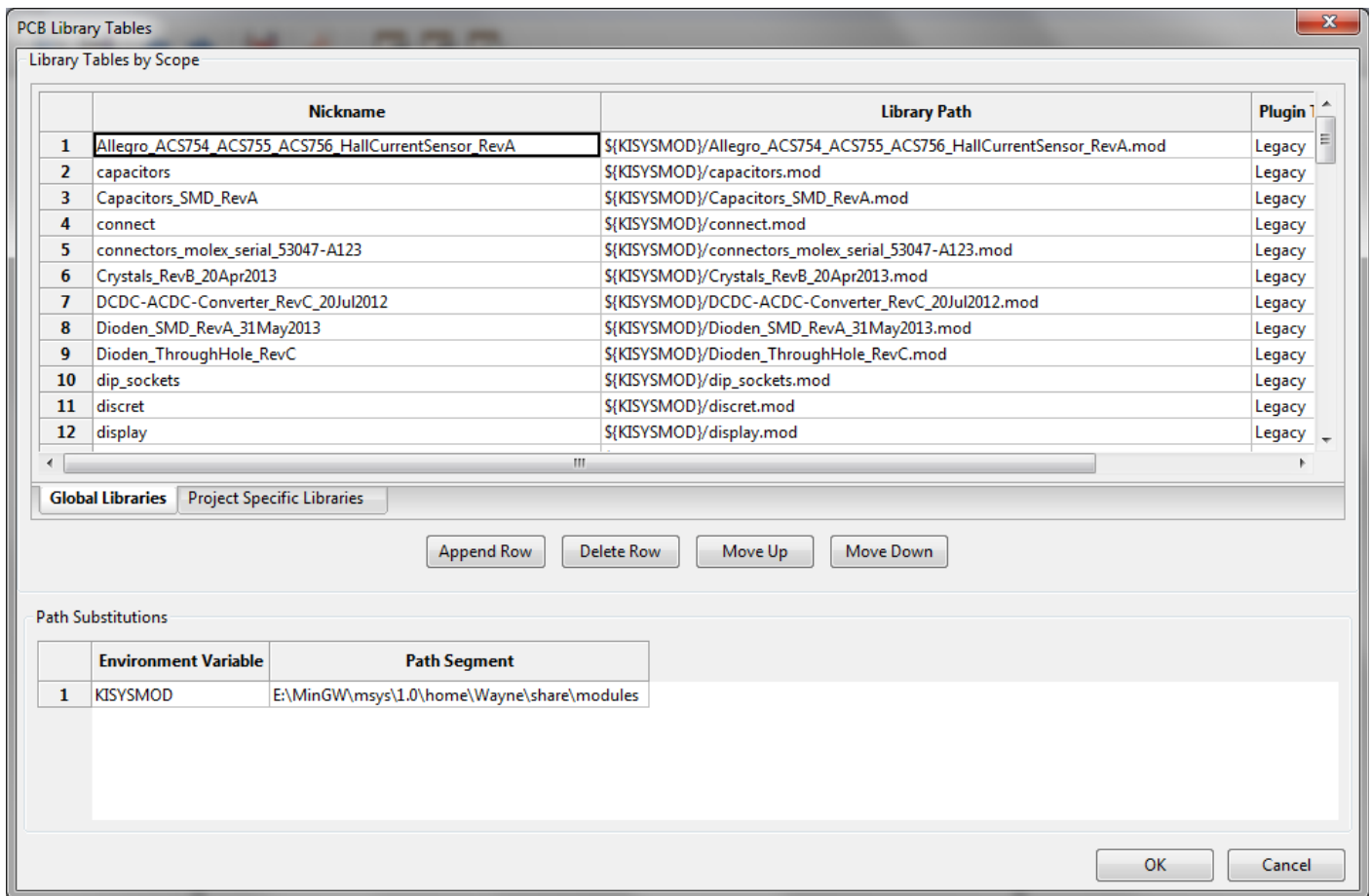
The default Linux library paths will be as follows:

- **root/share/kicad/modules**
- **root/share/kicad/modules/packages3d** (for 3D shapes files format **VRML** created par Wings3D).
- **root/share/template**

Where the root path is relative to the binary path where KiCad is installed. Typically on Linux Kicad is installed in the /usr/bin path. Therefore the root path would be /usr.

## 4.5 - Managing Footprint Libraries

As of release rXXXX, CvPcb no longer uses the library management tool described in [section 4.4](#). The new footprint library table implementation is how footprint libraries are now managed. The image below shows the footprint library table editing dialog which can be opened by invoking the “Library Tables” entry from the “Preferences” menu.



The footprint library table is used to map a footprint library of any supported library type to a library nickname. This nickname is used to look up footprints instead of the previous method which depended on library search path ordering. This allows CvPcb to access footprints with the same name in different libraries by ensuring that the correct footprint is loaded from the appropriate library. It also allows CvPcb to support loading libraries from different PCB editors such as Eagle and GEDA.

### 4.5.1 - Global Footprint Library Table

The global footprint library table contains the list of libraries that are always available regardless of the currently loaded project file. The table is saved in the file fp-lib-table in the user's home folder. The location of this folder is dependent on the operating system.

### 4.5.2 - Project Specific Footprint Library Table

The project specific footprint library table contains the list of libraries that are available specifically for the currently loaded project file. The project specific footprint library table can only be edited when it is loaded along with the project netlist file. If no project file is loaded or there is no footprint library table file in the project path, an empty table is created which can be edited and later saved along with the footprint assignment file.

### 4.5.3 - Initial Configuration

The first time CvPcb or Pcbnew is run and the global footprint table file fp-lib-table is not found in the user's home folder, CvPcb will attempt to copy the default footprint table file fp\_global\_table stored in the system's KiCad template folder to the file fp-lib-table in the user's home folder. If fp\_global\_table cannot be found, an empty footprint library table will be created in the user's home folder. If this happens, the user can either copy



fp\_global\_table manually or configure the table by hand. The default footprint library table includes all of the standard footprint libraries that are installed as part of KiCad.

#### **4.5.4 - Adding Table Entries**

In order to use a footprint library, it must first be added to either the global table or the project specific table. The project specific table is only applicable when you have a net list file open. Each library entry must have a unique nickname. This does not have to be related in any way to the actual library file name or path. The colon `:` character cannot be used anywhere in the nickname. Each library entry must have a valid path and/or file name depending on the type of library. Paths can be defined as absolute, relative, or by environment variable substitution (see section 4.5.3 below). The appropriate plug in type must be selected in order for the library to be properly read. CvPcb currently supports reading KiCad legacy, KiCad Pretty, Eagle, and GEDA footprint libraries. There is also a description field to add a description of the library entry. The option field is not used at this time so adding options will have no effect when loading libraries. Please note that you cannot have duplicate library nicknames in the same table. However, you can have duplicate library nicknames in both the global and project specific footprint library table. The project specific table entry will take precedence over the global table entry when duplicated names occur. When entries are defined in the project specific table, an fp-lib-table file containing the entries will be written into the folder of the currently open net list.

#### **4.5.5 - Environment Variable Substitution**

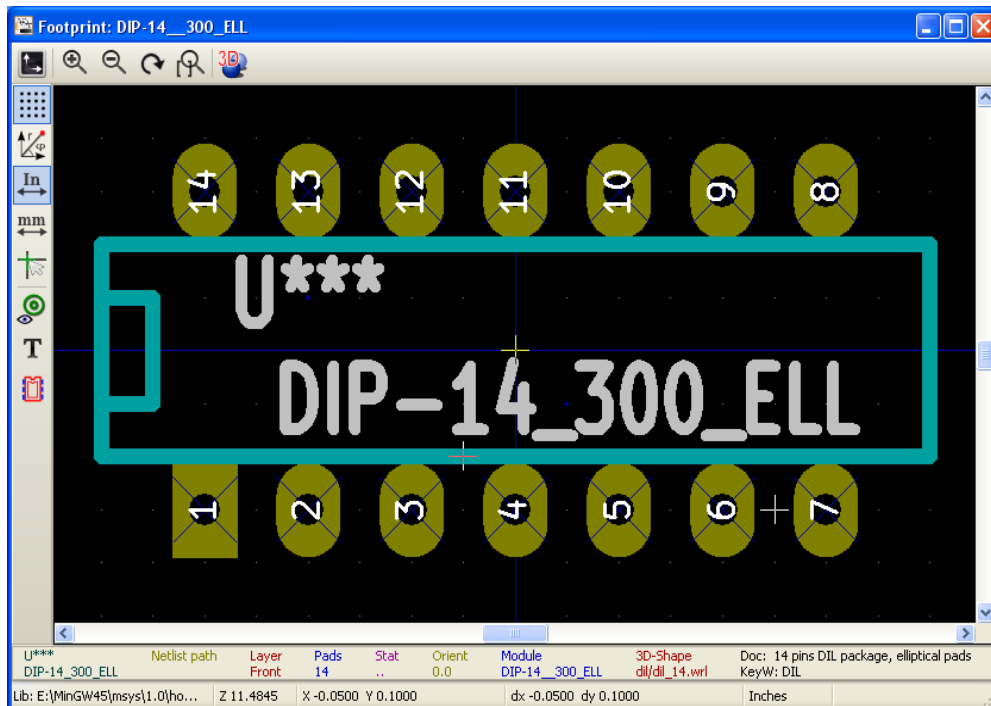
One of the most powerful features of the footprint library table is environment variable substitution. This allows you to define custom paths to where your libraries are stored in environment variables. Environment variable substitution is supported by using the syntax `${ENV_VAR_NAME}` in the footprint library path. By default, at run time CvPcb defines the `$KISYSMOD` environment variable. This points to where the default footprint libraries that were installed with KiCad are located. You can override `$KISYSMOD` by defining it yourself which allows you to substitute your own libraries in place of the default KiCad footprint libraries. When a project netlist file is loaded, CvPcb also defines the `$KIPRJMOD` using the file path. This allows you to create libraries in the project path without having to define the absolute path to the library in the project specific footprint library table.

#### **4.5.6 - Usage Patterns**

Footprint libraries can be defined either globally or specifically to the currently loaded project. Footprint libraries defined in the user's global table are always available and are stored in the fp-lib-table file in the user's home folder. Global footprint libraries can always be accessed even when there is no project net list file opened. The project specific footprint table is active only for the currently open net list file. The project specific footprint library table is saved in the file fp-lib-table in the path of the currently open net list. You are free to define libraries in either table. There are advantages and disadvantages to each method. You can define all of your libraries in the global table which means they will always be available when you need them. The disadvantage of this is that you may have to search through a lot of libraries to find the footprint you are looking for. You can define all your libraries on a project specific basis. The advantage of this is that you only need to define the libraries you actually need for the project which cuts down on searching. The disadvantage is that you always have to remember to add each footprint library that you need for every project. You can also define footprint libraries both globally and project specifically. One usage pattern would be to define your most commonly used libraries globally and the library only require for the project in the project specific library table. There is no restriction on how you define your libraries.

## 4.6 - Viewing the Current Footprint

The view footprint command displays the footprint currently selected in the *footprint* window. A 3D model of the component can be shown if it has been created and assigned to the footprint. Below is the footprint viewer window.



### 4.6.1 - Status Bar Information

The status bar is located at the bottom of the CvPcb new main window and provides useful information to the user. The following table defines the contents of each pane in the status bar.

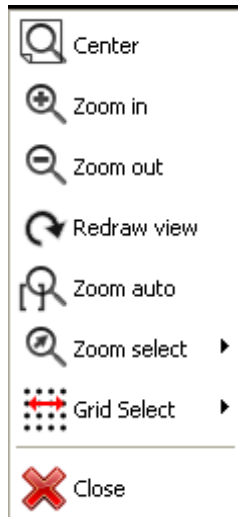
### 4.6.2 - Keyboard Commands

F1	Zoom In
F2	Zoom Out
F3	Refresh Display
F4	Move cursor to center of display window
Home	Fit footprint into display window
Space Bar	Set relative coordinates to the current cursor position
Right Arrow	Move cursor right one grid position
Left Arrow	Move cursor left one grid position
Up Arrow	Move cursor up one grid position
Down Arrow	Move cursor down one grid position

### 4.6.3 - Mouse Commands

Scroll Wheel	Zoom in and out at the current cursor position
Ctrl + Scroll Wheel	Pan right and left
Shift + Scroll Wheel	Pan up and down
Right Button Click	Open context menu

#### 4.6.4 - Context Menu



Displayed by right-clicking the mouse:

Zoom Selection (Select Zoom)	Direct selection of the display zoom .
Grid Selection (Grid Select)	Direct selection of the grid.

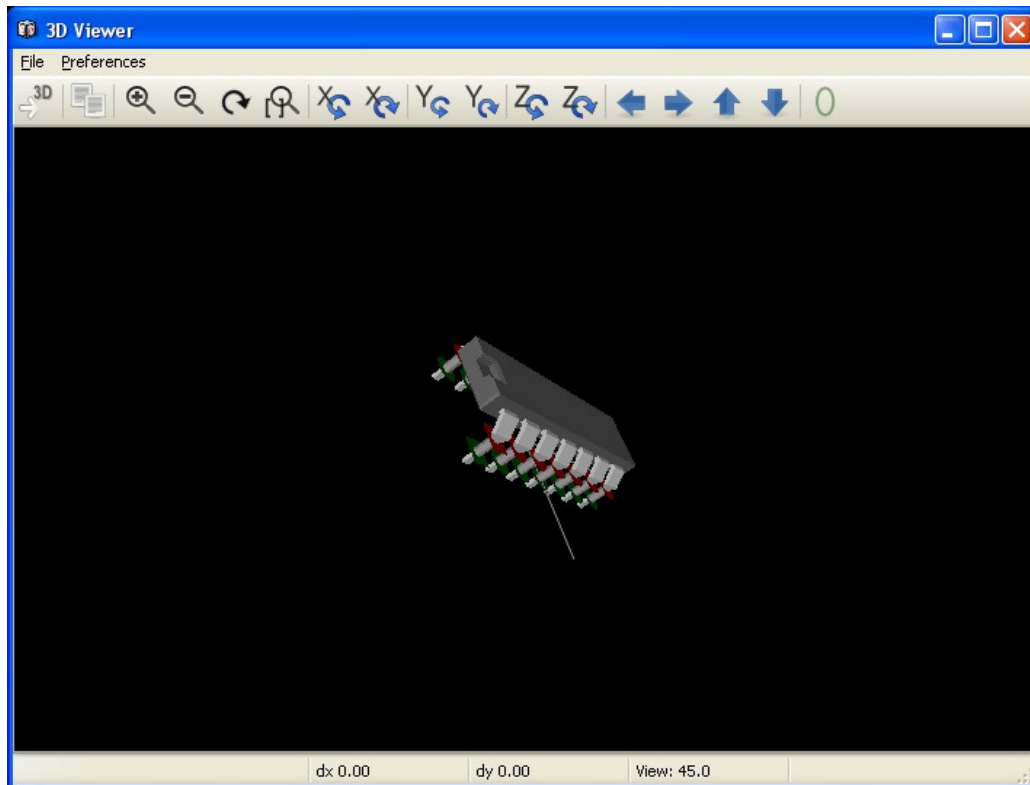
#### 4.6.5 - Horizontal Toolbar

	Show display options dialog
	Zoom in
	Zoom out
	Redraw
	Fit drawing in display area
	Open 3D model viewer

#### 4.6.6 - Vertical Toolbar

	Show or hide the grid
	Show coordinates in polar or rectangular notation
	Display coordinates in inches
	Display coordinates in millimeters
	Toggle cursor style
	Toggle between drawing pads in sketch or normal mode
	Toggle between drawing text in sketch or normal mode
	Toggle between drawing edges in sketch or normal mode

## 4.7 - Viewing the Current 3D Model








### 4.7.1 - Mouse Commands

Scroll Wheel	Zoom in and out at the current cursor position
Ctrl + Scroll Wheel	Pan right and left
Shift + Scroll Wheel	Pan up and down

### 4.7.2 - Horizontal Toolbar

	Reload the 3D model
	Copy 3D image to clipboard
	Zoom in
	Zoom out
	Redraw
	Fit drawing in display area
	Rotate backward along the X axis
	Rotate forward along the X axis
	Rotate backward along the Y axis
	Rotate forward along the Y axis
	Rotate backward along the Z axis
	Rotate forward along the Z axis
	Pan left

	Reload the 3D model
	Pan right
	Pan up
	Pan down
	Toggle orthographic projection mode on and off

## 5 - Using CvPcb to Associate Components with Footprints

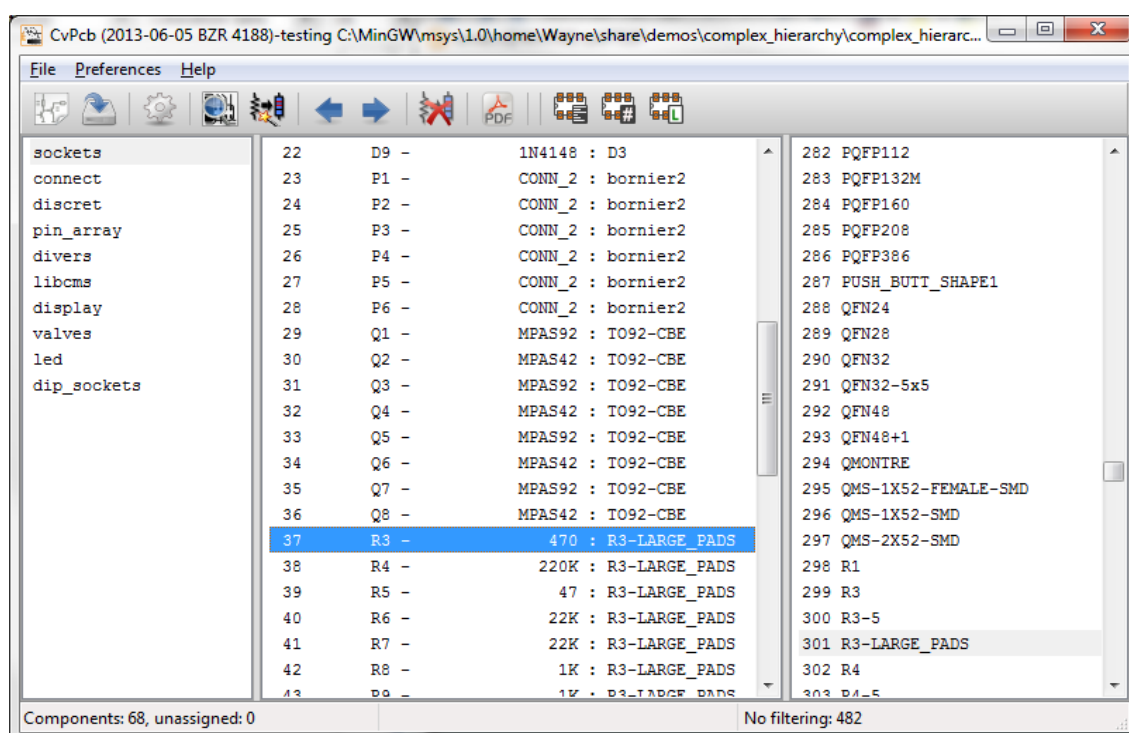
### 5.1 - Manually Associating Footprints with Components

To manually associate a footprint with a component first select a component in the component pane. Then select a footprint in the footprint pane by double-clicking the left mouse button on the name of the desired footprint. The unassigned next component in the list is automatically selected. Changing the component footprint is performed in the same manner.

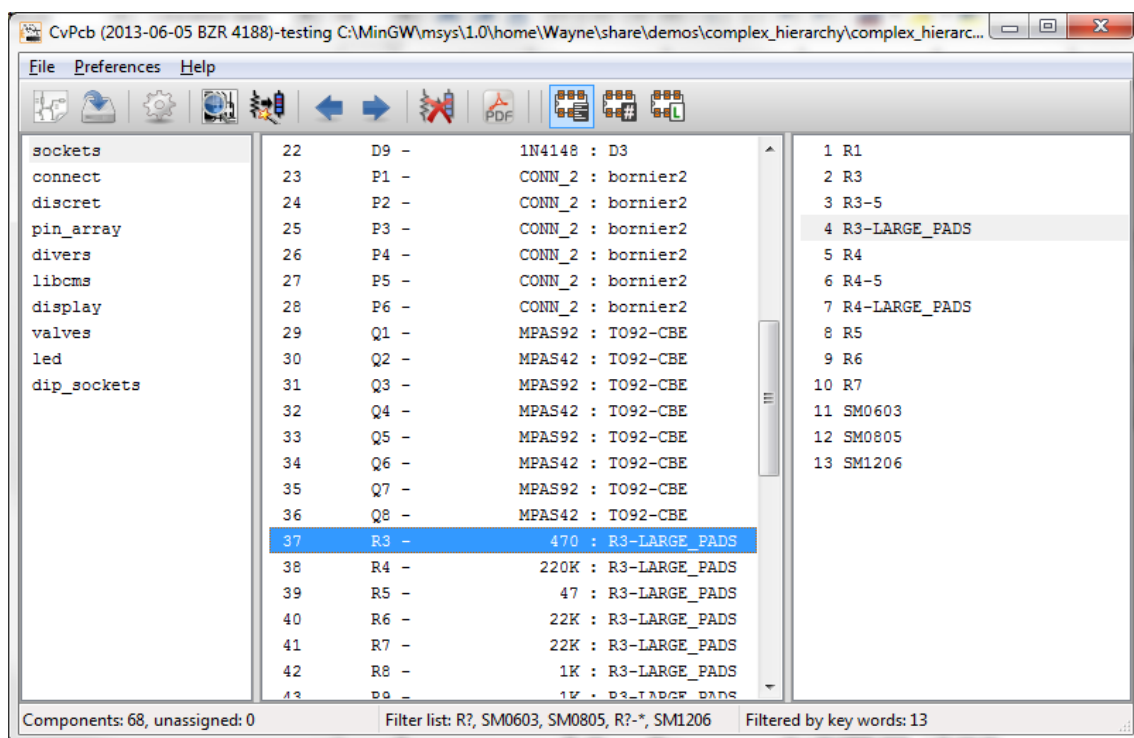
### 5.2 - Filtering the Footprint List

If the selected component and/or library is highlighted when the one or more of the filtering option is enabled, the displayed footprint list in CvPcb is filtered accordingly.

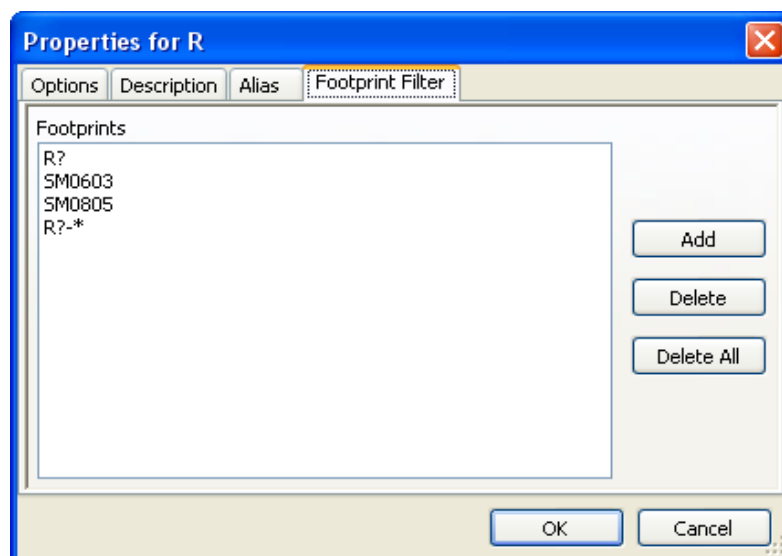
Without filtering.



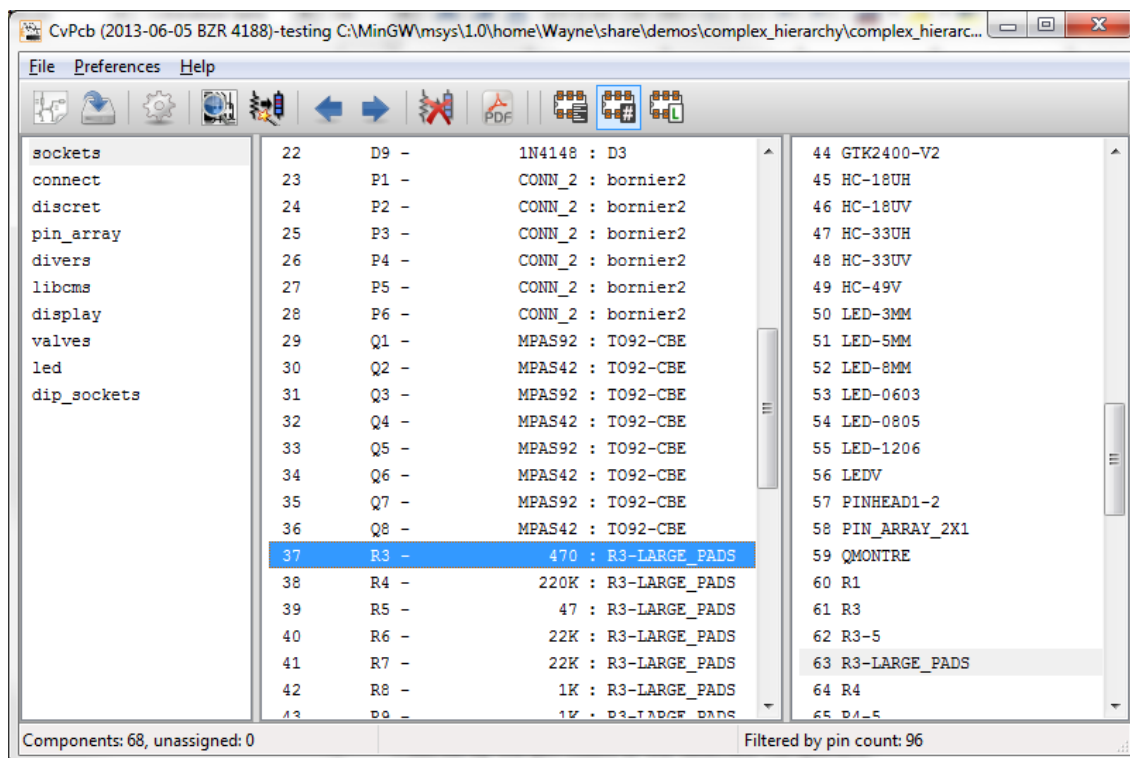
Filtered by list of footprint filters assigned to the selected component. The component filters are listed on the center pane of the status bar at the bottom of the main window.



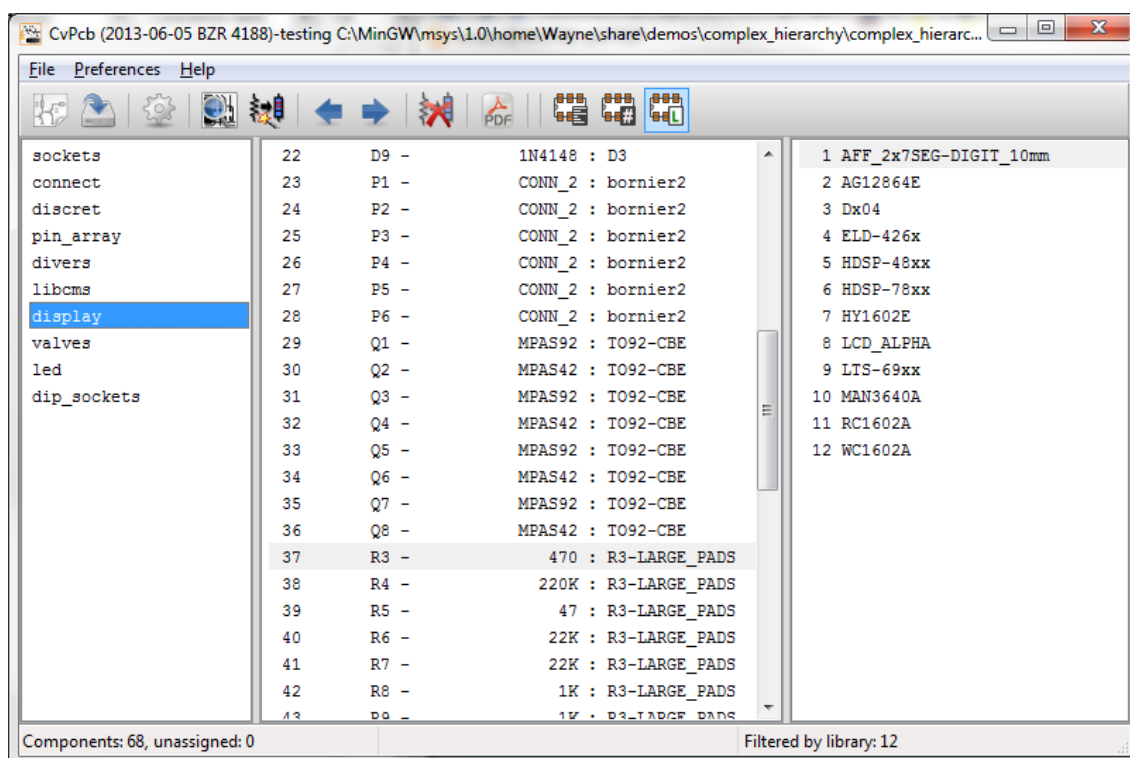
In the component library editor in Eeschema, the footprint list was set using the entries in the footprint filter tab of the component properties dialog as shown below.



Filtered by the pin count of the selected component.

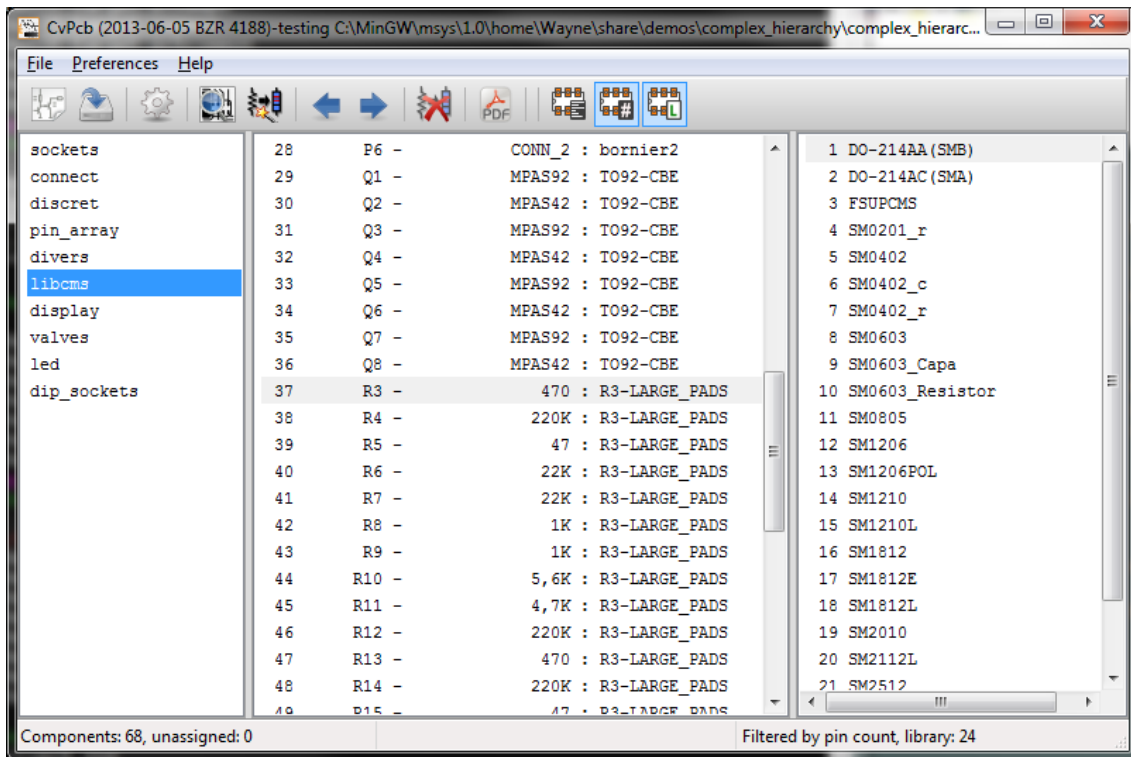


Filtered by the selected library.



The icons enable and disable the filtering feature. When the filtering is not enabled, the full footprint list is shown. The filtering can be combined to form more complex filtering to help reduce the number of footprints in the footprint pane.

Filtered by the selected component pin count and the selected library.



## 6 - Automatic Associations

### 6.1 - Equivalence files

Equivalence files allow for automatic assignment of footprints to components. They list the name of the corresponding footprint according to the name (*value field*) of the component. These files typically have the .equ file extension. They are plain text files and may be edited by any plain text editor. Refer to the section "Selecting the equivalence files" for more information.

### 6.2 - Equivalence File Format

Equivalence files consist of one line for each component. Each line has the following structure:

**'component value' 'footprint name'**

Each name must be single quoted by the ' character and the component and footprint names must be separated by one or more spaces.

*Example:*

If the U3 component is circuit 14011 and its footprint is 14DIP300, the line is:

**'14011' '14DIP300'**

Any line starting with # is a comment.



Here is an example equivalence file:

```
#integrated circuits (smd):
'74LV14' 'SO14E'
'74HCT541M' 'SO20L'
'EL7242C' 'SO8E'
'DS1302N' 'SO8E'
'XRC3064' 'VQFP44'
'LM324N' 'SO14E'
'LT3430' 'SSOP17'
'LM358' 'SO8E'
'LTC1878' 'MSOP8'
'24LC512I/SM' 'SO8E'
'LM2903M' 'SO8E'
'LT1129_SO8' 'SO8E'
'LT1129CS8-3.3' 'SO8E'
'LT1129CS8' 'SO8E'
'LM358M' 'SO8E'
'TL7702BID' 'SO8E'
'TL7702BCD' 'SO8E'
'U2270B' 'SO16E'
#Xilinx
'XC3S400PQ208' 'PQFP208'
'XCR3128-VQ100' 'VQFP100'
'XCF08P' 'BGA48'

#upro
'MCF5213-LQFP100' 'VQFP100'

#regulators
'LP2985LV' 'SOT23-5'
```

## 6.3 - Automatically Associating Footprints to Components

Click on the automatic footprint association button on the top toolbar to process an equivalence file. All components found by their value in the selected equivalence (\*.equ) file will have their footprint automatically assigned.