

FLORIDA POLY[®]

[APPLICATION OF CRYPTOGRAPHY]

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Abstract

The purpose of this lab is to demonstrate symmetrical/asymmetric cryptography and hash functions. It is a demonstration of using a tool called Gpg4win with manage private/public keys and certificates to secure emails/files. We will also use hash functions to verify whether we got the correct file from a hash. Lastly, we will use Mailvelope with OpenPGP in order to securely send and receive emails from our partner.

Tasks

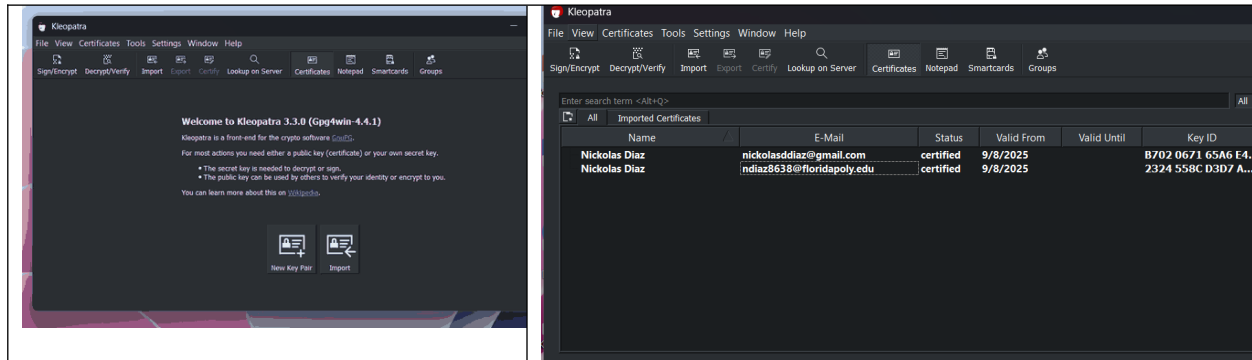
Task 1: Generate, Import, and Manage OpenPGP Certificates

First install Gpg4win

Command used: `winget install -e --id GnuPG.Gpg4win`

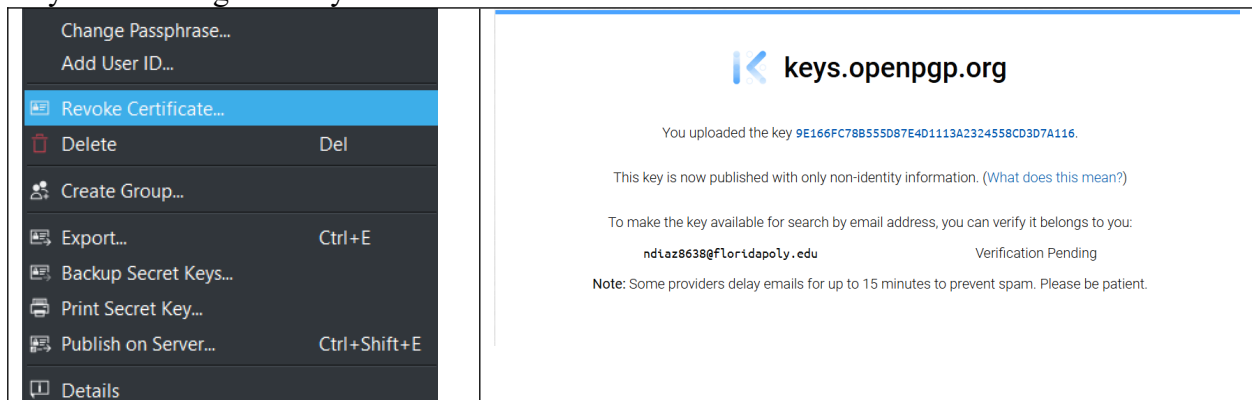
Generate an OpenPGP certificate using my school email

I uploaded both my personal and school emails



Publish your OpenPGP certificate on a public key server.

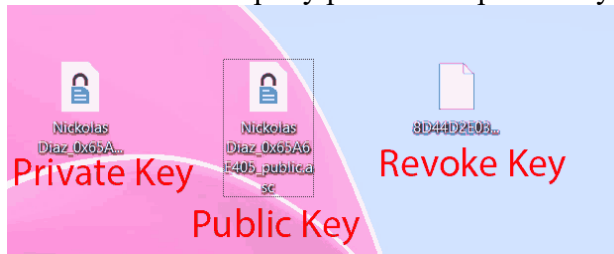
There are two options of uploading to a public server I did both, however the website was the only one wanting to verify the email



Backup your private (secret) key

Export your public key from your OpenPGP certificate

I was able to backup my private and public key in addition to the revoke key.



Note I could not verify my school email address, however my personal computer was able to be verified

Task 2: Data/Program Integrity Assurance

Take a photo with your smartphone and transfer it to your computer.
Create a checksum for this photo.



Image used it is used from game Ranch rush 2

Verify that the checksum is valid.

Command used: Get-FileHash -Path "C:\Users\nicko\Desktop\test.jpg" -Algorithm SHA256

Command used: Get-FileHash -Path "C:\Users\nicko\Desktop\test.jpg" -Algorithm MD5

SHA256:

2B29C2E1346EC102DEDE88D11A203D7136B1705D820D6738AA93182B1920B0E1

MD5: 9FEE8D0D36F96FACA0F9413D7BAFE700

Modify the photo slightly and confirm that the old checksum is now invalid.



One pixel was changed

New hashes

SHA256

D4BE450550F0DAB2D5D179B51013DBA5DB743B6305995CFF7E8E6BDE922D8426

MD5 5A935BFB950B70B3CEC40817878C7853

Answer the following questions:

What checksum algorithm did you use?

I used SHA256 and MD5 to hash the picture

What is the length of this checksum in bits, bytes, and hexadecimal digits?

For sha256 there are 64 characters/hexadecimal digits, each hex character is 4 bits each so 256 bits and 8 bytes

For md5 there are 32 characters/hexadecimal digits, each hex character is 4 bits each so 128 bits and 4 bytes

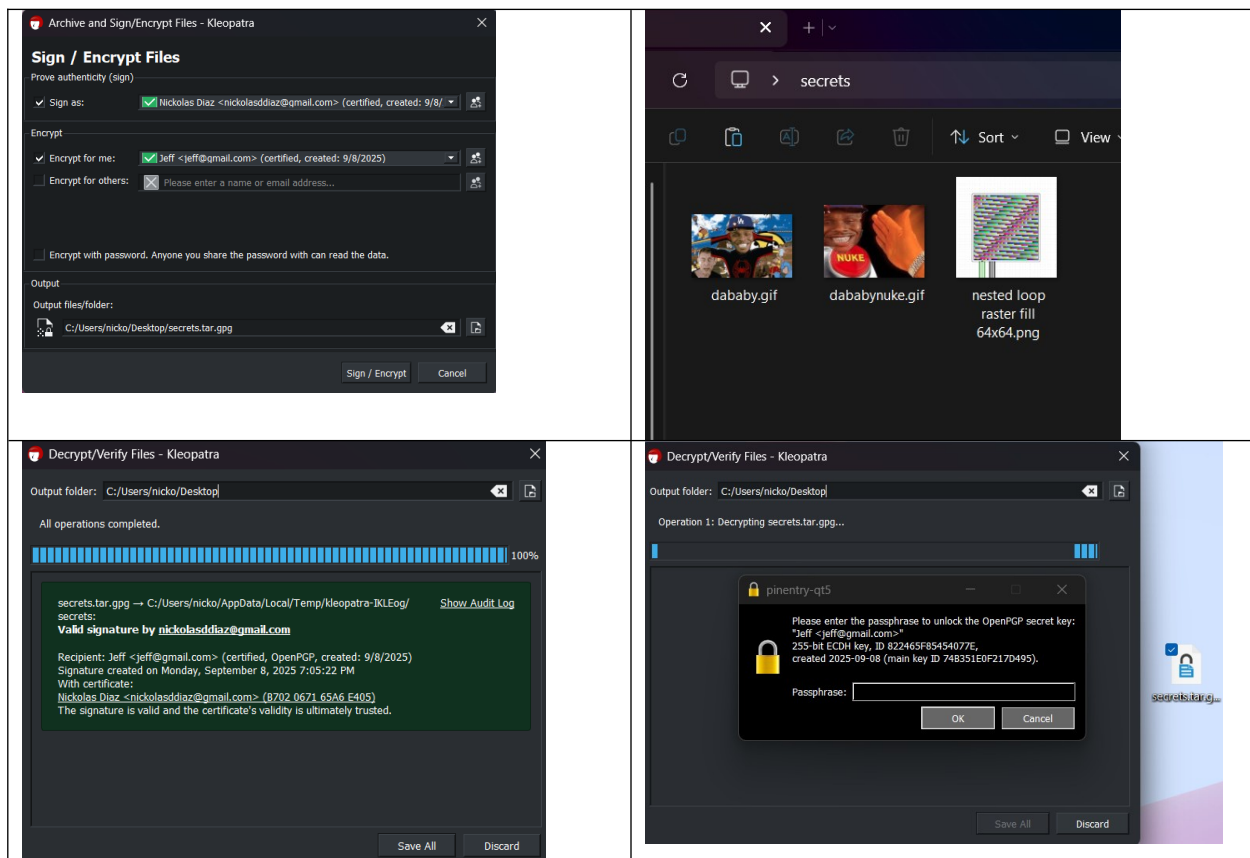
Task 3: Privacy Assurance

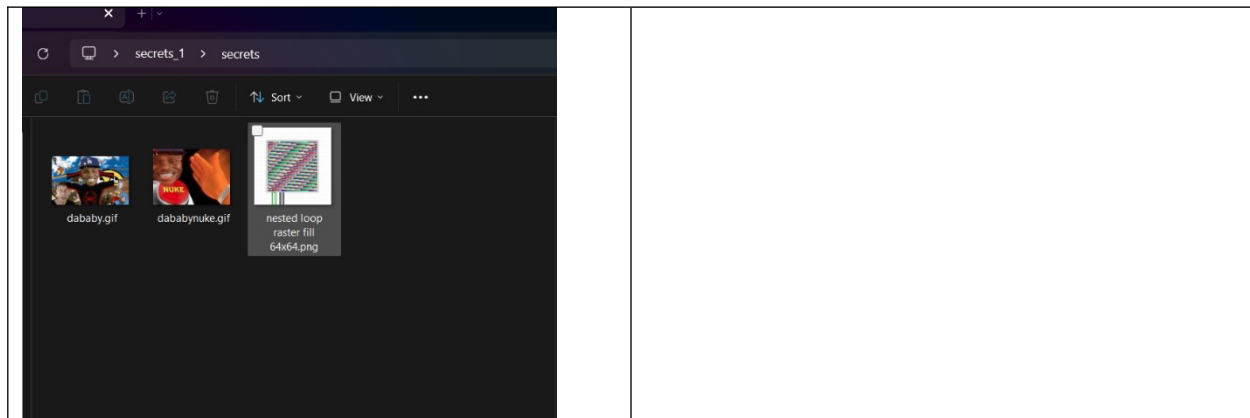
Put a couple of pictures inside a folder named secrets

Using my private key and my friend's public key encrypt the folder and send it to my friend

Receive secrets from a friend by decrypting the received file

Decrypt the secrets file received from my friend





I imported Jeff's public key and signed my folder using my private key then sent it to my friend which was able to decrypt it using his private key jeff was able to see my photos.





Task 4: Secure Emails with Mailvelope

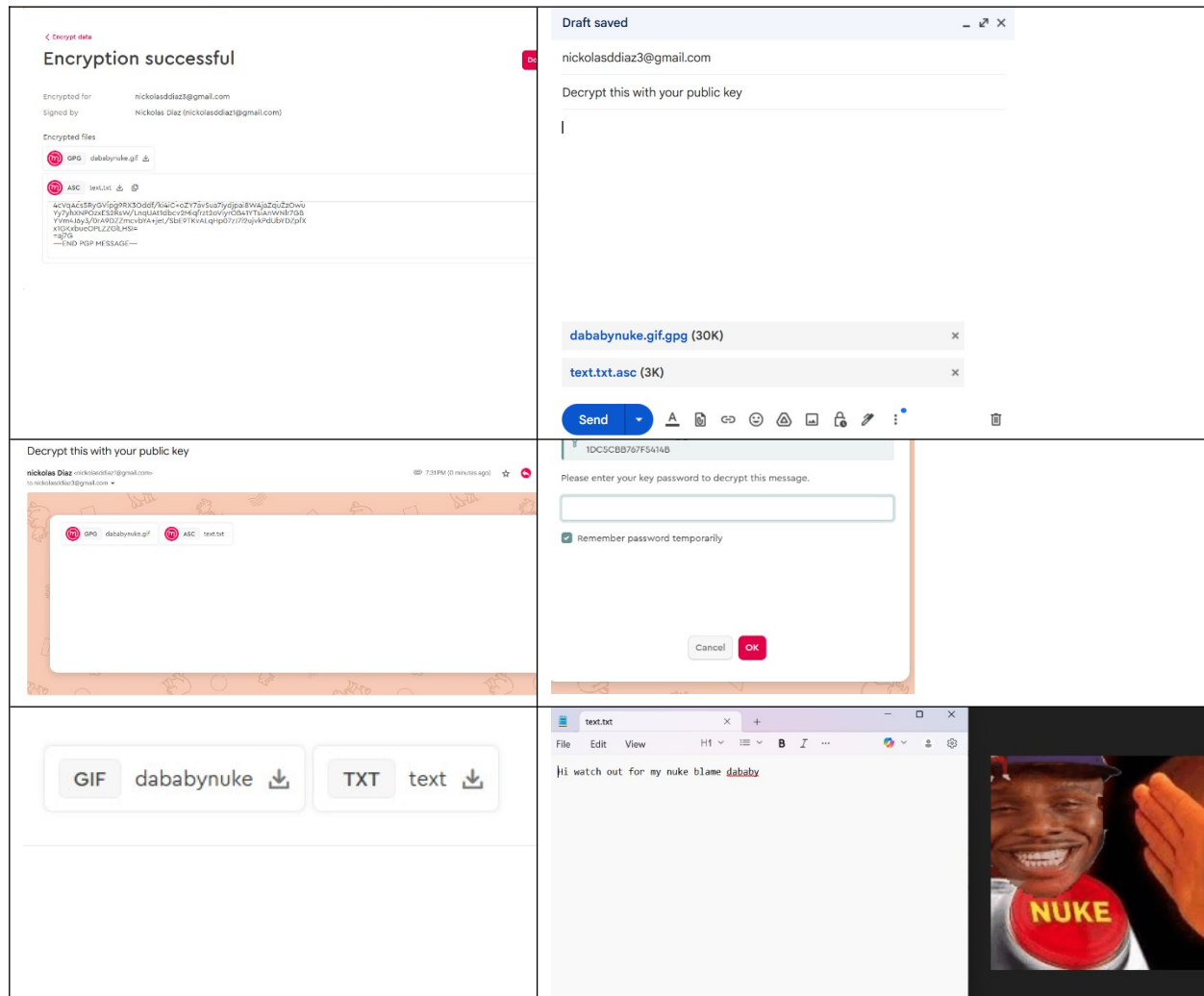
Import your private OpenPGP key exported from Kleopatra.

Import your partner's OpenPGP certificate exported from Kleopatra or a key server.

Send an encrypted and signed email to your partner.

Decrypt and verify your partner's encrypted and signed email.

<p>Themes</p> <p> Mailvelope - Secure your email with PGP</p> <p>http://www.mailvelope.com/  Featured 4.4 ★ (436 ratings) < Share</p>	<h3>Generate Key</h3> <p>Name Nickolas Diaz</p> <p>Full name of the key owner</p> <p>Email nickolasddiaz@gmail.com</p> <p>Advanced >></p> <p>Enter Password *****</p> <p>Re-enter Password *****</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Upload public key to Mailvelope Key Server (can be deleted at any time). Learn more</p> <p>Generate</p>
<h3>Mailvelope Key Server</h3> <p>Email address nickolasddiaz1@gmail.com successfully verified</p> <p>Your public OpenPGP key is now available at the following link: https://keys.mailvelope.com/pks/lookup?op=get&search=nickolasddiaz1@gmail.com</p> <p>© 2023 Mailvelope GmbH Legal notice Privacy</p>	<h3>Encrypt data</h3> <p>Encrypt</p> <p>Recipient  nickolasddiaz@gmail.com</p> <p>Encrypted data is signed with your key (nickolasddiaz@gmail.com) Change Remove signature</p> <p>Attachments  dababynuke X</p> <p>Drag file to this window or Add file</p> <p>Message Hi watch out for my nuke blame dababy</p>



First step download Mailvelope on both ends, next generate key input email and password then verify your email, next send each other your public keys, then click encrypt and input the friend's public key and your message/image, next send the encrypted message though email, then the friend decrypts the message using their private key. Next read the email.

Conclusions

Detail the output and results of the laboratory exercises. Answer the question: "What did you learn during this lab?"

I did many exercises encrypting and decrypting using public and private keys, first was using OpenPGP to encrypt my private key and my fiends public key to decrypt my message and send it to my friend which was able to decrypt it using his private key. Next challenge was using hash on two different pictures, the original and the original with one pixel change. I used sha256 and

md5 to hash and found out that the hashes from the two files were drastically different. Next, I used GnuPG with my OpenPGP key to send and decrypt a file with a couple of pictures. The last challenge was using Mailvelope to encrypt and decrypt a message and sending it through email.

References

<https://github.com/ufidon/comsec/tree/main/labs/lab02>