$$\frac{3}{2h} \frac{u(x+h)-u(x-h)}{2h}$$
for $u(x)=x^3$, $\frac{(x+h)^3-(x-h)^3}{2h} = \frac{x^3+3h^2x+3$

(8)
$$\frac{\Delta_{0}}{2h} \frac{\Delta_{0}}{2h} u_{n} = \frac{u_{h+2} - 2u_{h} + u_{h-2}}{(2h)^{2}} = \frac{(2h)^{2}}{(2h)^{2}}$$

$$\Delta_{0}\Delta_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\Delta_{0}\Delta_{0}) \begin{bmatrix} u_{n-2} \\ u_{n-1} \\ u_{n+1} \\ u_{n+2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{h-2} - 2u_{h} + u_{h+2} \\ u_{h-2} \\ u_{h} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{u_{h-2} - 2u_{h} + u_{h+2}}{u_{h-1} + u_{h+2}} = \frac{u_{h} - 2u_{h} + u_{h+2}}{u_{h} + u_{h+2}} = \frac{u_{h} - 2u_{h}}{u_{h} + u_{h}} = \frac{u_{h} - 2u_{h}}{u_{h} + u_{h}} = \frac{u_{h} - 2u_{h}}{u_{h} + u_{h}} = \frac{u_{h} - 2u_{$$