

### File & Directory Paths

When you accidentally say "folder" instead of "directory" in a Linux group.



## Navigating Files & Directories

#### **Definitions**

#### **Files**

• Objects on a computer that store data, information, settings, or commands used with a computer program.

#### **Directories**

Also called "folders", are the units that hold files or other directories

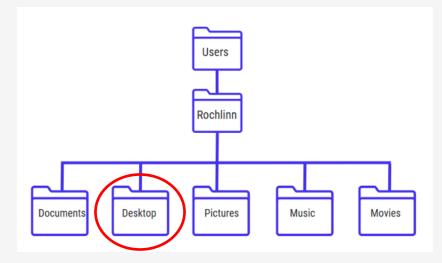
#### Paths

- A string of characters that specifies a unique location in a directory hierarchy.
- A path specifies the location of a directory/file in a machine's file system structure.

#### Paths

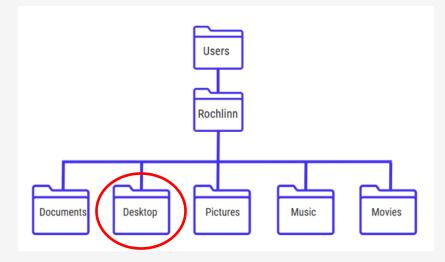
- The picture below illustrates the directory structure of a typical computer.
- Within this structure, the path to my Desktop would be:

#### /Users/Rochlinn/Desktop



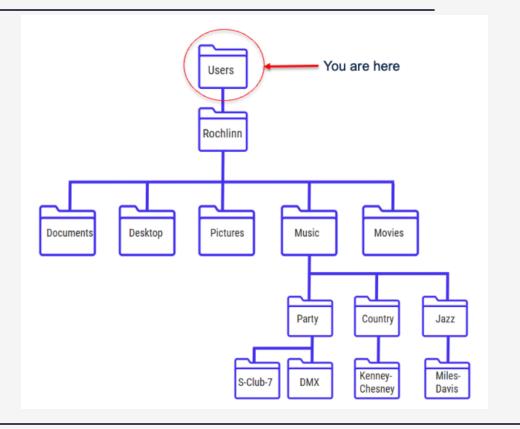
#### Paths

- When dealing with file paths, directories are denoted by a slash /, and each "layer" or the directory hiearchy is separated by a slash.
  - /Users/Rochlinn/Desktop



#### Exercise

- What's the path to the Music directory?
- What's the path to the S-Club-7 directory?



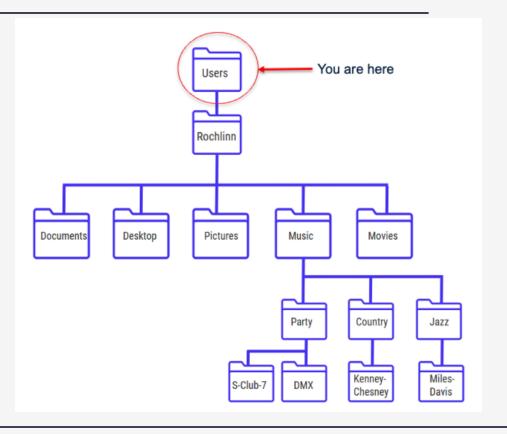
#### Answers

What's the path to the Music directory?

/Users/Rochlinn/Music

 What's the path to the S-Club-7 directory?

/Users/Rochlinn/Music/Party/S-Club-7



#### Absolute vs. Relative Paths

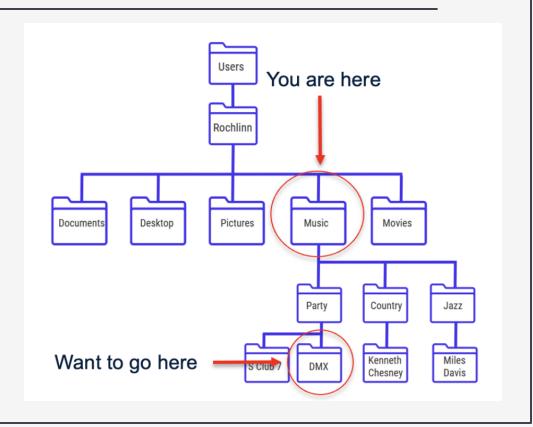
• When thinking about navigating through your files and directories, there are two paths that can be used:

Absolute paths: Includes the entire path from the root directory

Relative paths: Includes the path relative to where you are

#### **Absolute Paths**

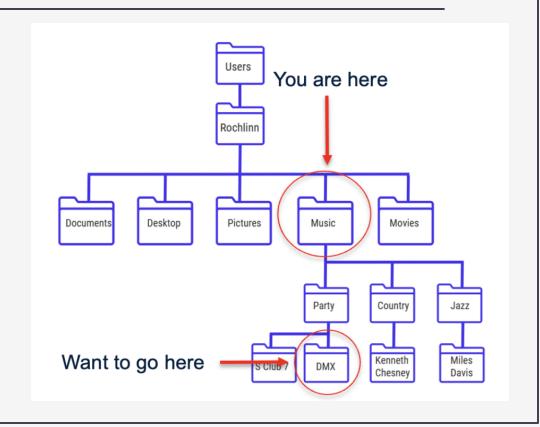
/Users/Rochlinn/Music/Party/DMX



#### **Relative Paths**

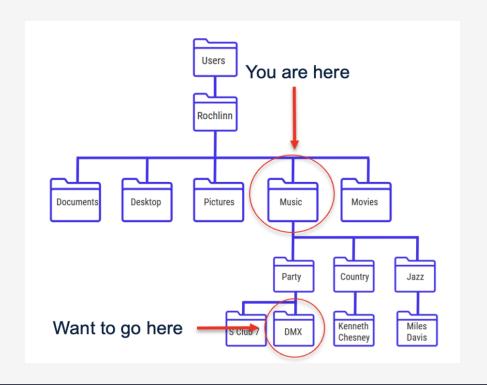
/Party/DMX

The path already assumes your location, so you don't need to write /Users/Rochlinn/Music

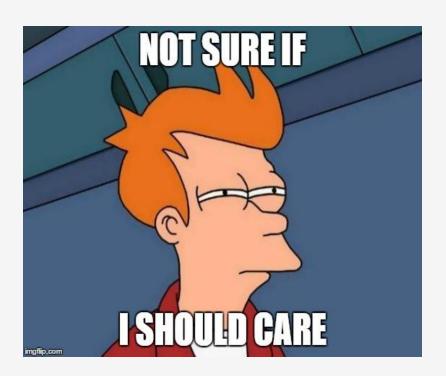


#### Note

It should be noted that relative paths only work going down the hierarchy, and not upwards.



#### Why Should You Care?



source

#### Why Should You Care?

- File paths tend to be a key point of struggle/issues for those learning coding languages.
- To import a dataset into RStudio (or other IDEs), and to export/save derived datasets, images, etc., you need to specify the file path.
- You don't need to be an expert in paths, but having a basic understanding of how this works is very helpful when approaching these tasks, and is something we'll start doing in the next block!

# Questions?