

## Assignment2-1\_Small

```
library(caret)
library(ggplot2)
library(e1071)

#Reading and Cleaning the Data
df <- read.csv("/Users/Nick/Desktop/delay.csv", stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
Day.of.Week <- as.factor(df$Day.of.Week)
Status <- factor(df$Status, levels = c("0", "1"), labels = c("on-time", "Delayed"))
df <- cbind(Day.of.Week, df[,-1])
df <- cbind(Status, df[,-5])

#Training Dataset
set.seed(1234)
intrain <- createDataPartition(y=df$Status, p=0.7, list=FALSE)
trainset <- df[intrain,]
testset <- df[-intrain,]

#Naive Model
nb.model <- naiveBayes(Status~., data=trainset)
nb.model
```

The following below shows the Conditional probabilities based on Days of the week, Carrier, Origin, and Destination.

```
##
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
##
## Call:
## naiveBayes.default(x = X, y = Y, laplace = laplace)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
## Y
##   on-time   Delayed
## 0.92358804 0.07641196
##
## Conditional probabilities:
##           Day.of.Week
## Y           1           2           3           4           5           6
7
## on-time 0.1654676 0.1474820 0.1510791 0.1223022 0.1798561 0.0647482 0.16
90647
## Delayed 0.5652174 0.4347826 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.00
```

```

00000
##
##           Carrier
## Y           CO           DH           DL           MQ           OH
## on-time 0.057553957 0.287769784 0.129496403 0.176258993 0.010791367
## Delayed 0.086956522 0.304347826 0.086956522 0.304347826 0.000000000
##           Carrier
## Y           RU           UA           US
## on-time 0.248201439 0.007194245 0.082733813
## Delayed 0.086956522 0.086956522 0.043478261
##
##           Origin
## Y           BWI           DCA           IAD
## on-time 0.1043165 0.5287770 0.3669065
## Delayed 0.0000000 0.5652174 0.4347826
##
##           Destination
## Y           EWR           JFK           LGA
## on-time 0.4064748 0.1834532 0.4100719
## Delayed 0.2608696 0.2173913 0.5217391

#Prediction Function
nb.model.pred <- predict(nb.model, testset, type='class')
nb.model.pred

## [1] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
ime
## [10] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
ime
## [19] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
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## [28] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
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## [37] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
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## [46] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
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## [55] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
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## [64] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
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## [73] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
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## [82] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
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## [91] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
ime
## [100] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
ime
## [109] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
ime

```

```

ime
## [118] on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-time on-t
ime
## [127] on-time
## Levels: on-time Delayed

#Confusion Table
actual <- testset$Status
confusionMatrix(actual, nb.model.pred)

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##              Reference
## Prediction on-time Delayed
##   on-time      118        0
##   Delayed       9         0
##
##              Accuracy : 0.9291
##              95% CI : (0.8697, 0.9671)
##   No Information Rate : 1
##   P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1.000000
##
##              Kappa : 0
##
##  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.007661
##
##              Sensitivity : 0.9291
##              Specificity :      NA
##              Pos Pred Value :      NA
##              Neg Pred Value :      NA
##              Prevalence : 1.0000
##              Detection Rate : 0.9291
##              Detection Prevalence : 0.9291
##              Balanced Accuracy :      NA
##
##              'Positive' Class : on-time

```

#### Analysis of Confusion Matrix:

There are 0 false positives, 9 false negatives, 118 True Positives, and 0 True Negatives. The Naïve Bayes Model is based on the testset is 92% accurate. This is a very accurate model.

#### *#Equations*

```

# {Status=Delayed} given {Carrier = DL, Day of Week=Saturday (7), Destination
= LGA, and Origin = DCA.}
# P{Carrier = DL} -> 0.086956522
# P{Day of the week = Saturday (7)} -> 0.0000000
# P{Destination = LGA} -> 0.5217391
# P{Origin = DCA} -> 0.5652174

```

```
# P{Status = Delayed} -> 0.07641196
```

```
Probability.Delayed = 0.086956522 * 0.0000000 * 0.5217391 * 0.5652174 * 0.07641196
```

The Probability of Delayed is:

```
## [1] 0
```

```
# P{Carrier = DL} -> 0.129496403
```

```
# P{Day of the week = Saturday (7)} -> 0.1690647
```

```
# P{Destination = LGA} -> 0.4100719
```

```
# P{Origin = DCA} -> 0.5287770
```

```
# P{Status = on-time} -> 0.92358804
```

```
Probability.ontime = 0.129496403 * 0.1690647 * 0.4100719 * 0.5287770 * 0.92358804
```

The Probability of being ontime is:

```
## [1] 0.004384515
```

```
# P{Status=Delayed} given {Carrier = DL, Day of Week=Saturday (7), Destination = LGA, and Origin = DCA.}
```

```
Probability = (0)/(0.004384515+0)
```

```
Probability
```

```
## [1] 0
```