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## Chapter 1

### **Functions**

### 1.1 factor.find – find a factor

All methods in this module return one of a factor of given integer. If it failes to find a non-trivial factor, it returns 1. Note that 1 is a factor anyway.

verbose boolean flag can be specified for verbose reports. To receive these messages, you have to prepare a logger (see logging).

#### 1.1.1 trialDivision – trial division

```
trialDivision(n: integer, **options) \rightarrow integer
```

Return a factor of n by trial divisions.

options can be either one of the following:

- 1. start and stop as range parameters. In addition to these, step is also available.
- 2. iterator as an iterator of primes.

If options is not given, the function divides n by primes from 2 to the floor of the square root of n until a non-trivial factor is found.

verbose boolean flag can be specified for verbose reports.

#### 1.1.2 pmom – p - 1 method

```
{f pmom(n:}\ integer,\ **{f options}\ ) 
ightarrow integer
```

Return a factor of n by the p-1 method.

The function tries to find a non-trivial factor of n using Algorithm 8.8.2 (p-1)

first stage) of [?]. In the case of  $n=2^i$ , the function will not terminate. Due to the nature of the method, the method may return the trivial factor only.

verbose Boolean flag can be specified for verbose reports, though it is not so verbose indeed.

#### 1.1.3 rhomethod – $\rho$ method

```
{\tt rhomethod}({\tt n:}\ integer,\ {\tt **options}\ ) 	o integer
```

Return a factor of n by Pollard's  $\rho$  method.

The implementation refers the explanation in [?]. Due to the nature of the method, a factorization may return the trivial factor only.

verbose Boolean flag can be specified for verbose reports.

#### Examples

```
>>> factor.find.trialDivision(1001)
7
>>> factor.find.trialDivision(1001, start=10, stop=32)
11
>>> factor.find.pmom(1001)
91
>>> import logging
>>> logging.basicConfig()
>>> factor.find.rhomethod(1001, verbose=True)
INFO:nzmath.factor.find:887 748
13
```