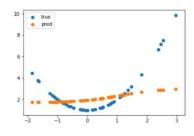
Objective: Assessing Sigmoid() as a substitute for ReLU()

Problem: Finding the best fit line for  $x^2 + 1$  and higher degree polynomials

### Attempt # 1: Started out with the standard 3 neurons and 3 layers (2 doesn't work at all for sigmoid)

```
a = 3
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.Sigmoid(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, 1)
)
```

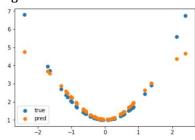
```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 2.0433
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 2.0322
Epoch [1500/10000], Loss: 2.0326
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 2.0260
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 2.0139
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 2.0139
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 2.0016
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 1.9950
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 1.9979
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 1.9979
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 1.9903
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 1.9830
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss: 1.9530
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss: 1.9530
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 1.9422
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 1.9102
Epoch [3000/10000], Loss: 1.9024
Epoch [3000/10000], Loss: 1.9024
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 1.8664
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 1.8664
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 1.8684
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 1.8684
Epoch [10000/10000], Loss: 1.8684
```



## Attempt # 2: increase the neurons to 20 but the split at the end is concerning

```
a = 20
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.Sigmoid(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, 1)
)
```

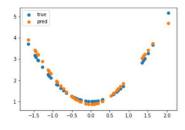
```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 1.8940
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 1.8764
Epoch [1500/10000], Loss: 1.8583
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 1.8391
Epoch [2500/10000], Loss: 1.8179
Epoch [3000/10000], Loss: 1.7939
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss:
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 1.7320
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 1.6904
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 1.6382
Epoch [5500/10000], Loss:
                                   1.5717
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss:
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss:
                                   1.3762
Epoch [7000/10000], Loss: 1.2370
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 1.0670
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.8725
Epoch [8500/10000], Loss: 0.6717
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.4920
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 0.3558
Epoch [10000/10000], Loss: 0.2683
```



## Attempt # 3: try increasing the neurons but the result is far from acceptable

```
a = 100
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.Sigmoid(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, 1)
)
```

```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 1.7006
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 1.6718
Epoch [1500/10000], Loss: 1.6427
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 1.6103
Epoch [2500/10000], Loss: 1.5724
Epoch [3000/10000], Loss: 1.5265
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 1.4693
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 1.3971
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 1.3055
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 1.1902
Epoch [5500/10000], Loss: 1.0484
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss: 0.8812
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.6978
Epoch [7000/10000], Loss: 0.5170
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 0.3621
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.2500
Epoch [8500/10000], Loss: 0.1815
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.1452
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 0.1277
Epoch [10000/10000], Loss: 0.1191
```

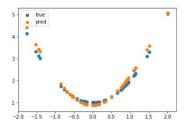


## Attempt # 4: Tried increasing the neurons before I started messing around with the layers

```
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(in_dim, 1000),
    nn.Sigmoid(),
    nn.Linear(1000,1000),
    nn.Linear(1000, out_dim)
)
```

```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 1.4862
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 1.0326
Epoch [1500/10000], Loss: 0.5187
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 0.1951
Epoch [2500/10000], Loss: 0.0900
Epoch [3000/10000], Loss: 0.0688
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 0.0652
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 0.0644
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 0.0737
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 0.0636
Epoch [5500/10000], Loss: 0.0631
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss: 0.0627
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0624
Epoch [7000/10000], Loss: 0.0679
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 0.0630
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0614
Epoch [8500/10000], Loss: 0.0613
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0732
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 0.0627
```

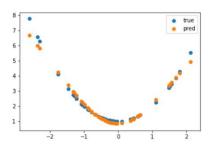
Epoch [10000/10000], Loss: 0.0610



#### Attempt # 5: 4 layers with 100 neurons (low # of neurons just doesn't work)

```
a = 100
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.Sigmoid(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, 1)
)
```

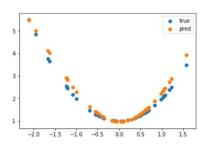
```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 1.44432
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 1.4216
Epoch [1500/10000], Loss: 1.4216
Epoch [1500/10000], Loss: 1.3678
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 1.3678
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 1.3288
Epoch [3000/10000], Loss: 1.741
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 1.1925
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 0.6867
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 0.5866
Epoch [5500/10000], Loss: 0.5956
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss: 0.0959
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss: 0.0917
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 0.0300
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0282
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0292
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0295
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0279
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 0.0279
```



## Attempt # 6: increase in layers yields worse result (6 layers for this case)

```
a = 100
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.Sigmoid(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
```

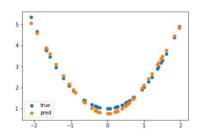
```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 2.1436
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 2.1038
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 2.0038
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 2.0038
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 1,6136
Epoch [2500/10000], Loss: 1,6136
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 0.1892
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 0.1892
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 0.2939
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 0.2939
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.1021
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0935
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0931
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0938
Epoch [7000/10000], Loss: 0.0987
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0987
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0987
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0887
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0887
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0839
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0839
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0839
Epoch [10000/10000], Loss: 0.0839
```



## Attempt # 7: just to make sure 4 layers is the best, I checked 5 layers

```
a = 100
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.Sigmoid(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a)
```

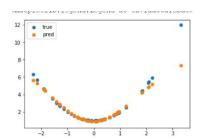
```
Epoch [500/10000], Loast 1.8134
Epoch [1000/10000], Loast 1.755
Epoch [1500/10000], Loast 1.755
Epoch [2000/10000], Loast 1.755
Epoch [2000/1000], Loast 1.751
Epoch [2000/1000], Loast 1.570
Epoch [2000/1000], Loast 1.570
Epoch [4000/1000], Loast 0.1585
Epoch [4000/1000], Loast 0.1552
Epoch [5000/1000], Loast 0.0554
Epoch [5000/1000], Loast 0.0574
Epoch [5000/1000], Loast 0.0574
Epoch [5000/1000], Loast 0.0554
Epoch [5000/1000], Loast 0.0554
Epoch [5000/1000], Loast 0.0554
Epoch [5000/1000], Loast 0.0554
```



# Attempt # 8: increase in neurons doesn't improve the result but isn't worth the time that it takes and graphs also diverge at the end for Sigmoid()

```
a = 300
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.Sigmoid(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
)
```

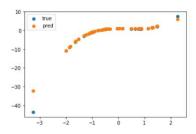
```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 1.3399
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 1.0912
Epoch [1500/10000], Loss: 1.0922
Epoch [2500/10000], Loss: 0.9326
Epoch [2500/10000], Loss: 0.7790
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 0.5446
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 0.5446
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 0.2070
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 0.0311
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 0.0311
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 0.0207
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0207
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0205
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0203
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 0.0202
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0202
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0202
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 0.0201
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0202
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 0.0202
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 0.0202
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 0.0199
Epoch [10000/10000], Loss: 0.0199
Epoch [10000/10000], Loss: 0.0199
```



## Attempt # 9: Went back to ReLU() and see if the best set up for polynomial of degree 2 works for higher degree as well. Function $f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 1$

```
a = 20
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.ReLU(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, 1)
)
```

```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 3.6529
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 0.8467
Epoch [1500/10000], Loss: 0.3457
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 0.1781
Epoch [2500/10000], Loss: 0.058
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 0.0548
Epoch [3500/10000], Loss: 0.0344
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 0.0252
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 0.0279
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 0.0219
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 0.0199
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0193
Epoch [6500/10000], Loss: 0.0193
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 0.0193
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 0.0188
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0213
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 0.0258
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0258
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0258
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0259
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 0.0258
```



#### Attempt # 10: Function $3x^4 + x^3 - x^2 - 1$ gave the same result

```
a = 20
model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(1, a),
    nn.ReLU(),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
    nn.Linear(a, a),
```

```
Epoch [500/10000], Loss: 50.0880
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 20.4932
Epoch [1000/10000], Loss: 9.4922
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 5.6731
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 5.6731
Epoch [2000/10000], Loss: 2.7464
Epoch [3000/10000], Loss: 2.2200
Epoch [4000/10000], Loss: 1.7351
Epoch [4500/10000], Loss: 1.7359
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 1.6893
Epoch [5000/10000], Loss: 1.6893
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss: 1.6993
Epoch [6000/10000], Loss: 1.5790
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 1.5790
Epoch [7500/10000], Loss: 1.5678
Epoch [8000/10000], Loss: 1.5678
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 1.5678
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 1.5670
Epoch [9000/10000], Loss: 1.5670
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 1.5676
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 1.5676
Epoch [9500/10000], Loss: 1.5676
```

