NAME: TEMIDAYO OLUWARANTIMI BLESSING

STUDENT ID: IDEAS/24/51291

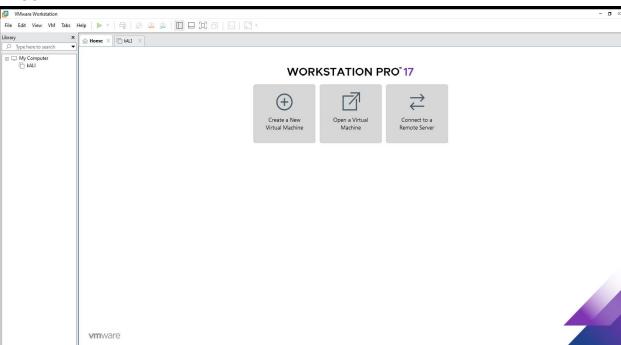
Lab 1: Investigate Kali Linux Objectives

• Familiarization of Kali Linux GUI

- 1. Start Virtual Machine (VM), power on the already installed Kali. The default username is Kali while the default password is Kali. While the Kali from the institute AIVTIC default username and password is aivtic.
- 2. Explore the desktop to be familiar with its operations.
- 3. Customize the panel.
- 4. Access Settings.

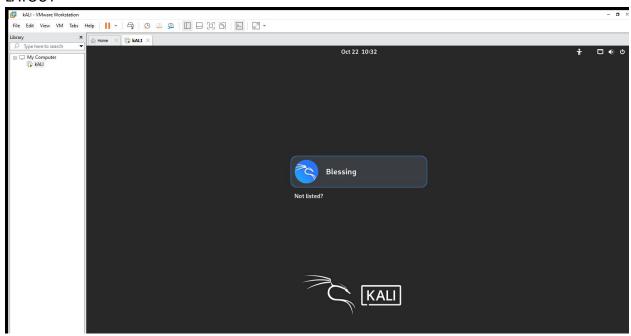
PICTURE OF VM

LAYOUT



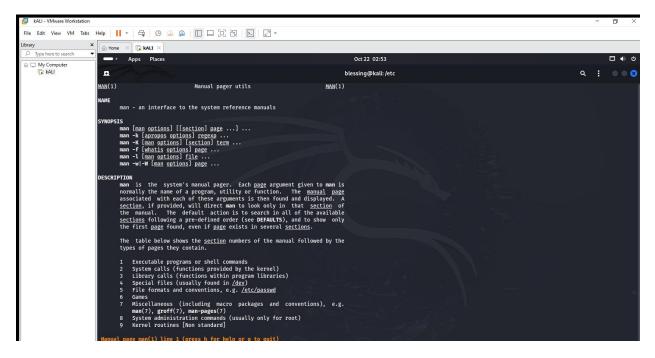
KALI

LAYOUT



• Familiarization of Kali Linux Shell

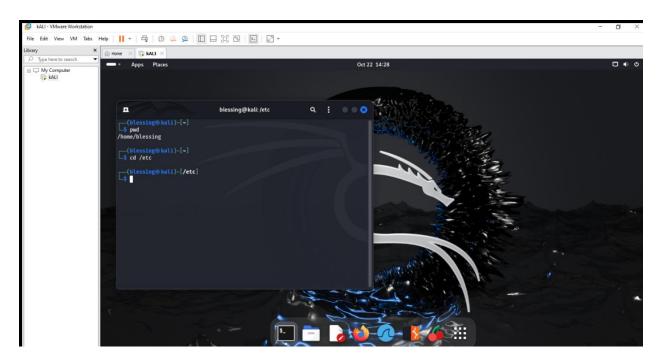
- 1. Command Documentation
- i. The MAN Page used to display the user manual of any command that we can run on the terminal.



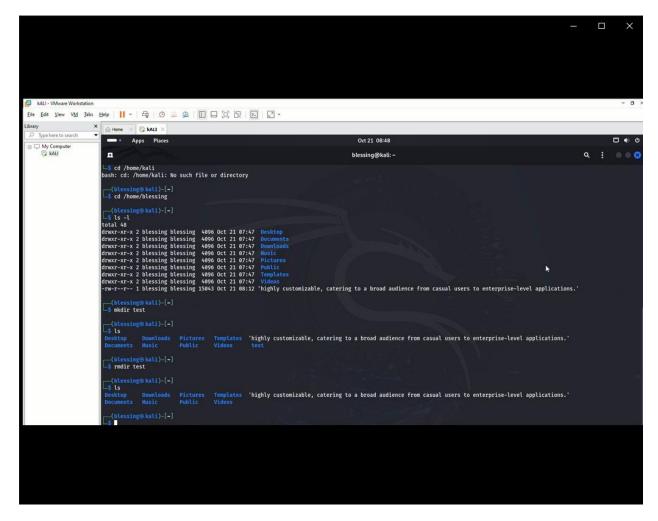
ii. Some sections included in a MAN's page includes: Executable programs or shell commands, System calls, Library calls, Special files, File formats and conventions, Games.

• Create and Change Directory

- i. Print the current working directory (PWD) /home/blessing
- ii. Navigate to another directory. For example etc cd /etc



- List files in current directory
- Create new directory
- Confirm new directory creation

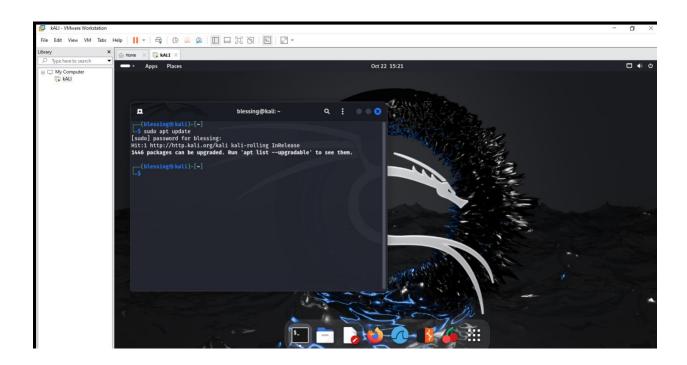


- Remove the directory
- Confirm directory removal

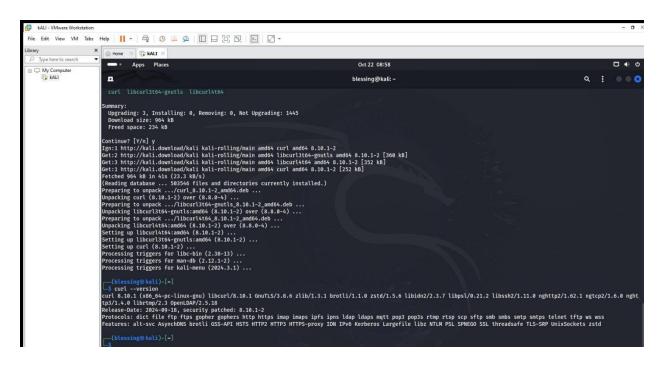
The picture above includes an example of directory removal and its confirmation.

LAB 2: Installing Packages and Applications

• Updating Package List



- Installing Packages
- i. Curl Installation
- ii. Confirm the Installation

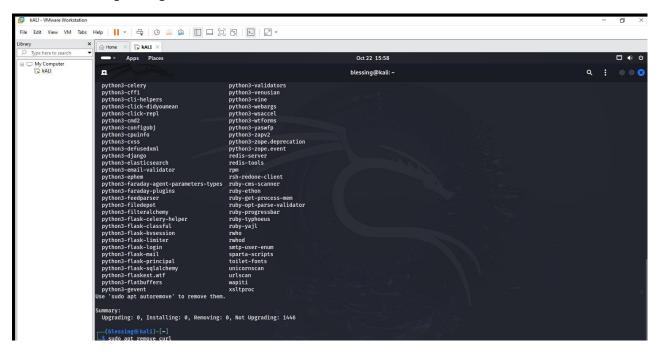


Upgrading Packages

Review upgrade messages



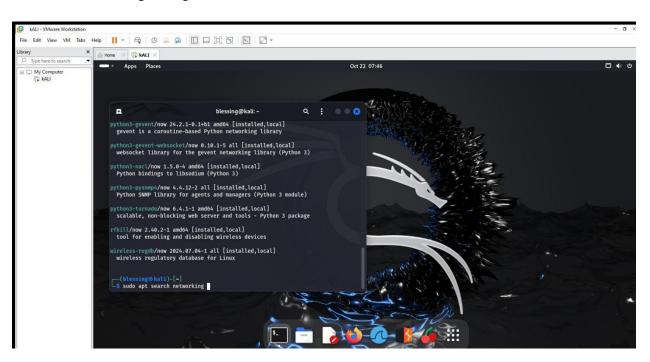
Removing Packages



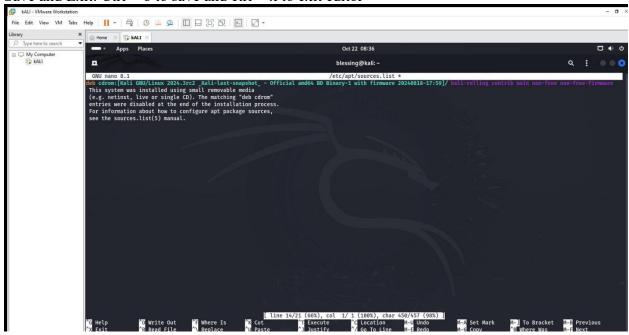
In the diagram, it shows that curl has already been removed previously.

• Searching for Packages

i. Search for Networking Packages

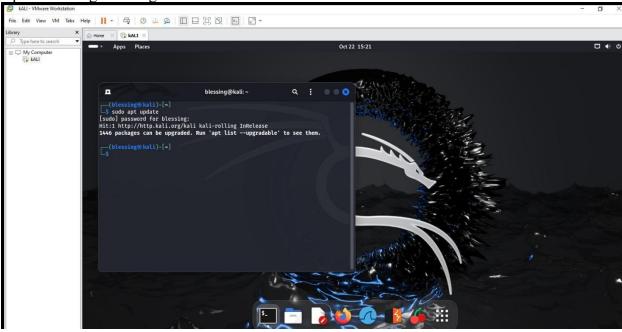


- ii. Review Results
- Managing Repositories
- i. Edit repositories
- ii. Modify repositories entries
- iii. Save and Exit: Ctrl + o to save and ctrl + x to exit editor

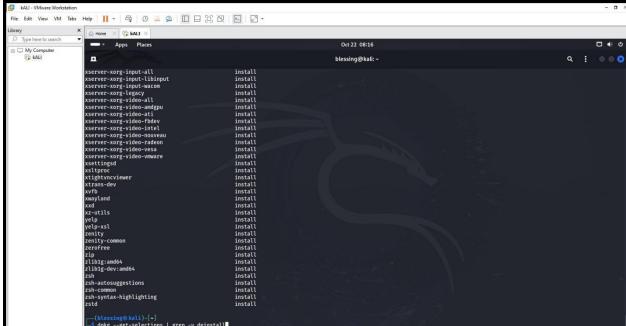


• Final Review

i. Update Package List Again

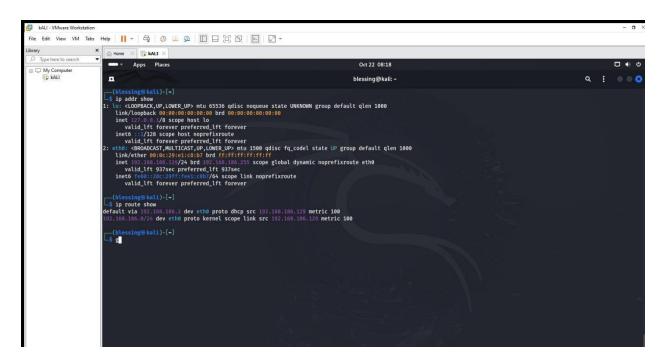


ii. Explore Installed Packages



LAB 3: NETWORKING COMMANDS

- Displaying Network Configuration
- i. Check Network Interfaces



ii. List Routing Table

- Testing Network Connectivity
- i. Ping a Host

```
(blessing@ kali)-[~]

$ ping -c 4 google.com
PING google.com (216.82.23.238) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from los02304-in-fi4.le100.net (216.58.223.238): icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=51.7 ms

64 bytes from los02304-in-fi4.le100.net (216.58.223.238): icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=55.7 ms

64 bytes from los02304-in-fi4.le100.net (216.58.223.238): icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=55.7 ms

64 bytes from los02304-in-fi4.le100.net (216.58.223.238): icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 time=48.4 ms

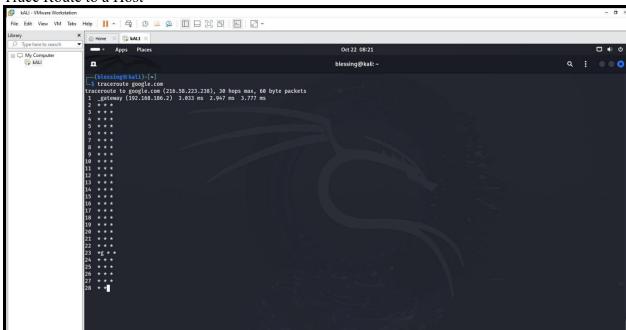
---- google.com ping statistics ----

4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3014ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 48.371/71.742/101.149/22.405 ms

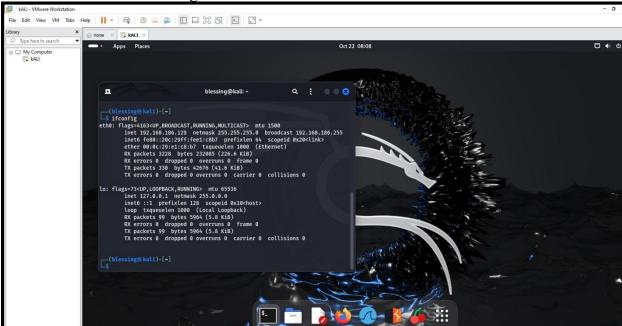
[blessing@ kali)-[~]
```

ii. Trace Route to a Host



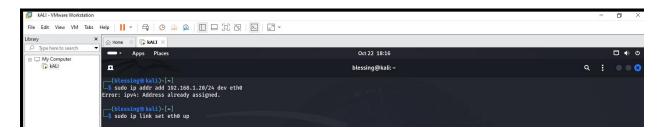
• Configuring Network Interfaces

i. View Current Interface Configuration



ii. Manually Configure an Interface

iii. Bring the Interface Up



• Monitoring Network Traffic

- i. Install tepdump
- ii. Capture Network Traffic

```
(blessing@ kali)-[~]
Ls sudo apt install tepdump
tepdump is already the newest version (4.99.4-4).
tepdump set to manually installed.
Summary:
Upgrading: 0, Installing: 0, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 0

(blessing@ kali)-[~]
S sudo tepdump - i eth0 - c 10
tepdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v[v]... for full protocol decode
listening on eth0, link-type ENLOWE (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes
08:24:28.63132 IP 102.108.186.1.49342 > 229.255.255.259.3960: UDP, length 170
08:24:28.73030 IP kali.3919 > _gateway.domain: ol790+ PTR 250.255.255.239.in-addr.arpa. (46)
08:24:28.720522 IP 192.108.186.1.mdms > mdms.mcast.net.mdms: 0 PTR (QM)? 1.10.20.172.in-addr.arpa.local. (48)
08:24:28.732034 IP 192.108.186.1.861.dms > mdms.mcast.net.mdms: 0 PTR (QM)? 1.10.20.172.in-addr.arpa.local. (48)
08:24:28.73203 IP 192.108.186.1.861.sdms > mdms.mcast.net.mdms: 0 PTR (QM)? 1.10.20.172.in-addr.arpa.local. (48)
08:24:28.73203 IP 192.108.186.1.801.sdms > mdms.mcast.net.mdms: 0 PTR (QM)? 1.10.20.172.in-addr.arpa.local. (48)
08:24:28.742597 IPG fe80:14a:3290:5374:52eb.30456 > ff02::113.3355: UDP, length 42
08:24:29.15462 IPG fe80:44a:3290:5374:52eb.30456 > ff02::113.3355: UDP, length 42
08:24:29.15468 IPG fe80:44a:3290:5374:52eb.30456 > ff02::113.3355: UDP, length 42
08:24:29.164046 IPG fe80:44a:3290:5374:52eb.30456 > ff02::113.3355: UDP, length 42
08:24:29.169950 IP 192.108.186.1.53275 > 224.0.0.252.5355: UDP, length 42
10 packets received by filter
11 packets dropped by kernel

(blessing@ kali)-[-]

(blessing@ kali)-[-]
```

iii. Analyze Network Traffic – Use ctrl + c to stop capture

```
| Second Second
```

• Final Review

i. Check Network Status

```
Council device status

Device Type STATE COMNECTION

etho ethernet connected Wired connection 1

lo loopback connected (externally) lo

Council of the connected (externally) lo
```

ii. Check Firewall Status

