UNIVERSITY OF DUBLIN

MA1212-1

TRINITY COLLEGE

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING, MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm JF~Maths/TP} \\ {\rm SF~TSM} \end{array}$

Trinity Term 2013

MA1212 — LINEAR ALGEBRA II

Wednesday, May 1

LUCE UPPER

09.30 - 11.30

Dr. Paschalis Karageorgis

Attempt all questions. All questions are weighted equally. Non-programmable calculators are permitted for this examination.

1. Let $x_0 = 1$ and $y_0 = 7$. Suppose the sequences x_n, y_n are such that

$$x_n = 3x_{n-1} + 4y_{n-1}, y_n = 2x_{n-1} + 5y_{n-1}$$

for each $n \ge 1$. Determine each of x_n and y_n explicitly in terms of n.

2. Find the Jordan form and a Jordan basis for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \\ -4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- 3. A square matrix A has characteristic polynomial $\lambda^3(\lambda-1)$ and its column space is three-dimensional. Find the dimension of the column space of A^2 .
- 4. Let Q be the quadratic form defined by the formula

$$Q(x, y, z) = x^{2} + (a+3)y^{2} + (a+2)z^{2} + 4axy + 2(a-1)yz.$$

Find the values of the real parameter a for which the form is positive definite.

- 5. Show that A and A^tA have the same null space for each $m \times n$ matrix A.
- 6. Suppose that A is a real, positive definite symmetric matrix. Show that there exists a matrix B such that $B^2=A$.