

Module MA2341 (Frolov), Advanced Mechanics I
Homework Sheet 10

Each set of homework questions is worth 100 marks

Problem 1. Any rotation matrix G belonging to the Lie group $SO(3)$ can be written as the following product

$$G = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \psi & \sin \psi & 0 \\ -\sin \psi & \cos \psi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ 0 & -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \phi & \sin \phi & 0 \\ -\sin \phi & \cos \phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

where ϕ , θ and ψ are the Euler angles.

Introduce the following matrix

$$J = \frac{dG}{dt} G^{-1},$$

where G^{-1} is the inverse matrix.

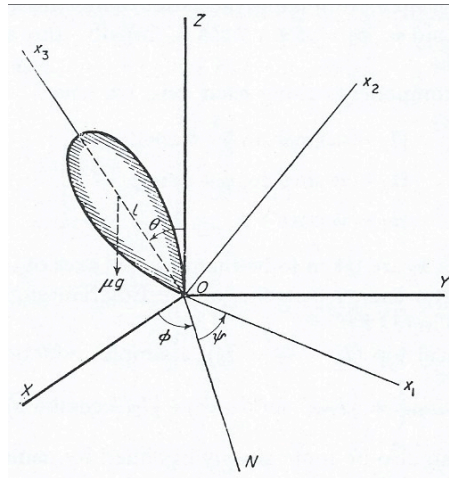
- (a) Show that the matrix J belongs to the Lie algebra $so(3)$, that is it is skew-symmetric: $J^T = -J$, where J^T is the transposed matrix.
- (b) Show that the components Ω_i of the angular velocity vector $\vec{\Omega}$ along the moving axes x_1, x_2, x_3 are expressed through the components J_{ij} as follows

$$\Omega_i = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{ijk} J_{jk},$$

where ϵ_{ijk} is the skew-symmetric tensor.

Problem 2. Consider the Lagrangian of a heavy symmetric top whose lowest point is fixed (Lagrange's top)

$$L = \frac{1}{2}(I_1 + ml^2)(\dot{\theta}^2 + \dot{\phi}^2 \sin^2 \theta) + \frac{1}{2}I_3(\dot{\psi} + \dot{\phi} \cos \theta)^2 - mgl \cos \theta.$$



- Which of the coordinates of the top are cyclic? Find the integrals of motion corresponding to the cyclic angles, and relate them to the angular momentum of the top.
- Use the integrals of the motion to reduce the problem of the motion of the top to a one-dimensional one.
- Find the effective potential and the effective Lagrangian.
Use Mathematica to plot the effective potential for $m = g = l = \tilde{I}_1 = 1$, and
i) $M_z = 12$, $M_3 = 18$; ii) $M_z = 1$, $M_3 = 1/6$. Explain the plots.
- Let the top rotate about the vertical axis. Explain why such a rotation is possible only for $M_z = M_3$.
- Simplify the effective potential for $M_z = M_3$, and use Mathematica to plot the effective potential for $m = g = l = \tilde{I}_1 = 1$, and i) $M_z = M_3 = 3$; ii) $M_z = M_3 = 1/2$.
Explain the plots.
- Find the exact condition for the rotation about the vertical axis to be stable.
- Find the frequency of small oscillations in the θ -direction if the top was shifted from the equilibrium position. What type of motion does the top undergo?

Problem 3. A symmetric top with a fixed centre of mass experiences a constant torque \vec{K} . Use the Euler angles to find the angular velocity of the top as a function of time. The initial angular momentum is proportional to \vec{K} : $\vec{M}(0) = \alpha \vec{K}$, where α is a constant.