

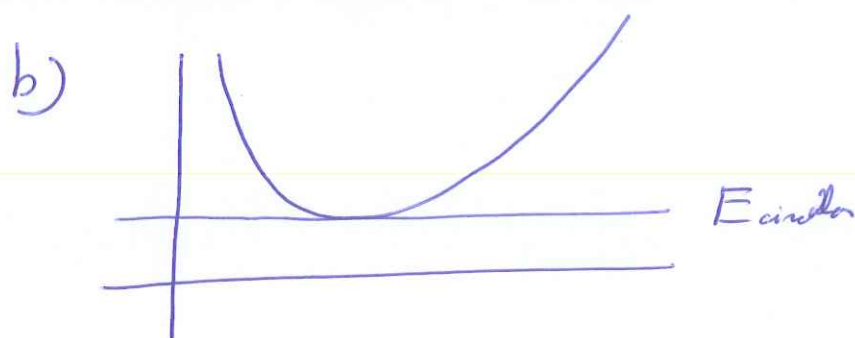
$$10.2 \quad m = 50 \text{ g} = 0.05 \text{ kg}$$

$$l = 1000 \text{ g cm}^2/\text{s}$$

$$= 10^{-4} \text{ kg m}^2/\text{s}$$

$$F = 4 r^3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N}$$

$$a) \quad U_{\text{eff}} = \frac{l^2}{2mr^2} + kr^4 \quad \text{with } k = 10^{-5} \text{ N m}^{-3}$$



c) We have

$$\frac{l^2}{2mr_0^2} + kr_0^4 = E = \frac{l^2}{2mr_0^2} + 16kr_0^4$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{3}{8} \frac{l^2}{mr_0^2} - 15kr_0^4 = 0$$

$$r_0 = \left( \frac{l^2}{40mk} \right)^{\frac{1}{6}} = 0.28 \text{ m}$$

## Problem 2.

$$1. \quad l = v_0 r_- m = m \sqrt{1.8 g M r_-}$$

$$2. \quad E = \frac{l^2}{2mr_-^2} - \frac{C}{r_-} = -0.1 \frac{g M m}{r_-}$$

$$3. \quad r_0 = \frac{l^2}{m C} = \frac{v_0^2 r_-^2}{g M} = 1.8 r_-$$

$$\Rightarrow \varepsilon = 0.8$$