Relational Algebra

In this assignment you will be writing <u>relational algebra</u> (not SQL) queries to select various sets of data. Attached is a schema of a auto dealership database.

Vehicle - The base class for types of vehicles to be sold.

Make - The brand of vehicle. (e.g. BMW, Ford etc)

Model – The specific model (2 Series, Focus etc). First production year is the first year that model was ever made

Vehicle_Incentive – A relationship table between Vehicles and Incentives. Keeps track of when the incentive for that vehicle expires.

Incentive – Discounts and other deals. Type includes things like Factory or Dealer depending who is offering the incentive.

Inventory - The actual stock of vehicles in the lot. The price is the MSRP for that specific vehicle.

Color – The potential colors cars can come in. The name is the name given by the factory (Taffeta white). The code is the hex representation of that color (e.g. #FFFAFA)

Questions

- 1. Select the make name and model name of all vehicles which have a first production year of 1976
- 2. Select the make name and model name of all vehicles with the color name Blue
- 3. Select the make_name, model_name and incentive amount for all vehicles with a dealer type incentive
- 4. Convert the following query to relational algebra

SELECT Player.id, Team.name, City.name FROM Player INNER JOIN Team ON Player.team_id = Team.id INNER JOIN City ON Team.city_id = City.id WHERE Player.score = 100;

5. For problem 3 above, convert your relational algebra query into a SQL query.