Experimental data processing Exam, October 25, 2017

- 1. You have experimental data about a dynamical process. What do you start with to study the regularities of process?
- 2. What is the difference between optimal and quasi-optimal estimation methods?
- 3. Describe advantages and disadvantages of optimal and quasi-optimal estimation methods.
- 4. How do you analyze the reliability of obtained estimation results and potential success of processing?
- 5. Which conditions are more preferable to apply running mean than exponential mean?
- 6. What are results of running mean if the width of running window is the same or greater than period of variations?
- 7. Processing methods are based on finding a balance between the maximal noise reduction and the minimal distortion of true process. Which parameters determine this balance?
 - A. In Kalman filter
 - B. In running mean
 - C. In exponential mean
 - D. In smoothing algorithm based on complex minimization of deviation and variability indicator?
- 8. What is the main difference between classical least-square method and Kalman filter?
- 9. How a theoretical model of process can be adjusted on the basis of available experimental data? How errors of measurements can be estimated?
- 10. Is it possible to estimate directly unmeasured parameters using
 - A. Classical least-square method?
 - B. Kalman filter?
 - C. Quasi-optimal estimation methods?
- 11. How to estimate the accuracy of forecast m steps ahead using Kalman filter?
- 12. Does Extended Kalman filter provide optimal estimation? Why?

 Under which conditions it comes to divergence even if all the parameters are known?
- 13. Which methods considered in the course can be widely applied in
 - A. Navigation?
 - B. Space weather?
 - C. Biomedicine
- 14. What is the most important thing you learned in this course?