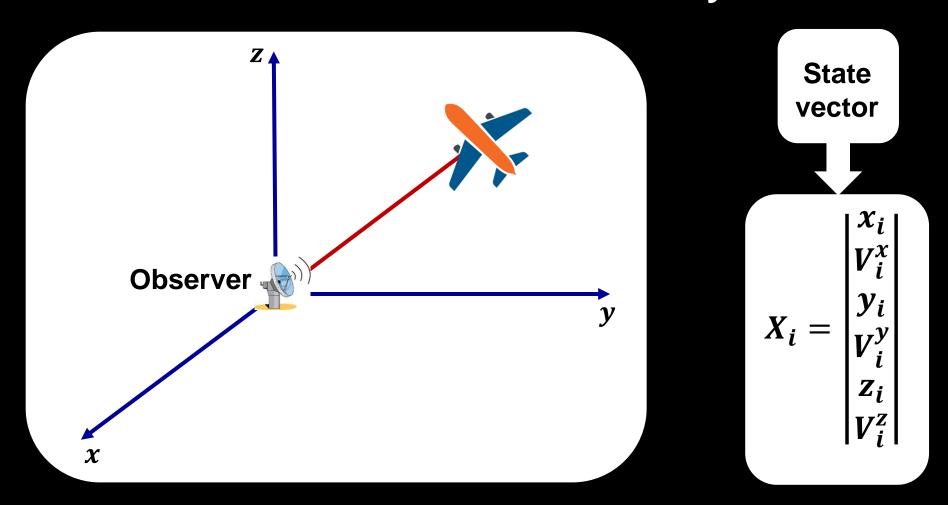


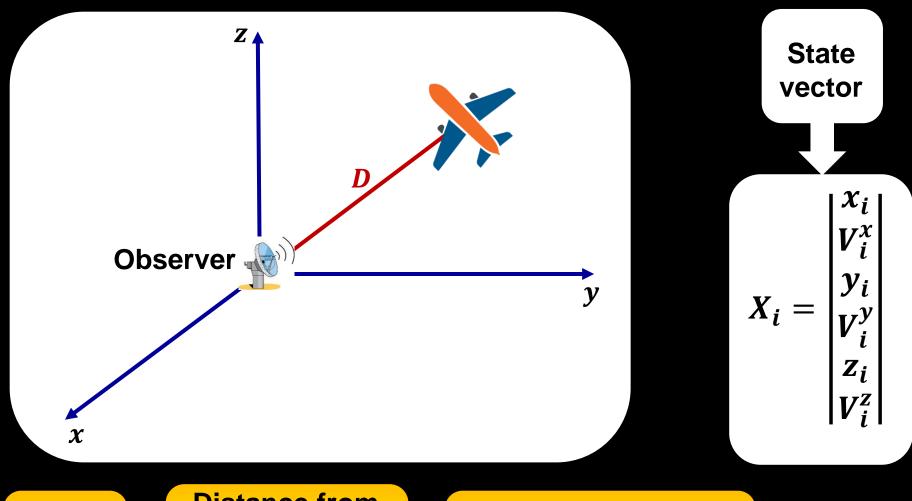
### "Experimental Data Processing"

Topic 5
"Model construction at state space under uncertainty"
II. Extended Kalman filter for navigation and tracking

Tatiana Podladchikova Term 1B, October 2017 t.podladchikova@skoltech.ru

# State of a moving object is characterized by state vector in Cartesian coordinate system

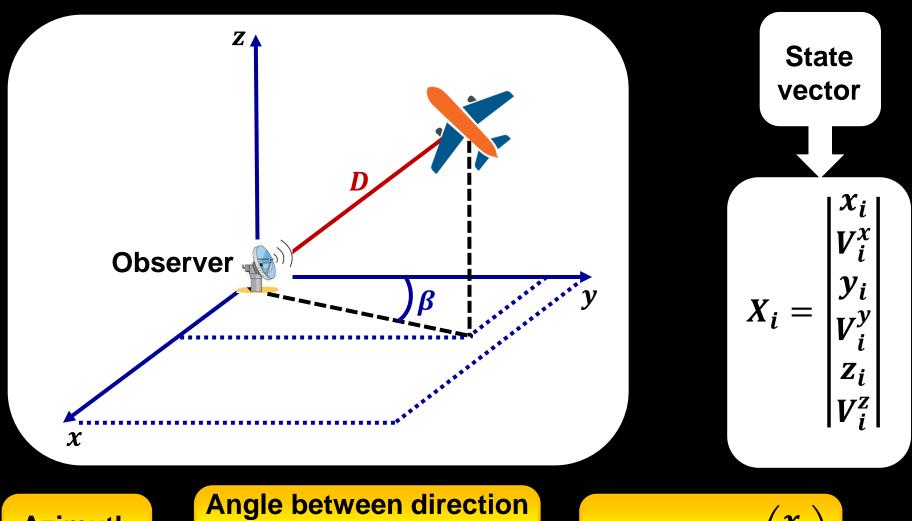




Range an observer to a moving object  $D_i = \sqrt{x_i^2 + y_i^2 + z_i^2}$ 

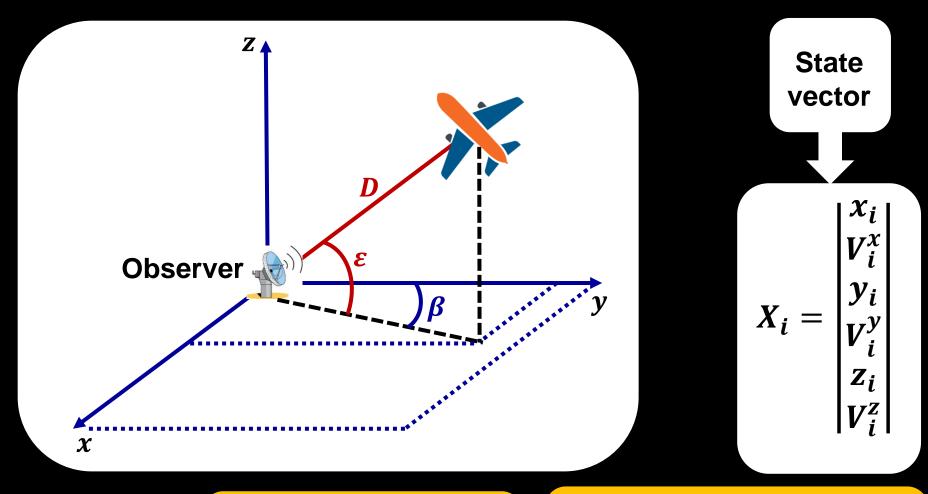
B

## 1. Estimation of coordinates using measurements of distance D, azimuth $\beta$ , and angle of elevation $\varepsilon$



Azimuth of North and projection line in horizontal plane  $\beta_i = arctg\left(\frac{x_i}{y_i}\right)$ 



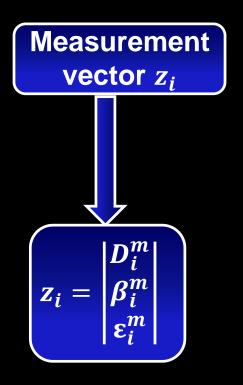


Angle of elevation  $\varepsilon$ 

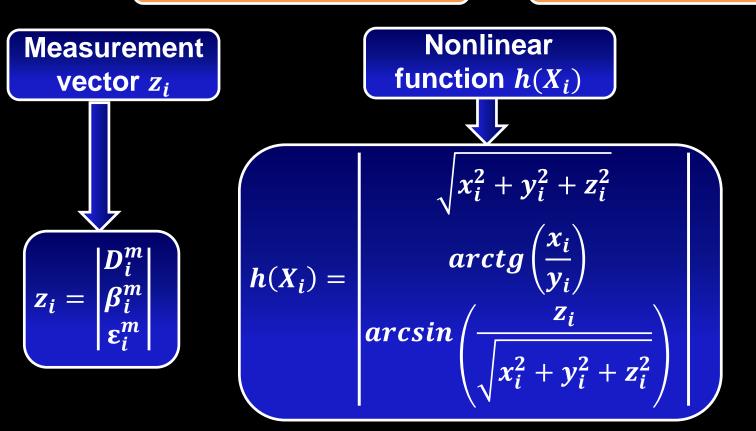
Angle between the horizontal plane and direction of an object

$$\varepsilon_{i} = arcsin\left(\frac{z_{i}}{\sqrt{x_{i}^{2} + y_{i}^{2} + z_{i}^{2}}}\right)$$

Measurement equation  $z_i = h(X_i) + \eta_i$ 



Measurement equation 
$$z_i = h(X_i) + \eta_i$$



Three navigation stations measure distance *D* to a moving object





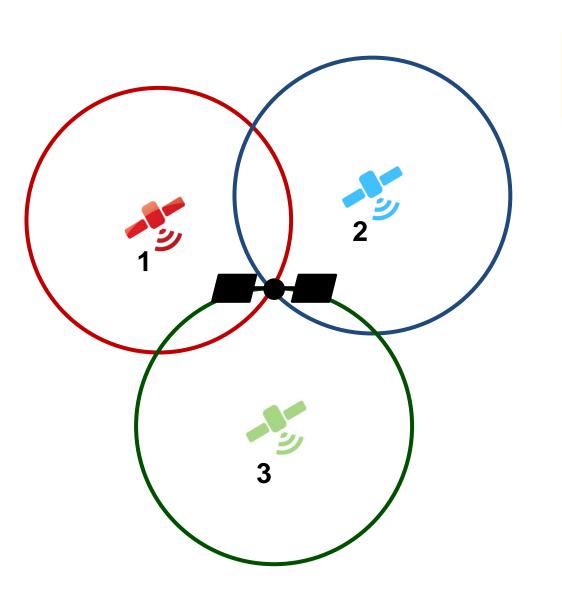
Moving object with unknown coordinates x, y, z





Navigation stations with known coordinates

$$(x_1, y_1, z_1); (x_2, y_2, z_2), (x_3, y_3, z_3)$$



The position of a satellite is at the intersecting points of circles

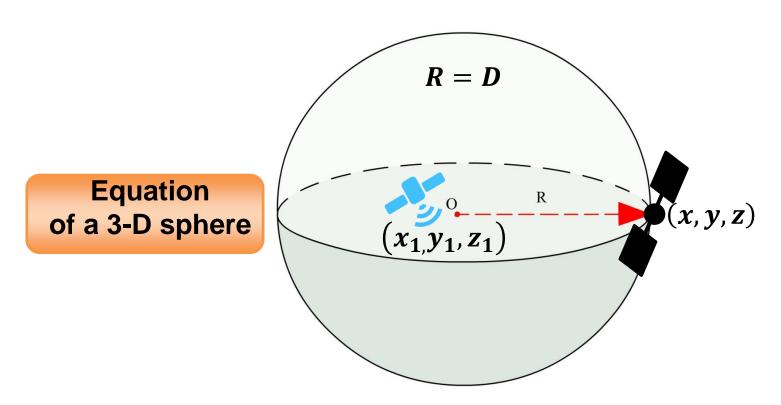


Moving object with unknown coordinates x, y, z



Navigation stations with known coordinates

$$(x_1, y_1, z_1); (x_2, y_2, z_2), (x_3, y_3, z_3)$$



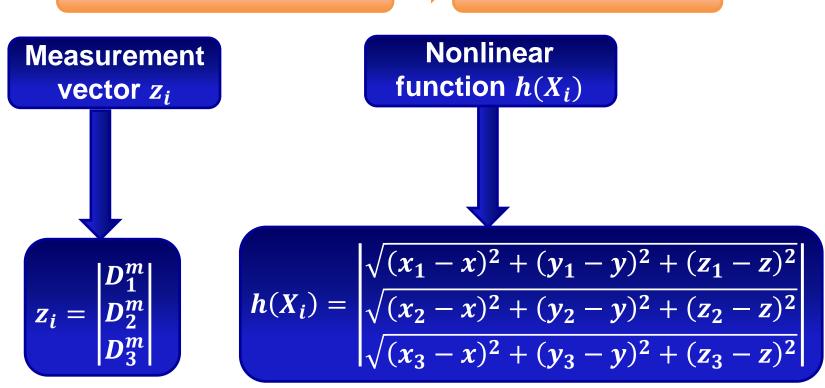
Unknown coordinates x, y, z can be obtained by solving system of equations

$$D_1 = \sqrt{(x_1 - x)^2 + (y_1 - y)^2 + (z_1 - z)^2}$$

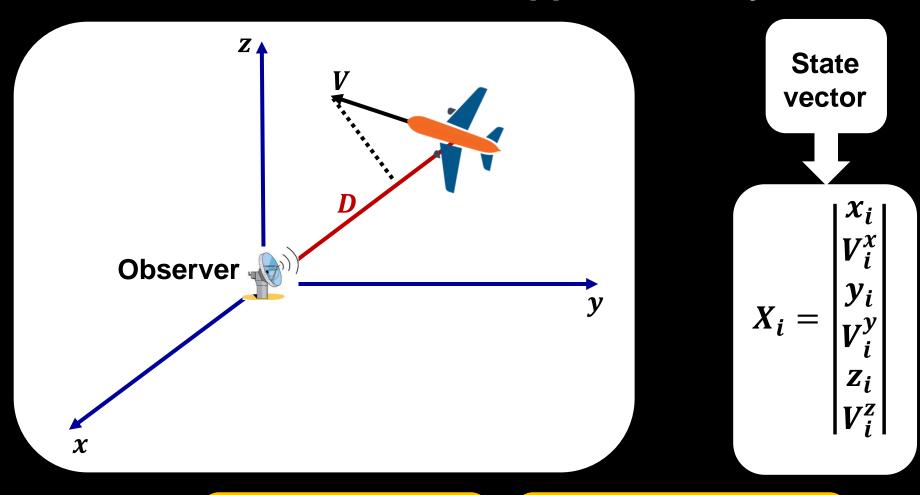
$$D_2 = \sqrt{(x_2 - x)^2 + (y_2 - y)^2 + (z_2 - z)^2}$$

$$D_3 = \sqrt{(x_3 - x)^2 + (y_3 - y)^2 + (z_3 - z)^2}$$

Measurement equation  $z_i = h(X_i) + \eta_i$ 



# 3. Estimation of velocity using measurements of Doppler velocity



Doppler velocity  $V_d$ 

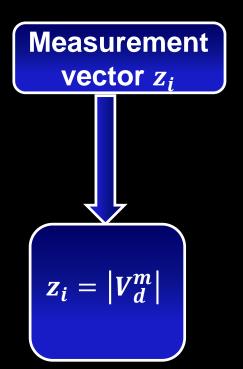
Projection of *V* on vector *D* - radial component of *V* 

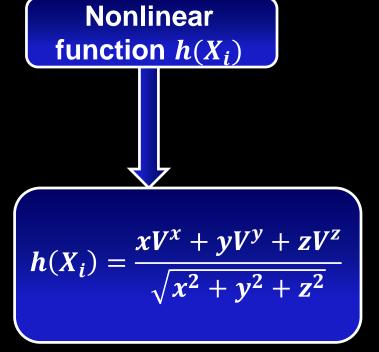
$$V_d = \frac{xV^x + yV^y + zV^z}{D}$$

# 3. Estimation of velocity using measurements of Doppler velocity

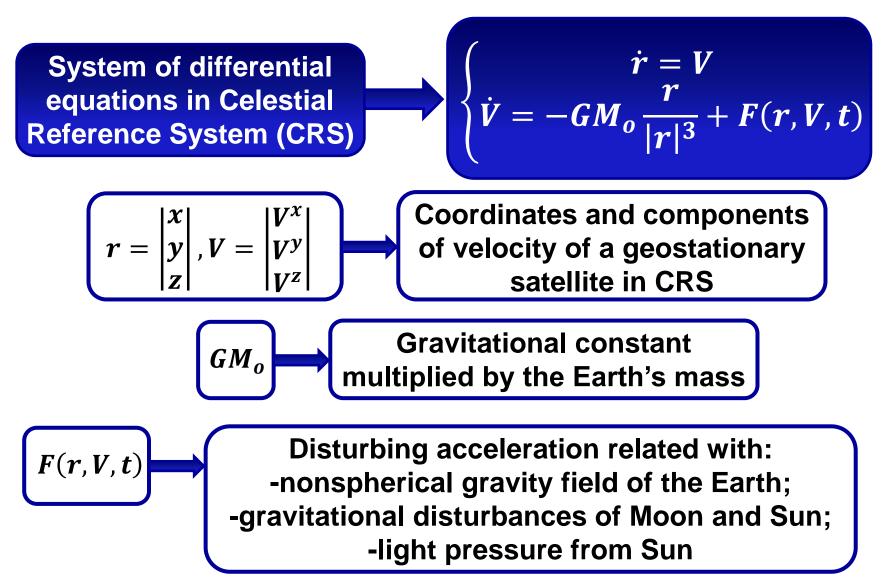
**Measurement equation** 

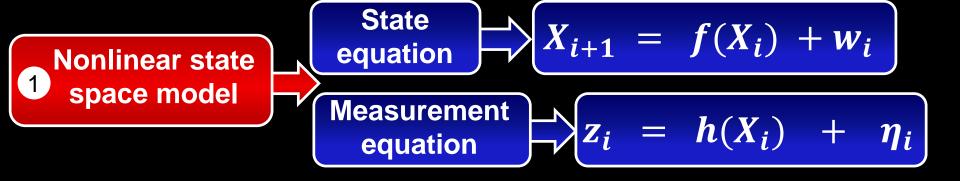


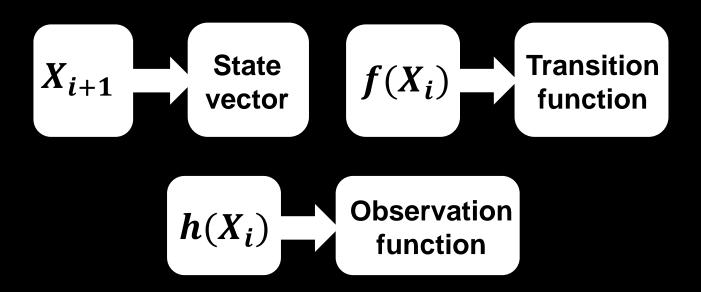




# 4. Nonlinear model of a geostationary satellite orbit







 $\widehat{X}_{i,i}$ ,  $\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$  Filtered and predicted estimates at time i

 $\widehat{X}_{i,i}, \widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$  Filtered and predicted estimates at time i

Let's produce Taylor series for  $f(X_i)$  and  $h(X_i)$  around estimates  $\widehat{X}_{i,i}$  and  $\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$ 

$$\widehat{X}_{i,i}, \widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$$
 Filtered and predicted estimates at time  $i$ 

Let's produce Taylor series for  $f(X_i)$  and  $h(X_i)$  around estimates  $\widehat{X}_{i,i}$  and  $\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$ 

State equation 
$$f(X_i) \approx f(\widehat{X}_{i,i}) + \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i}(X_i - \widehat{X}_{i,i})$$

Measurement equation 
$$h(X_{i+1}) \approx h(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}) + \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_i}(X_{i+1} - \widehat{X}_{i+1,i})$$

$$\widehat{X}_{i,i}, \widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$$
 Filtered and predicted estimates at time  $i$ 

Let's produce Taylor series for  $f(X_i)$  and  $h(X_i)$  around estimates  $\widehat{X}_{i,i}$  and  $\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$ 

State equation 
$$f(X_i) \approx f(\widehat{X}_{i,i}) + \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i}(X_i - \widehat{X}_{i,i})$$

Measurement equation 
$$h(X_{i+1}) \approx h(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}) + \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_i}(X_{i+1} - \widehat{X}_{i+1,i})$$

Let's substitute these expressions for  $f(X_i)$  and  $h(X_{i+1})$  in state space model (1)

State equation

$$X_{i+1} \approx f(\widehat{X}_{i,i}) + \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} (X_i - \widehat{X}_{i,i}) + w_i$$

Measurement equation

$$\Rightarrow z_{i+1} \approx h(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}) + \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} (X_{i+1} - \widehat{X}_{i+1,i}) + \eta_i$$

$$X_{i+1} \approx f(\widehat{X}_{i,i}) + \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i}(X_i - \widehat{X}_{i,i}) + w_i$$

Measurement equation

$$\Rightarrow z_{i+1} \approx h(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}) + \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} (X_{i+1} - \widehat{X}_{i+1,i}) + \eta_i$$

**State** equation

$$X_{i+1} \approx \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} X_i + w_i + f(\widehat{X}_{i,i}) - \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} \widehat{X}_{i,i}$$

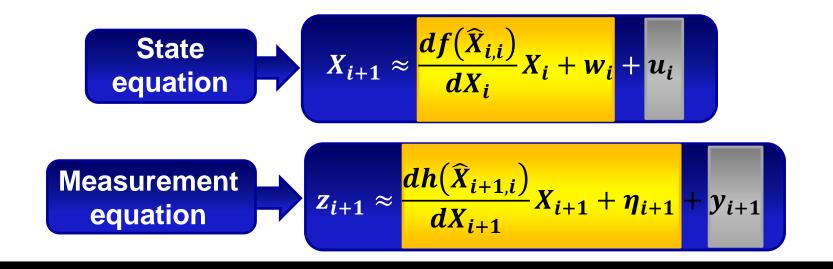
Measurement equation

$$\approx \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}}X_{i+1} + \eta_i + \eta_i$$

$$z_{i+1} \approx \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} X_{i+1} + \eta_i + h(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}) - \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$$

Unknown terms

Known terms



#### **Known values**

$$u_{i} = f(\widehat{X}_{i,i}) - \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_{i}} \widehat{X}_{i,i} \qquad y_{i+1} = h(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}) - \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$$

#### **1** Prediction (extrapolation)

Prediction of state vector at time i

$$\widehat{X}_{i+1,i} = \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} \widehat{X}_{i,i} + u_i$$

**Prediction error covariance matrix** 

$$P_{i+1,i} = \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} P_{i,i} \left( \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} \right)^T + Q_i$$

#### **1** Prediction (extrapolation)

Prediction of state vector at time i

$$\widehat{X}_{i+1,i} = \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} \widehat{X}_{i,i} + u_i$$

**Prediction error covariance matrix** 

$$P_{i+1,i} = \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} P_{i,i} \left( \frac{df(\widehat{X}_{i,i})}{dX_i} \right)^T + Q_i$$

More accurate prediction from state equation

$$\widehat{X}_{i+1,i} = f(\widehat{X}_{i,i})$$

## **②** Filtration Adjustment of predicted estimate

Improved estimate by incorporating a new measurement

$$\widehat{X}_{i+1,i+1} = \widehat{X}_{i+1,i} + K_{i+1}(z_{i+1} - h(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}))$$
Residual

Filter gain, weight of residual

$$K_{i+1} = P_{i+1,i} \left( \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \right)^{T} \left[ \left( \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \right) P_{i+1,i} \left( \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \right)^{T} + R_{i} \right]^{-1}$$

Filtration error covariance matrix

$$P_{i+1,i+1} = \left[ I - K_{i+1} \left( \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \right) \right] P_{i+1,i}$$

## Laboratory work 12 Motion model is in Cartesian coordinate system

$$x_{i} = x_{i-1} + V_{i-1}^{x} T + \frac{a_{i-1}^{x} T}{2}$$

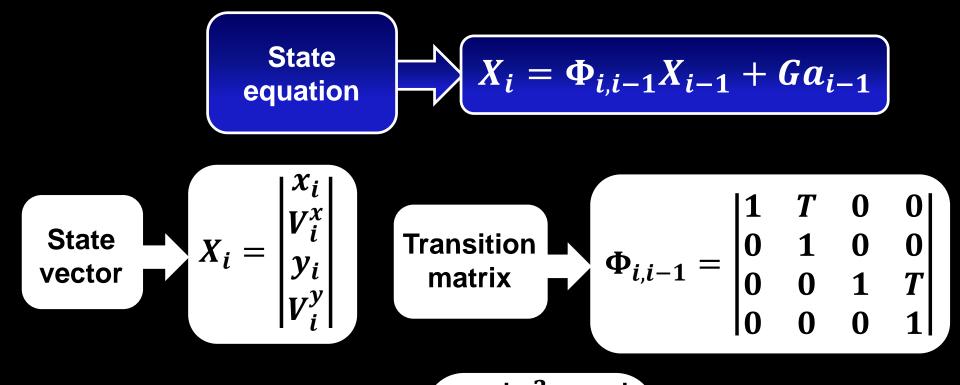
$$V_{i}^{x} = V_{i-1}^{x} + a_{i-1}^{x} T$$

$$y_{i} = y_{i-1} + V_{i-1}^{y} T + \frac{a_{i-1}^{y} T}{2}$$

$$V_{i}^{y} = V_{i-1}^{y} + a_{i-1}^{y} T$$

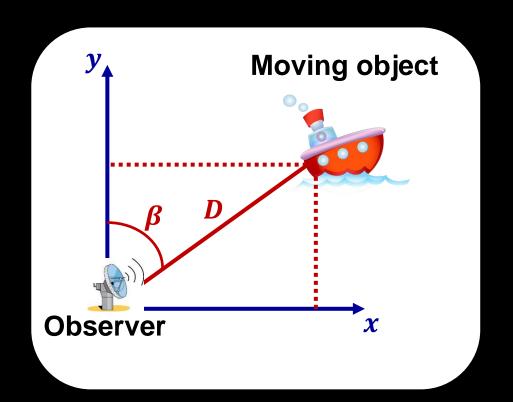
Cartesian coordinates 
$$V_i^x, V_i^y$$
 Components of velocity  $V_i$ 

#### State-space model, state equation



Input matrix 
$$G = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ T & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{T^2}{2} \\ 0 & T \end{bmatrix}$$

#### State-space model, measurement equation



$$D = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\beta = arctg\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$$

$$x = Dsin\beta$$
  
 $y = Dcos\beta$ 

$$egin{aligned} oldsymbol{z_i} & egin{aligned} oldsymbol{D_i^m} \ oldsymbol{eta_i^m} \end{aligned}$$

$$D_i^m$$

Measurements of range D

$$3_i^m$$

Measurements of azimuth  $\beta$ 

#### State-space model, measurement equation

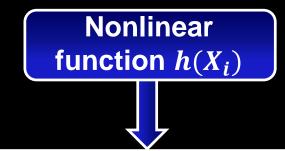


$$z_i = h(X_i) + \eta_i$$

$$egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{\eta}_i = egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{\eta}_i^D \ oldsymbol{\eta}_i^{eta} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$egin{aligned} oldsymbol{z_i} & egin{aligned} oldsymbol{D_i^m} \ oldsymbol{eta_i^m} \end{aligned}$$



$$h(X_i) = \begin{vmatrix} \sqrt{x_i^2 + y_i^2} \\ arctg\left(\frac{x_i}{y_i}\right) \end{vmatrix}$$

#### **1** Prediction (extrapolation)

Prediction of state vector at time i + 1 using i measurements

$$\widehat{X}_{i+1,i} = \Phi_{i+1,i} \widehat{X}_{i,i}$$

**Prediction error covariance matrix** 

$$P_{i+1,i} = \Phi_{i+1,i} P_{i,i} \Phi_{i+1,i}^T + Q_i$$

$$P_{i+1,i} = E[(X_{i+1} - X_{i+1,i})(X_{i+1} - X_{i+1,i})^{T}]$$

 $X_{i+1,i}$ 

First subscript i + 1 denotes time on which the prediction is made

Second subscript i represents the number of measurements to get  $X_{i+1,i}$ 

## **②** Filtration Adjustment of predicted estimate

Improved estimate by incorporating a new measurement

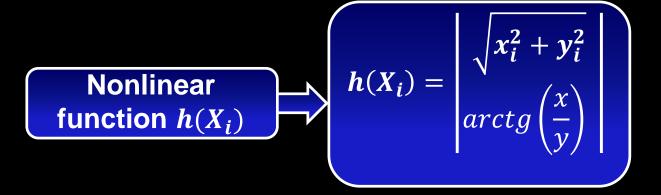
$$\widehat{X}_{i+1,i+1} = \widehat{X}_{i+1,i} + K_{i+1}(z_{i+1} - h(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}))$$
Residual

Filter gain, weight of residual

$$K_{i+1} = P_{i+1,i} \left( \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \right)^{T} \left[ \left( \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \right) P_{i+1,i} \left( \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \right)^{T} + R_{i} \right]^{-1}$$

Filtration error covariance matrix

$$P_{i+1,i+1} = \left[ I - K_{i+1} \left( \frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} \right) \right] P_{i+1,i}$$



Derivative with respect to  $X_{i+1}$  at point  $\widehat{X}_{i+1,i}$ 

$$\frac{dh(\widehat{X}_{i+1,i})}{dX_{i+1}} = \begin{vmatrix} x_{i+1,i} & 0 & \frac{y_{i+1,i}}{\sqrt{x_{i+1,i}^2 + y_{i+1,i}^2}} & 0 & \frac{y_{i+1,i}}{\sqrt{x_{i+1,i}^2 + y_{i+1,i}^2}} & 0 \\ \frac{y_{i+1,i}}{x_{i+1,i}^2 + y_{i+1,i}^2} & 0 & -\frac{x_{i+1,i}}{x_{i+1,i}^2 + y_{i+1,i}^2} & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$