

Intro to HTML

J363 Web Design
Fall 2018





Intro to HTML





HTML and CSS

HTML — Structure and content of a webpage. (e.g., *images, text, links*)

CSS — Presentation of content (e.g., *colors, fonts, size and position of elements*)



Basic HTML Structure





Three main components

Text content - Words, headings, paragraphs

References to other files - images, video, audio, stylesheets

Markup - The HTML elements that describe your text content and make references work

HTML stands for **Hypertext Markup Language**

element

angle bracket

<p>Hello World!</p>

opening tag

closing tag



Thinking in HTML...

`<body>`

`<h1>This is a Heading</h1>`

`<p>This is a paragraph.</p>`

`</body>`



This is a Heading

This is a paragraph.



Let's practice!





Basic Structure

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Page Title</title>
  </head>
  <body>

    <h1>This is a Heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph.</p>

  </body>
</html>
```



Basic Structure

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
  <head>  
    <title>Page Title</title>  
  </head>  
  <body>  
  
    <h1>This is a Heading</h1>  
    <p>This is a paragraph.</p>  
  
  </body>  
</html>
```

Tells the browser this is an HTML5 page.

This DOCTYPE declaration should always be the first line in your pages.



Basic Structure

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
  <head>  
    <title>Page Title</title>  
  </head>  
  <body>  
  
    <h1>This is a Heading</h1>  
    <p>This is a paragraph.</p>  
  
  </body>  
</html>
```

Notice that tags usually occur **in pairs**.

The *html* tag tells the browser where the page begins and ends.



Basic Structure

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Page Title</title>
  </head>
  <body>

    <h1>This is a Heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph.</p>

  </body>
</html>
```

<head> is loaded before <body>

<head> doesn't usually handle visible content, it contains information ABOUT the web page.



Basic Structure

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Page Title</title>
  </head>
  <body>

    <h1>This is a Heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph.</p>

  </body>
</html>
```

Body = page content

Usually, if you can see it on the page, it's somewhere in the body.



HTML Elements

An HTML element usually consists of a **start** tag and **end** tag, with the content inserted in between:

`<tagname>`Content goes here...`</tagname>`

The HTML **element** is everything from the start tag to the end tag:

`<p>`My first paragraph.`</p>`

Start tag	Element content	End tag
<code><h1></code>	My First Heading	<code></h1></code>
<code><p></code>	My first paragraph.	<code></p></code>
<code>
</code>		

Difference between a tag and an element?



HTML tags are the opening or closing entities. For example:

`<p>` and `</p>` are called HTML tags

HTML element encompasses opening tag, closing tag, content (optional for content-less tags) Ex:

`<p>This is the content</p>`: This complete thing is called a HTML element



Empty elements

```

```



The optional space and forward slash

```
<br>
```

```
<br/>
```

And

```
<br />
```

Will produce identical results in your browser



Attributes and Values

for is an attribute of `label`

```
<label for="email">Email Address</label>
```

The value of the `for` attribute



What attributes do you see?

```

```

The optional space and forward slash

Attribute-value pairs

href is an attribute of a

Value for href

rel is also an attribute of a

Value for rel

`<a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linum_lewisii" rel="external"`
→ `title="Learn more about Blue Flax">Blue Flax`

title is also an attribute of a

Value for title



Attribute-value pairs

Some elements only accept specific values.
We call them **predefined** values.

```
<link rel="stylesheet" media="screen" href="style.css" />
```

Predefined value *Not a predefined value*



Parent-child relationship

```
<article>
  <h1>The Ephemeral Blue Flax</h1>
  
  <p>... continually <em>amazed</em> ... delicate <a ...>Blue Flax</a> ...</p>
</article>
```



Parent-child relationship

Important to note - if one element contains another, they must be properly **nested**.

Correct (no overlapping lines)

```
<p>... continually <em>amazed</em> ...</p>  
<p>... continually <em>amazed ...</p></em>
```

Incorrect (the sets of tags cross over each other)



Vocab

1. Tag
2. Element
3. Attribute
4. Value
5. Parent-child



Let's practice!





Let's practice!

Once you're finished:

- 1) Compress the folder
 - 2) Upload to Canvas > Participation
- 



Homework One

