

Markscheme

May 2022

Physics

Standard level

Paper 2



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Subject Details: Physics SL Paper 2 Markscheme

Candidates are required to answer all questions. Maximum total = 50 marks.

- 1. Each row in the "Question" column relates to the smallest subpart of the question.
- 2. The maximum mark for each question subpart is indicated in the "Total" column.
- **3.** Each marking point in the "Answers" column is shown by means of a tick (\checkmark) at the end of the marking point.
- **4.** A question subpart may have more marking points than the total allows. This will be indicated by "**max**" written after the mark in the "Total" column. The related rubric, if necessary, will be outlined in the "Notes" column.
- **5.** An alternative wording is indicated in the "Answers" column by a slash (/). Either wording can be accepted.
- **6.** An alternative answer is indicated in the "Answers" column by "**OR**". Either answer can be accepted.
- 7. An alternative markscheme is indicated in the "Answers" column under heading ALTERNATIVE 1 etc. Either alternative can be accepted.
- **8.** Words inside chevrons « » in the "Answers" column are not necessary to gain the mark.
- **9.** Words that are underlined are essential for the mark.
- **10.** The order of marking points does not have to be as in the "Answers" column, unless stated otherwise in the "Notes" column.
- 11. If the candidate's answer has the same "meaning" or can be clearly interpreted as being of equivalent significance, detail and validity as that in the "Answers" column then award the mark. Where this point is considered to be particularly relevant in a question it is emphasized by **OWTTE** (or words to that effect) in the "Notes" column.
- **12.** Remember that many candidates are writing in a second language. Effective communication is more important than grammatical accuracy.
- 13. Occasionally, a part of a question may require an answer that is required for subsequent marking points. If an error is made in the first marking point then it should be penalized. However, if the incorrect answer is used correctly in subsequent marking points then **follow through** marks should be awarded. When marking, indicate this by adding **ECF** (error carried forward) on the script. "ECF acceptable" will be displayed in the "Notes" column.
- **14.** Do **not** penalize candidates for errors in units or significant figures, **unless** it is specifically referred to in the "Notes" column.

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
1.	а		ALTERNATIVE 1 there is a force «by the fan» on the air / air is accelerated «to the rear» ✓ by Newton 3 ✓ there is an «equal and» opposite force on the boat ✓	Accept a reference to Newton's third law, e.g. N'3, or any correct statement of it for MP2 in ALT 1 .	
			ALTERNATIVE 2 air gains momentum «backward» ✓ by conservation of momentum / force is rate of change in momentum ✓ boat gains momentum in the opposite direction ✓	Allow any reasonable choice of object where the force of the air is acting on, e.g., fan or blades.	3
1.	b	i	πR^2 OR «mass of air through system per unit time =» $Av\rho$ seen \checkmark 244 «kg s ⁻¹ » \checkmark	Accept use of Energy of air per second = $0.5 \rho Av^3 = 0.5 mv^2$ for MP1 .	2
1.	b	ii	«force = Momentum change per sec = $Av^2\rho$ = » 244 x 20 OR 4.9 «kN» ✓	Allow use of 240	1

C	Questi	ion	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	С	i	recognition that area under the graph is distance covered ✓ «Distance =» 480 - 560 «m» ✓	Accept graphical evidence or calculation of correct geometric areas for MP1 . MP2 is numerical value within range.	2
1.	С	ii	calculation of acceleration as gradient at $t = 0$ «= 1 m s ⁻² » \checkmark use of $F=ma$ OR $\frac{4900}{1}$ seen \checkmark 4900 «kg» \checkmark	MP1 can be shown on the graph. Allow an acceleration in the range 1 – 1.1 for MP2 and consistent answer for MP3 Allow ECF from MP1. Allow use of average acceleration = $\frac{18}{40}$ or assumption of constant force to obtain 11000 «kg» for [2] Allow use of 4800 or 5000 for MP2	3
1.	d		ALTERNATE 1 « $\omega = * 4\pi \text{ rad s}^{-1} \checkmark$ « $a = r \omega^2 = * 280 \text{ « m s}^{-2} * \checkmark$ ALTERNATE 2 « $v = \frac{2\pi r}{T} * = 22.6 \text{ m s}^{-1} \checkmark$ « $a = \frac{v^2}{r} * = 280 \text{ « m s}^{-2} * \checkmark$	Allow ECF from MP1 for wrong ω (120 gives 2.6 x 10 ⁴ 4 m s ⁻² 9) Allow ECF from MP1 for wrong T (2 s gives 18 4 m s ⁻² 9)	2

C	uestic	on	Answers	Notes	Total
2.	а		Correct conversion of T «T = 310 K» seen \checkmark « use of $N = \frac{pV}{kT}$ to get » 2.3 × 10 ²³ \checkmark	Allow ECF from MP1 i.e., T in Celsius (Result is 2.7×10^{24}) Allow use of n, R and N_A	2
2.	b	i	density decreases ✓ volume is increased <i>AND</i> mass/number of particles remains constant ✓		2
2.	b	ii	internal energy is constant ✓ internal energy depends on kinetic energy/temperature «only» OR since temperature/kinetic energy is constant ✓	Do not award MP2 for stating that "temperature is constant" unless linked to the correct conclusion, as that is mentioned in the stem. Award MP2 for stating that kinetic energy remains constant.	2

Q	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
3.	а	i	«incident and reflected» waves superpose/interfere/combine ✓ «that leads to» standing waves formed <i>OR</i> nodes and antinodes present ✓ at antinodes / maxima there is maximum intensity / constructive interference / «displacement» addition / louder sound ✓ at nodes / minima there is minimum intensity / destructive interference / «displacement» cancellation / quieter sound ✓	OWTTE Allow a sketch of a standing wave for MP2 Allow a correct reference to path or phase differences to identify constructive / destructive interference	3 max
3.	а	ii	wavelength = 0.24 «m» \checkmark $f = « \frac{340}{0.24} =» 1.4 «kHz» OR 1400 «Hz» \checkmark$	Allow ECF from MP1	2
3.	b		relates intensity to amplitude ✓ antinodes / maximum intensity will be decreased / quieter ✓ nodes / minimum will be increased / louder ✓ difference in intensities will be less ✓ maxima and minima are at the same positions ✓	OWTTE	3 max

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
4.	а		« conservation of » charge ✓ « conservation of » energy ✓	Allow [1] max if they explicitly refer to Kirchhoff' laws linking them to the conservation laws incorrectly.	2
4.	b	i	12 V ✓		1
4.	b	ii	$I = 2.0 \text{ A } OR 12 = I (r+4) OR 4 = Ir OR 8 = 4I \checkmark$ «Correct working to get » $r = 2.0 \text{ «}\Omega$ » ✓	Allow ECF from (b)(i)	2
4.	С		Loop equation showing <i>EITHER</i> correct voltages, i.e., $10-4$ on one side or both emf's positive on different sides of the equation <i>OR</i> correct resistances, i.e. $I(1 + 2) \checkmark$ $10-4 = I(1 + 2) OR I = 2.0 \text{ «A» seen} \checkmark$ $V = 8.0 \text{ «V» } \checkmark$	Allow any valid method	3

Q	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
4.	d	i	is generated from primary/other sources ✓		1
4.	d	ii	«a fuel » that can be replenished/replaced within a reasonable time span OR «a fuel» that can be replaced faster than the rate at which it is consumed OR renewables are limitless/never run out OR «a fuel» produced from renewable sources OR	OWTTE	1
			gives an example of a renewable (biofuel, hydrogen, wood, wind, solar, tidal, hydro etc) ✓		

C	Questi	on	Answers	Notes	Total
4.	е	i	ALTERNATIVE 1	Allow ECF for MP3	
			«energy output of the panel =» VIt OR 6 x 5 x 0.25 x 3600 OR 27000 «J» ✓	Accept final answer in minutes (110) or hours (1.8).	
			«available power =» 380 x 0.4 x 0.15 x 0.18 <i>OR</i> 4.1 «W» ✓		
			$t = \frac{27000}{4.1} = 6600 \text{ (s)}$		
			ALTERNATIVE 2		3
			«energy needed from Sun =» $\frac{VIt}{eff}$ OR $\frac{6 \times 5 \times 0.25 \times 3600}{0.18}$ OR 150000 «J» \checkmark		
			« incident power=» 380 x 0.4 x 0.15 OR 22.8 «W» ✓		
			$t = \frac{150000}{22.8} = 6600 \text{ (s)} \checkmark$		
4.	е	ii	coherent reason ✓	Do not allow economic reasons	
			e.g., to improve efficiency, is non-polluting, is renewable, does not produce greenhouse gases, reduce use of fossil fuels,		1

	Answers	Notes	Total
а	background count rate is subtracted «from each reading» ✓	OWTTE	1
b	thickness is 0.25 «mm» ✓ 380 «count min ⁻¹ » ✓	MP1 and MP2 can be shown on the graph Allow a range of 0.23 to 0.27 mm for MP1 Allow ECF from MP1. Accept a final answer in the range 350 – 420	2
C	lead better absorber than copper ✓ not alpha ✓ as it does not go through the foil / it is easily stopped / it is stopped by paper ✓ there is gamma ✓ as it goes through lead ✓ ALTERNATIVE 1 can be beta ✓ as it is attenuated by «thin» metal / can go through «thin» metal ✓ ALTERNATIVE 2 not beta ✓		4 max
}	0	thickness is 0.25 «mm» ✓ 380 «count min ⁻¹ » ✓ lead better absorber than copper ✓ not alpha ✓ as it does not go through the foil / it is easily stopped / it is stopped by paper ✓ there is gamma ✓ as it goes through lead ✓ ALTERNATIVE 1 can be beta ✓ as it is attenuated by «thin» metal / can go through «thin» metal ✓ ALTERNATIVE 2	thickness is 0.25 «mm» ✓ 380 «count min⁻¹» ✓ MP1 and MP2 can be shown on the graph Allow a range of 0.23 to 0.27 mm for MP1 Allow ECF from MP1. Accept a final answer in the range 350 – 420 lead better absorber than copper ✓ not alpha ✓ as it does not go through the foil / it is easily stopped / it is stopped by paper ✓ there is gamma ✓ as it goes through lead ✓ ALTERNATIVE 1 can be beta ✓ as it is attenuated by «thin» metal / can go through «thin» metal ✓ ALTERNATIVE 2 not beta ✓

Q	uestic	on	Answers	Notes	Total
5.	d		$^{137}\text{Cs} \rightarrow ^{137}\text{Ba} + ^{0}_{-1}\beta$ \checkmark $+ \bar{v}_{\text{e}} \checkmark$	Accept β or e in MP1 . Do not penalize if proton / nucleon numbers or electron subscript in antineutrino are missing.	2