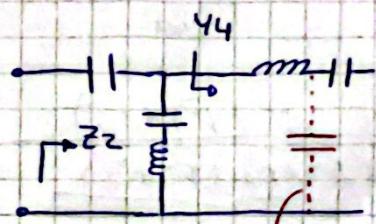
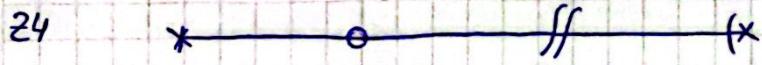
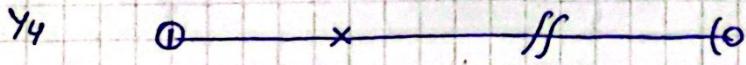
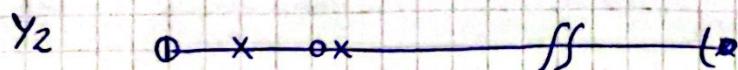
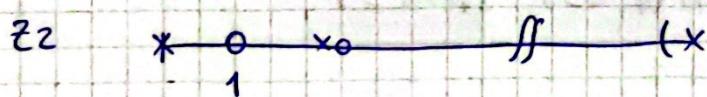
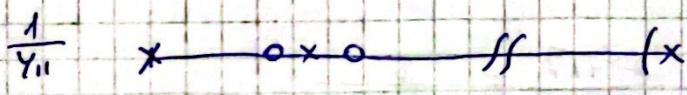
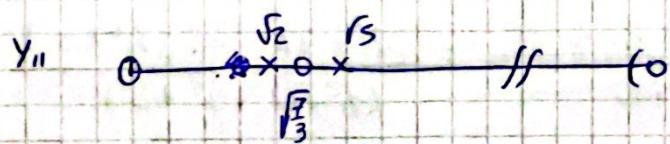
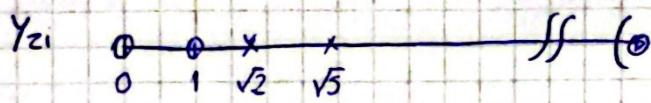


## Trabajo semanal 11

$$Y_{11} = \frac{I_1}{V_1} \Big|_{V_2=0} = \frac{3\omega (s^2 + 7/3)}{(s^2 + 2)(s^2 + 5)}$$

$$Y_{21} = \frac{I_2}{V_1} \Big|_{V_2=0} = \frac{\omega (s^2 + 1)}{(s^2 + 2)(s^2 + 5)}$$

a) Sintesis grafica



Al medir este cap desaparece.

$$K_0 = \$ \cdot \left. \frac{(s^2+2)(s^2+5)}{3 \cdot \$ (s^2 + 7/3)} \right|_{s=1} = 1 \quad C_1 = 1$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{1}{Y_1} - \frac{1}{\$} = \frac{\$^4 + 7\$^2 + 10}{\$^3 + 7\$} - \frac{1}{\$} = \frac{\$^4 + 4\$^2 + 3}{\$^3 + 7\$}$$

$$2k_1 = \lim_{s^2 \rightarrow -1} \frac{(s^2+1)}{\$} \quad \frac{3\$ \cdot (s^2 + 7/3)}{(s^2+1)(s^2+3)} = \frac{3(-1 + 7/3)}{-1 + 3} = 2$$

$$C_2 = \frac{2k_1}{\omega^2} = 2$$

$$L_2 = \frac{1}{2k_1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Y_4 = \frac{\cancel{3\$} (s^2 + 7/3)}{\cancel{(s^2+1)} \cancel{(s^2+3)}} - \frac{2k_1 \$}{(s^2+1)} = \frac{3\$^3 + 7\$ - 2\$ (s^2 + 3)}{(s^2+1) (s^2+3)}$$

$$Y_4 = \frac{\$^3 + \$}{(s^2+1) (s^2+3)} = \frac{\$. (s^2+1)}{(s^2+1) (s^2+3)} = \frac{\$}{(s^2+3)}$$

$$Z_4 = \frac{(s^2+3)}{\$}$$

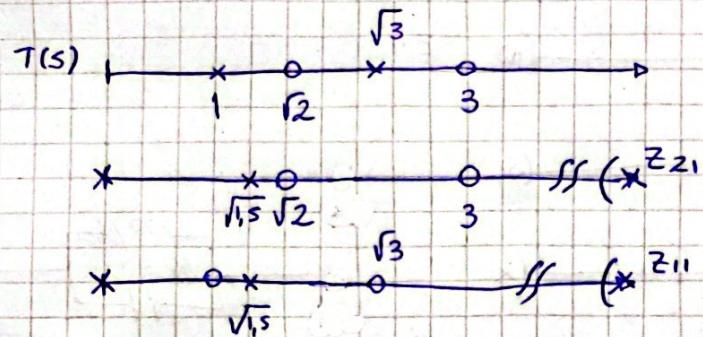
$$K_{\infty} = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\$} \cdot \frac{s^2+3}{\$} = 1$$

$$K_{\infty} = 1 \rightarrow L_3 = 1$$

$$Z_6 = \frac{(s^2+3)}{\$} - \$ = \frac{\$^2 + 3 - \$^2}{\$} = \frac{3}{\$}$$

$$C_4 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$2) \frac{V_2}{V_1} \Big|_{I_2=0} T(s) = \frac{(\$^2+2)(\$^2+9)}{(\$^2+1)(\$^2+3)} = \frac{Z_{21}}{Z_{11}}$$

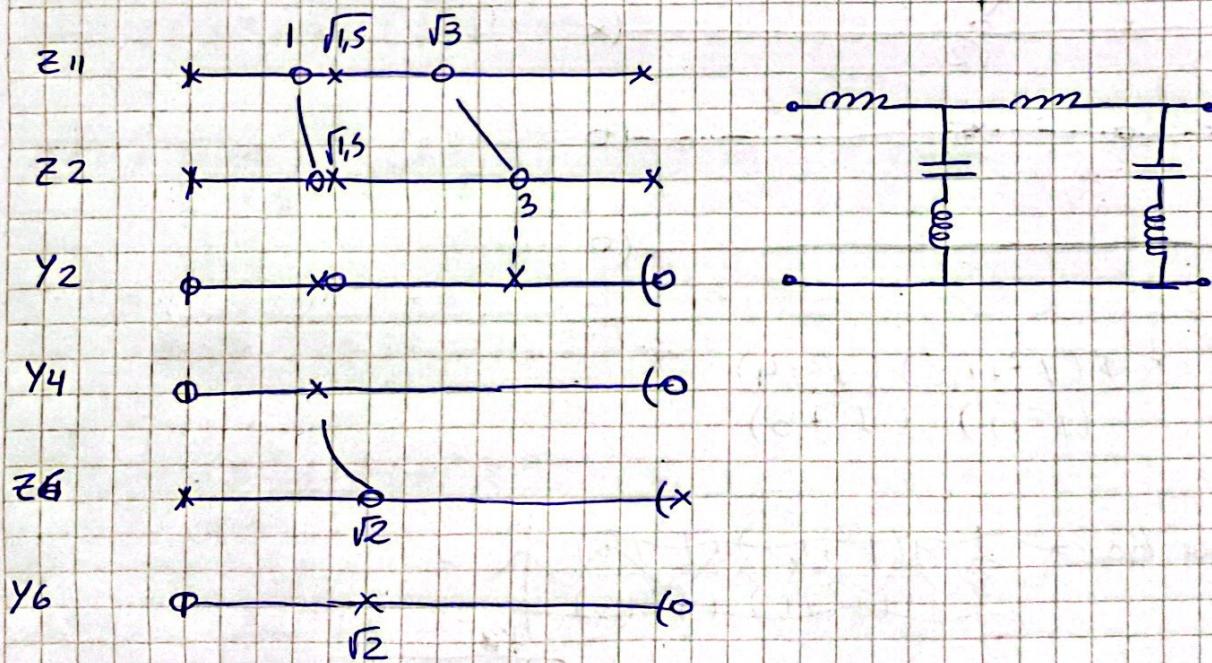


Agregamos polos con un polinomio auxiliar

$$A(s) = s \cdot (\$^2 + 1, s)$$

$$Z_{21} = \frac{(\$^2+2)(\$^2+9)}{s \cdot (\$^2+1, s)}$$

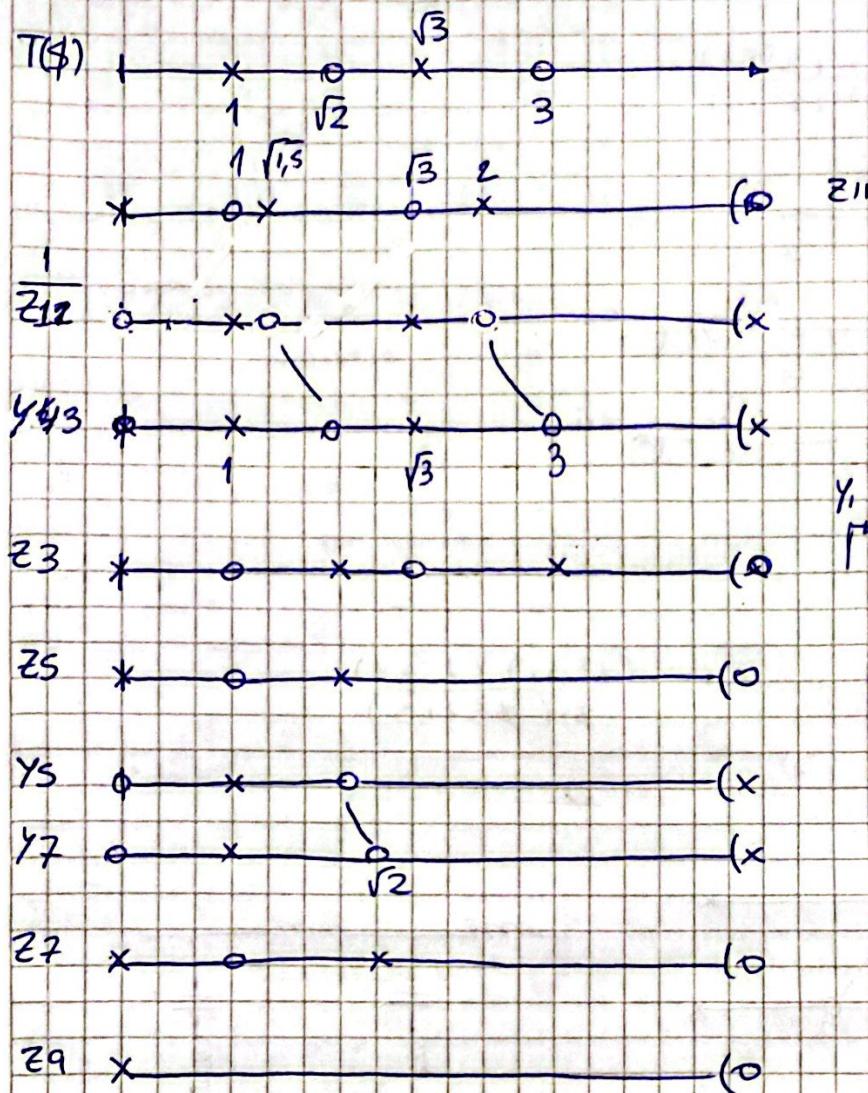
$$Z_{11} = \frac{(\$^2+1)(\$^2+3)}{s \cdot (\$^2+1, s)}$$



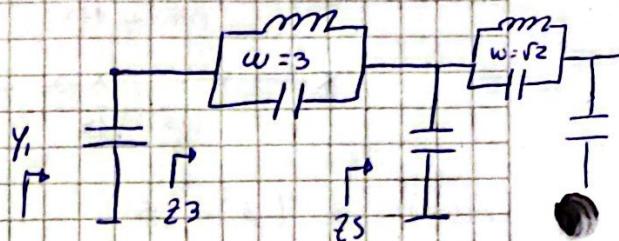
Para la condición de medición esto no sirve porque me anula el último tanque cuando lo mides

Utilizo otro polinomio auxiliar

$$A(s) = s(s^2 + 1,5)(s^2 + 4)$$



$$Z_{11} = \frac{(s^2 + 1) (s^2 + 3)}{s (s^2 + 1,5) (s^2 + 4)}$$



$$\frac{1}{Z_{11}} = \frac{s(s^2 + 1,5)(s^2 + 4)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)}$$

$$\text{Resolvemos} = \frac{1}{s} \frac{(s^2 + 1,5)(s^2 + 4)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)} = \frac{g_0}{s}$$

$$K_{00} = \frac{1}{s} \frac{s(s^2 + 1,5)(s^2 + 4)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)} = \boxed{\frac{25}{32}} = C_1$$

$$Y_3 = \frac{1}{z^{11}} - k_{100} R_2 \$$$

$$Y_3 = \frac{\$ (\$^2 + 1,5) (\$^2 + 4)}{(\$^2 + 1) (\$^2 + 3)} - \frac{25}{32} \$$$

$$Y_3 = \frac{\$^5 + 4\$^3 + 1,5\$^3 + 6\$ - \frac{25}{32}\$^5 - \frac{25}{8}\$^3 - \frac{75}{32}\$}{\$^4 + 4\$^2 + 3}$$

$$Y_3 = \frac{\frac{7}{32}\$^5 + \frac{19}{8}\$^3 + \frac{117}{32}\$}{\$^4 + 4\$^2 + 3}$$

$$Y_3 = \frac{\$. (\$^2 + 9) (\$^2 + 1,8571)}{(\$^2 + 1) (\$^2 + 3)}$$

Raíces calculadas  
con Python

$$Z_3 = \frac{(\$^2 + 1) (\$^2 + 3)}{\$(\$^2 + 9) (\$^2 + 1,8571)}$$

$$Z_{ki} = \lim_{\$^2 \rightarrow -9} \frac{(\$^2 + 9)}{\$} \cdot \frac{(\$^2 + 1) (\$^2 + 3)}{\$ (\cancel{\$^2 + 9}) (\$^2 + 1,8571)}$$

$$Z_{ki} = \frac{(-9+1)(-9+3)}{\cancel{(-9+1,8571)}} \cdot \frac{1}{-9} = 0,74666 = \frac{56}{75}$$

Me da  
distinto en  
Python

$$Z_5 = \frac{(\$^2 + 1) (\$^2 + 13/7)}{\cancel{\$\$^2}}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{56}{675}$$

$$L_2 = \frac{75}{56}$$

pero las  
raíces me  
dan.

$$Z_5 = \frac{(\$^2 + 1) (\$^2 + 3)}{\$(\$^2 + 9) (\$^2 + 13/7)} - \frac{\frac{56}{75}\$}{(\$^2 + 9)}$$

$$Z_5 = \frac{\$^4 + 4\$^2 + 3 - \frac{56}{75}\$^4 - \frac{104}{75}\$^2}{\$(\$^2 + 9) (\$^2 + 13/7)} = \frac{(\$^2 + 9) (\$^2 + \frac{25}{19})}{\$ (\$^2 + 9) (\$^2 + 13/7)}$$

$$Z_5 = \frac{(\$^2 + \frac{25}{19})}{\$ (\$^2 + \frac{13}{7})}$$

$$Y_5 = \frac{\$ (\$^2 + 13/7)}{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}}$$

$$Y_7 = Y_5 - K_{V2} \$$$

$$K_{V2} = \frac{1}{\$} \cdot \frac{\$ (\$^2 + 13/7)}{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}} \Big|_{1/2} = \frac{19}{91} = 0.3$$

$$Y_7 = \frac{\$ (\$^2 + 13/7)}{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}} - \frac{19}{91} \cdot \$ = \frac{\$^3 + 13/7 \$ - \frac{19}{91} \$^3 - \frac{25}{91} \$}{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}}$$

$$Y_7 = \frac{\frac{72}{91} \$^3 + \frac{144}{91} \$}{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}} = \frac{\$ \cdot (\$^2 + 2)}{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}}$$

$$Z_7 = \frac{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}}{\$ \cdot (\$^2 + 2)}$$

$$2k_1 = \lim_{\$^2 \rightarrow -2} \frac{\$^2 + 2}{\$} \frac{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}}{\$ (\$^2 + 2)} = \frac{-2 + \frac{25}{19}}{-2} = \frac{13}{38}$$

$$\lambda_4 = \frac{38}{13} \quad C_4 = \frac{13}{76}$$

$$Z_9 = \frac{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19}}{\$ (\$^2 + 2)} - \frac{13/38 \cdot \$}{(\$^2 + 2)} = \frac{\$^2 + \frac{25}{19} - 13/38 \$^2}{\$ (\$^2 + 2)}$$

$$Z_9 = \frac{\frac{25}{38} \$^2 + \frac{25}{19}}{\$ (\$^2 + 2)} = \frac{\cancel{\$^2 + 2}}{\$ (\cancel{\$^2 + 2})} = \frac{1}{\$} \quad \text{Es un capacitor en serie pero no agrupa un } \emptyset \text{ en DC}$$

Pongo el capacitor en derivación para no meter un  $\emptyset$  y afectar la transferencia.